# Classical Mongolian

#### Multivaluation @ Frankfurt

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### 1 Language Information

• Source: (Sárközi, 2004)

• Glottlog: http://glottolog.org/resource/languoid/id/mong1331

• ISO-identifier: mon

• Speakers:

• Location: Mongolia

• Geneology: Mongolic > Eastern Mongolic > Oirat-Khalkha > Khalkha-Buriat > Mongolian

### 2 Nominal Morphology

There are plural suffixes, however, their use is not obligatory. The singular can also express plural meaning.

## 3 Verbal Morphology

There are no person or number suffixes in Mongolian.

## 4 Conjunction

Coordination is usually expressed with the help of verbal nouns or verbal adverbs. There is also a coordinated conjunction - ba 'and', but it is rarely used.

### 5 Disjunction

buyu 'or' marks disjunction.

#### 6 Postpositions

The postpositions in Mongolian are of nominal origin. Some of them go with nominative case, genitive case, dative-locative case, or ablative case. Preposition with nominative:

- 1. deger-e 'on, above' (goes with genitive as well)
- 2. door-a 'under' (goes with genitive as well)
- 3. *dotor-a* 'in' (goes with genitive as well)
- 4. yarui 'beyon, over'
- 5. kürtele 'till'
- 6. tutum 'all'
- 7. yosuyar 'according to'
- 8. metü 'like' (goes with genitive as well)
- 9. emün-e 'in front of' (goes with genitive as well)
- 10. jayur-a 'in between' (goes with genitive as well)

#### Prepositions with genitive:

- 1. tulada 'because of'
- 2. tölöge 'for, for the sake of'
- 3. adali 'like'
- 4. yadan-a 'out, out of'
- 5. qoyin-a 'after' (goes with ablative as well)
- 6. dumada 'in the middle of'
- 7. tuqai 'about'
- 8. jüg 'towards'

#### Prepositions with dative-locative:

1. oyir-a 'near'

#### Prepositions with ablative:

- 1. emün-e 'before'
- 2. yadana 'out, outside of'
- 3. -gsi 'towards'

# References

Sárközi, Alice (2004). Classical Mongolian. München: Lincom Europa.