Package 'ArArRedux'

October 3, 2018

Title Rigorous Data Reduction and Error Propagation of Ar40 / Ar39

Version 1.0 **Date** 2018-08-13

Description Processes noble gas mass spectrometer data to determine the isotopic composition of ar-				
gon (comprised of Ar36, Ar37, Ar38, Ar39 and Ar40) released from neutron-irradiated potas-				
sium-bearing minerals. Then uses these compositions to calculate precise and accu-				
rate geochronological ages for multiple samples as well as the covariances between them. Er-				
ror propagation is done in matrix form, which jointly treats all samples and all isotopes simulta-				
neously at every step of the data reduction process. Includes methods for regression of the time-				
resolved mass spectrometer signals to t=0 ('time zero') for both single- and multi-collector instru				
ments, blank correction, mass fractionation correction, detector intercalibration, decay correc-				
tions, interference corrections, interpolation of the irradiation parameter between neutron flu-				
ence monitors, and (weighted mean) age calculation. All operations are per-				
formed on the logs of the ratios between the different argon isotopes so as to properly treat them as 'compositional data', sensu Aitchison [1986, The Statistics of Compositional data']				
tional Data, Chapman and Hall].				
, 1				
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average				
averagebyday				
blankcorr				

2 average

	plankcorrected	5
	calibration	5
	elcorrection	6
	concat	6
	lecaycorrection	7
	îtlogratios	8
	ractionation	9
	get4039	10
	getages	10
	getJfactors	11
		11
	nterference	12
	oaddata	13
	oadirradiations	14
	ogratios	15
	massfractionation	15
	Melbourne	16
	newredux 1	16
	param 1	17
	PHdata	18
	plot.timeresolved	18
	plotcorr	19
	process 1	19
	read	20
	redux	21
	redux2isoplotr	22
	results	23
	subset.timeresolved	23
	summary.results	24
	imeresolved	25
	weightedmean	25
Index	2	27

average

Calculate the arithmetic mean

Description

Calculate the arithmetic mean of some logratio data

Usage

```
average(x, i = NULL, newlabel = NULL)
```

averagebyday 3

Arguments

X	an object of class redux or logratios
i	(optional) vector of sample indices
newlabel	(optional) string with the new label to be assigned to the averaged values

Value

```
an object of the same class as x
```

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
K <- average(Melbourne$X,grep("K:",Melbourne$X$labels),newlabel="K-glass")
plotcorr(K)</pre>
```

averagebyday

Average all the data collected on the same day.

Description

This function is useful for grouping a number of replicate air shots or calibration experiments

Usage

```
averagebyday(x, newlabel)
```

Arguments

x an object of class timeresolved, logratios, PHdata or reduxnewlabel a string with the new label that should be given to the average

Value

```
an object of the same class as x
```

```
dfile <- system.file("Calibration.csv",package="ArArRedux")
dlabels <- c("H1","AX","L1","L2")
md <- loaddata(dfile,dlabels,PH=TRUE)
ld <- fitlogratios(blankcorr(md))
d <- averagebyday(ld,"DCAL")
plotcorr(d)</pre>
```

4 blankcorr

blankcorr

Apply a blank correction

Description

Applies a blank correction to some time-resolved mass spectrometer data

Usage

```
blankcorr(x, ...)
## Default S3 method:
blankcorr(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'timeresolved'
blankcorr(x, blanklabel = NULL, prefix = "", ...)
## S3 method for class 'PHdata'
blankcorr(x, blanklabel = NULL, prefix = "", ...)
```

Arguments

```
    an object of class timeresolved or PHdata
    other arguments
    as string denoting the prefix of the blanks
    prefix
    a string to be prepended to the non-blanks
```

Value

an object of class blankcorrected

```
samplefile <- system.file("Samples.csv",package="ArArRedux")
masses <- c("Ar37","Ar38","Ar39","Ar40","Ar36")
m <- loaddata(samplefile,masses) # samples and J-standards
blanklabel <- "EXB#"
l <- fitlogratios(blankcorr(m,blanklabel),"Ar40")
plotcorr(l)</pre>
```

blankcorrected 5

Description

An object class containing blank-corrected mass spectrometry data

Details

Extends the class classes timeresolved and PHdata by adding an additional list item blankindices containg the index of the nearest blank. fitlogratios uses this information to group the samples during regression to 'time zero'.

calibration

Detector calibration

Description

Apply the detector calibration for multicollector data

Usage

```
calibration(X, clabel)
```

Arguments

X an object of class redux

clabel the label of the detector calibration data

Value

an object of class redux

```
data(Melbourne)
C <- calibration(Melbourne$X,"DCAL")
plotcorr(C)</pre>
```

6 concat

clcorrection

Cl-interference correction

Description

Apply the interference correction for the Cl-decay products

Usage

```
clcorrection(X, irr)
```

Arguments

X an object of class redux irr the irradiation schedule

Value

an object of class redux

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
Cl <- clcorrection(Melbourne$X,Melbourne$irr)
plotcorr(Cl)</pre>
```

concat

Merge a list of logratio data

Description

Recursively concatenates a list of logratio data into one big dataset

Usage

```
concat(lrlist)
```

Arguments

1rlist a list containing items of class logratios or redux

Value

an object of the same class as x containing the merged dataset

decaycorrection 7

Examples

```
samplefile <- system.file("Samples.csv",package="ArArRedux")</pre>
kfile <- system.file("K-glass.csv",package="ArArRedux")</pre>
cafile <- system.file("Ca-salt.csv",package="ArArRedux")</pre>
dfile <- system.file("Calibration.csv",package="ArArRedux")</pre>
masses <- c("Ar37", "Ar38", "Ar39", "Ar40", "Ar36")
blanklabel <- "EXB#"</pre>
Jpos <- c(3,15)
dlabels <- c("H1","AX","L1","L2")</pre>
m <- loaddata(samplefile, masses) # samples and J-standards</pre>
mk <- loaddata(kfile,masses) # K-interference data</pre>
mca <- loaddata(cafile,masses) # Ca interference data</pre>
md <- loaddata(dfile,dlabels,PH=TRUE) # detector intercalibrations</pre>
# form and fit logratios
1 <- fitlogratios(blankcorr(m,blanklabel),"Ar40")</pre>
lk <- fitlogratios(blankcorr(mk,blanklabel,"K:"),"Ar40")</pre>
k \leftarrow getmasses(lk, "Ar39", "Ar40") # subset on the relevant isotopes
lca <- fitlogratios(blankcorr(mca,blanklabel, "Ca:"), "Ar37")</pre>
ca <- getmasses(lca,c("Ar36","Ar39"),c("Ar37","Ar37")) # subset</pre>
ld <- fitlogratios(blankcorr(md))</pre>
d <- averagebyday(ld,"DCAL")</pre>
# merge all data (except air shots) into one big logratio structure
X <- newredux(concat(list(l,k,ca,d)),Jpos)</pre>
data(Melbourne)
if (isTRUE(all.equal(Melbourne$X,X))) {
   print("We just reconstructed the built-in dataset Melbourne$X")}
```

decaycorrection

Correct for radioactive decay occurred since irradiation

Description

Correct for radioactive decay of neutron-induced 37Ar and 39Ar occurred since irradiation

Usage

```
decaycorrection(X, irr, isotope)
```

Arguments

X an objects of class redux irr the irradiation schedule

isotope a string denoting the isotope that needs correcting

8 fitlogratios

Value

```
an object of class redux
```

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
C <- calibration(Melbourne$X,"DCAL")
A <- massfractionation(C,Melbourne$fract)
D9 <- decaycorrection(A,Melbourne$irr,"Ar39")
plotcorr(D9)</pre>
```

fitlogratios

Extrapolation to 'time zero'

Description

This function extrapolates time resolved mass spectrometer data to t=0. When fed with multicollector data, it forms the ratios of the raw signals, forms their logs and performs linear regression to t=0 When fed with single collector data, the function first takes their logs and extrapolates them to t=0 before taking ratios, unless denmass=NULL, in which case the logs of the raw signals are extrapolated.

Usage

```
fitlogratios(x, ...)
## Default S3 method:
fitlogratios(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'timeresolved'
fitlogratios(x, denmass, ...)
## S3 method for class 'PHdata'
fitlogratios(x, denmass = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x an object of class timeresolved or PHdata... further arguments (see below)denmass a string denoting the denominator isotope
```

Value

```
an object of class logratios
```

fractionation 9

Examples

```
samplefile <- system.file("Samples.csv",package="ArArRedux")
masses <- c("Ar37","Ar38","Ar39","Ar40","Ar36")
m <- loaddata(samplefile,masses) # samples and J-standards
blanklabel <- "EXB#"
1 <- fitlogratios(blankcorr(m,blanklabel),"Ar40")
plotcorr(1)</pre>
```

fractionation

Compute the mass fractionation correction

Description

Compares the measured 40Ar/36Ar ratio of an air shot on a given detector with the atmospheric ratio.

Usage

```
fractionation(fname, detector, MS = "ARGUS-VI", PH = FALSE)
```

Arguments

fname a .csv file with the air shot data detector the name of the ion detector MS the type of mass spectrometer

PH TRUE if the data were recorded in 'peak hopping' mode, FALSE if recorded in

multicollector mode.

Value

```
an object of class logratios
```

10 getages

get4039

Calculate the 40Ar*/39ArK-ratios

Description

Calculate the 40Ar*/39ArK-ratios of interference corrected logratio intercept data

Usage

```
get4039(X, irr)
```

Arguments

X an object of class redux containing some interference corrected logratio inter-

cept data

irr the irradiation schedule

Value

an object of class link{redux} containing the 40Ar*/39ArK-ratios as intercepts and its covariance matrix as covmat

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
R <- get4039(Melbourne$X,Melbourne$irr)
plotcorr(R)</pre>
```

getages

Calculate 40Ar/39Ar ages

Description

Calculate 40Ar/39Ar ages from a vector of 40Ar/39Ar-ratios and J-factors

Usage

```
getages(RJ)
```

Arguments

RJ

an object of class Redux containing the amalgamated \$^40\$Ar\$^*\$/\$^39\$Ar\$_K\$-ratios and J-factors with their covariance matrix

Value

an object of class results containing the ages and their covariance matrix

getJfactors 11

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
R <- get4039(Melbourne$X,Melbourne$irr)
J <- getJfactors(R)
ages <- getages(J)
plotcorr(ages)</pre>
```

getJfactors

Calculate the irradiation parameter ('J factor')

Description

Interpolate the irradiation parameters for the samples given the 40Ar*/39ArK ratios of the samples and fluence monitors

Usage

```
getJfactors(R)
```

Arguments

R

a vector of 40Ar*/39ArK ratios

Value

an object of class redux containing, as intercepts, the 40Ar*/39ArK ratios of the samples, the interpolated J-factors, and the 40K decay constant; and as covmat: the covariance matrix. All other class properties are inherited from R.

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
R <- get4039(Melbourne$X,Melbourne$irr)
J <- getJfactors(R)
plotcorr(J)</pre>
```

getmasses

Select a subset of isotopes from a dataset

Description

Extracts the intercepts, covariance matrix, etc. of a selection of isotopes from a larger dataset

12 interference

Usage

```
getmasses(x, ...)
## Default S3 method:
getmasses(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'timeresolved'
getmasses(x, mass, invert = FALSE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'logratios'
getmasses(x, num, den, invert = FALSE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'redux'
getmasses(x, num, den, invert = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x an object of class logratios, timeresolved, PHdata or redux.

... other arguments

mass a vector of strings denoting the masses of interest

invert boolean parameter indicating whether the selection should be inverted (default

= FALSE)

num vector of strings indicating the numerator isotopes
den vector of string indicating the denominator isotopes

Value

an object of the same class as x

Examples

```
kfile <- system.file("K-glass.csv",package="ArArRedux")
masses <- c("Ar37","Ar38","Ar39","Ar40","Ar36")
mk <- loaddata(kfile,masses)
lk <- fitlogratios(blankcorr(mk,"EXB#","K:"),"Ar40")
k <- getmasses(lk,"Ar39","Ar40") # subset of the relevant isotopes
plotcorr(k)</pre>
```

interference

define the interference corrections

Description

create a new object of class logratios containing the interferences from neutron reactions on Ca and K

loaddata 13

Usage

```
interference(intercepts, covmat, num, den, irr, label)
```

Arguments

intercepts a vector with logratios

covmat the covariance matrix of the logratios

num a vector of strings marking the numerator isotopes of intercepts den a vector of strings marking the denominator isotopes of intercepts

irr an object of class irradiations

label a string with a name which can be used to identify the interference data in sub-

sequent calculations

Value

an object of class logratios

Examples

```
samplefile <- system.file("Samples.csv",package="ArArRedux")</pre>
irrfile <- system.file("irradiations.csv",package="ArArRedux")</pre>
masses <- c("Ar37", "Ar38", "Ar39", "Ar40", "Ar36")
X <- read(samplefile, masses, blabel="EXB#", Jpos=c(3,15))</pre>
irr <- loadirradiations(irrfile)</pre>
# assume log(36Ar/37Ar) = log(39Ar/37Ar) = 1 in co-irradiate Ca-salt
# with variances of 0.0001 and zero covariances
ca <- interference(intercepts=c(1,1),</pre>
                    covmat=matrix(c(0.001,0,0,0.001),nrow=2),
                    num=c("Ar39","Ar36"),den=c("Ar37","Ar37"),
                    irr=X$irr[1],label="Ca-salt")
# assume log(39Ar/40Ar) = 4.637788 in co-irradiate K-glass
# with variance 7.9817e-4
k <- interference(intercepts=4.637788,covmat=7.9817e-4,
                   num="Ar39",den="Ar40",irr=X$irr[1],
                   label="K-glass")
ages <- process(X,irr,ca=ca,k=k)</pre>
summary(ages)
```

loaddata

Load mass spectrometer data

Description

Loads a .csv file with raw mass spectrometer data

Usage

```
loaddata(fname, masses, MS = "ARGUS-VI", PH = FALSE)
```

14 loadirradiations

Arguments

fname the file name, must end with .csv

masses a vector of strings denoting the order of the isotopes listed in the table

MS the type of mass spectrometer

PH a boolean indicating whether the data are to be treated as multicollector (PH=FALSE)

or 'peak hopping' (PH=TRUE) data. The default is PH=FALSE.

Value

```
if PH=FALSE: an object of class timeresolved if PH=TRUE: an object of class PHdata
```

Examples

```
samplefile <- system.file("Samples.csv",package="ArArRedux")
masses <- c("Ar37","Ar38","Ar39","Ar40","Ar36")
m <- loaddata(samplefile,masses) # samples and J-standards
plot(m,"MD2-1a","Ar40")</pre>
```

loadirradiations

Load the irradiation schedule

Description

Loads a .csv file with the schedule of a multi-stage neutron irradiation

Usage

```
loadirradiations(fname)
```

Arguments

```
fname file name (in .csv format)
```

Value

a list of irradiations, where each irradiation is a named list containing:

tin: vector with the start times of irradiations tout: vector with the end times of irradiations P: vector with the power of the irradiations

```
irrfile <- system.file("irradiations.csv",package="ArArRedux")
irr <- loadirradiations(irrfile)
str(irr)</pre>
```

logratios 15

logratios

The logratios class

Description

An object class containing logratio intercepts

Details

A list with the following items:

labels: a vector of strings denoting the names of the runs num: a vector of strings denoting the numerator isotopes den: a vector of strings denoting the denominator isotopes intercepts: a vector of logratio intercepts or values

covmat: the covariance matrix of intercepts irr: a vector of strings denoting the irradiation runs

pos: a vector of integers with the positions in the irradiation stack thedate: a vector containing the acquisition dates and times

nlr: a vector with the number of logratios per run

massfractionation

Apply the mass fractionation correction

Description

Applies the fractionation obtained from air shot data by fractionation to the denominator detector in order to correct it for the mass difference between the numerator and denominator isotopes.

Usage

```
massfractionation(X, fract)
```

Arguments

X an object of class redux

fract a list with fractionation data for Ar37, Ar39 and Ar40

Value

an object of class redux

16 newredux

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
C <- calibration(Melbourne$X,"DCAL")
A <- massfractionation(C,Melbourne$fract)
plotcorr(A)</pre>
```

Melbourne

An example dataset

Description

Contains all the relevant information needed for the data reduction some ARGUS-IV data from the University of Melbourne

Author(s)

David Philips <dphillip@unimelb.edu.au>

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
plotcorr(Melbourne$X)
```

newredux

Create a new redux object

Description

Initialises a new redux object by packing a logratios dataset together with all the parameters needed for age calculation

Usage

Arguments

X an object of class logratios

Jpos a vector of integers denoting the positions of the fluence monitors in the irradi-

ation stack

detectors a list of strings denoting the detectors for each argon isotope

Value

an object of class redux

param 17

param

Set or get Ar-Ar_Redux parameters

Description

This function is used to query and modify the half lives, standard ages etc. associated with an object of class redux

Usage

```
param(X, ...)
```

Arguments

X an object of class redux

... any combination of the parameters given below

Details

```
param grants access to the following parameters:
```

```
10: 40K decay constant (default value = 5.5492e-4 Ma-1, Renne et al. [2010])
```

s10: standard error of the 40K decay constant (default value = 0.0047e-4 Ma-1)

17: 37Ar decay constant (default value = 7.2438 yr-1, Renne and Norman [2001])

s17: standard error of the 37Ar decay constant (default value = 0.0083 yr-1)

19: 39Ar decay constant (0.002577 yr-1 Stoenner et al. [1965])

s19: standard error of the 39Ar decay constant (0.000014 yr-1)

16: 36Cl decay constant (default value = 2301.3e-9 yr-1)

s16: standard error of the 36Cl decay constant (default value = 7.6e-9 yr-1

pc1: (36Cl/38Cl)-production rate (default value = 252.7 for OSTR reactor, Renne et al. [2008])

spc1: standard error of the (36Cl/38Cl)-production rate (default value = 1.8)

ts: age of the fluence monitor (default = 28.201 Myr for the Fish Canyon Tuff, Kuiper et al. [2008])

sts: standard error of the fluence monitor age (default value = 0.023 Myr)

air: atmospheric 40Ar/36Ar ratio (default value = 298.56, Lee et al. [2006])

sair: standard error of the atmospheric 40Ar/36Ar ratio (default value = 0.155)

Value

returns the modified redux object OR the current parameter values if no optional arguments are supplied.

```
data(Melbourne)
param(Melbourne$X)$air
Y <- param(Melbourne$X,air=295.5)
param(Y)$air</pre>
```

18 plot.timeresolved

PHdata

The PHdata class

Description

An object class containing time resolved 'peak-hopping' mass spectrometry data

Details

A list with the following items:

masses: a vector of strings denoting the isotopes monitored in each run signals: a list with objects of class timeresolved, each corresponding to a detector (i.e. length(signals)==1 for single collector instruments).

See Also

loaddata

plot.timeresolved

Plot a time resolved mass spectrometry signal

Description

Plots the raw signal of a given isotope against time.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'timeresolved'
plot(x, label, mass, ...)
## S3 method for class 'PHdata'
plot(x, label, mass, ...)
```

Arguments

an object of class timeresolved or PHdata
 a string with the name of the run
 a string indicating the isotope of interest
 optional parameters

plotcorr 19

Examples

```
samplefile <- system.file("Samples.csv",package="ArArRedux")
masses <- c("Ar37","Ar38","Ar39","Ar40","Ar36")
mMC <- loaddata(samplefile,masses)
plot(mMC,"MD2-1a","Ar40")
mPH <- loaddata(samplefile,masses,PH=TRUE)
plot(mPH,"MD2-1a","Ar40")</pre>
```

plotcorr

Plot a matrix with correlation coefficients

Description

Converts the covariance matrix to a correlation matrix and plots this is a coloured image for visual inspection.

Usage

```
plotcorr(X)
```

Arguments

Χ

a data structure (list) containing an item called 'covmat' (covariance matrix)

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
plotcorr(Melbourne$X)
```

process

Process logratio data and calculate 40Ar/39Ar ages

Description

Performs detector calibration, mass fractionation correction, decay corrections, interference corrections, interpolates J-factors and calculates ages.

Usage

```
process(X, irr, fract = NULL, ca = NULL, k = NULL)
```

20 read

Arguments

Χ	an object of class redux
irr	the irradiation schedule
fract	list with air shot data (one item per denominator isotope)
ca	an object of class $logratios$ with Ca-interference data (not necessary if interferences are included in X)
k	an object of class logratios with K-interference data (not necessary if interferences are included in X)

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
ages <- process(Melbourne$X,Melbourne$irr,Melbourne$fract)
summary(ages)</pre>
```

read

Read mass spectrometer data

Description

Reads raw mass spectrometer data and parses it into a redux format for further processing.

Usage

```
read(xfile, masses, blabel, Jpos, kfile = NULL, cafile = NULL,
   dfile = NULL, dlabels = NULL, MS = "ARGUS-VI")
```

Arguments

xfile	a .csv file with samples and fluence monitor data
masses	a list which specifies the order in which the isotopes are recorded by the mass spectrometer
blabel	a prefix string denoting the blanks
Jpos	a vector of integers denoting the positions of the fluence monitors in the irradiation stack
kfile	a .csv file with the K-interference monitor data (optional)
cafile	a .csv file with the Ca-interference monitor data (optional)
dfile	a .csv file with the detector calibration data (optional)
dlabels	a list which specifies the names of the detectors and the order in which they were recorded by the mass spectrometer
MS	a string denoting the type of mass spectrometer. At the moment only the ARGUS-IV is listed. Please contact the author to add other file formats to Ar-Ar_Redux.

redux 21

Value

an object of class redux.

Examples

redux

The redux class

Description

An object class that is used throughout Ar-Ar_Redux

Details

A list with the following items:

labels: a vector of strings denoting the names of the runs num: a vector of strings denoting the numerator isotopes den: a vector of strings denoting the denominator isotopes intercepts: a vector of logratio intercepts or values covmat: the covariance matrix of intercepts irr: a vector of strings denoting the irradiation runs pos: a vector of integers with the positions in the irradiation stack thedate: a vector containing the acquisition dates and times nlr: a vector with the number of logratios per run param: a list of global parameters

See Also

param

22 redux2isoplotr

redux2isoplotr	Export ArArRedux data to IsoplotR
·	*

Description

Creates a data object compatible with the IsoplotR package

Usage

```
redux2isoplotr(x, irr, fract = NULL, ca = NULL, k = NULL, format = 1,
  file = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	an object of class redux
irr	the irradiation schedule
fract	list with air shot data (one item per denominator isotope)
ca	an object of class \log ratios with Ca-interference data (not necessary if interferences are included in X)
k	an object of class \log ratios with K-interference data (not necessary if interferences are included in X)
format	input format for IsoplotR. I.e. one of 1: 39/40, s[39/40], 36/40, s[36/40], 39/36, s[39/36] (other formats will be added later)
file	optional (.csv) file name to write the output to.

Value

```
an object of class ArAr, i.e. a table with the following columns: 'Ar4036', 'errAr4036', 'Ar3936', 'errAr3936', 'Ar4039', and 'errAr4039'
```

```
data(Melbourne)
print(redux2isoplotr(Melbourne$X,Melbourne$irr))
```

results 23

results

The results class

Description

A list with the following items:

Details

labels: a vector of strings denoting the names of the runs

intercepts: a vector of ages

covmat: the covariance matrix of intercepts

thedate: a vector containing the acquisition dates and times

subset.timeresolved

Select a subset of some data

Description

Extracts those intercepts, covariances etc. that match a given list of indices or labels.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'timeresolved'
subset(x, i = NULL, labels = NULL, invert = FALSE,
    include.J = FALSE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'logratios'
subset(x, i = NULL, labels = NULL, invert = FALSE,
    include.J = FALSE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'redux'
subset(x, i = NULL, labels = NULL, invert = FALSE,
    include.J = FALSE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'results'
subset(x, i = NULL, labels = NULL, invert = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

```
    an object of class timeresolved, logratios, redux or results
    a vector with indices of the selected runs
    a string or a vector of strings with sample names
```

24 summary.results

invert boolean flag indicating whether the selection should be inverted, i.e. whether the selected indices or labels should be removed rather than retained include. J if TRUE, automatically adds the irradiation monitors to the selection other arguments

Value

an object of the same class as x

Examples

```
data(Melbourne)
ages <- process(Melbourne$X,Melbourne$irr,Melbourne$fract)
MD <- subset(ages,labels=c("MD2-1","MD2-2","MD2-3","MD2-4","MD2-5"))
plotcorr(MD)</pre>
```

summary.results

Summary table

Description

Plots the ages and their standard errors

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'results'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object an object of class results
... no other arguments
```

```
data(Melbourne)
ages <- process(Melbourne$X,Melbourne$irr,Melbourne$fract)
summary(ages)[1:5,]</pre>
```

timeresolved 25

timeresolved The timeresolved class

Description

An object class containing time resolved multi-collector mass spectrometry data

Details

A list with the following items:

masses: a vector of strings denoting the isotopes monitored in each run

irr: a vector of strings denoting the irradiation runs

pos: a vector of integers with the positions in the irradiation stack thedate: a vector containing the acquisition dates and times

d: a data table

thetime: a matrix with the measurement times

See Also

loaddata

weightedmean

Calculate the weighted mean age

Description

Computes the error weighted mean and MSWD of some samples taking into covariances.

Usage

```
weightedmean(ages, prefix = NULL)
```

Arguments

ages an object of class results

prefix is either a string with the prefix of the samples that need to be averaged, or a

vector of sample names.

Value

a list with items:

avgt: the weighted mean age err: the standard error of avgt

MSWD: the Mean Square of the Weighted Deviates

26 weightedmean

```
data(Melbourne)
ages <- process(Melbourne$X,Melbourne$irr,Melbourne$fract)
weightedmean(ages,"MD2-")</pre>
```

Index

```
average, 2
averagebyday, 3
blankcorr, 4
blankcorrected, 4, 5
calibration, 5
clcorrection, 6
concat, 6
decaycorrection, 7
fitlogratios, 5, 8
fractionation, 9, 15
get4039, 10
getages, 10
getJfactors, 11
getmasses, 11
interference, 12
loaddata, 13, 18, 25
loadirradiations, 14
logratios, 6, 9, 12, 15, 16, 20, 22, 23
massfractionation, 15
Melbourne, 16
newredux, 16
param, 17, 17
PHdata, 4, 5, 12, 18, 18
plot.PHdata(plot.timeresolved), 18
plot.timeresolved, 18
plotcorr, 19
process, 19
read, 20
redux, 6, 12, 16, 17, 20, 21, 21, 22, 23
redux2isoplotr, 22
results, 23, 23, 24
```

```
subset.logratios (subset.timeresolved), 23
subset.redux (subset.timeresolved), 23
subset.results (subset.timeresolved), 23
subset.timeresolved, 23
summary.results, 24
timeresolved, 4, 5, 12, 18, 23, 25
weightedmean, 25
```