4.1: Linear Inequalities in Two Variables

Properties of Inequalities

Substitution Property: The inequality formed by substituting one expression for an equal expression is equivalent to the original inequality:

$$5x - 4x + 2 < 6$$

 $x < 4 \implies$ The solution set is $\{x : x < 6\}$

Addition Property: The inequality formed by adding the same quantity to both sides of an inequality is equivalent to the original inequality:

$$x-4 < 6$$
 $x+5 \ge 12$ $x-4+4 < 6+4$ $x+5+(-5) \ge 12+(-5)$ $x < 10$ $x \ge 7$

Multiplication Property The inequality formed by multiplying both sides of an inequality by the same *positive* quantity is equivalent to the original inequality. The direction of the inequality is flipped when multiplying by a *negative* quantity:

$$\frac{1}{3}x > 6$$

$$5x - 5 + 5 \le 6x + 20 + 5$$

$$3\left(\frac{1}{3}x\right) > 3(6)$$

$$x > 18$$

$$5x - 5 + 5 \le 6x + 20 + 5$$

$$\frac{-x}{-1} \le \frac{25}{-1}$$

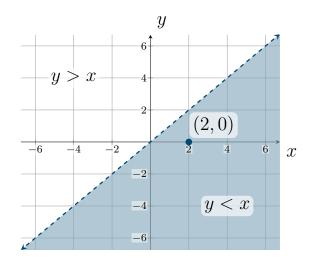
$$x \ge -25$$

One Linear Inequality in Two Variables

Definition.

Consider the inequality y < x:

The line created by this inequality divides the xy-plane into two half-planes. We can determine which half-plane is the solution region by selecting any point not on the line as a **test point**.



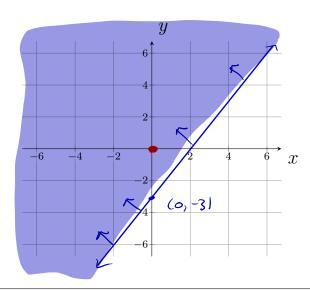
Example. Graph the inequality $3x - 2y \le 6$

$$-3x + 3x - 2y = 6 - 3x$$

$$-2y = -3x + 6$$

$$-2$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 3$$

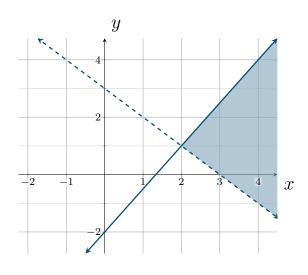


Definition.

A system of inequalities has two or more inequalities in two or more variables. The solution of the system is the intersection of the individual solution sets.

Example.

$$3x - 2y \ge 4$$
$$x + y - 3 > 0$$

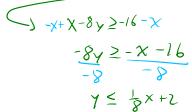


Example. Graph the solution of the system

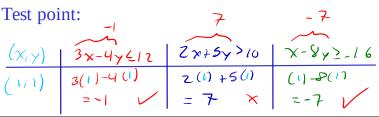
Example. Graph the solution of the syste
$$3x-4y \le 12 \qquad (0,-3)$$

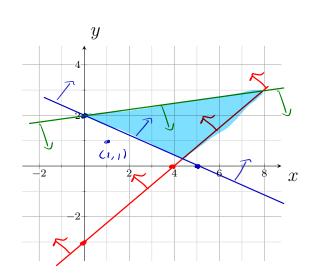
$$(5,0) > 2x+5y > 10$$

$$x-8y \ge -16$$



Test point:

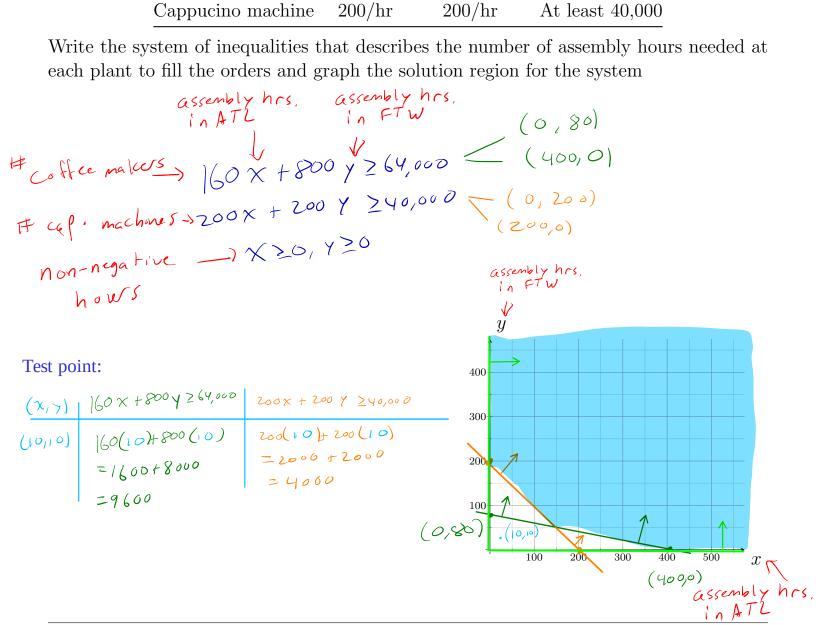




Example. CDF Appliances has assembly plants in Atlanta and Fort Worth, where the company produces a variety of kitchen appliances, including a 12-cup coffee maker and a cappuccino machine. The following table shows each factory's assembly capabilities for the two products and the numbers needed to fill orders.

	Atlanta	Fort Worth	Needed
Coffee maker	160/hr	800/hr	At least 64,000
Cappucino machine	$200/\mathrm{hr}$	$200/\mathrm{hr}$	At least 40,000

Write the system of inequalities that describes the number of assembly hours needed at each plant to fill the orders and graph the solution region for the system



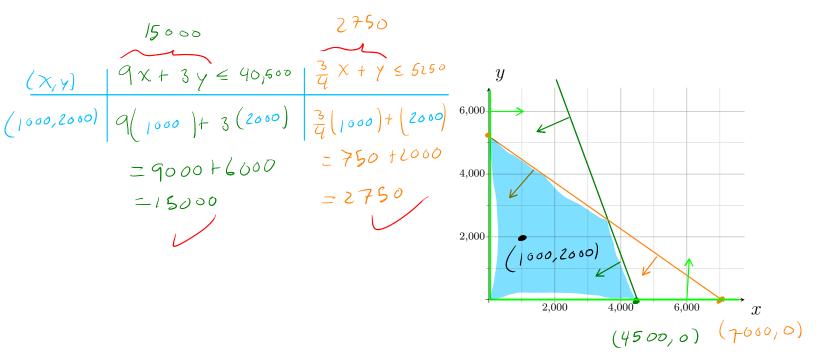
4.1: Linear Inequalities in Two Variables

Example. A farm co-op has 6000 acres available to plant with corn and soybeans. Each acre of corn requires 9 gallons of fertilizer/herbicide and 3/4 hour of labor to harvest. Each acre of soybeans requires 3 gallons of fertilizer/herbicide and 1 hour of labor to harvest. The co-op has available at most 40,500 gallons of fertilizer/herbicide and at most 5250 hours of labor for harvesting. The number of acres of each crop is limited (constrained) by the available resources: land, fertilizer/herbicide, and labor for harvesting. Write the system of inequalities that describes the constraints and graph the solution region for the system.

X

Y

fert./herb. 9x + 3y = 40,500 y = -3x + 13500 $labor \longrightarrow \frac{3}{4}x + 1y = 5250$ $y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 5250$ $labor \longrightarrow 20, y \ge 0$ $labor \longrightarrow 30$



Example. Graph the solution region for the system
$$5x+2y \le 54 \xrightarrow{\qquad} (10.8 \ 0)$$
$$2x+4y \le 60 \xrightarrow{\qquad} (0.15)$$
$$x \ge 0, y \ge 0 \xrightarrow{\qquad} (30.9)$$

Then compute the corners of this region.

Test point:
$$|20|$$
 80
 (x,y) $|5x+2y| \le 54$ $|2x+4y| \le 60$
 $(20,10)$ $|5(20)+2(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(20)+4(10)|$ $|2(2$

Corners:

