

CS 446/646 - OS Simulator Specification

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Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Simulator Description	2
2.1	Expectations	2
2.2	Meta-Data	2
2.3	Configuration	3
2.4	Running the Simulator	4
2.5	Turning in Assignments	4
3	Assignment 1	4
3.1	Description	4
3.2	Specification	4
3.3	Example Configuration File	5
3.4	Example Input	6
3.5	Example Output	6

1 Introduction

This set of programming assignments is designed to materialize all of the major operating systems concepts in the CS 446 course by allowing you to make design decisions during development of an operating system. These assignments will increase your understanding of operating systems and incorporate common aspects of industry and/or advanced academia.

Over the course of the semester, you will complete one introductory assignment and four simulation assignments. After the completion of the fourth simulation assignment, you will have simulated the core components of a modern day operating system. Each of the assignments build tremendously upon the previous assignment, thus it is advantageous for you to design each assignment with all future assignments in mind. This will significantly reduce your workload in the long run.

This document may change throughout the semester and suggestions may be made for any changes one week prior to the assignment due date. This is however at the instructor's discretion.

All of the simulation assignments must be completed using C or C++. A total of 5 extra points can be earned for each assignment based on your contribution to the discussion thread in WebCampus. Contribution can either be pointing out any errors in the assignment or responding to fellow student's questions. Note: Do not share any code in the discussion thread if so you will not be awarded any extra points. All programs require the use of a make file. ALL PROGRAMS MUST RUN AND COMPILE IN THE ECC, OTHERWISE YOUR GRADE WILL RESULT IN A ZERO

2 Simulator Description

2.1 Expectations

A rubric will be provided for each program. In addition to the rubric, the following will be expected of each program throughout the simulation assignments:

- since you will have an overview of all of the programs, it will be worth your time to consider the subsequent phases as you develop the first program(s); if you have an overlying strategy from the beginning, extending each program will not be difficult
- you may work with any number of fellow students to develop your program design, related data structures, algorithmic actions, and so on for each phase. If you do, you must note which students with whom you worked in your upload text on WebCampus; this is for your protection
- that said, once you begin coding each phase, you may not discuss, or work, with anyone on your programming, strategy(s), debugging, and so on; it will behoove you to make sure you have a high-quality design developed prior to beginning your coding process
- all programs must be eminently readable, meaning any reasonably competent programmer should be able to sit down, look at your code, and know how it works in a few minutes. This does not mean a large number of comments are necessary; your code itself should read clearly. You are also required to follow a documentation format in your code. If you would like an example on documentation, search "code documentation" in a search engine. You will be graded on the readability of your code and difficulty in reading your code may result in a reduced grade
- the program must demonstrate all the software development practices expected of a 400- (or 600-) level course. For example, all potential file failures must be resolved elegantly, any screen presentation must be of high quality, any data structures or management must demonstrate high quality, supporting actions and components must demonstrate effective modularity with the use of functions, and so on. This means your code should be tested for failure and handled accordingly, including informing the user of the errors encountered in your simulator
- you may use any I/O libraries or classes as needed, but any other classes must be created by you. In addition, you may use POSIX/pthread operations to manage your I/O operations but you may not use previously created threads such as timer threads (e.g., sleep, usleep, etc.). You may use the C standard template library and C standard string library. Additionally, you are free to use basic error libraries but the errors must be handled by you
- for each programming assignment, each student will upload the program files through WebCampus. The file for each student must be tarred and zipped in Linux as specified below, and must be able to be unzipped on any of the ECC computers include any and all files necessary for the operation of the program. Any extraneous files such as unnecessary library or data files will be cause for credit reduction. The format for submission is `Sim0X_<LastNameFirstName>.tar.gz` where X represents the specific project number, or as an example, `Sim01.SmithJohn.tar.gz`
- all programs must run on the computers in the ECC with no errors or warnings. To remotely access the ECC (if you wish to test your programs) you can SSH to the ecc, copy your files, and run your files. Instructions for how to do this are listed at: https://source2.cse.unr.edu/w/cse/student_resources/

2.2 Meta-Data

All assignments will use meta-data to house the information required to run each simulation. The meta acts as the set of instructions for your simulation to run on. The meta-data codes are as follows:

- S - Operating System, used with `start` and `end`

- A - Program Application, used with **start** and **end**
- P - Process, used with **run**
- I - used with Input operation descriptors such as **hard drive**, **keyboard**, **mouse**
- O - used with Output operation descriptors such as **hard drive**, **monitor**, **speaker**
- M - Memory, used with **block**, **allocate**

The meta-data descriptors are as follows:

- **end**, **hard drive**, **keyboard**, **printer**, **monitor**, **run**, **start**, **allocate**, **mouse**, **speaker**

The meta-data will always follow the format:

<META DATA CODE><META DATA DESCRIPTOR><NUMBER OF CYCLES>

For example, an input keyboard operation that runs for 13 cycles would look like the following:

I(keyboard)13

Below is an example meta-data file:

```

1 Start Program Meta-Data Code:
2 S(start)0; A(start)0; P(run)11; P(run)9; P(run)12;
3 P(run)9; P(run)11; P(run)8; P(run)14; P(run)14; P(run)12;
4 P(run)12; P(run)6; P(run)8; P(run)9; P(run)6; P(run)14;
5 P(run)15; P(run)12; P(run)9; P(run)6; P(run)5; A(end)0;
6 A(start)0; P(run)6; P(run)6; P(run)9; P(run)11; P(run)13;
7 P(run)14; P(run)5; P(run)7; P(run)14; P(run)15; P(run)7;
8 P(run)5; P(run)14; P(run)15; P(run)14; P(run)7; P(run)14;
9 P(run)13; P(run)8; P(run)7; A(end)0; A(start)0; P(run)6;
10 P(run)10; P(run)13; P(run)9; P(run)15; P(run)6; P(run)13;
11 P(run)11; P(run)5; P(run)6; P(run)7; P(run)12; P(run)11;
12 P(run)6; P(run)8; P(run)10; P(run)5; P(run)8; P(run)9; P(run)7;
13 A(end)0; S(end)0.
14 End Program Meta-Data Code.
```

2.3 Configuration

Each assignment will use a configuration file to set up the OS simulation for use. This will specify the various cycle times associated with each computer component, memory, and any other necessary information required to run the simulation correctly. All cycle times are specified in milliseconds. For example, if the hard drive cycle time is 50 ms/cycle and you must run for 5 cycles, the hard drive must run for 250 ms. Log File Path is the name of the new file which will display the output. These will be used by a timer to accurately display timestamps for each OS operation. You must use an onboard clock interface of some kind to manage this, and the precision must be to the microsecond level. The configuration will need to be read in prior to running any processes. The configuration file will be key to setting the constraints under which your simulation will run.

Below is an example configuration file:

```

1 Start Simulator Configuration File
2 Version/Phase: 2.0
3 File Path: Test_2e.mdf
4 CPU Scheduling Code: SJF
```

```
5 Processor cycle time (msec): 10
6 Monitor display time (msec): 20
7 Hard drive cycle time (msec): 15
8 Printer cycle time (msec): 25
9 Keyboard cycle time (msec): 50
10 Mouse cycle time (msec): 10
11 Speaker cycle time (msec): 15
12 Log: Log to Both
13 Log File Path: logfile_1.lgf
14 End Simulator Configuration File
```

2.4 Running the Simulator

When running the simulator you will be required to input a single configuration file (extension `.cnf`). You will run the simulator from the command line similar to the following:

```
./sim0X config_1.cnf
```

The name of the assignment must be the simulator number. Many configuration files should be used to test your program, which you may modify for testing purposes as you see fit.

2.5 Turning in Assignments

All assignments will be turned into WebCampus. You must submit a zipped `.tar.gz` archive as specified above. Inside the archive there should only be the files required to run the simulator (e.g., all source files, all header files). No resource files are allowed. Assignments will be due at noon on Mondays, specified by the calendar. **Late assignments will not be accepted.**

3 Assignment 1

3.1 Description

Assignment 1 tests your knowledge of strings, reading from files, and data structures. This assignment allows you to create a library of functions for use in later projects. Keep in mind that you will be using many of the functions you create in this phase of the simulator in future phases. Assignment 1 is designed as a data structures problem, and is not a part of the official simulator.

3.2 Specification

You will be given an arbitrary number of configuration files to read into your simulation program. Each configuration file will contain a version number (from 1-4), which will change the content of the configuration file and must be handled accordingly. Along with the configuration files, a number of test meta-data files will be given. You will need to read in the information on each file and display the metrics for them. The grader should be able to easily read your code, and run your program using the commands: `make` and `./Sim01 <CONFIG_FILE>`. Name your file `Sim01` for this assignment and include only the makefile and any source or header files in your gzipped archive. Refer to the Expectations Section for how to submit your archive to Webcampus.

For the configuration file you will:

- Output all of the cycle times in the format below
- Log to a file/monitor as specified

- Read from the meta-data file specified
- Log to the specified file location (ONLY if logging to the file)

For the meta-data file you will:

- Output each operation and the total time for which it would run (e.g., `0(hard drive)5` would run for $5 \times \text{hard drive cycle time}$)

Additionally you will be required to:

- handle file failures and typos (this includes a missing file, an incorrect file path, a typo in the file name, etc.)
- handle meta-data and configuration typos (this includes misspellings in the configuration or meta data file, incorrect characters such as a colon instead of a semi-colon, etc.)
- correctly identify and handle missing data (such as a missing processor cycle time or a time of 0)
- utilize a (set of) data structure(s) to organize information and compute information through the data structure
- open and close any files only once (for reading/writing only)
- document EVERY function and data structure used throughout the program (anyone should look at your code and be able to read it like a book, you can find examples of code documentation by running a search on it)
- specify the configuration file as a command line argument
- use a makefile

As a reminder, all of the functions created in this assignment will be used for your future assignments and are designed to help you easily transition from understanding data structures to actually applying them in the context of an operating system.

3.3 Example Configuration File

```

1 Start Simulator Configuration File
2 Version/Phase: 1.0
3 File Path: Test_1a.mdf
4 Processor cycle time (msec): 10
5 Monitor display time (msec): 20
6 Hard drive cycle time (msec): 15
7 Printer cycle time (msec): 25
8 Keyboard cycle time (msec): 50
9 Memory cycle time (msec): 30
10 Mouse cycle time (msec): 10
11 Speaker cycle time (msec): 20
12 Log: Log to Both
13 Log File Path: logfile_1.lgf
14 End Simulator Configuration File

```

3.4 Example Input

```
1 Start Program Meta-Data Code:
2 S(start)0; A(start)0; P(run)11; M(allocate)2;
3 O(monitor)7; I(hard drive)8; I(mouse)8; O(printer)20;
4 P(run)6; O(printer)4; M(block)6;
5 I(keyboard)17; M(block)4; O(speaker)8; P(run)5; P(run)5;
6 O(hard drive)6; P(run)18; A(end)0; S(end)0.
7 End Program Meta-Data Code.
```

3.5 Example Output

```
1 Configuration File Data
2 Processor = 10 ms/cycle
3 Monitor = 20 ms/cycle
4 Hard Drive = 15 ms/cycle
5 Printer = 25 ms/cycle
6 Keyboard = 50 ms/cycle
7 Memory = 30 ms/cycle
8 Mouse = 10 ms/cycle
9 Speaker = 20 ms/cycle
10 Logged to: monitor and logfile_1.lgf
11
12 Meta-Data Metrics
13 P(run)11 - 110 ms
14 M(allocate)2 - 60 ms
15 O(monitor)7 - 140 ms
16 I(hard drive)8 - 120 ms
17 I(mouse)8 - 80 ms
18 O(printer)20 - 500 ms
19 P(run)6 - 60 ms
20 O(printer)4 - 100 ms
21 M(block)6 - 180 ms
22 I(keyboard)17 - 850 ms
23 M(block)4 - 120 ms
24 O(speaker) - 160 ms
25 P(run)5 - 50 ms
26 P(run)5 - 50 ms
27 O(hard drive)6 - 90 ms
28 P(run)18 - 180 ms
```
