## Python Basic Commands Cheat Sheet

### **Numbers & Strings** x = 10x+2; x-2 addition & Subtraction x\*y Multiplication x\*\*3 Exponentiation x%2 Remainder x/2 Division x/float(2) Float division name='Sheldon' Defining name[0] Accessing msg[0:9] Substring len(msg) Length 'Sheldon' + ' Cooper' Concatenation **Lists and Tuples** mylist1=['Sheldon', 'Male', 25] mylist1[0] Accessing elements mylist1 [0:2] Sub list mylist1 [2]=35 Updating len(mylist1) Length of list del mylist1[5] Deleting final list = mylist1 + ['L.A', 'No 173', "CR108877" my\_tuple=('Mark','Male', 55) my\_tuple[1] Accessing len(my\_tuple) Length Tuples can't be updated **Dictionaries** my\_dict={1:"David", 6:"Bill", 9:"Jim"} Defining dictionary my\_dict [6] call by the key, not index my\_dict [9] = bob Updating values my\_dict [2] = Kenny Adding key-values my\_dict.keys() my\_dict.values() **Conditions and Loops** If Else Condition if age<50: print("Group1") print("Group2") For Loop for i in range(1,20): my\_num=my\_num+1 print("my num value is", my\_num) For loop on a list $a_list = []$ for i in range(1,5): a\_list.append(i\*2) One liner code for the same a\_list = [i\*2 for i in a\_list] **Function Defining** def remainder(var1, var2): a = var1%var2return a Applying a function on dataframe

df.apply(np.mean) Returns mean of each

df.apply(np.mean, axis=1) Returns mean of

each row

#### **Packages** pip install pandas Installing a new package import pandas Importing package import pandas as pd Giving short name to package: from sklearn.linear\_model import LinearRegression Importing a class from a package from math import \* Importing all functions from packages in base form Data Importing and Exporting import pandas as pd Creating dataframe form dictionary data = {'name': ['Stan', 'Kyle', 'Eric', 'Kenny'], 'age': [9, 9, 11, 12]} df = pd.DataFrame(data) Importing Data df = pd.read\_csv("file.csv") From csv file df = pd.read\_excel("file.xlsx", "sheet name") From an Excel file **Exporting Data** df.to\_csv(file.csv) To a CSV file df.to\_excel(file.xlsx) To an Excel file **Checklist and Summary** df.shape Dimention of dataframe columns(numerical) df['column'].describe() Summary of df.columns.values columns names df.head() First few observations single column df.tail() Last few Observation df.column.value\_counts()

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frequency table of a variable

missing values in a column

sum(df.column.isnull()) Counting



#### **Selecting and Sub Setting**

df1 = df[["col", "col2"]] By selecting columns
df1 = df[["col1", "col2"]][0:10] By Selecting rows and columns
df1=df.drop(["col1"], axis=1)[0:10] Selected rows and excluding
columns

#### Subset with variable filter conditions

#### **Sorting and Duplicates**

df=df.sort('col1') Ascending order

df.dtypes Data Types of variables

df.describe() Summary of all

variables

df=df.sort('col1',ascending=False) Descending order Identifying & Removing Duplicates

sum(df.duplicated()) Identify duplicates

df=df.drop\_duplicates() Removing duplicates

dupe\_id=df.col1.duplicated() Identify duplicates based on a key column
df\_uniq=df.drop\_duplicates(['col1']) Drop duplicates based on a column

#### Appending, Joining and Merging

df1.append(df2) Appending new rows (columns must be same) df1.join(df2, on='col1', how='inner') Using join function ('left', 'right', 'outer', 'inner')

df\_merge = pd.merge(df1,df2 on='col1', how='inner') Using merge
function ('left', 'right', 'outer', 'inner')