

Relationship to Featherstone's ABA (when $\dot{q}=0$, $a_{grv}=0$)

$$F_i \tau = p_i^A \rightsquigarrow \text{Articulated Bias Force}$$

$$P_i \tau = a_i \rightsquigarrow \text{Spatial acceleration}$$

Algorithm 1 - Pseudo code of the algorithm to directly compute the inverse of the joint space inertia matrix and which is inspired from ABA exposed by Featherstone [4] p.132] and follows the same notations.

1 *First forward pass:*

2 **for** $i = 1$ **to** N_B **do**

3 $[X_J, S_i] = \text{jcalc}(\text{jtype}(i), q_i, \dot{q}_i)$

4 ${}^i X_{\lambda(i)} = X_J X_T(i)$

5 $I_i^A = I_i$

6 **end**

7 *Backward pass:*

8 **for** $i = N_B$ **to** 1 **do**

9 $U_i = I_i^A S_i$

10 $D_i = S_i^T U_i$

11 $M_{\text{inv}}[i, i] = D_i^{-1}$

12 $M_{\text{inv}}[i, \text{subtree}(i)] = M_{\text{inv}}[i, \text{subtree}(i)] - D_i^{-T} S_i^T F_i[:, \text{subtree}(i)]$

13 **if** $\lambda(i) \neq 0$ **then**

14 ~~$F_{\lambda(i)}[:, \text{subtree}(i)] = F_{\lambda(i)}[:, \text{subtree}(i)] + {}^{\lambda(i)} X_i^* U_i M_{\text{inv}}[i, \text{subtree}(i)]$~~

15 $I_i^a = I_i^A - U_i D_i^{-1} U_i^T$

16 $I_{\lambda(i)}^A = I_{\lambda(i)}^A + {}^{\lambda(i)} X_i^* I_i^a {}^i X_{\lambda(i)}$

17 **end**

18 **end**

19 *Second forward pass:*

20 **for** $i = 1$ **to** N_B **do**

21 **if** $\lambda(i) \neq 0$ **then**

22 $M_{\text{inv}}[i, i:] = M_{\text{inv}}[i, i:] - D_i^{-1} U_i^T {}^i X_{\lambda(i)} P_{\lambda(i)}[i, i:]$

23 **end**

24 $P_i[i, i:] = S_i M_{\text{inv}}[i, i:]$

25 **if** $\lambda(i) \neq 0$ **then**

26 $P_i[i, i:] = P_i[i, i:] + {}^i X_{\lambda(i)} P_{\lambda(i)}[i, i:]$

27 **end**

28 **end**

← Replace w/lines below

I_i^a is the portion of I_i^A transmitted across the joint

Replacement for line 14:

$$F_i^a[:, \text{subtree}(i)] = F_i[:, \text{subtree}(i)] + U_i M_{\text{inv}}[i, \text{subtree}(i)]$$

$$F_{\lambda(i)}[:, \text{subtree}(i)] = F_{\lambda(i)}[:, \text{subtree}(i)] + {}^{\lambda(i)} X_i^* F_i^a[:, \text{subtree}(i)]$$

• F_i^a is the portion of F_i transmitted across the joint

• Relates to ABA on pg. 132 of [4] as $F_i^a \tau = p_i^a$