

Physics 216 HW Ch35 To hand in due beginning of class 3/3/2017.

To receive full credit:

- **clearly show your reasoning** (including any necessary calculations),
- **indicate your final answer in an unambiguous way** (such as by circling or underlining it).
- **Round your answers appropriately**

1. Ch 35 Exercises and Problems number 1
2. Ch 35 Exercises and Problems number 5
3. Optical dispersion has to do with the fact that the index of refraction is, in general, dependent on the wavelength of light. Quantify this relationship as follows:
 - a. Write down Snell's law for light of one wavelength going from air to a material with index n , refracting to an angle θ_2
 - b. For the same incident angle, write down Snell's law for light of another wavelength for which the index is $n+\delta n$ and the angle is $\theta_2+\delta\theta$.
 - c. Subtract the two equations and find the difference in angle between the two wavelengths. You will need that: $\sin(\theta + \delta\theta) \approx \sin(\theta) + \frac{d\sin(\theta)}{d\theta} \delta\theta$ (angles in radians)
 - d. If red light has an index of refraction of 1.552 in a glass and refracts 28 degrees and violet light refracts 0.23 degrees more than red, what is the index of refraction for the violet light?