C# .net Notes

1. Assembly: C# source code is compiled into an intermediate language. These code and resources are stored in an executable file called an assembly (with an extension of .exe or .dll). An assembly contains a manifest that provides information about the assembly’s types, version, culture, and security requirements. When the C# program is executed, the assembly is loaded into common language runtime.
2. Visual studio, comment code: ctrl K+ ctrl c, uncomment code: ctrl k + ctrl u
3. byte – short – int – long(8-16-32-64 bit integer)
4. float – double -decimal (7 digits fraction-15-28), we use decimal for counted values and use float/double for measured values (https://stackoverflow.com/questions/618535/difference-between-decimal-float-and-double-in-net)
5. enum Day{Sat, Sun, Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri}
6. define a default constructor for a struct is an error, struct can be instantiated without using new operator. You must initialize all members when write a constructor with parameters. It cannot be inherited.
7. Unmanaged type
8. Abstract class cannot be instantiated; sealed class prevented it from being inherited. Non-abstract class derived from an abstract class must implemented all abstract members. Abstract and interface
9. An abstract method is implicity a virtual method?
10. By default, access modifiers is internal, which can only be accessed in same assembly. Use protected, member can be accessed in a class that is derived from other one.
11. Async: any method using await must be marked async, await means that processing cannot continue until the task finishes. (https://stackoverflow.com/questions/14455293/how-and-when-to-use-async-and-await)
12. Lambda: use lambda expressions that requires instances of delegate types or expression trees. When call enumerable.select, use Func<T,TResult>; when call queryable.select, use tree type Expression<Func<TSource, TResult>>. One parameter, parentheses are optional, otherwise are required. Tuple type as an argument to a lambda expression.
13. Delegate is a reference type that can be used to encapsulate a named or an anonymous method. The delegate must be instantiated with a method or lambda expression that has a compatible return type and input parameters.
14. The static is not allowed in a constant declaration. Readonly vs constant, const can only be initialized at the declaration.
15. Readonly can be initialized in the declaration, in the constructor. Readonly struct(struct is immutable), ref readonly(returned reference cannot be modified)
16. Events: publisher(when) and receiver(what action), e.g. button click
17. Extern: combine with DllImport, must be declared as static