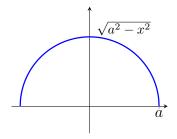
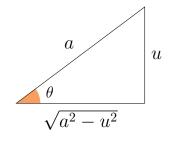
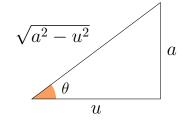
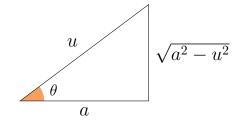
## 8.4: Trigonometric Substitutions

**Example.** Verify the formula for the area of a circle with radius a by finding the area under  $f(x) = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$ .









$$a^2 - u^2$$

$$a^2 - u^2$$
  $u = a\sin(\theta)$ ,  $-\frac{\pi}{2} \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ , for  $|u| \le a$ 

$$a^2 + a^2 \sin^2(\theta) = a^2 \cos^2(\theta)$$

$$a^2 + u^2$$

$$a^{2} + u^{2}$$
  $u = a \tan(\theta), -\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2},$ 

$$a^2 - a^2 \tan^2(\theta) = a^2 \sec^2(\theta)$$

$$u^2 - a^2$$

$$u^2 - a^2$$
  $u = a \sec(\theta), \begin{cases} 0 \le \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}, & \text{for } u \ge a \\ \frac{\pi}{2} < \theta \le \pi, & \text{for } u \le -a \end{cases}$   $a^2 \sec^2(\theta) - a^2 = a^2 \tan^2(\theta)$ 

for 
$$u \ge a$$
  
for  $u \le -a$ 

$$a^2\sec^2(\theta) - a^2 = a^2\tan^2(\theta)$$

Example.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 4}}{x^3} \, dx$ 

Example.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{16-x^2}}{x} dx$ 

**Example.** 
$$\int \frac{x^3}{(25-4x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Example. 
$$\int_0^{1/3} \frac{dx}{(9x^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

Example. 
$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 10}}$$