

HW6 MongoDB Part1

Q1: Load the EE5178 student CSV file into collection “students” in database “hw6” in MongoDB, and write a MongoDB query to return the information (the document) about yourself.

因為我使用的是 MongoDB Compass，可直接 add data → import JSON or CSV file

**我在 hw6_mongo.txt 中寫的是用 mongoimport 讀取 CSV 的方式

Import

To collection hw6.students

Import file: DBMS_student_list.csv

Options

Select delimiter: Comma

☒ Ignore empty strings

☐ Stop on errors

Specify Fields and Types [Learn more about data types](#)

	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 身份	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 系所	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 年級	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 學號	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 姓名	
	String	String	Int32	String	String	
1	學生	物理系	4	B07202043	溫進揚 (VOON JING YANG)	b0
2	學生	心理系	4	B08305037	周彥成 (CHOU YAN CHENG)	b0
3	學生	心理系	4	B08B01073	魏逸豪 (WEI I HAO)	b0
4	學生	心理系一般組	2	R10227105	王雅茵 (WANG, YA-YIN)	r10
5	學生	應數所	1	R11246002	王禹文 (YU-WEN WANG)	r11
6	學生	經濟系	4	B07303086	李孟學 (lee meng-hsueh)	b0
7	學生	經濟系	4	B08303047	黃翔易 (HUANG, XIANG-YI)	b0
8	學生	經濟系	4	B08303098	張緯翔 (CHANG, WEI-SIANG)	b0
9	學生	基蛋所	2	R10455001	陳品瑄 (PIN-XUAN CHEN)	r10
10	學生	基蛋所	3	R08424026	莊惠文 (CHUANG HUI WEN)	r08

Cancel

Import

Return myself

```
> use hw6
< switched to db hw6
> db.students.find({'學號': 'R10455001'})
< {
  _id: ObjectId("647ec6f4fc49808d381e3770"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '基蛋所',
  '年級': 2,
  '學號': 'R10455001',
  '姓名': '陳品瑄 (PIN-XUAN CHEN)',
  '信箱': 'r10455001@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)'
}
```

Q2: Write a MongoDB query to return the information about you and the students in your group.

用學號找出我的組員

```
> db.students.find({'學號': {$in: [ 'R10455001', 'R08424026', 'R11631028', 'F08921A05', 'D06921008' ]}})
< {
  _id: ObjectId("647ec6f4fc49808d381e3770"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '基蛋所',
  '年級': 2,
  '學號': 'R10455001',
  '姓名': '陳品瑄 (PIN-XUAN CHEN)',
  '信箱': 'r10455001@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)'
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("647ec6f4fc49808d381e3771"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '基蛋所',
  '年級': 3,
  '學號': 'R08424026',
  '姓名': '莊惠文 (CHUANG HUI WEN)',
  '信箱': 'r08424026@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)'
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("647ec6f4fc49808d381e377c"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '生機系',
  '年級': 1,
  '學號': 'R11631028',
  '姓名': '劉易霖 (LIU, YIH-LIN)',
  '信箱': 'r11631028@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)'
}
```

```
{
  _id: ObjectId("647ec6f4fc49808d381e37a0"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '電機系',
  '年級': 3,
  '學號': 'F08921A05',
  '姓名': '陳憶賢 (YI-HSIEN CHEN)',
  '信箱': 'f08921a05@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)'
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("647ec6f4fc49808d381e37a1"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '電機系',
  '年級': 6,
  '學號': 'D06921008',
  '姓名': '黃尹姿 (HUANG YIN TZU)',
  '信箱': 'd06921008@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)'
}
```

Q3: For each “系級” in the “students” collection, find out the number of students in it. Write a MongoDB query to return this information

用 aggregate 計算出不同系所和年級的人數，並以 number 表示人數印出（只截取部分結果）

```
> db.students.aggregate([
  {
    $group: {
      _id: {"depart": "$系所",
            "year": "$年級"},
      number: {
        $sum: 1, },
    },
  },
])
< {
  _id: {
    depart: '工科海洋系',
    year: 3
  },
  number: 1
}
{
  _id: {
    depart: '應數所',
    year: 1
  },
  number: 1
}
```

<pre> { _id: { depart: '生機系', year: 2 }, number: 2 } { _id: { depart: '國企系', year: 2 }, number: 1 } { _id: { depart: '資料科學學程', year: 2 }, number: 2 } { _id: { depart: '機械系系控組', year: 1 }, </pre>	<pre> { _id: { depart: '土木系電輔組', year: 1 }, number: 3 } { _id: { depart: '農經系', year: 2 }, number: 1 } { _id: { depart: '資管系', year: 3 }, number: 1 } { _id: { depart: '電信所', year: 2 }, </pre>
--	---

Q4: For the documents for each student, add a new field "join_date", and set the "2023-03-01". Then return the information about you and your group members
使用 ISODate 插入加入日期，並印出我的組員確認

```
> db.students.updateMany({}, {$set: {join_date: ISODate("2023-03-01")}})
< {
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: null,
  matchedCount: 98,
  modifiedCount: 98,
  upsertedCount: 0
}
```

```
> db.students.find({'學號': {$in: [ 'R10455001', 'R08424026', 'R11631028', 'F08921A05', 'D06921008' ]}})
< {
  _id: ObjectId("6489759a73b218ca7187eb02"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '基蛋所',
  '年級': 2,
  '學號': 'R10455001',
  '姓名': '陳品瑄 (PIN-XUAN CHEN)',
  '信箱': 'r10455001@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)',
  join_date: 2023-03-01T00:00:00.000Z
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("6489759a73b218ca7187eb03"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '基蛋所',
  '年級': 3,
  '學號': 'R08424026',
  '姓名': '莊惠文 (CHUANG HUI WEN)',
  '信箱': 'r08424026@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)',
  join_date: 2023-03-01T00:00:00.000Z
}
```

```

{
  _id: ObjectId("6489759a73b218ca7187eb0e"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '生機系',
  '年級': 1,
  '學號': 'R11631028',
  '姓名': '劉易霖 (LIU, YIH-LIN)',
  '信箱': 'r11631028@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)',
  join_date: 2023-03-01T00:00:00.000Z
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("6489759a73b218ca7187eb32"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '電機系',
  '年級': 3,
  '學號': 'F08921A05',
  '姓名': '陳憶賢 (YI-HSIEN CHEN)',
  '信箱': 'f08921a05@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)',
  join_date: 2023-03-01T00:00:00.000Z
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("6489759a73b218ca7187eb33"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '電機系',
  '年級': 6,
  '學號': 'D06921008',
  '姓名': '黃尹姿 (HUANG YIN TZU)',
  '信箱': 'd06921008@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)',
  join_date: 2023-03-01T00:00:00.000Z
}

```

Q5: Add new students into your “students” collection, using the “new_student_list.csv” file provided. Write a query to return yourself and these new students

直接使用 InsertMany 插入三位新同學

```

> db.students.insertMany([
  {身份: '旁聽生', 系所: '電機所', 年級: 2, 學號: 'R10123456', 姓名: '小紅', join_date: ISODate('2023-06-02')},
  {身份: '學生', 系所: '物理系', 年級: 3, 學號: 'B09987653', 姓名: '小黃', join_date: ISODate('2023-06-02')},
  {身份: '觀察者', 系所: '電信所', 年級: 1, 學號: 'R11123001', 姓名: '小綠', join_date: ISODate('2023-06-02')}
])
< {
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: {
    '0': ObjectId("64897656b1b9c0d3a70fafec"),
    '1': ObjectId("64897656b1b9c0d3a70fafed"),
    '2': ObjectId("64897656b1b9c0d3a70fafee")
  }
}

```

```
> db.students.find({'學號': {'$in': [ 'R10455001', 'R10123456', 'B09987653', 'R11123001' ]}})
< {
  _id: ObjectId("6489759a73b218ca7187eb02"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '基蛋所',
  '年級': 2,
  '學號': 'R10455001',
  '姓名': '陳品瑄 (PIN-XUAN CHEN)',
  '信箱': 'r10455001@ntu.edu.tw',
  '班別': '資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)',
  join_date: 2023-03-01T00:00:00.000Z
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("64897656b1b9c0d3a70fafec"),
  '身份': '旁聽生',
  '系所': '電機所',
  '年級': 2,
  '學號': 'R10123456',
  '姓名': '小紅',
  join_date: 2023-06-02T00:00:00.000Z
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("64897656b1b9c0d3a70fafed"),
  '身份': '學生',
  '系所': '物理系',
  '年級': 3,
  '學號': 'B09987653',
  '姓名': '小黃',
  join_date: 2023-06-02T00:00:00.000Z
}
```

```
{
  _id: ObjectId("64897656b1b9c0d3a70fafee"),
  '身份': '觀察者',
  '系所': '電信所',
  '年級': 1,
  '學號': 'R11123001',
  '姓名': '小綠',
  join_date: 2023-06-02T00:00:00.000Z
}
```

Q6: Design an increment aggregation pipeline to calculate the number of student for each 系 級", and store your result in a "tally" document in your "students" collection. Run your query with date as to "2023-03-31" first. Print out the "tally" document. Then run your query again with date set to "2023-06-10", and print out the "tally" document.

首先設定時間：2023-03-31

```
> var date = new ISODate("2023-03-31")
> db.students.aggregate([
  { $match: { join_date: { $lte: date } } },
  {
    $group: {
      _id: { "depart": "$系所",
            "year": "$年級"
          },
      number: {
        $sum: 1,
      },
    },
  },
  {
    $project: {
      _id: 0,
      depart: "$_id.depart",
      year: "$_id.year",
      number: 1
    },
  },
  { $out: "tally" }
])
```

印出來的結果：


```

> db.tally.find();
< {
  _id: ObjectId("648976ae1aflac3ec90492a6"),
  number: 2,
  depart: '資工系',
  year: 1
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("648976ae1aflac3ec90492a7"),
  number: 4,
  depart: '資管系',
  year: 1
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("648976ae1aflac3ec90492a8"),
  number: 2,
  depart: '電機系',
  year: 2
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("648976ae1aflac3ec90492a9"),
  number: 3,
  depart: '電信所',
  year: 1
}
{
  _id: ObjectId("648976ae1aflac3ec90492aa"),
  number: 2,
  depart: '心理系',
  year: 4
}
}

```

接著設定時間：2023-06-10

```

> var date = new ISODate("2023-06-10")
> db.students.aggregate([
  { $match: { join_date: { $lte: date } } },
  {
    $group: {
      _id: { "depart": "$系所",
            "year": "$年級"
          },
      number: {
        $sum: 1,
      },
    },
  },
  {
    $project: {
      _id: 0,
      depart: "$_id.depart",
      year: "$_id.year",
      number: 1
    },
  },
  { $out: "tally" }
])
<
> db.tally.find()

```

當把時間設定成 2023-06-10 之後，可以看到 tally document 有把新插入的三位學生算進去，電信所一年級人數由三人（參考上頁 2023-03-10 print console）變四人

```
{
  _id: ObjectId("6489f7f41af1ac3ec972a11a"),
  number: 4,
  depart: '電信所',
  year: 1
}
```

HW6 Neo4j Part2

Q1: Load the EE5178 student CSV into Neo4J graph database and create one node for each student.

```
1 LOAD CSV FROM 'file:///DBMS_student_list.csv' AS row
2 CREATE (:student {身份: row[0], 系所: row[1], 年級: toInteger(row[2]), 學號: row[3], 姓名: row[4], 信箱: row[5], 班別: row[6]});
3 MATCH (n:student{姓名:'姓名'}) delete n;
4 MATCH (n:student) RETURN n;
5
```

```
neo4j$ LOAD CSV FROM 'file:///DBMS_student_list.csv' AS row CREATE (:student {身份: row[0], 系所: row[1], ...
neo4j$ MATCH (n:student{姓名:'姓名'}) delete n
neo4j$ MATCH (n:student) RETURN n
```

Q2: Modify the database so that you and the students in your project group are recorded as in the same group

以學號搜尋並加入 group property

```
1 MATCH (me:student {學號: 'R10455001'})
2 SET me.group = '5';
3 MATCH (b:student {學號: 'R08424026'})
4 SET b.group = '5';
5 MATCH (c:student {學號: 'R11631028'})
6 SET c.group = '5';
7 MATCH (d:student {學號: 'F08921A05'})
8 SET d.group = '5';
9 MATCH (e:student {學號: 'D06921008'})
10 SET e.group = '5';
11
```

```
neo4j$ MATCH (me:student {學號: 'R10455001'}) SET me.group = '5'
neo4j$ MATCH (b:student {學號: 'R08424026'}) SET b.group = '5'
neo4j$ MATCH (c:student {學號: 'R11631028'}) SET c.group = '5'
neo4j$ MATCH (d:student {學號: 'F08921A05'}) SET d.group = '5'
neo4j$ MATCH (e:student {學號: 'D06921008'}) SET e.group = '5'
```

Q3: Write a Cypher query to return you, and students in your group in a list
使用 {group: '5'} match people and create relationship

```
1 MATCH (peer1:student),(peer2:student)
2 WHERE peer1.group = '5' AND peer2.group = '5' AND peer1.姓名 <> peer2.姓名
3 CREATE (peer1)-[r:SAME_GROUP]-(peer2);
```

Created 20 relationships, completed after 42 ms.

```
1 MATCH group = (peer1:student)-[r:SAME_GROUP]-(peer2:student)
2 RETURN group;
```

Overview

Node labels

- (5) student (5)

Relationship types

- * (24) SAME_GROUP (24)

Displaying 5 nodes, 24 relationships.

```
graph TD
    subgraph group
    direction TB
    S1["(:student {姓名: \"莊惠文 (CHUANG HUI WEN)\", 身份: \"學生\", 班別: \"資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)\", 信箱: \"r08424026@ntu.edu.tw\", 系所: \"基蛋所\", 學號: \"R08424026\", 年級: 3, group: \"5\"})-[:SAME_GROUP]->(:student {姓名: \"陳品瑄 (PIN-XUAN CHEN)\", 身份: \"學生\", 班別: \"資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)\", 信箱: \"r10455001@ntu.edu.tw\", 系所: \"基蛋所\", 學號: \"R10455001\", 年級: 2, group: \"5\"})"]
    S2["(:student {姓名: \"劉易霖 (LIU, YIH-LIN)\", 身份: \"學生\", 班別: \"資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)\", 信箱: \"r11631028@ntu.edu.tw\", 系所: \"生機系\", 學號: \"R11631028\", 年級: 1, group: \"5\"})-[:SAME_GROUP]->(:student {姓名: \"陳品瑄 (PIN-XUAN CHEN)\", 身份: \"學生\", 班別: \"資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)\", 信箱: \"r10455001@ntu.edu.tw\", 系所: \"基蛋所\", 學號: \"R10455001\", 年級: 2, group: \"5\"})"]
    S3["(:student {姓名: \"陳憶賢 (YI-HSIEN CHEN)\", 身份: \"學生\", 班別: \"資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)\", 信箱: \"f08921a05@ntu.edu.tw\", 系所: \"電機系\", 學號: \"F08921a05\", 年級: 3, group: \"5\"})-[:SAME_GROUP]->(:student {姓名: \"陳品瑄 (PIN-XUAN CHEN)\", 身份: \"學生\", 班別: \"資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)\", 信箱: \"r10455001@ntu.edu.tw\", 系所: \"基蛋所\", 學號: \"R10455001\", 年級: 2, group: \"5\"})"]
    S4["(:student {姓名: \"黃尹姿 (HUANG YIN TZU)\", 身份: \"學生\", 班別: \"資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)\", 信箱: \"d06921008@ntu.edu.tw\", 系所: \"電機系\", 學號: \"D06921008\", 年級: 6, group: \"5\"})-[:SAME_GROUP]->(:student {姓名: \"陳品瑄 (PIN-XUAN CHEN)\", 身份: \"學生\", 班別: \"資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)\", 信箱: \"r10455001@ntu.edu.tw\", 系所: \"基蛋所\", 學號: \"R10455001\", 年級: 2, group: \"5\"})"]
    S5["(:student {姓名: \"陳品瑄 (PIN-XUAN CHEN)\", 身份: \"學生\", 班別: \"資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)\", 信箱: \"r10455001@ntu.edu.tw\", 系所: \"基蛋所\", 學號: \"R10455001\", 年級: 2, group: \"5\"})-[:SAME_GROUP]->(:student {姓名: \"莊惠文 (CHUANG HUI WEN)\", 身份: \"學生\", 班別: \"資料庫系統-從SQL到NoSQL (EE5178)\", 信箱: \"r08424026@ntu.edu.tw\", 系所: \"基蛋所\", 學號: \"R08424026\", 年級: 3, group: \"5\"})"]
    end
```

HW6 Neo4j Part3

Q1: Load the student hobbies CSV into the database and create the necessary nodes, relationships, and/or properties so that hobby information is recorded into the database

```
1 LOAD CSV FROM 'file:///hw6_hobbies.csv' AS row
2 CREATE (:hobby {學號: row[0], 姓名: row[1], hobby1: row[2], hobby2: row[3], hobby3: row[4], hobby4: row[5],
3         hobby5: row[6]});
4 MATCH (n:hobby{姓名:'姓名'}) delete n;
```

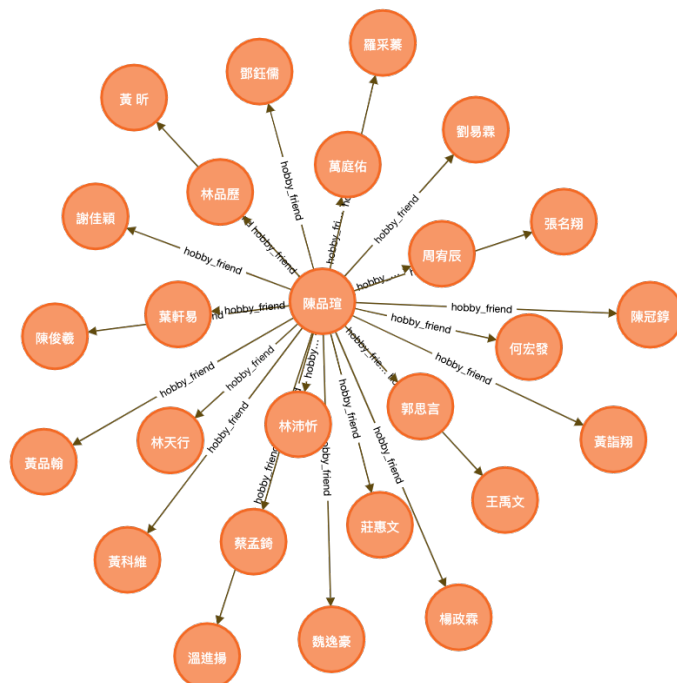
```
neo4j$ LOAD CSV FROM 'file:///hw6_hobbies.csv' AS row CREATE (:hobby {學號: row[0], 姓名: row[1], hobby1: row[2],...
neo4j$ MATCH (n:hobby{姓名:'姓名'}) delete n
```

Q2: Write a cypher query to print out your “hobby friends” and their associate new hobbies

他們的興趣至少要有一個跟我一樣，用 OR 篩選

```
1 MATCH (me:hobby {學號:'R10455001'})
2 MATCH (a:hobby)
3 WHERE (a.hobby1 in [me.hobby1, me.hobby2, me.hobby3, me.hobby4, me.hobby5] OR
4 a.hobby2 in [me.hobby1, me.hobby2, me.hobby3, me.hobby4, me.hobby5] OR
5 a.hobby3 in [me.hobby1, me.hobby2, me.hobby3, me.hobby4, me.hobby5] OR
6 a.hobby4 in [me.hobby1, me.hobby2, me.hobby3, me.hobby4, me.hobby5] OR
7 a.hobby5 in [me.hobby1, me.hobby2, me.hobby3, me.hobby4, me.hobby5]) AND
8 a <> me
9 CREATE (me)-[rel:hobby_friend]→(a);
10
```

Created 53 relationships, completed after 26 ms.



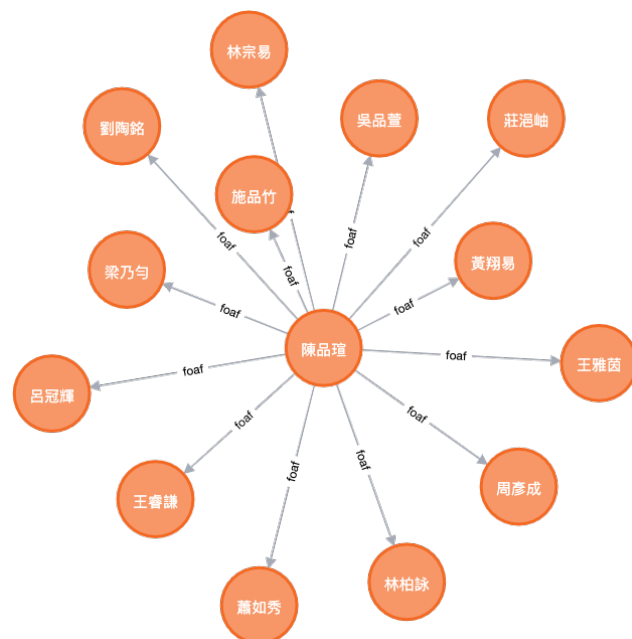
1	MATCH (me:hobby {學號: 'R10455001'})-[rel:hobby_friend]→(a:hobby)					
2	RETURN a.姓名 AS hobbyFriend, a.hobby1, a.hobby2, a.hobby3, a.hobby4, a.hobby5;					
3						
	hobbyFriend	a.hobby1	a.hobby2	a.hobby3	a.hobby4	a.hobby5
1	"林沛忻"	"movie"	"cat"	"travelling"	"volleyball"	"game"
2	"楊政霖"	"snooze"	"doze"	"rest"	"nap"	"sleeping"

Q3: find other students who have at least one common hobby with your hobby friends. Write a cypher query to print out your “foaf” and their associate new hobbies

Foaf 必須滿足三個條件：不是我的 hobby friend（也就是不在 hobby_friend relationship 中），至少有一個興趣跟我的 hobby friend 一樣 (OR 篩選)，以及他們的全部興趣都不能跟我一樣 (AND NOT 篩選)

1	MATCH (a:hobby)
2	MATCH (m:hobby)
3	MATCH (me: hobby {學號: 'R10455001'})
4	MATCH (me)-[rel:hobby_friend]-(m)
5	WHERE NOT (me)-[rel:hobby_friend]-(a) AND
6	(a.hobby1 in [m.hobby1, m.hobby2, m.hobby3, m.hobby4, m.hobby5] OR
7	a.hobby2 in [m.hobby1, m.hobby2, m.hobby3, m.hobby4, m.hobby5] OR
8	a.hobby3 in [m.hobby1, m.hobby2, m.hobby3, m.hobby4, m.hobby5] OR
9	a.hobby4 in [m.hobby1, m.hobby2, m.hobby3, m.hobby4, m.hobby5] OR
10	a.hobby5 in [m.hobby1, m.hobby2, m.hobby3, m.hobby4, m.hobby5]) AND
11	(NOT a.hobby1 in [me.hobby1, me.hobby2, me.hobby3, me.hobby4, me.hobby5] AND NOT
12	a.hobby2 in [me.hobby1, me.hobby2, me.hobby3, me.hobby4, me.hobby5] AND NOT

Created 13 relationships, completed after 91 ms.



```

1 MATCH (me)-[r:foaf]→(a)
2 RETURN a.姓名, a.hobby1, a.hobby2, a.hobby3, a.hobby4, a.hobby5;
3

```

	a.姓名	a.hobby1	a.hobby2	a.hobby3	a.hobby4	a.hobby5
1	"周彥成"	"basketball"	"movie"	"coffee"	"psychology"	"novel"
2	"王雅茵"	"anime"	"shopping"	"dessert"	"bl"	"coffee"
3	"黃翔易"	"comic"	"music"	"movie"	"art"	"anime"
4	"莊澗岫"	"billiard"	"camping"	"music"	"netflix"	"lego"
5	"吳品萱"	"gel-nail"	"music"	"k-pop"	"makeup"	"hiking"
6	"林宗易"	"piano"	"orchestra"	"cat"	"film"	"music"

Q4: the hobby friends of your group members can also become your friends. Let's call them "foaf2". Write a cypher query to print your "foaf2"

先加入 group property

```

1 MATCH (me:hobby {學號: 'R10455001'})
2 SET me.group = '5';
3 MATCH (b:hobby {學號: 'R08424026'})
4 SET b.group = '5';
5 MATCH (c:hobby {學號: 'R11631028'})
6 SET c.group = '5';
7 MATCH (d:hobby {學號: 'F08921A05'})
8 SET d.group = '5';
9 MATCH (e:hobby {學號: 'D06921008'})
10 SET e.group = '5';

```

找出和我的 group member 至少有一個興趣相同的 foaf2

```

1 MATCH (me:hobby {學號: 'R10455001'})
2 MATCH (g:hobby {group: '5'})
3 MATCH (a:hobby)
4 WHERE (a.hobby1 in [g.hobby1, g.hobby2, g.hobby3, g.hobby4, g.hobby5] OR
5 a.hobby2 in [g.hobby1, g.hobby2, g.hobby3, g.hobby4, g.hobby5] OR
6 a.hobby3 in [g.hobby1, g.hobby2, g.hobby3, g.hobby4, g.hobby5] OR
7 a.hobby4 in [g.hobby1, g.hobby2, g.hobby3, g.hobby4, g.hobby5] OR
8 a.hobby5 in [g.hobby1, g.hobby2, g.hobby3, g.hobby4, g.hobby5]) AND
9 a <> me AND g <> me
10 MERGE (me)-[relation:foaf2]→(a);

```

Created 72 relationships, completed after 42 ms.

