## Link to GitHub Repository

Link to GitHub repository: https://github.com/pwolper/read-mapping

# Visualisation of mapped sequencing reads

The following packages were used for this anlysis: ggplot2, dplyr, purrr, here, ape, ggrepel, ggpubr.

Define in- and output directories in case of running script separately:

```
## [1] "/home/philip/GitHub/read-mapping/data/Ecoli_genome.fasta"
## [1] "2023-01-27_NC_000913.3 Escherichia coli str. K-12 substr. MG1655, complete genome.csv"
genome <- read.dna(inputGenome,format="fasta")
sequence <- as.character(genome)
genome_length <- length(sequence)</pre>
```

## Importing data from /output/\*.csv

### Plotting mapped reads

### Saving figures to file

```
ggsave("F1_Genome_pos_total.png",p1, device = "png", dpi = 300, path = output)

## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
ggsave("F2_Genome_pos_orient.png",p2, device = "png", dpi = 300, path = output)

## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
ggsave("F3_Hits_sense_vs_antisense.png",p3 ,device = "png", dpi = 300, path = output)

## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
```

## Figures 1 - 5

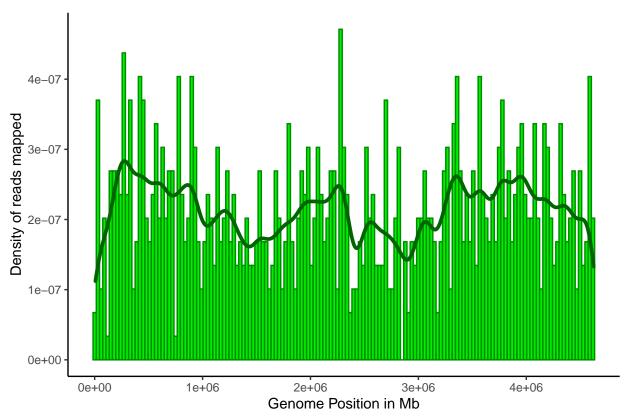
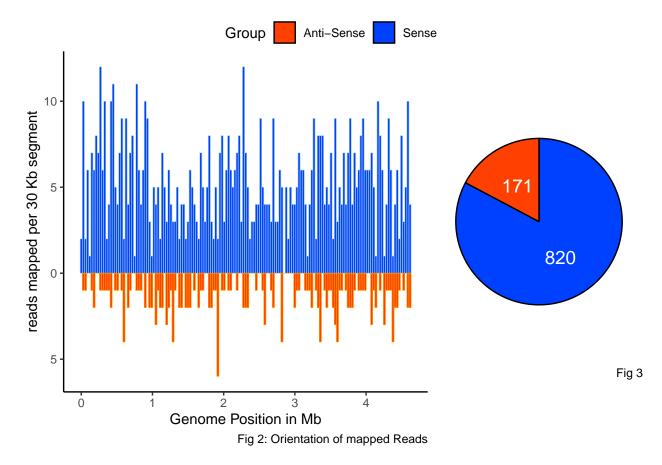


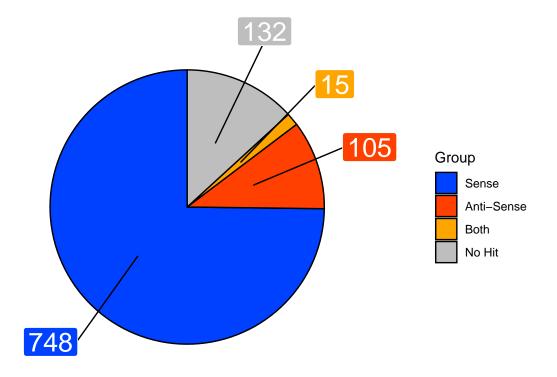
Fig. 1: Density of the reads mapped to the E.coli genome.

**Description Fig 1**: Density of reads mapped to the E.coli genome. Each bin size represents a 30 kb long segment along the genome.

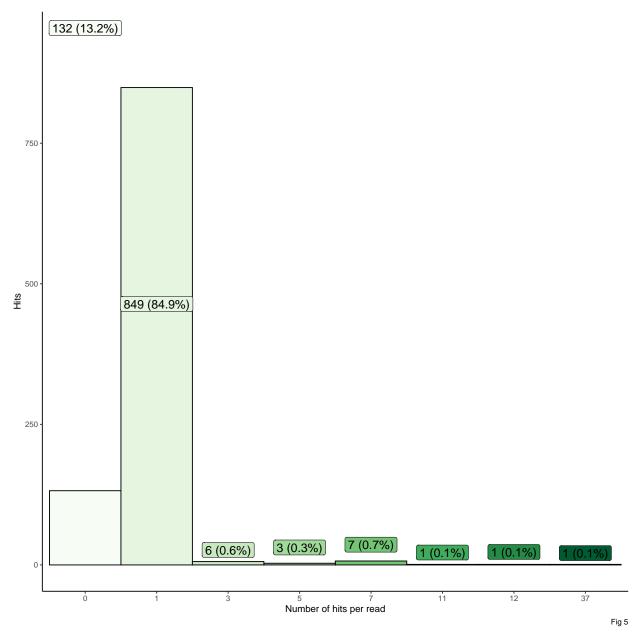


**Description Fig 2**: Sense vs. Antisense density of mapped reads. The y-axis shows a number of counts per 30 Kb segment.

**Description Fig 3**: Number of successful hits to sense or anti-sense strand.



 $\textbf{Description Fig 4:} \ \, \textbf{Number of reads mapped to sense strand, anti-sense strand, both strands or none in Genome }$ 



**Description Fig 5**: Frequency of hits per read. Most reads occur once, few at higher frequencies in the genome.