

1 Gradient Descent

$$C' = \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{C(w_i + \epsilon) - C(w_i)}{\epsilon} \quad (1)$$

1.1 “Twice”

$$C(w) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i w - y_i)^2 \quad (2)$$

$$C'(w) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i w - y_i)^2 \quad (3)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i w - y_i)^2 \right)' = \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i w - y_i)^2 \right)' = \quad (5)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n ((x_i w - y_i)^2)' = \quad (6)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(x_i w - y_i)x_i = \quad (7)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(x_i w - y_i)x_i = \quad (8)$$

$$(9)$$

$$C(w) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i w - y_i)^2 \quad (10)$$

$$C'(w) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(x_i w - y_i)x_i \quad (11)$$

$$(12)$$