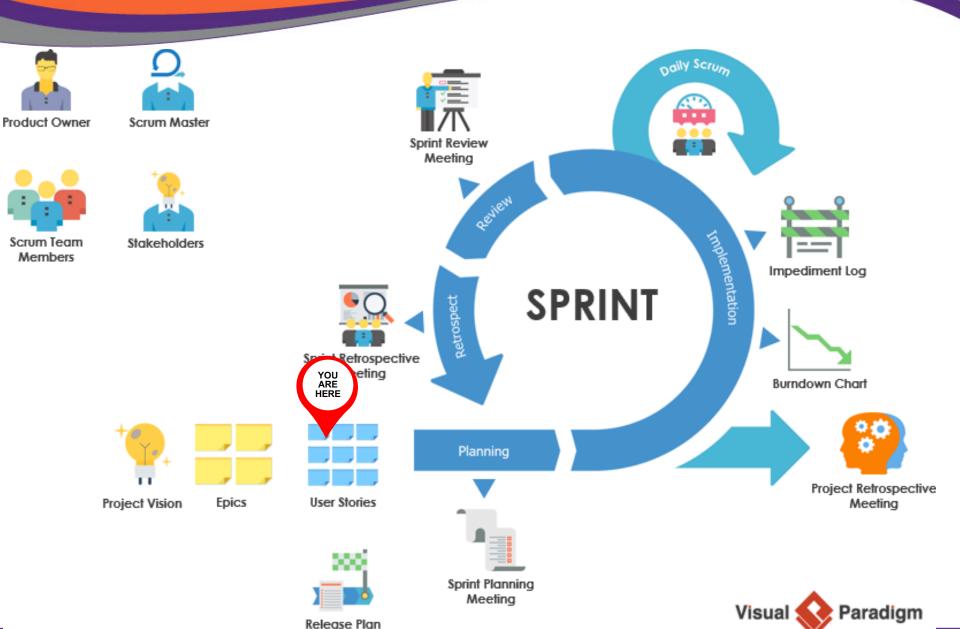


CPSC 3720 Lesson 13

Connie Taylor Professor of Practice



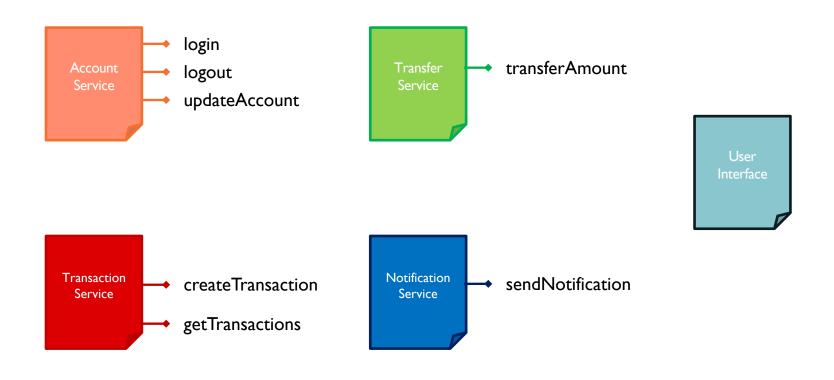
Scrum in 1 Picture



Modules

An online banking system.....

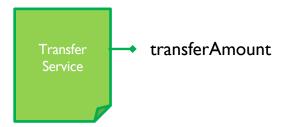
Clemson Bank



API Contract

Input

```
"fromAccount": "X10001",
"toAccount": "X10002",
"amount": 100.00,
"currencyCode": "USD"
```



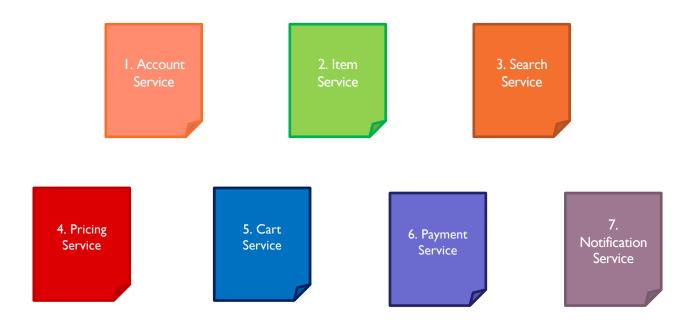
Output

```
"transactionId" : "TXN10001",
  "transactionStatus" : "PENDING"
}
```

```
{
  "transactionId" : "TXN10001",
  "transactionStatus" : "REJECTED",
  "reasonCode": "EX101",
  "message": "Exceeded limit for the day"
}
```

CUSports – Entities and API Contracts

CUSPORTS MODULES/COMPONENTS:



CUSPORTS BUSINESS FLOW:



Keys to Good Design

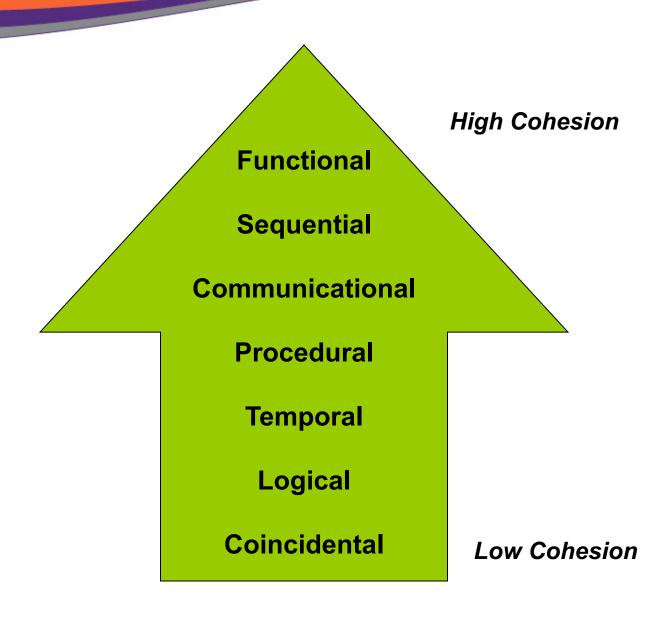
- Component/Module/Service Independence
 - High Cohesion
 - Low Coupling
- Exception identification and handling
- Fault prevention and tolerance
- Design for change

Cohesion

Definition

- The degree to which all elements of a component are directed towards a single task.
- The degree to which all elements directed towards a task are contained in a single component.
- The degree to which all responsibilities of a single class are related.
- All elements of component are directed toward and essential for performing the same task.

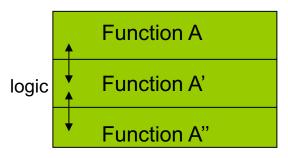
Cohesion



Cohesion Examples

Function A	
Function	Function
В	С
Function	Function
D	E

CoincidentalParts unrelated



LogicalSimilar functions

Time t_0 Time $t_0 + X$ Time $t_0 + 2X$

TemporalRelated by time

Function A

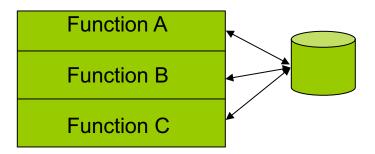
Function B

Function C

Procedural

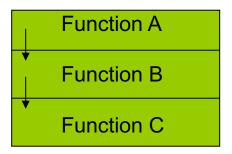
Related by order of functions

Cohesion Examples Cont'd



Communicational

Access same data



SequentialOutput of one is input to another

Function A part 1
Function A part 2

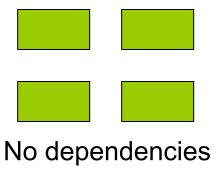
Functional

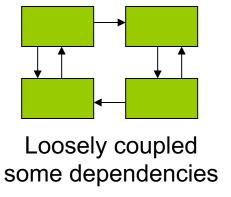
Function A part 3

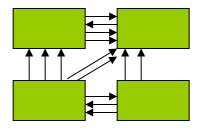
Sequential with complete, related functions

Coupling

The degree of dependence across components such as the amount of interactions among components







Highly coupled many dependencies

Consequences of Coupling

High coupling

- Components are difficult to understand in isolation
- Changes in component ripple to others
- Components are difficult to reuse
 - Need to include all coupled components
 - Difficult to understand

Low coupling

- May incur performance cost
- Generally faster to build systems with low coupling

Discussion

What is the effect of cohesion and coupling on maintenance?

In Software Dev projects you often will hear:

"We know what we want. Can you estimate how long it will take to build?"

-AND/OR-

"We need to get these requirements nailed down before we can start development."

Iterating...

- > We iterate to **find the right solution**.
- ➤ Then given some good candidate solution, we might then iterate to improve a candidate solution.

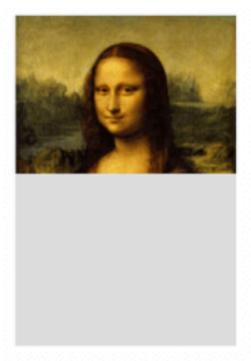


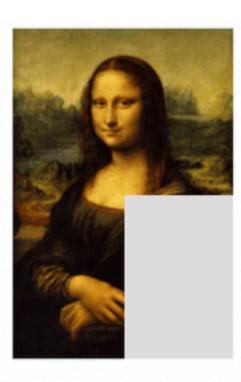




Incrementing..

- We use incrementing to gradually build up functionality so "if" development takes longer than we expect, we can release what we've built so far.
- ➤ We release incrementally so that we actually get the business value we're chasing. We don't really get return on investment until people begin to use the software we've built.







Agile Requires Both

- In Agile we use both of these tactics:
 - During a sprint where we build several user stories some may be adding new functionality, incrementally
 - Other tasks may be **iterating** with stories to improve, change, or remove existing functionality.
- Where things really fall apart in Agile development is when no one plans to iterate.

Why?

Spike Iteration(Agile)

Next Quiz

Quiz 2 due 11pm Wed Sept 23 (will open on Sept 21)

The questions are from **Lessons 7-10**. You <u>cannot</u> collaborate with your classmates about this quiz prior to, or during the taking of the quiz. **NOTE:** Once you start the quiz you will have only 15 minutes to complete it. Be sure to review the lessons before you begin.