# Introduction to Bioinformatics - the partial digest problem

#### The task:

Implement an algorithm solving the partial digest problem.

X — a set of n points lying on the axis.

 $\Delta X$  – a multiset of all pairwise distances between points from X.

PDP: Having a multiset L of pairwise distances reconstruct X such that  $\Delta X = L$ .

## Format of input and output data

An input file contains elements of *L* separated by a single space:

1 1 3 4 4 4 5 5 8 9

An output file contains elements of *X* separated by a single space:

0 4 5 8 9

### **Additional assumptions**

- Use branch and bound approach.
- Finding any of possible solutions is sufficient.
- Elements of X are integers from the range <0,100>.

### Algorithm steps

- 1. Make  $X = \{0, M\}$ , remove number M from L ( $M = \max\{L\}$ ).
- 2. Find the next biggest number  $\alpha$  in L. We know that restriction site can be either at position  $y = \alpha$  (leftmost) or  $y = M \alpha$  (rightmost). Assume that restriction site is at the leftmost position  $y = \alpha$ .
- 3. Calculate distances between y and all elements of X. This will be noted as  $\Delta(y, X)$ .
- 4. If  $\Delta(y,X) \subset L$  then  $L = L \Delta(y,X)$  and go to the step 2 (or output a solution if L is empty). Otherwise there are two possibilities:
  - If only leftmost position has been already checked assume  $y=M-\alpha$  and go to the step 3.
  - If both leftmost and rightmost positions have been already checked, backtrack the last iteration and try again.

