## Common Taylor Series:

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{1-x} &= 1+x+x^2+\dots+x^k+\dots & = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x^k, & \text{for } |x| < 1 \\ \frac{1}{1+x} &= 1-x+x^2-\dots+(-1)^k x^k+\dots & = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k x^k, & \text{for } |x| < 1 \\ e^x &= 1+x+\frac{x^2}{2!}+\dots+\frac{x^k}{k!}+\dots & = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{k!}, & \text{for } |x| < \infty \\ \sin(x) &= x-\frac{x^3}{3!}+\frac{x^5}{5!}-\dots+\frac{(-1)^k x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!}+\dots & = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!}, & \text{for } |x| < \infty \\ \cos(x) &= 1-\frac{x^2}{2!}+\frac{x^4}{4!}-\dots+\frac{(-1)^k x^{2k}}{(2k)!}+\dots & = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k x^{2k}}{(2k)!}, & \text{for } |x| < \infty \\ \ln(1+x) &= x-\frac{x^2}{2}+\frac{x^3}{3}-\dots+\frac{(-1)^{k+1}x^k}{k}+\dots & = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{k+1}x^k}{k}, & \text{for } -1 < x \leq 1 \\ -\ln(1-x) &= x+\frac{x^2}{2}+\frac{x^3}{3}+\dots+\frac{x^k}{k}+\dots & = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{k}, & \text{for } -1 \leq x < 1 \\ \tan^{-1}(x) &= x-\frac{x^3}{3}+\frac{x^5}{5}-\dots+\frac{(-1)^k x^{2k+1}}{2k+1}+\dots & = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k x^{2k+1}}{2k+1}, & \text{for } |x| \leq 1 \\ \sinh(x) &= x+\frac{x^3}{3!}+\frac{x^5}{5!}+\dots+\frac{x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!}+\dots & = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!}, & \text{for } |x| < \infty \\ \cosh(x) &= 1+\frac{x^2}{2!}+\frac{x^4}{4!}+\dots+\frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!}+\dots & = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!}, & \text{for } |x| < \infty \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

 $(1+x)^p = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \binom{p}{k} x^k$ , for |x| < 1 and  $\binom{p}{k} = \frac{p(p-1)(p-2)\dots(p-k+1)}{k!}$ ,  $\binom{p}{0} = 1$