# Predicting\_Heart\_Problem\_with\_BERT\_in\_Tensorflow\_Final RAW

July 30, 2020

##Mounting Google Drive

```
[1]: from google.colab import drive drive.mount("/GD")
```

Go to this URL in a browser: https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?client\_id =947318989803-6bn6qk8qdgf4n4g3pfee6491hc0brc4i.apps.googleusercontent.com&redire ct\_uri=urn%3aietf%3awg%3aoauth%3a2.0%3aoob&response\_type=code&scope=email%20https%3a%2f%2fwww.googleapis.com%2fauth%2fdocs.test%20https%3a%2f%2fwww.googleapis.com%2fauth%2fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3a%2f%2fwww.googleapis.com%2fauth%2fpeopleapi.readonly

```
Enter your authorization code: ......

Mounted at /GD
```

### 0.1 Importing Necessary Libraries

```
[2]: !pip install tensorflow==1.15.0
     import tensorflow as tf
     print(tf.__version__)
    Collecting tensorflow==1.15.0
      Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/3f/98/5a99af92fb911d
    7a88a0005ad55005f35b4c1ba8d75fba02df726cd936e6/tensorflow-1.15.0-cp36-cp36m-many
    linux2010_x86_64.whl (412.3MB)
                           | 412.3MB 42kB/s
    Collecting tensorboard<1.16.0,>=1.15.0
      Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/1e/e9/d3d747a97f7188
    f48aa5eda486907f3b345cd409f0a0850468ba867db246/tensorboard-1.15.0-py3-none-
    any.whl (3.8MB)
                           | 3.8MB 49.3MB/s
    Requirement already satisfied: wheel>=0.26 in
    /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (0.34.2)
    Collecting tensorflow-estimator==1.15.1
      Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/de/62/2ee9cd74c9fa2f
    a450877847ba560b260f5d0fb70ee0595203082dafcc9d/tensorflow_estimator-1.15.1-py2.p
```

```
y3-none-any.whl (503kB)
                       | 512kB 48.4MB/s
Collecting gast==0.2.2
  Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/4e/35/11749bf99b2d4e3cceb4
d55ca22590b0d7c2c62b9de38ac4a4a7f4687421/gast-0.2.2.tar.gz
Requirement already satisfied: wrapt>=1.11.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (1.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: grpcio>=1.8.6 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (1.30.0)
Requirement already satisfied: protobuf>=3.6.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (3.12.2)
Requirement already satisfied: keras-applications>=1.0.8 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (1.0.8)
Requirement already satisfied: keras-preprocessing>=1.0.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (1.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: termcolor>=1.1.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (1.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: opt-einsum>=2.3.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (3.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: astor>=0.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (0.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy<2.0,>=1.16.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (1.18.5)
Requirement already satisfied: absl-py>=0.7.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (0.9.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.10.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (1.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: google-pasta>=0.1.6 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from tensorflow==1.15.0) (0.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools>=41.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from
tensorboard<1.16.0,>=1.15.0->tensorflow==1.15.0) (49.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: markdown>=2.6.8 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
packages (from tensorboard<1.16.0,>=1.15.0->tensorflow==1.15.0) (3.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: werkzeug>=0.11.15 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from
tensorboard<1.16.0,>=1.15.0->tensorflow==1.15.0) (1.0.1)
Requirement already satisfied: h5py in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages
(from keras-applications>=1.0.8->tensorflow==1.15.0) (2.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata; python_version < "3.8" in
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from
markdown>=2.6.8->tensorboard<1.16.0,>=1.15.0->tensorflow==1.15.0) (1.7.0)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
packages (from importlib-metadata; python_version <</pre>
"3.8"->markdown>=2.6.8->tensorboard<1.16.0,>=1.15.0->tensorflow==1.15.0) (3.1.0)
Building wheels for collected packages: gast
  Building wheel for gast (setup.py) ... done
  Created wheel for gast: filename=gast-0.2.2-cp36-none-any.whl size=7540
```

```
sha256=90d86e22f37d1bde8e0f110b199a10d479014ae5ee25f200355daf21f7a9c3cc
      Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/5c/2e/7e/a1d4d4fcebe6c381f378ce77
    43a3ced3699feb89bcfbdadadd
    Successfully built gast
    ERROR: tensorflow-probability 0.10.0 has requirement gast>=0.3.2, but
    you'll have gast 0.2.2 which is incompatible.
    Installing collected packages: tensorboard, tensorflow-estimator, gast,
    tensorflow
      Found existing installation: tensorboard 2.2.2
        Uninstalling tensorboard-2.2.2:
          Successfully uninstalled tensorboard-2.2.2
      Found existing installation: tensorflow-estimator 2.2.0
        Uninstalling tensorflow-estimator-2.2.0:
          Successfully uninstalled tensorflow-estimator-2.2.0
      Found existing installation: gast 0.3.3
        Uninstalling gast-0.3.3:
          Successfully uninstalled gast-0.3.3
      Found existing installation: tensorflow 2.2.0
        Uninstalling tensorflow-2.2.0:
          Successfully uninstalled tensorflow-2.2.0
    Successfully installed gast-0.2.2 tensorboard-1.15.0 tensorflow-1.15.0
    tensorflow-estimator-1.15.1
    1.15.0
[3]: import pandas as pd
     import tensorflow as tf
     import tensorflow_hub as hub
     from datetime import datetime
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     import os
     print("tensorflow version : ", tf. version )
     print("tensorflow_hub version : ", hub.__version__)
    tensorflow version: 1.15.0
    tensorflow hub version: 0.8.0
[4]: #Installing BERT module
     !pip install bert-tensorflow
    Collecting bert-tensorflow
      Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/a6/66/7eb4e8b6ea35b7
    cc54c322c816f976167a43019750279a8473d355800a93/bert_tensorflow-1.0.1-py2.py3-non
    e-any.whl (67kB)
         1
                           | 71kB 3.2MB/s
    Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
    packages (from bert-tensorflow) (1.15.0)
```

Installing collected packages: bert-tensorflow Successfully installed bert-tensorflow-1.0.1

```
[7]: #Importing BERT modules
import bert
from bert import run_classifier
from bert import optimization
from bert import tokenization
```

## 0.2 ##Setting The Output Directory

While fine-tuning the model, we will save the training checkpoints and the model in an output directory so that we can use the trained model for our predictions later.

The following code block sets an output directory:

```
[8]: # Set the output directory for saving model file
OUTPUT_DIR = '/GD/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/'

#@markdown Whether or not to clear/delete the directory and create a new one
DO_DELETE = False #@param {type:"boolean"}

if DO_DELETE:
    try:
        tf.gfile.DeleteRecursively(OUTPUT_DIR)
        except:
        pass

tf.gfile.MakeDirs(OUTPUT_DIR)
    print('****** Model output directory: {} ******'.format(OUTPUT_DIR))
```

\*\*\*\*\* Model output directory: /GD/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/ \*\*\*\*\*

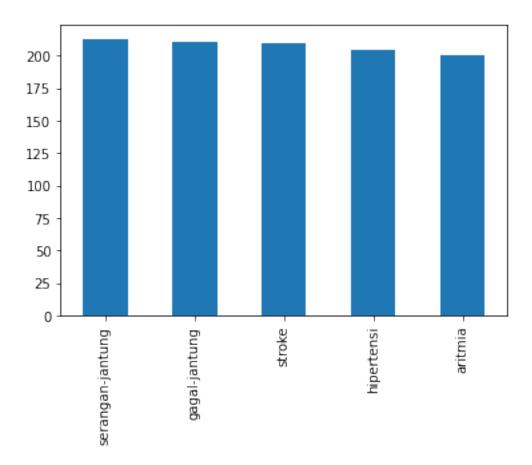
## 0.3 ##Loading The Data

We will now load the data from a Google Drive directory and will also split the training set in to training and validation sets.

```
[11]: train.to_csv('trainFinal.csv')
val.to_csv('testFinal.csv')
```

```
[12]: #Training set sample
      train.head(15)
[12]:
                    category ...
                                                                            question
                  hipertensi ... Assalamualaikum dok, sy mau bertanya. Ibu saya...
      629
      669
                  hipertensi ... Dok, 1 bulan yang lalu saya periksa ke puskesm...
      25
                     aritmia ... Dok saya wanita berusia 24 tahu. Sejak 5 tahun...
      88
                     aritmia ... Dok dada trasa aga sesak tapi tidak batuk, 3ha...
      395
               gagal-jantung ... Halo dok, sy pengidap jantung bocor, selalu ko ...
      685
                  hipertensi ... Permisi, Dok. saya berusia 21th, 3minggu yang ...
      1049
                      stroke ... Dok, 6 bulan lalu saya terkena stroke (pecah p...
      975
            serangan-jantung ... Dok saya kaya terasa sesak dok terus kadang da...
      356
               gagal-jantung ... Bapak saya skrg lg d rawat di RS\r\nkepala pus...
                     aritmia ... Dok saya mau bertanya? Kenapa denyut nadi bisa...
      146
      1281
                      stroke ... Selamat siang dokter, Maaf saya ingin bertanya, ...
      45
                     aritmia ... Maaf Dok, detakan jantung saya tiba-tiba kuat ...
      330
               gagal-jantung ... Pagi dok , saya mau tanya dok mamah saya tanga...
      160
                     aritmia ... Dok, akhir" ini ketika saya menaiki tangga jan...
      306
               gagal-jantung ... dok,, ibu saya kira" umur 37th.. saring kaget ...
      [15 rows x 6 columns]
[13]: print("Training Set Shape:", train.shape)
      print("Validation Set Shape :", val.shape)
      #print("Test Set Shape :", test.shape)
     Training Set Shape: (1040, 6)
     Validation Set Shape: (260, 6)
[14]: #unique classes
      train['category'].unique()
[14]: array(['hipertensi', 'aritmia', 'gagal-jantung', 'stroke',
             'serangan-jantung'], dtype=object)
[15]: #Distribution of classes
      train['category'].value_counts().plot(kind = 'bar')
```

[15]: <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f588b444e10>



```
[16]: DATA_COLUMN = 'question'
   LABEL_COLUMN = 'category'
   # The list containing all the classes (train['SECTION'].unique())
   label_list = list(train['category'].unique())
```

## 0.4 Data Preprocessing

BERT model accept only a specific type of input and the datasets are usually structured to have have the following four features:

- guid : A unique id that represents an observation.
- text\_a: The text we need to classify into given categories
- text\_b: It is used when we're training a model to understand the relationship between sentences and it does not apply for classification problems.
- label: It consists of the labels or classes or categories that a given text belongs to.

In our dataset we have text\_a and label. The following code block will create objects for each of the above mentioned features for all the records in our dataset using the InputExample class provided in the BERT library.

```
[17]: train_InputExamples = train.apply(lambda x: bert.run_classifier.
       →InputExample(guid=None,
                                                                                text_a =_
       →x [DATA_COLUMN],
                                                                                text_b =
       \rightarrowNone,
                                                                                label =⊔
       →x[LABEL_COLUMN]), axis = 1)
      val_InputExamples = val.apply(lambda x: bert.run_classifier.
       →InputExample(guid=None,
                                                                                text a =
       →x [DATA_COLUMN],
                                                                                text_b =
       →None,
                                                                                label =
       →x[LABEL_COLUMN]), axis = 1)
[18]: train_InputExamples
[18]: 629
              <bert.run_classifier.InputExample object at 0x...</pre>
      669
              <bert.run classifier.InputExample object at 0x...</pre>
      25
              <bert.run_classifier.InputExample object at 0x...</pre>
              <bert.run_classifier.InputExample object at 0x...</pre>
      88
      395
              <bert.run_classifier.InputExample object at 0x...</pre>
      802
              <bert.run_classifier.InputExample object at 0x...</pre>
              <bert.run_classifier.InputExample object at 0x...</pre>
      53
              <bert.run_classifier.InputExample object at 0x...</pre>
      350
      79
              <bert.run_classifier.InputExample object at 0x...</pre>
      792
              <bert.run_classifier.InputExample object at 0x...</pre>
      Length: 1040, dtype: object
[19]: print("Row 0 - guid of training set : ", train InputExamples.iloc[0].guid)
      print("\n____\nRow 0 - text_a of training set : ", train_InputExamples.
       \rightarrowiloc[0].text_a)
      print("\n_____\nRow 0 - text_b of training set : ", train_InputExamples.
       \rightarrowiloc[0].text_b)
      print("\n____\nRow 0 - label of training set : ", train_InputExamples.
       \rightarrowiloc[0].label)
```

Row 0 - guid of training set : None

Row 0 - text\_a of training set : Assalamualaikum dok, sy mau bertanya. Ibu saya menderita hipertensi. Sudah di bawa ke dokter dan diberi obat penurun hipertensi. Tapi kenapa kok tekanan darahnya tidak kunjung normal? Padahal sudah

rutin minum obat & mengkonsumsi banyak buah2an (timun, semangka, dll). Malah badannya terasa lemas, pusing & penglihatan kabur. Terimakasih. Wassalamualaikum ð ð

-----

Row 0 - text\_b of training set : None

-----

Row 0 - label of training set : hipertensi

We will now get down to business with the pretrained BERT. In this example we will use the bert\_uncased\_L-12\_H-768\_A-12/1 model. To check all available versions click here.

We will be using the vocab.txt file in the model to map the words in the dataset to indexes. Also the loaded BERT model is trained on uncased/lowercase data and hence the data we feed to train the model should also be of lowercase.

The following code block loads the pre-trained BERT model and initializers a tokenizer object for tokenizing the texts.

INFO:tensorflow:Saver not created because there are no variables in the graph to restore

INFO:tensorflow:Saver not created because there are no variables in the graph to restore

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/bert/tokenization.py:125: The name tf.gfile.GFile is deprecated. Please use tf.io.gfile.GFile instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-

packages/bert/tokenization.py:125: The name tf.gfile.GFile is deprecated. Please use tf.io.gfile.GFile instead.

```
[21]: #Here is what the tokenised sample of the first training set observation looks
      \rightarrow like
      print(tokenizer.tokenize(train_InputExamples.iloc[9].text_a))
     ['Dok', 'saya', 'mau', 'bertan', '##ya', '?', 'Ken', '##apa', 'den', '##yu',
     '##t', 'nad', '##i', 'bisa', 'di', 'pak', '##ai', 'untuk', 'menentukan', 'be',
     '##ban', 'kerja', 'fi', '##sik', ',', 'tingkat', 'kes', '##eh', '##atan', ',',
      'tingkat', 'ke', '##bu', '##garan', 'dan', 'tingkat', 'stress', '?']
     We will now format out text in to input features which the BERT model expects. We will also set
     a sequence length which will be the length of the input features.
[23]: | max_len = max([len(tokenizer.tokenize(train_InputExamples.iloc[IDX].text_a))_u
       →for IDX in range(1040)])
      print('Max length: ', max_len)
     Max length: 2161
[24]: # We'll set sequences to be at most 128 tokens long.
      MAX\_SEQ\_LENGTH = 256
      # Convert our train and validation features to InputFeatures that BERTI
       \rightarrow understands.
      train_features = bert.run_classifier.
       →convert_examples_to_features(train_InputExamples, label_list,
       →MAX_SEQ_LENGTH, tokenizer)
      val_features = bert.run_classifier.
       →convert_examples_to_features(val_InputExamples, label_list, MAX_SEQ_LENGTH, __
       →tokenizer)
     WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
     packages/bert/run_classifier.py:774: The name tf.logging.info is deprecated.
     Please use tf.compat.v1.logging.info instead.
     WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
     packages/bert/run_classifier.py:774: The name tf.logging.info is deprecated.
     Please use tf.compat.v1.logging.info instead.
     INFO:tensorflow:Writing example 0 of 1040
     INFO:tensorflow:Writing example 0 of 1040
     INFO:tensorflow:*** Example ***
```

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:guid: None
INFO:tensorflow:guid: None

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Ass ##ala ##mua ##lai ##kum dok , sy mau bertan ##ya . Ibu saya men ##der ##ita hip ##erten ##si . Sud ##ah di ba ##wa ke dokter dan diberi oba ##t pen ##uru ##n hip ##erten ##si . Ta ##pi ken ##apa ko ##k tekanan darah ##nya tidak kun ##jung normal ? Pada ##hal sudah ru ##tin min ##um oba ##t & men ##g ##kon ##sum ##si banyak buah ##2 ##an ( tim ##un , sem ##ang ##ka , dl ##l ) . Mala ##h badan ##nya ter ##asa lema ##s , pus ##ing & pen ##gli ##hat ##an ka ##bur . Ter ##ima ##kasi ##h . Was ##sala ##mua ##lai ##kum ð ##ð [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Ass ##ala ##mua ##lai ##kum dok , sy mau bertan ##ya . Ibu saya men ##der ##ita hip ##erten ##si . Sud ##ah di ba ##wa ke dokter dan diberi oba ##t pen ##uru ##n hip ##erten ##si . Ta ##pi ken ##apa ko ##k tekanan darah ##nya tidak kun ##jung normal ? Pada ##hal sudah ru ##tin min ##um oba ##t & men ##g ##kon ##sum ##si banyak buah ##2 ##an ( tim ##un , sem ##ang ##ka , dl ##l ) . Mala ##h badan ##nya ter ##asa lema ##s , pus ##ing & pen ##gli ##hat ##an ka ##bur . Ter ##ima ##kasi ##h . Was ##sala ##mua ##lai ##kum ð ##ð [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:label: hipertensi (id = 0)
INFO:tensorflow:label: hipertensi (id = 0)

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*
INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:guid: None
INFO:tensorflow:guid: None

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Dok , 1 bulan yang lalu saya per ##iks ##a ke pus ##kes ##mas dan ten ##si saya 180 / 120 dan diberikan oba ##t cap ##top ##ril 25 ##m ##g dan corsa ##neur ##on . du ##lu pernah diberikan kom ##bina ##si cap ##top ##ril dan fur ##ose ##mide . yang saya tany ##akan lebih baik mana dari 2 kom ##bina ##si oba ##t tersebut ? [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Dok , 1 bulan yang lalu saya per ##iks ##a ke pus ##kes ##mas dan ten ##si saya 180 / 120 dan diberikan oba ##t cap ##top ##ril 25 ##m ##g dan corsa ##neur ##on . du ##lu pernah diberikan kom ##bina ##si cap

##top ##ril dan fur ##ose ##mide . yang saya tany ##akan lebih baik mana dari 2
kom ##bina ##si oba ##t tersebut ? [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:label: hipertensi (id = 0)
INFO:tensorflow:label: hipertensi (id = 0)

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*
INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:guid: None
INFO:tensorflow:guid: None

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Dok saya wanita berusia 24 tahu . Sejak 5 tahun ter ##ak ##hr saya sering mengalami det ##ak jan ##tung yang tidak normal . Mu ##lan ##ya det ##ak jan ##tung normal seperti biasa kemudian akan me ##lam ##bat be ##rhenti beberapa det ##ik lalu be ##rde ##tak kembali dengan henta ##kan y ##g ken ##cang dis ##erta ##i batu ##k dan ses ##ak . Jika sudah bg ##tu dada saya ter ##asa dite ##kan dan na ##fas menjadi pendek hanya se ##batas le ##her . Men ##ari ##k na ##fas panjang ##pun hanya dapat sedikit . kemudian ter ##kada ##ng saya menjadi pus ##ing , per ##ut ter ##asa ke ##mbung , mua ##l bahkan mun ##tah . G ##eja ##la y ##g saya alam ##i ini semakin sering kam ##bu ##h selama set ##ahun ini . Kira kira terdapat penyakit seri ##us atau tidak ya dok ? [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Dok saya wanita berusia 24 tahu . Sejak 5 tahun ter ##ak ##hr saya sering mengalami det ##ak jan ##tung yang tidak normal . Mu ##lan ##ya det ##ak jan ##tung normal seperti biasa kemudian akan me ##lam ##bat be ##rhenti beberapa det ##ik lalu be ##rde ##tak kembali dengan henta ##kan y ##g ken ##cang dis ##erta ##i batu ##k dan ses ##ak . Jika sudah bg ##tu dada saya ter ##asa dite ##kan dan na ##fas menjadi pendek hanya se ##batas le ##her . Men ##ari ##k na ##fas panjang ##pun hanya dapat sedikit . kemudian ter ##kada ##ng saya menjadi pus ##ing , per ##ut ter ##asa ke ##mbung , mua ##l bahkan mun ##tah . G ##eja ##la y ##g saya alam ##i ini semakin sering kam ##bu ##h selama set ##ahun ini . Kira kira terdapat penyakit seri ##us atau tidak ya dok ? [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:input\_ids: 101 85566 64981 27763 56440 10233 81565 119 55748 126 10989 12718 10710 16757 64981 28586 42060 10349 10710 63923 23091 10265 11868 16626 119 49056 12055 10679 10349 10710 63923 23091 16626 13908 34384 16113 13549 10911 21114 18234 10347 107329 15334 10349 10896 31288 10347 17229 19049 20879 10659 98336 10706 193 10240 67680 65301 27920 43861 10116 25514 10174 10215 10974 10710 119 65052 25147 91542 10991 42020 64981 12718 23031 44586 10706 10215 10132 57797 11999 32444 18029 10126 92101 10141 14206 119 13026 12476 10174 10132 57797 15907 19554 18029 13377 51193 119 16113 12718 76010 10376 64981 11999 46960 10230 117 10178 11159 12718 23031 11163 110448 117 56944 10161 57177 101833 53538 119 144 28167 10330 193 10240 64981 40796 10116 10592

INFO:tensorflow:label: aritmia (id = 1)
INFO:tensorflow:label: aritmia (id = 1)

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*
INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:guid: None
INFO:tensorflow:guid: None

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Dok dada trasa aga ses ##ak tapi tidak batu ##k , 3 ##hari yang lalu k ##pala saya aga pus ##ing lalu mun ##tah stel ##ahi ##tu Di ##kro ##ki sama istri langsung aga men ##ding tapi trasa aga ses ##ak sampai sekarang dan jan ##tung be ##rde ##gu ##p ##nya aga ken ##cang . [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Dok dada trasa aga ses ##ak tapi tidak batu ##k , 3 ##hari yang lalu k ##pala saya aga pus ##ing lalu mun ##tah stel ##ahi ##tu Di ##kro ##ki sama istri langsung aga men ##ding tapi trasa aga ses ##ak sampai sekarang dan jan ##tung be ##rde ##gu ##p ##nya aga ken ##cang . [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:label: aritmia (id = 1)
INFO:tensorflow:label: aritmia (id = 1)

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*
INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:guid: None
INFO:tensorflow:guid: None

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Halo dok , sy pen ##gida ##p jan ##tung bo ##cor , selalu kontrol setiap 2 bulan sekali & ce ##k tekanan darah , & hasil ##nya normal ( ter ##kada ##ng hip ##oten ##si ) , sekali ##nya tinggi j ##g ms ##h batas wa ##jar . Ta ##pi ken ##apa kepala sy selalu pen ##ing setiap se ##hab ##is makan daging kam ##bing ? A ##paka ##h ini h ##nya su ##gest ##i atau me ##mang sy men ##gida ##p hip ##erten ##si ? A ##paka ##h ada kor ##elas ##i d ##gn ke ##bo ##cora ##n jan ##tung dan tekanan darah tinggi ? [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Halo dok , sy pen ##gida ##p jan ##tung bo ##cor , selalu kontrol setiap 2 bulan sekali & ce ##k tekanan darah , & hasil ##nya normal ( ter ##kada ##ng hip ##oten ##si ) , sekali ##nya tinggi j ##g ms ##h batas wa ##jar . Ta ##pi ken ##apa kepala sy selalu pen ##ing setiap se ##hab ##is makan daging kam ##bing ? A ##paka ##h ini h ##nya su ##gest ##i atau me

##mang sy men ##gida ##p hip ##erten ##si ? A ##paka ##h ada kor ##elas ##i d
##gn ke ##bo ##cora ##n jan ##tung dan tekanan darah tinggi ? [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:label: gagal-jantung (id = 2)
INFO:tensorflow:label: gagal-jantung (id = 2)

INFO:tensorflow:Writing example 0 of 260 INFO:tensorflow:Writing example 0 of 260

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*
INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:guid: None
INFO:tensorflow:guid: None

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Ass ##ala ##mm ##ual ##aik ##um , dokter nama saya R ##iin , sudah 2 ##haf ##i ini saya mengalami nye ##ri dada hingga sakit sekali seperti jan ##tung saya ter ##teka ##n , hingga ter ##asa be ##rhenti be ##rde ##tak dan membuat saya sul ##it bern ##afa ##s serta tubuh saya menjadi ka ##ku dan sul ##it bergerak . Sa ##kit ##nya sangat lama . Namun jika saya mulai ter ##asa seperti itu saya akan sec ##ep ##at mungkin berdiri dan berjalan . Har ##uska ##h saya pergi ke dokter ? [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Ass ##ala ##mm ##ual ##aik ##um , dokter nama saya R ##iin , sudah 2 ##haf ##i ini saya mengalami nye ##ri dada hingga sakit sekali seperti jan ##tung saya ter ##teka ##n , hingga ter ##asa be ##rhenti be ##rde ##tak dan membuat saya sul ##it bern ##afa ##s serta tubuh saya menjadi ka ##ku dan sul ##it bergerak . Sa ##kit ##nya sangat lama . Namun jika saya mulai ter ##asa seperti itu saya akan sec ##ep ##at mungkin berdiri dan berjalan . Har ##uska ##h saya pergi ke dokter ? [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:label: serangan-jantung (id = 4)
INFO:tensorflow:label: serangan-jantung (id = 4)

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:guid: None
INFO:tensorflow:guid: None

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Ass, dok saya mau tany ##a. Anak saya ke ##mari ##n masuk rumah sakit karena dia mengalami step. Sol ##usi bu ##at anak bay ##i y ##g umur 8 bulan apa dok. Dok satu lagi saya mau tany ##a. Orang tua saya ada ben ##gka ##k di le ##her nya. Ter ##us di operasi. Sa ##kit nya itu tiro ##id dok. Ta ##pi ef ##ek nya sampai ke stroke ring ##an. sekarang jalan pun kaki nya sus ##ah bu ##at jalan. [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Ass , dok saya mau tany ##a . Anak saya ke ##mari ##n masuk rumah sakit karena dia mengalami step . Sol ##usi bu ##at anak bay ##i y ##g umur 8 bulan apa dok . Dok satu lagi saya mau tany ##a . Orang tua saya ada ben ##gka ##k di le ##her nya . Ter ##us di operasi . Sa ##kit nya itu tiro ##id dok . Ta ##pi ef ##ek nya sampai ke stroke ring ##an . sekarang jalan pun kaki nya sus ##ah bu ##at jalan . [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:label: stroke (id = 3)
INFO:tensorflow:label: stroke (id = 3)

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*
INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:guid: None
INFO:tensorflow:guid: None

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Selama ##t sia ##ng dok . Say ##a ingin bertan ##ya . A ##paka ##h orang y ##g mengalami sakit jan ##tung pada stadium 4 bisa be ##rku ##rang menjadi stadium 3 , stadium 3 menjadi stadium 2 , stadium 2 menjadi stadium 1 , dan stadium 1 menjadi sem ##bu ##h total ? Jika bisa , bagaimana cara pen ##go ##batan ##nya ? Mo ##hon pen ##jela ##san ##nya . Ter ##ima kas ##ih [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Selama ##t sia ##ng dok . Say ##a ingin bertan ##ya . A ##paka ##h orang y ##g mengalami sakit jan ##tung pada stadium 4 bisa be ##rku ##rang menjadi stadium 3 , stadium 3 menjadi stadium 2 , stadium 2 menjadi stadium 1 , dan stadium 1 menjadi sem ##bu ##h total ? Jika bisa , bagaimana cara pen ##go ##batan ##nya ? Mo ##hon pen ##jela ##san ##nya . Ter ##ima kas ##ih [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:label: gagal-jantung (id = 2)
INFO:tensorflow:label: gagal-jantung (id = 2)

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*
INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:guid: None
INFO:tensorflow:guid: None

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Pen ##der ##ita darah tinggi boleh min ##um oba

##t Neu ##ro ##bio ##n [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Pen ##der ##ita darah tinggi boleh min ##um oba

##t Neu ##ro ##bio ##n [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:label: hipertensi (id = 0)
INFO:tensorflow:label: hipertensi (id = 0)

INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*
INFO:tensorflow:\*\*\* Example \*\*\*

INFO:tensorflow:guid: None
INFO:tensorflow:guid: None

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Halo Dok , Ab ##ang saya baru saja meninggal 3 Hari yang lalu . Pen ##ye ##bab ##nya Kata Dok ##ter yang mera ##wat adalah Gaga ##1 Jan ##tung . Na ##h dok , saya mau tany ##a . Kira - kira Pen ##yak ##it Jan ##tung yang ia alam ##i apa ##kah ada hubungan ##nya dengan penyakit seperti masuk angin , bu ##ang air dan lain - lain ? Sia ##ng itu me ##mang dia men ##gel ##uhkan Kepala P ##using , Bu ##ang air , mun ##tah , dan dada ses ##ak . Kami kira dia masuk angin , jadi kami kas ##ih tola ##k angin dan lain - lain . Kemudian dia men ##gel ##uhkan , kala ##u tangan ##nya itu dan ja ##ri - ja ##rin ##ya sul ##it dig ##era ##kkan ( Dia be ##rp ##iki ##r ken ##a stroke ) . Karena masih mua ##1 - mua ##1 , saya akhirnya pergi untuk amb ##il salon ##pas , dan teman saya men ##jaga ab ##ang saya . La ##lu saya pulang , Ab ##ang saya sudah tidak ada . Kata ##nya sebelum meninggal itu , Dia ke ##jang - ke ##jang luar biasa . Sud ##ah dibawa di rumah sakit , dilakukan CP ##R , namun tidak ter ##sel ##amat ##kan . Beliau me ##mang memiliki ri ##way ##at Darah Ren ##dah . Dari semua ini , apa ##kah ada pen ##jela ##san yang saling berkaitan antara ge ##jala - ge ##jala yang disebut ##kan dia ##tas dok [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:tokens: [CLS] Halo Dok , Ab ##ang saya baru saja meninggal 3
Hari yang lalu . Pen ##ye ##bab ##nya Kata Dok ##ter yang mera ##wat adalah Gaga
##l Jan ##tung . Na ##h dok , saya mau tany ##a . Kira - kira Pen ##yak ##it Jan
##tung yang ia alam ##i apa ##kah ada hubungan ##nya dengan penyakit seperti

masuk angin , bu ##ang air dan lain - lain ? Sia ##ng itu me ##mang dia men
##gel ##uhkan Kepala P ##using , Bu ##ang air , mun ##tah , dan dada ses ##ak .
Kami kira dia masuk angin , jadi kami kas ##ih tola ##k angin dan lain - lain .
Kemudian dia men ##gel ##uhkan , kala ##u tangan ##nya itu dan ja ##ri - ja
##rin ##ya sul ##it dig ##era ##kkan ( Dia be ##rp ##iki ##r ken ##a stroke ) .
Karena masih mua ##l - mua ##l , saya akhirnya pergi untuk amb ##il salon ##pas
, dan teman saya men ##jaga ab ##ang saya . La ##lu saya pulang , Ab ##ang saya
sudah tidak ada . Kata ##nya sebelum meninggal itu , Dia ke ##jang - ke ##jang
luar biasa . Sud ##ah dibawa di rumah sakit , dilakukan CP ##R , namun tidak ter
##sel ##amat ##kan . Beliau me ##mang memiliki ri ##way ##at Darah Ren ##dah .
Dari semua ini , apa ##kah ada pen ##jela ##san yang saling berkaitan antara ge
##jala - ge ##jala yang disebut ##kan dia ##tas dok [SEP]

INFO:tensorflow:input ids: 101 67679 85566 117 15595 11889 64981 18049 44725 31585 124 39769 10265 31288 119 52559 12871 51382 10676 76496 85566 10877 10265 71959 33670 10784 38393 10161 11806 23091 119 10685 10237 17674 117 64981 43024 89875 10113 119 89003 118 32105 52559 50274 10486 11806 23091 10265 12729 40796 10116 32500 28977 15290 41585 10676 10659 64951 13908 34675 105676 117 11499 11889 12566 10215 13514 118 13514 136 88468 10376 11910 10911 45306 10671 10588 16039 68637 54087 153 95179 117 11916 11889 12566 117 101833 53538 117 10215 42020 10974 10710 119 87966 32105 10671 34675 105676 117 17760 64985 14399 13187 90470 10174 105676 10215 13514 118 13514 119 52362 10671 10588 16039 68637 117 84844 10138 48371 10676 11910 10215 10201 10401 118 10201 13778 10679 12037 10486 80592 12015 33928 113 18552 10347 33394 20897 10129 67680 10113 57071 114 119 56360 20535 56944 10161 118 56944 10161 117 64981 30448 59159 10782 10559 11030 61658 20084 117 10215 71476 64981 10588 55539 11357 11889 64981 119 10159 11435 64981 107874 117 15595 11889 64981 25147 11868 15290 119 76496 10676 23667 31585 11910 117 18552 11163 37445 118 11163 37445 27120 34384 119 13352 12257 95118 10120 22740 57236 117 28920 40070 11273 117 22736 11868 12718 12912 49158 10706 119 26189 10911 45306 13363 29956 14132 10526 110311 52712 30942 119 35711 23367 10592 117 32500 28977 15290 66558 37142 14434 10265 109002 85783 15345 46503 30216 118 46503 30216 10265 21250 10706 10671 11390 17674 102

INFO:tensorflow:input\_ids: 101 67679 85566 117 15595 11889 64981 18049 44725 31585 124 39769 10265 31288 119 52559 12871 51382 10676 76496 85566 10877 10265 71959 33670 10784 38393 10161 11806 23091 119 10685 10237 17674 117 64981 43024 89875 10113 119 89003 118 32105 52559 50274 10486 11806 23091 10265 12729 40796 10116 32500 28977 15290 41585 10676 10659 64951 13908 34675 105676 117 11499 11889 12566 10215 13514 118 13514 136 88468 10376 11910 10911 45306 10671 10588 16039 68637 54087 153 95179 117 11916 11889 12566 117 101833 53538 117 10215 42020 10974 10710 119 87966 32105 10671 34675 105676 117 17760 64985 14399 13187 90470 10174 105676 10215 13514 118 13514 119 52362 10671 10588 16039 68637 117 84844 10138 48371 10676 11910 10215 10201 10401 118 10201 13778 10679 12037 10486 80592 12015 33928 113 18552 10347 33394 20897 10129 67680 10113 57071 114 119 56360 20535 56944 10161 118 56944 10161 117 64981 30448 59159 10782 10559 11030 61658 20084 117 10215 71476 64981 10588 55539 11357 11889 64981 119 10159 11435 64981 107874 117 15595 11889 64981 25147 11868 15290 119 76496 10676 23667 31585 11910 117 18552 11163 37445 118 11163 37445 27120 34384 119 13352 12257 95118 10120 22740 57236 117 28920 40070 11273 117 22736 11868 12718 12912 49158

```
46503 30216 118 46503 30216 10265 21250 10706 10671 11390 17674 102
 INFO:tensorflow:label: gagal-jantung (id = 2)
 INFO:tensorflow:label: gagal-jantung (id = 2)
[25]: #Example on first observation in the training set
 print("Sentence : ", train_InputExamples.iloc[0].text_a)
 print("-"*30)
 print("Tokens : ", tokenizer.tokenize(train_InputExamples.iloc[0].text_a))
 print("-"*30)
 print("Input IDs : ", train_features[0].input_ids)
 print("-"*30)
 print("Input Masks : ", train_features[0].input_mask)
 print("-"*30)
 print("Segment IDs : ", train_features[0].segment ids)
```

10706 119 26189 10911 45306 13363 29956 14132 10526 110311 52712 30942 119 35711 23367 10592 117 32500 28977 15290 66558 37142 14434 10265 109002 85783 15345

Sentence: Assalamualaikum dok, sy mau bertanya. Ibu saya menderita hipertensi. Sudah di bawa ke dokter dan diberi obat penurun hipertensi. Tapi kenapa kok tekanan darahnya tidak kunjung normal? Padahal sudah rutin minum obat & mengkonsumsi banyak buah2an (timun, semangka, dll). Malah badannya terasa lemas, pusing & penglihatan kabur. Terimakasih. Wassalamualaikum ð ð

Tokens: ['Ass', '##ala', '##mua', '##lai', '##kum', 'dok', ',', 'sy', 'mau', 'bertan', '##ya', '.', 'Ibu', 'saya', 'men', '##der', '##ita', 'hip', '##erten', '##si', '.', 'Sud', '##ah', 'di', 'ba', '##wa', 'ke', 'dokter', 'dan', 'diberi', 'oba', '##t', 'pen', '##uru', '##n', 'hip', '##erten', '##si', '.', 'Ta', '##pi', 'ken', '##apa', 'ko', '##k', 'tekanan', 'darah', '##nya', 'tidak', 'kun', '##jung', 'normal', '?', 'Pada', '##hal', 'sudah', 'ru', '##tin', 'min', '##um', 'oba', '##t', '&', 'men', '##g', '##kon', '##sum', '##si', 'banyak', 'buah', '##2', '##an', '(', 'tim', '##un', ',', 'sem', '##ang', '##ka', ',', 'dl', '##l', ')', '.', 'Mala', '##h', 'badan', '##nya', 'ter', '##asa', 'lema', '##s', ',', 'pus', '##ing', '&', 'pen', '##gli', '##hat', '##an', 'ka', '##bur', '.', 'Ter', '##ima', '##kasi', '##h', '.', 'Was', '##sala', '##mua', '##lai', '##kum', 'ð', '##ð']

-----

Input IDs: [101, 77014, 13322, 78314, 31181, 36811, 17674, 117, 12261, 43024, 49111, 10679, 119, 68096, 64981, 10588, 11304, 11622, 25377, 26645, 10449, 119, 13352, 12257, 10120, 15688, 11037, 11163, 96140, 10215, 50479, 35355, 10123, 66558, 25279, 10115, 25377, 26645, 10449, 119, 14248, 12675, 67680, 46757, 11252, 10174, 93131, 43947, 10676, 11868, 13158, 30425, 16626, 136, 12270, 18453, 25147, 13483, 15364, 13484, 10465, 35355, 10123, 111, 10588, 10240, 17423, 31417, 10449, 15175, 21988, 10729, 10206, 113, 19604, 11107, 117, 11531, 11889, 10371, 117, 63940, 10161, 114, 119, 58335, 10237, 51463, 10676, 12718, 23031, 93661, 10107, 117, 46960, 10230, 111, 66558, 20986, 19180, 10206, 10730, 34660, 119, 65272, 12443, 37997, 10237, 119, 22034, 104655, 78314, 31181, 36811, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]

\_\_\_\_\_

-----

[26]: def create\_model(is\_predicting, input\_ids, input\_mask, segment\_ids, labels, num labels): bert module = hub.Module( BERT\_MODEL\_HUB, trainable=True) bert inputs = dict( input\_ids=input\_ids, input\_mask=input\_mask, segment\_ids=segment\_ids) bert\_outputs = bert\_module( inputs=bert\_inputs, signature="tokens", as dict=True) # Use "pooled\_output" for classification tasks on an entire sentence. # Use "sequence outputs" for token-level output. output\_layer = bert\_outputs["pooled\_output"] hidden\_size = output\_layer.shape[-1].value # Create our own layer to tune for politeness data. output\_weights = tf.get\_variable( "output\_weights", [num\_labels, hidden\_size], initializer=tf.truncated\_normal\_initializer(stddev=0.02)) output\_bias = tf.get\_variable( "output bias", [num labels], initializer=tf.zeros initializer()) with tf.variable scope("loss"): # Dropout helps prevent overfitting output\_layer = tf.nn.dropout(output\_layer, keep\_prob=0.9) logits = tf.matmul(output\_layer, output\_weights, transpose\_b=True) logits = tf.nn.bias\_add(logits, output\_bias)

```
log_probs = tf.nn.log_softmax(logits, axis=-1)

# Convert labels into one-hot encoding
one_hot_labels = tf.one_hot(labels, depth=num_labels, dtype=tf.float32)

predicted_labels = tf.squeeze(tf.argmax(log_probs, axis=-1, output_type=tf.
int32))

# If we're predicting, we want predicted labels and the probabilties.
if is_predicting:
    return (predicted_labels, log_probs)

# If we're train/eval, compute loss between predicted and actual label
per_example_loss = -tf.reduce_sum(one_hot_labels * log_probs, axis=-1)
loss = tf.reduce_mean(per_example_loss)
return (loss, predicted_labels, log_probs)
```

```
[27]: #A function that adapts our model to work for training, evaluation, and
      \rightarrowprediction.
      # model_fn_builder actually creates our model function
      # using the passed parameters for num_labels, learning_rate, etc.
      def model_fn_builder(num_labels, learning_rate, num_train_steps,
                           num_warmup_steps):
        """Returns `model_fn` closure for TPUEstimator."""
        def model fn(features, labels, mode, params): # pylint:
       \rightarrow disable=unused-argument
          """The `model_fn` for TPUEstimator."""
          input_ids = features["input_ids"]
          input_mask = features["input_mask"]
          segment_ids = features["segment_ids"]
          label_ids = features["label_ids"]
          is_predicting = (mode == tf.estimator.ModeKeys.PREDICT)
          # TRAIN and EVAL
          if not is_predicting:
            (loss, predicted_labels, log_probs) = create_model(
              is_predicting, input_ids, input_mask, segment_ids, label_ids, __
       →num_labels)
            train_op = bert.optimization.create_optimizer(
                loss, learning_rate, num_train_steps, num_warmup_steps, use_tpu=False)
            # Calculate evaluation metrics.
            def metric_fn(label_ids, predicted_labels):
```

```
accuracy = tf.metrics.accuracy(label_ids, predicted_labels)
       true_pos = tf.metrics.true_positives(
           label_ids,
           predicted_labels)
       true_neg = tf.metrics.true_negatives(
           label_ids,
           predicted_labels)
       false_pos = tf.metrics.false_positives(
           label_ids,
           predicted_labels)
       false_neg = tf.metrics.false_negatives(
           label_ids,
           predicted_labels)
      return {
           "eval_accuracy": accuracy,
           "true_positives": true_pos,
           "true_negatives": true_neg,
           "false_positives": false_pos,
           "false_negatives": false_neg
           }
     eval_metrics = metric_fn(label_ids, predicted_labels)
     if mode == tf.estimator.ModeKeys.TRAIN:
      return tf.estimator.EstimatorSpec(mode=mode,
         loss=loss,
         train_op=train_op)
     else:
         return tf.estimator.EstimatorSpec(mode=mode,
           loss=loss,
           eval_metric_ops=eval_metrics)
   else:
     (predicted_labels, log_probs) = create_model(
       is_predicting, input_ids, input_mask, segment_ids, label_ids, __
→num_labels)
     predictions = {
         'probabilities': log_probs,
         'labels': predicted_labels
     return tf.estimator.EstimatorSpec(mode, predictions=predictions)
 # Return the actual model function in the closure
return model_fn
```

```
# These hyperparameters are copied from this colab notebook (https://colab.
      → sandbox.qooqle.com/qithub/tensorflow/tpu/blob/master/tools/colab/
      → bert_finetuning_with_cloud_tpus.ipynb)
     BATCH SIZE = 16
     LEARNING_RATE = 2e-5
     NUM TRAIN EPOCHS = 10
      # Warmup is a period of time where the learning rate is small and gradually_
      → increases--usually helps training.
     WARMUP_PROPORTION = 0.1
     # Model configs
     SAVE_CHECKPOINTS_STEPS = 300
     SAVE SUMMARY STEPS = 100
     # Compute train and warmup steps from batch size
     num_train_steps = int(len(train_features) / BATCH_SIZE * NUM_TRAIN_EPOCHS)
     num_warmup_steps = int(num_train_steps * WARMUP_PROPORTION)
      # Specify output directory and number of checkpoint steps to save
     run_config = tf.estimator.RunConfig(
         model dir=OUTPUT DIR,
          save_summary_steps=SAVE_SUMMARY_STEPS,
          save_checkpoints_steps=SAVE_CHECKPOINTS_STEPS)
      # Specify output directory and number of checkpoint steps to save
     run_config = tf.estimator.RunConfig(
         model_dir=OUTPUT_DIR,
         save summary steps=SAVE SUMMARY STEPS,
          save_checkpoints_steps=SAVE_CHECKPOINTS_STEPS)
[29]: #Initializing the model and the estimator
     model_fn = model_fn_builder(
       num_labels=len(label_list),
       learning_rate=LEARNING_RATE,
       num_train_steps=num_train_steps,
       num_warmup_steps=num_warmup_steps)
     estimator = tf.estimator.Estimator(
       model_fn=model_fn,
       config=run_config,
       params={"batch_size": BATCH_SIZE})
     INFO:tensorflow:Using config: {'_model_dir': '/GD/My Drive/Colab
     Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/', '_tf_random_seed': None, '_save_summary_steps': 100,
     '_save_checkpoints_steps': 300, '_save_checkpoints_secs': None,
     '_session_config': allow_soft_placement: true
     graph_options {
```

[28]: # Compute train and warmup steps from batch size

```
rewrite_options {
   meta_optimizer_iterations: ONE
  }
}
, '_keep_checkpoint_max': 5, '_keep_checkpoint_every_n_hours': 10000,
'_log_step_count_steps': 100, '_train_distribute': None, '_device_fn': None,
' protocol': None, ' eval distribute': None, ' experimental distribute': None,
'_experimental_max_worker_delay_secs': None, '_session_creation_timeout_secs':
7200, '_service': None, '_cluster_spec':
<tensorflow.python.training.server_lib.ClusterSpec object at 0x7f582c2ae240>,
'_task_type': 'worker', '_task_id': 0, '_global_id_in_cluster': 0, '_master':
'', 'evaluation master': '', '_is_chief': True, '_num_ps_replicas': 0,
'_num_worker_replicas': 1}
INFO:tensorflow:Using config: {'_model_dir': '/GD/My Drive/Colab
Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/', '_tf_random_seed': None, '_save_summary_steps': 100,
'_save_checkpoints_steps': 300, '_save_checkpoints_secs': None,
'_session_config': allow_soft_placement: true
graph options {
 rewrite_options {
   meta_optimizer_iterations: ONE
 }
}
 '_keep_checkpoint_max': 5, '_keep_checkpoint_every_n_hours': 10000,
' log step count steps': 100, ' train distribute': None, ' device fn': None,
'_protocol': None, '_eval_distribute': None, '_experimental_distribute': None,
'_experimental max_worker delay_secs': None, '_session_creation_timeout_secs':
7200, '_service': None, '_cluster_spec':
<tensorflow.python.training.server_lib.ClusterSpec object at 0x7f582c2ae240>,
'_task_type': 'worker', '_task_id': 0, '_global_id_in_cluster': 0, '_master':
'', '_evaluation master': '', '_is_chief': True, '_num_ps_replicas': 0,
'_num_worker_replicas': 1}
```

we will now create an input builder function that takes our training feature set (train\_features) and produces a generator. This is a pretty standard design pattern for working with Tensorflow Estimators.

```
[30]: # Create an input function for training. drop_remainder = True for using TPUs.
train_input_fn = bert.run_classifier.input_fn_builder(
    features=train_features,
    seq_length=MAX_SEQ_LENGTH,
    is_training=True,
    drop_remainder=False)

# Create an input function for validating. drop_remainder = True for using TPUs.
val_input_fn = run_classifier.input_fn_builder(
    features=val_features,
    seq_length=MAX_SEQ_LENGTH,
    is_training=False,
```

#### drop\_remainder=False)

##Training & Evaluating

```
[31]: #Training the model
print(f'Beginning Training!')
current_time = datetime.now()
estimator.train(input_fn=train_input_fn, max_steps=num_train_steps)
print("Training took time ", datetime.now() - current_time)
```

Beginning Training!

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-

packages/tensorflow\_core/python/training/training\_util.py:236:

Variable.initialized\_value (from tensorflow.python.ops.variables) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Use Variable.read\_value. Variables in 2.X are initialized automatically both in eager and graph (inside tf.defun) contexts.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-

packages/tensorflow\_core/python/training/training\_util.py:236:

Variable.initialized\_value (from tensorflow.python.ops.variables) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Use Variable.read\_value. Variables in 2.X are initialized automatically both in eager and graph (inside tf.defun) contexts.

INFO:tensorflow:Calling model fn.

INFO:tensorflow:Calling model\_fn.

INFO:tensorflow:Saver not created because there are no variables in the graph to restore

INFO:tensorflow:Saver not created because there are no variables in the graph to restore

WARNING:tensorflow:From <ipython-input-26-bdfb628bf45b>:33: calling dropout (from tensorflow.python.ops.nn\_ops) with keep\_prob is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Please use `rate` instead of `keep\_prob`. Rate should be set to `rate = 1 - keep\_prob`.

WARNING:tensorflow:From <ipython-input-26-bdfb628bf45b>:33: calling dropout (from tensorflow.python.ops.nn\_ops) with keep\_prob is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Please use `rate` instead of `keep\_prob`. Rate should be set to `rate = 1 - keep\_prob`.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/bert/optimization.py:27: The name tf.train.get\_or\_create\_global\_step is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.train.get\_or\_create\_global\_step instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/bert/optimization.py:27: The name tf.train.get\_or\_create\_global\_step is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.train.get\_or\_create\_global\_step instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/bert/optimization.py:32: The name tf.train.polynomial\_decay is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.train.polynomial\_decay instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/bert/optimization.py:32: The name tf.train.polynomial\_decay is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.train.polynomial\_decay instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/bert/optimization.py:70: The name tf.trainable\_variables is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.trainable\_variables instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/bert/optimization.py:70: The name tf.trainable\_variables is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.trainable\_variables instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow\_core/python/ops/math\_grad.py:1375: where (from tensorflow.python.ops.array\_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow\_core/python/ops/math\_grad.py:1375: where (from tensorflow.python.ops.array\_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-

packages/tensorflow\_core/python/framework/indexed\_slices.py:424: UserWarning: Converting sparse IndexedSlices to a dense Tensor of unknown shape. This may consume a large amount of memory.

"Converting sparse IndexedSlices to a dense Tensor of unknown shape. "

INFO:tensorflow:Done calling model\_fn.

INFO:tensorflow:Done calling model\_fn.

```
INFO:tensorflow:Create CheckpointSaverHook.
INFO:tensorflow:Create CheckpointSaverHook.
INFO:tensorflow:Graph was finalized.
INFO:tensorflow:Graph was finalized.
INFO:tensorflow:Running local_init_op.
INFO:tensorflow:Running local_init_op.
INFO:tensorflow:Done running local_init_op.
INFO:tensorflow:Done running local_init_op.
INFO:tensorflow:Saving checkpoints for O into /GD/My Drive/Colab
Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt.
INFO:tensorflow:Saving checkpoints for O into /GD/My Drive/Colab
Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt.
INFO:tensorflow:loss = 1.5817094, step = 0
INFO:tensorflow:loss = 1.5817094, step = 0
INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 0.929525
INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 0.929525
INFO:tensorflow:loss = 1.4598477, step = 100 (107.585 sec)
INFO:tensorflow:loss = 1.4598477, step = 100 (107.585 sec)
INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 1.05716
INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 1.05716
INFO:tensorflow:loss = 1.0209707, step = 200 (94.592 sec)
INFO:tensorflow:loss = 1.0209707, step = 200 (94.592 sec)
INFO:tensorflow:Saving checkpoints for 300 into /GD/My Drive/Colab
Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt.
INFO:tensorflow:Saving checkpoints for 300 into /GD/My Drive/Colab
Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt.
INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 0.810489
INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 0.810489
INFO:tensorflow:loss = 0.940634, step = 300 (123.382 sec)
INFO:tensorflow:loss = 0.940634, step = 300 (123.382 sec)
INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 1.05215
INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 1.05215
INFO:tensorflow:loss = 0.32010147, step = 400 (95.042 sec)
```

```
INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 1.05385
     INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 1.05385
     INFO:tensorflow:loss = 0.15604638, step = 500 (94.891 sec)
     INFO:tensorflow:loss = 0.15604638, step = 500 (94.891 sec)
     INFO:tensorflow:Saving checkpoints for 600 into /GD/My Drive/Colab
     Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt.
     INFO:tensorflow:Saving checkpoints for 600 into /GD/My Drive/Colab
     Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt.
     INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 0.810798
     INFO:tensorflow:global_step/sec: 0.810798
     INFO:tensorflow:loss = 0.25885272, step = 600 (123.334 sec)
     INFO:tensorflow:loss = 0.25885272, step = 600 (123.334 sec)
     INFO:tensorflow:Saving checkpoints for 650 into /GD/My Drive/Colab
     Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt.
     INFO:tensorflow:Saving checkpoints for 650 into /GD/My Drive/Colab
     Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt.
     INFO:tensorflow:Loss for final step: 0.050609734.
     INFO:tensorflow:Loss for final step: 0.050609734.
     Training took time 0:12:59.069056
[32]: #Evaluating the model with Validation set
      eval_results = estimator.evaluate(input_fn=val_input_fn, steps=None)
     INFO:tensorflow:Calling model_fn.
     INFO:tensorflow:Calling model_fn.
     INFO:tensorflow:Saver not created because there are no variables in the graph to
     restore
     INFO:tensorflow:Saver not created because there are no variables in the graph to
     restore
     /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
     packages/tensorflow_core/python/framework/indexed_slices.py:424: UserWarning:
     Converting sparse IndexedSlices to a dense Tensor of unknown shape. This may
     consume a large amount of memory.
       "Converting sparse IndexedSlices to a dense Tensor of unknown shape. "
     INFO:tensorflow:Done calling model_fn.
     INFO:tensorflow:Done calling model_fn.
```

INFO:tensorflow:loss = 0.32010147, step = 400 (95.042 sec)

```
INFO:tensorflow:Starting evaluation at 2020-07-29T18:07:24Z
     INFO:tensorflow:Starting evaluation at 2020-07-29T18:07:24Z
     INFO:tensorflow:Graph was finalized.
     INFO:tensorflow:Graph was finalized.
     INFO:tensorflow:Restoring parameters from /GD/My Drive/Colab
     Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt-650
     INFO:tensorflow:Restoring parameters from /GD/My Drive/Colab
     Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt-650
     INFO:tensorflow:Running local_init_op.
     INFO:tensorflow:Running local_init_op.
     INFO:tensorflow:Done running local_init_op.
     INFO:tensorflow:Done running local_init_op.
     INFO:tensorflow:Finished evaluation at 2020-07-29-18:07:48
     INFO:tensorflow:Finished evaluation at 2020-07-29-18:07:48
     INFO:tensorflow:Saving dict for global step 650: eval_accuracy = 0.7653846,
     false_negatives = 10.0, false_positives = 11.0, global_step = 650, loss =
     0.82353604, true_negatives = 44.0, true_positives = 195.0
     INFO:tensorflow:Saving dict for global step 650: eval accuracy = 0.7653846,
     false_negatives = 10.0, false_positives = 11.0, global_step = 650, loss =
     0.82353604, true_negatives = 44.0, true_positives = 195.0
     INFO:tensorflow:Saving 'checkpoint_path' summary for global step 650: /GD/My
     Drive/Colab Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt-650
     INFO:tensorflow:Saving 'checkpoint path' summary for global step 650: /GD/My
     Drive/Colab Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt-650
[33]: eval_results
[33]: {'eval_accuracy': 0.7653846,
       'false_negatives': 10.0,
       'false_positives': 11.0,
       'global_step': 650,
       'loss': 0.82353604,
       'true_negatives': 44.0,
       'true_positives': 195.0}
[34]: predictions = estimator.predict(val_input_fn)
[35]: preds_result = []
      for prediction in predictions:
        preds_result.append((prediction['probabilities'], prediction['labels']))
```

```
INFO:tensorflow:Calling model_fn.
     INFO:tensorflow:Calling model_fn.
     INFO:tensorflow:Saver not created because there are no variables in the graph to
     restore
     INFO:tensorflow:Saver not created because there are no variables in the graph to
     restore
     INFO:tensorflow:Done calling model_fn.
     INFO:tensorflow:Done calling model_fn.
     INFO:tensorflow:Graph was finalized.
     INFO:tensorflow:Graph was finalized.
     INFO:tensorflow:Restoring parameters from /GD/My Drive/Colab
     Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt-650
     INFO:tensorflow:Restoring parameters from /GD/My Drive/Colab
     Notebooks/LifeHackFinal/model.ckpt-650
     INFO:tensorflow:Running local_init_op.
     INFO:tensorflow:Running local_init_op.
     INFO:tensorflow:Done running local_init_op.
     INFO:tensorflow:Done running local_init_op.
[36]: y_pred = list(map(lambda x: x[1], preds_result))
[37]: mapping = dict()
      for i in range(len(label_list)):
       mapping[label_list[i]] = i
      y_actual = list(map(lambda x: mapping[x], val['category'].tolist()))
[38]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
      confusion_matrix(y_actual, y_pred)
[38]: array([[44, 1, 5, 4, 1],
             [0, 45, 6, 1, 7],
             [2, 0, 39, 3, 5],
             [5, 0, 4, 41, 0],
             [ 2, 4, 10, 0, 31]])
[39]: val_pred = val.copy()
      val_pred['pred'] = list(map(lambda x: label_list[x], y_pred))
      val_pred.to_csv('prediction_final_raw.csv')
```

```
[42]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report print(classification_report(val_pred['category'], val_pred['pred']))
```

precision	recall	f1-score	support
-			
0.90	0.76	0.83	59
0.61	0.80	0.69	49
0.83	0.80	0.81	55
0.70	0.66	0.68	47
0.84	0.82	0.83	50
		0.77	260
0.78	0.77	0.77	260
0.78	0.77	0.77	260
	0.90 0.61 0.83 0.70 0.84	0.90 0.76 0.61 0.80 0.83 0.80 0.70 0.66 0.84 0.82	0.90 0.76 0.83 0.61 0.80 0.69 0.83 0.80 0.81 0.70 0.66 0.68 0.84 0.82 0.83 0.77 0.78 0.77

```
[40]: val_pred.head()
```

```
[40]:
                    category ...
                                              pred
      1001 serangan-jantung ...
                                           aritmia
      1266
                      stroke
                                            stroke
      503
               gagal-jantung ... serangan-jantung
      756
                  hipertensi
                                        hipertensi
      459
               gagal-jantung
                                            stroke
```

[5 rows x 7 columns]

#Reference: Most of the code has been taken from the following resource:

 $\bullet \ \ https://colab.research.google.com/github/google-research/bert/blob/master/predicting\_movie\_reviews\_windows and the property of the pro$