

Banda-Linda

Multivaluation @ Frankfurt

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1 Language Information

- Source: Cloarec-Heiss (1986)
- Glottlog: <http://glottolog.org/resource/languoid/id/band1344>
- ISO-identifier: liy
- Speakers:
- Location: Central African Republic
- Geneology: Atlantic-Congo > Volta-Congo > North Volta-Congo > Cameroun-Ubangian > Ubangi > Bandaic > Central Bandaic > Central Core Bandaic > Banda-Bambari

2 Nominal Morphology

There is a prefix that marks plural on the noun.

3 Verbal Morphology

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4 Conjunction

The most common way for coordination is through juxtaposition. NPs can be conjoined either by *gándó* 'and', or by the preposition *də* 'with'.

- (1) *ənjē də kōmē ənje gú gálə āwā*
they with Varan they arrive on road
'He and Varan, they arrive on the road.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 257]
- (2) *ənjē də àlàwō nə kònó sá-tə-kágù nàè*
they with PL.spouse.of him hippopotamus PERF-PROG-arrive CENTRIFUGAL
'Hippopotamus and his wives, they were leaving.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 257]

- (3) kòmbá gándá odoró ná nàè
Pintade and Perdrix PERF.go CENTRIFUGAL
'Pintade and Perdrix went away.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 262]
- (4) kòmbá gándá odoró ná nàè
Pintade and Perdrix PERF.go CENTRIFUGAL
'Pintade and Perdrix went away.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 262]
- (5) tèrè ʔó gálá āyō dā kàmbà gándá ngdābē ná yē
Tere PAST.climb on tree with knife and bag of him
'Tere climbed the tree with his knife and his bag.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 262]
- (6) kōfē nà wútù de òwō ne gándá ānéfē ná yē
man the PAST.arrive with spouse.of him and children of him
'The man arrived with his wife and his children.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 263]
- (7) ènjē kò à.yābùrù bīfī gándá à ngātā vèna gándá èrè ófíró
it INJ.give PL.lamb two and PL.chicken four and things many
'One give two goats, four chickens, and many things.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 263]
- (8) ènjē té yāvóró kòmbá gbòngó gándá kórò
they PAST.meet Chien Pintade Hyène and Singe
'They have met Chien, Pintade, Hyène and Singe.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 264]
- (9) èdà ènē zú gūsū āyō áká èrè nó gándá éngú
since it PERF.burn herb tree sort thing all and water
'...since it burned the grass, the trees, all kinds of things, and even the water.'
[Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 264]
- (10) ʔā dā cè vā táʔā
we with him PAST.fight RECIPR.
'He and I fought.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 265]
- (11) ā.mbàlā dā kònó gbótò tènjē ófíró
PL.elephant with hippopotamus PERF.pull RECIPR. a.long.time
'The elephant and the hippopotamus pulled each other for a long time.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 265]
- (12) ènjē ʔáfó á ná á yí kūmù.njē dā
they PERF.arise and.they PERF.go and.they PERF.show head.of.them with
mbālē
Cephalophe
'He and Cephalophe got up, left, and arrived.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 265]

- (13) à yāfē sá kájì àzù dè àjò dè
 PL woman PAST.PROG dig.up PL.rat with PL.African.ground.squirrel with
 bàdà
 squirrel
 'The women were digging up the rats, the ground squirrels, and the squirrels.'
 [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 266]
- (14) ànjē zá bà gù kē āngàndèrè āzū āngàndèrè ālátà
 it PERF.CAUS you come for PL.manes PL.people PL.manes PL.ancestor
 dè àlàbá ālāyé mē dè ākòbá mē
 with PL.father.of PL.mother.of me with PL.sister.of me
 'They brought you for the manes of the people, the manes of my ancestors and
 my fathers, my mothers and my sisters.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 266]

There is a conjunction *gódá* 'and, but' that conjoins clauses and phrases. It is little used.

- (15) cè ?áfó gódá mē ?áfó njē
 he PERF.get.up and I PERF.get.up too
 'He got up and I did the same.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 494]
- (16) cè yíndá ēcī gándá kóyānóngō gódá cè yíyíndá kòsàrà nē
 he PERF.love sing and dance but he PERF.NEG.love work not
 'He loves to sing and dance but he does not love to work.' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 494]

5 Disjunction

The conjunction *gándá* can also have the meaning 'or'.

- (17) mē kátá ?ē málá àndà gándá máfùà
 I SUCCESSIVE.wait you in box or outside
 'Do I wait for you in the box or outside?' [Cloarec-Heiss, 1986, p. 263]

6 Prepositions

1. *dè* 'with'
2. *tè* 'as, like'
3. *kē* 'for'
4. *bèrè* 'because of'
5. *gá* 'towards, to'
6. *?ì* 'against'

7. $p\bar{t}p\bar{\partial}$ 'in direction of'

8. $p\bar{o}p\bar{o}$ 'between'

References

Cloarec-Heiss, France (1986). *Dynamique et équilibre d'une syntaxe: Le banda-linda de Centrafrique*. Paris: Société d'Études Linguistiques et Anthropologiques de France.