

DelSig_I2CM Example Project 1.00

Features

- 8-channel sequenced Delta Sigma ADC
- I2C Master
- Easy debugging using Character LCD
- Exception Handling

General Description

This example project is also a PSoC Creator starter design. This design shows a 16-bit differential ADC, hardware multiplexed into 8 channels, and transported over I2C. To test this design, an I2C Slave project (DelSig_I2CM_Test) is available as a separate example project.

This starter design also includes advanced debugging techniques to detect and handle system level faults and conditions, such as a missing wire or missing device on the bus. The PSoC 0.1% internal voltage reference shows the additional BOM integration.

This design makes it easy to get started and utilize precision analog capability of PSoC.

Development kit configuration

The following configuration instructions provide a guideline to test this design with the DelSig_I2CM_Test example project. For simplicity, the instructions describe the stepwise process to follow when testing this design with 2 PSoC Development Kits (CY8CKIT-001), but can be generalized for the PSoC 3 Development Kit (CY8CKIT-030) and PSoC 5 Development Kit (CY8CKIT-050) as well.

- 1. Set LCD power jumper J12 to ON position and position jumpers for Vdd, Vdda and Vddd to be at 5V for both the main and test board.
- 2. In order to generate different voltages to test the Example Project, set up a resistor ladder on the breadboard available on the CY8CKIT-001 (See Figure 2). Use 7 resistors of 10k ohm in series, followed by a 0 ohm resistor or jumper wire to ground. Starting from the top of the first 10k resistor tap each point of the resistor ladder to P0[0] to P0[6]. The zero-ohm resistor tap is sent to P1[4], and P2[7] is also connected to ground. Finally, connect the current output of the IDAC from P0[7] to the top of the resistor ladder P0[0].
- 3. For I2C communication, connect P12[0] to SCL, P12[1] to SDA. Use 2 external 2.67k resistors to pull-up SCL and SDA to 5V (Figure 1). Note that Figure 1 is a depiction for the

- purpose of understanding the external connections and not the actual PSoC Creator schematic (Figure 2).
- 4. Externally connect the corresponding pins (SCL and SDA) on I2C Master board to the Slave (SCL and SDA) as depicted in Figure 1.

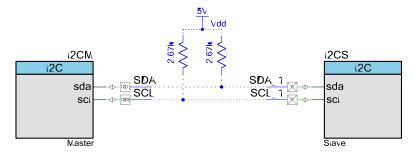
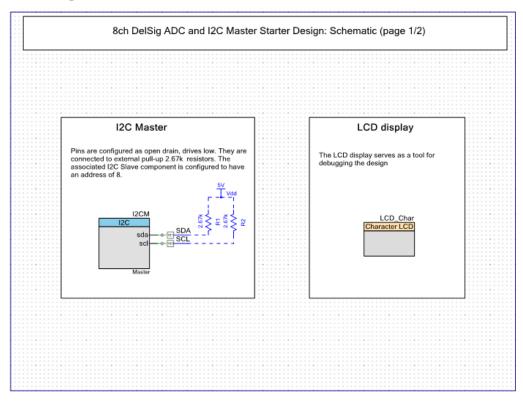


Figure 1. Connection of SDA and SCL to pull-up resistors

- 5. Connect the Character LCD to P2[6:0] on both boards.
- 6. Ensure that the grounds of the two boards are tied together.
- 7. Build the DelSig_I2CM project and then program the hex file onto the master board, and repeat this for the DelSig_I2CM_Test project with its corresponding board. After programming is complete, disconnect the MiniProg3.
- 8. Power cycle the master device and reset the slave device.



Project configuration



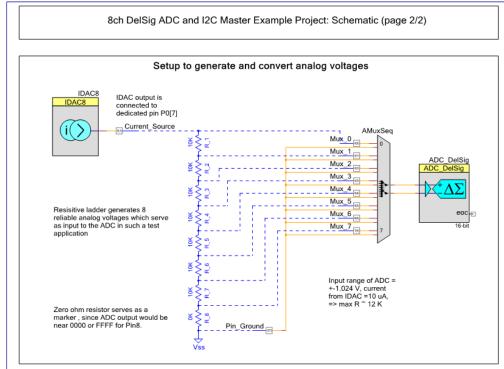


Figure 2. Schematic for the I2C Master Example Project



The top design schematic is shown in Figure 2 above. As shown in Figure 3, a Fixed Function I2C block is used, with a data rate of 100 kbps.



Figure 3. I2C Master Configuration

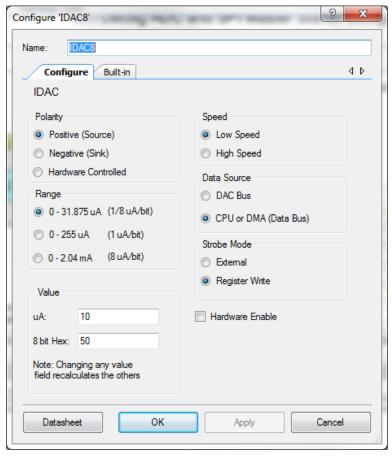


Figure 4. IDAC configuration



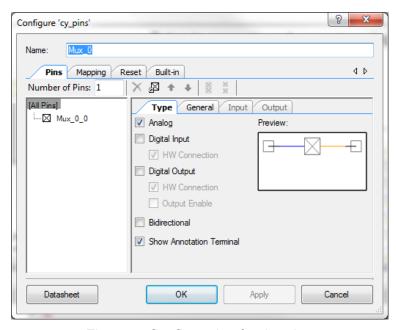


Figure 5. Configuration for the pins

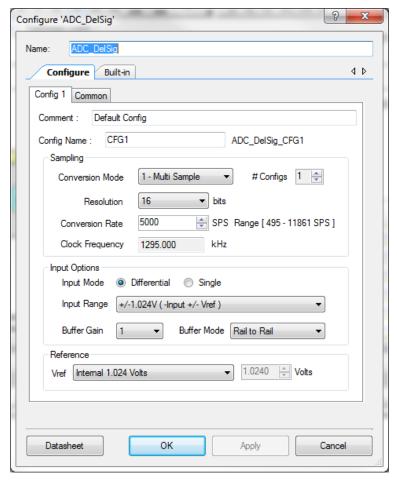


Figure 6. Delta Sigma ADC configuration



The character LCD is configured with its default settings. The IDAC is set to source current in the 0-31.875 μ A range and an initial value of 10 μ A. This value can be adjusted according to the input range of the ADC and the value of the resistors in the resistor ladder.

The Analog Sequencing Mux is configured for 8 differential inputs, and all the analog pins are used with their default settings (Figure 5). Figure 6 shows the configuration for the Delta Sigma ADC. The test project configuration is simple – as shown in Figure 7 and Figure 8.

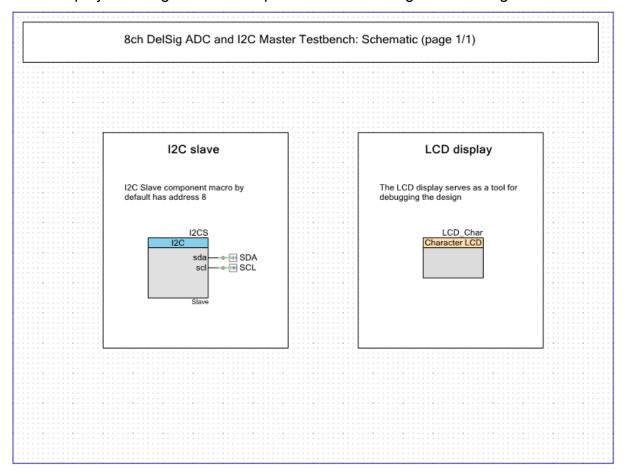


Figure 7 . I2C Slave top design schematic



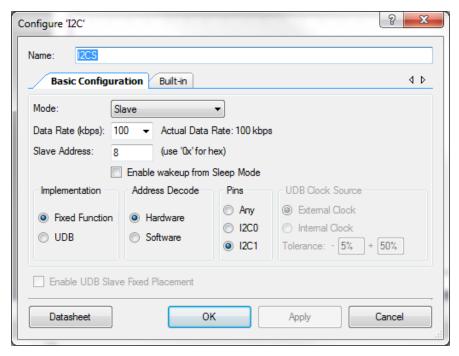


Figure 8. I2C Slave configuration

Project description

The analog voltages input to the Analog Sequencing Mux are selected in succession, one every 2 seconds (to facilitate reading of LCD). Each selected analog voltage is converted by the ADC, and transmitted over I2C using the I2C master. This digital value is also displayed in hexadecimal format on the Character LCD on the development kit. In order to make the design more robust, exception handling is built into the code.

The receiver (test) board has a pre-configured I2C slave which waits for data from the I2C master. When data arrives, this is displayed in hex using the Character LCD. The functionality is verified by checking the data displayed on the main and test board LCDs (at the same time).

Expected Results

The character LCD on the master board as well as the slave board should display the same hexadecimal representation of the analog inputs fed from the resistor ladder. The subsequent analog voltage value should appear every 2 seconds, while cycling through all 8 voltages continuously.



Related Material

Example Projects

- ADC 16Channel
- DelSig_I2CS
- DelSig_SPIM
- SAR_SPIM_USB
- ADC DMA VDAC

Component Datasheets

• Delta Sigma Analog to Digital Converter (ADC DelSig) 2.20



Cypress Semiconductor 198 Champion Court San Jose, CA 95134-1709 Phone Fax Website : 408-943-2600 : 408-943-4730 : <u>www.cypress.com</u>

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, 2012. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Cypress Semiconductor Corporation assumes no responsibility for the use of any circuitry other than circuitry embodied in a Cypress product. Nor does it convey or imply any license under patent or other rights. Cypress products are not warranted nor intended to be used for medical, life support, life saviport, critical control or safety applications, unless pursuant to an express written agreement with Cypress. Furthermore, Cypress does not authorize broducts for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress products in life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges. PSoC® is a registered trademark, and PSoC Creator™ and Programmable System-on-Chip™ are trademarks of Cypress Semiconductor Corp. All other trademarks or registered trademarks referenced herein are property of the respective corporations.

This Source Code (software and/or firmware) is owned by Cypress Semiconductor Corporation (Cypress) and is protected by and subject to worldwide patent protection (United States and foreign), United States copyright laws and international treaty provisions. Cypress hereby grants to licensee a personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable license to copy, use, modify, create derivative works of, and compile the Cypress Source Code and derivative works for the sole purpose of creating custom software and or firmware in support of licensee product to be used only in conjunction with a Cypress integrated circuit as specified in the applicable agreement. Any reproduction, modification, translation, compilation, or representation of this Source Code except as specified above is prohibited without the express written permission of Cypress.

Disclaimer: CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Cypress reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the materials described herein. Cypress does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein. Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress' product in a life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Use may be limited by and subject to the applicable Cypress software license agreement.

