# **ICPSR 3184**

# Monitoring the Future: A Continuing Study of American Youth (12th-Grade Survey), 2000

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Codebook for 12th Grade, Form 5 Data

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#### INTRODUCTION

#### DATA COLLECTION DESCRIPTION

MONITORING THE FUTURE: A CONTINUING STUDY OF AMERICAN YOUTH, 2000, which is conducted by the University of Michigan's Institute for Social Research and receives its core funding from the National Institute on Drug Abuse, is an unusually comprehensive research project in several respects: surveys are conducted annually on an ongoing basis; the samples are large and nationally representative; and the subject matter is very broad, encompassing some 1400 variables per year.

The Monitoring the Future Project is designed to explore changes in many important values, behaviors, and lifestyle orientations of contemporary American youth. Two general types of tasks may be distinguished. The first is to provide a systematic and accurate "description" of the youth population of interest in a given year, and to quantify the direction and rate of the changes taking place among them over time. The second task, more analytic than descriptive, involves the "explanation" of the relationships and trends observed to exist.

#### DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The basic research design involves annual data collections from high school seniors during the spring of each year, beginning with the class of 1975. Each data collection takes place in approximately 130 public and private high schools selected to provide an accurate cross-section of high school seniors throughout the United States.

One limitation in the design is that it does not include in the target population those young men and women who drop out of high school before graduation (or before the last few months of the senior year, to be more precise). This excludes a relatively small proportion of each age cohort -- between 15 and 20 percent -- though not an unimportant segment, since certain behaviors, such as illicit drug use and delinquency tend to be higher than average in this group. However, the addition of a representative sample of dropouts would increase the cost of the present research enormously, because of their dispersion and generally higher level of resistance to being located and interviewed.

For the purposes of estimating characteristics of the entire age group, the omission of high school dropouts does introduce certain biases; however, their small proportion sets outer limits on the bias. For the purposes of estimating "changes" from one cohort of high school seniors to another, the omission of dropouts represents a problem only if different cohorts have considerably different proportions

who drop out. There is no reason to expect dramatic changes in those rates for the foreseeable future, and recently published government statistics indicate a great deal of stability in dropout rates since 1970.

Some may use this high school data to draw conclusions about changes for the entire age group. While the investigators do not encourage such extrapolation, they suspect that the conclusions reached often would be valid, since over 80 percent of the age group is in the surveyed segment of the population and changes among those not in school are likely to parallel the changes among those who are.

#### SAMPLING INFORMATION

The procedure for securing a nationwide sample of high school seniors is a multi-stage one. Stage 1 is the selection of particular geographic areas, Stage 2 is the selection of one or more high schools in each area, and Stage 3 is the selection of seniors within each high school.

STAGE 1: GEOGRAPHIC AREAS. The geographic areas used in this study are the primary sampling units (PSUs) developed by the Sampling Section of the Survey Research Center for use in the Center's nationwide interview studies. Because these same PSUs are used for personal interview studies by the Survey Research Center (SRC), local field representatives can be assigned to administer the data collections in practically all schools.

STAGE 2: SCHOOLS. In the major metropolitan areas more than one high school is often included in the sampling design; in most other sampling areas a single high school is sampled. In all cases, the selections of high schools are made such that the probability of drawing a school is proportionate to the size of its senior class. The larger the senior class (according to recent records), the higher the selection probability assigned to the high school. When a sampled school is unwilling to participate, a replacement school as similar to it as possible is selected from the same geographic area.

STAGE 3: STUDENTS. Within each selected school, up to about 400 seniors may be included in the data collection. In schools with fewer than 400 seniors, the usual procedure is to include all of them in the data collection. In larger schools, a subset of seniors is selected either by randomly sampling classrooms or by some other random method that is convenient for the school and judged to be unbiased. Sample weights are assigned to each respondent so as to take account of variations in the sizes of samples from one school to another, as well as the (smaller) variations in selection probabilities occurring at the earlier stages of sampling.

For a table of the sample size and student response rates see Appendix B.

One other important feature of the base-year sampling procedure should be noted here. All schools (except for half of the initial 1975 sample) are asked to participate in two data collections, thereby permitting replacement of half of the total sample of schools each year. One motivation for requesting that schools participate for two years is administrative efficiency; it is a costly and time-consuming procedure to secure the cooperation of schools, and a twoyear period of participation cuts down that effort substantially. Another important advantage is that whenever an appreciable shift in scores from one graduating class to the next is observed, it is possible to check whether the shift might be attributable to some differences in the newly sampled schools. This is done simply by repeating the analysis using only the 60 or so schools which participated both years. Thus far, the half-sample approach has worked quite well and examination of drug prevalence data from the "matched half-samples" showed that the half samples of repeat schools yielded drug prevalence trends which were virtually identical to trends based on all schools.

SCHOOL RECRUITING PROCEDURES. Early during the fall semester an initial contact is made with each sampled school. First, a letter is sent to the principal describing the study and requesting permission to survey seniors. The letter is followed by a telephone call from a project staff member, who attempts to deal with any questions or problems and (when necessary) makes arrangements to contact and seek permission from other school district officials. Basically the same procedures are followed for schools asked to participate for the second year.

Once the school's agreement to participate is obtained, arrangements are made by phone for administering the questionnaires. A specific date for the survey is mutually agreed upon and a local SRC representative is assigned to carry out the administration.

ADVANCE CONTACT WITH TEACHERS AND STUDENTS. The local SRC representative is instructed to visit the school two weeks ahead of the actual date of administration. This visit serves as an occasion to meet the teachers whose classes will be affected and to provide them with a brochure describing the study, a brief set of guidelines about the questionnaire administration, and a supply of flyers to be distributed to the students a week to 10 days in advance of the questionnaire administration. The guidelines to the teachers include a suggested announcement to students at the time the flyers are distributed.

From the students' standpoint, the first information about the study usually consists of the teacher's announcement and the short descriptive flyer. In announcing

the study, the teachers are asked to stress that the questionnaires used in the survey are not tests, and that there are no right or wrong answers. The flyer tells the students that they will be invited to participate in the study, points out that their participation is strictly voluntary, and stresses confidentiality (including a reference to the fact that the Monitoring the Future project has a special government grant of confidentiality which allows their answers to be protected). The flyer also serves as an informative document which the students can show to their parents.

QUESTIONNAIRE ADMINISTRATION. The questionnaire administration in each school is carried out by the local SRC representatives and their assistants, following standardized procedures detailed in a project instruction manual. The questionnaires are administered in classrooms during normal class periods whenever possible, although circumstances in some schools require the use of larger group administrations. Teachers are not asked to do anything more than introduce the SRC staff members and (in most cases) remain in the classroom to help guarantee an orderly atmosphere for the survey. Teachers are urged to avoid walking around the room, so that students may feel free to write their answers without fear of being observed.

The actual process of completing the questionnaires is quite straightforward. Respondents are given sharpened pencils and asked to use them because the questionnaires are designed for automatic scanning. Most respondents can finish within a 45 minute class period; for those who cannot, an effort is made to provide a few minutes of additional time.

PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTING CONFIDENTIALITY. In any study that relies on voluntary reporting of drug use or other illegal acts, it is essential to develop procedures which guarantee the confidentiality of such reports. It is also desirable that these procedures be described adequately to respondents so that they are comfortable about providing honest answers.

The first information given to students about the survey consists of a descriptive flyer stressing the confidentiality and voluntary participation. This theme is repeated at the start of the questionnaire administration. Each participating student is instructed to read the message on the cover of the questionnaire, which stresses the importance and value of the study, notes that answers will be kept strictly confidential, states that the study is completely voluntary, and tells the student "If there is any question you or your parents would find objectionable for any reason, just leave it blank." The instructions then point out that in a few months a summary of nationwide results will be mailed to all participants and also that a follow-up questionnaire will be sent to some students after a year. The cover message explains that these are the reasons for asking that name

and address be written on a special form which will be removed from the questionnaire and handed in separately. The message also points out that the two different code numbers (one on the questionnaire and one on the tear-out form) cannot be matched except by a special computer tape at the University of Michigan.

In order to protect the confidentiality of responses and the identity of respondents, a number of alterations have been made in the original dataset to prepare it for public release; these alterations are described later in the section "Processing Information."

#### CONTENT AREAS AND QUESTIONNAIRE DESIGN

Drug use and related attitudes are the topics which receive the most extensive coverage in the Monitoring the Future project; but the questionnaires also deal with a wide range of other subject areas, including attitudes about government, social institutions, race relations, changing roles for women, educational aspirations, occupational aims, and marital and family plans, as well as a variety of background and demographic factors.

#### MEASUREMENT CONTENT AREAS

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- A. DRUGS. Drug use and related attitudes and beliefs, drug availability and exposure, surrounding conditions and social meaning of drug use. Views of significant others regarding drugs.
- B. EDUCATION. Educational lifestyle, values, experiences, and environments.
- C. WORK AND LEISURE. Vocational values, meaning of work and leisure, work and leisure activities, preferences regarding occupational characteristics and type of work setting.
- D. SEX ROLES AND FAMILY. Values, attitudes, and expectations about marriage, family structure, sex roles, and sex discrimination.
- E. POPULATION CONCERNS. Values and attitudes about overpopulation and birth control.
- F. CONSERVATION, MATERIALISM, EQUITY, ETC. Values, attitudes, and expectations related to conservation, pollution, materialism, equity, and the sharing of resources.

  Preferences regarding type of dwelling and urbanicity.
- G. RELIGION. Religious affiliation, practices, and views.
- H. POLITICS. Political affiliation, activities, and views.

- I. SOCIAL CHANGE. Values, attitudes, and expectations about social change.
- J. SOCIAL PROBLEMS. Concern with various social problems facing the nation and the world.
- K. MAJOR SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS. Confidence in and commitment to various major social institutions (business, unions, branches of government, press, organized religion, military, etc.).
- L. MILITARY. Views about the armed services and the use of military force. Personal plans for military service.
- M. INTERPERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS. Qualitative and quantitative characteristics of cross-age and peer relationships. Interpersonal conflict.
- N. RACE RELATIONS. Attitudes toward and experiences with other racial groups.
- O. CONCERN FOR OTHERS. Concern for others; voluntary and charitable activities.
- P. HAPPINESS. Happiness and life satisfaction, overall and in specific life domains.
- Q. OTHER PERSONALITY VARIABLES. Attitudes about self (including self-esteem), locus of control, loneliness, risk-taking, trust in others, importance placed on various life goals, counterculture orientation, hostility.
- R. BACKGROUND. Demographic and family background characteristics, living arrangements.
- S. DEVIANT BEHAVIOR AND VICTIMIZATION. Delinquent behaviors, driving violations and accidents (including those under the influence of drugs), victimization experiences.
- T. HEALTH. Health habits, somatic symptoms, medical treatment.

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Given this breadth of content, the study is not presented to respondents as a "drug use study," nor do they tend to view it as such.

Because many questions are needed to cover all of these topic areas, much of the questionnaire content is divided into different questionnaire forms which are distributed to participants in an ordered sequence. (Five forms were used in 1975-88; a sixth form was added in 1989.) This sequence produces five or six virtually identical subsamples. About one-third of each questionnaire form consists of key or "core" variables which are common to all forms. All demographic variables and some measures of drug use are

included in this "core" set of measures. This use of the full sample for drug and demographic measures provides a more accurate estimation on these dimensions and also makes it possible to link them statistically to all the other measures which are included in a single form only.

#### REPRESENTATIVENESS AND VALIDITY

The samples for this study are intended to be representative of high school seniors throughout the 48 coterminous states. We have already discussed the fact that this definition of the sample excludes one important portion of the age cohort: those who have dropped out of high school before nearing the end of the senior year. But given the aim of representing high school seniors, it will now be useful to consider the extent to which the obtained samples of schools and students are likely to be representative of all seniors and the degree to which the data obtained are likely to be valid.

It is possible to distinguish at least four ways in which survey data of this sort might fall short of being fully representative. First, some sampled schools refuse to participate, which could introduce some bias. Second, the failure to obtain questionnaire data from 100 percent of the students sampled in participating schools would also introduce bias. Third, the answers provided by participating students are open to both conscious and unconscious distortions which could reduce validity. Finally, limitations in sample size and/or design could place limits on the accuracy of estimates.

SCHOOL PARTICIPATION. As noted in the description of the sampling design, schools are invited to participate in the study for a two-year period. With very few exceptions, each school which has participated for one data collection has agreed to participate for a second. Thus far, from 66 percent to 80 percent of the original schools invited to participate have agreed to do so each year; for each school refusal, a similar school (in terms of size, geographic area, urbanicity, etc.) was recruited as a replacement. The selection of replacement schools almost entirely removes problems of bias in region, urbanicity, and the like that might result from certain schools refusing to participate. Other potential biases are more subtle, however. For example, if it turned out that most schools with "drug problems" refused to participate, that would seriously bias the drug estimates derived from the sample. And if any other single factor were dominant in most refusals, that also might suggest a source of serious bias. In fact, however, the reasons for schools' refusals to participate are varied and largely a function of happenstance events of the particular year. Thus, the investigators feel fairly confident that school refusals have not seriously biased the surveys.

STUDENT PARTICIPATION. Completed questionnaires are obtained from three-fourths to four-fifths of all students sampled. The single most important reason that students are missed is that they are absent from class at the time of data collection, and in most cases it is not workable to schedule a special follow-up data collection for them. Students with fairly high rates of absenteeism also report above-average rates of drug use; therefore, there is some degree of bias introduced by missing the absentees. That bias could be corrected through the use of special weighting; however, this course was not chosen because the bias in estimates (in drug use, where the potential effect was hypothesized to be largest) was determined to be quite small and because the necessary weighting procedures would have introduced undesirable complications. In addition to absenteeism, student nonparticipation occurs because of schedule conflicts with school trips and other activities which tend to be more frequent than usual during the final months of the senior year. Of course, some students refuse to complete or turn in a questionnaire. However, SRC representatives in the field estimate this proportion to be only about one percent.

VALIDITY OF SELF-REPORT DATA. Survey measures of delinquency and of drug use depend upon respondents reporting what are, in many cases, illegal acts. Thus, a critical question is whether such self-reports are likely to be valid. Like most studies dealing with these areas, the present study does not include direct, objective validation of the present measures; however, the considerable amount of inferential evidence which exists strongly suggest that the self-report questions produce largely valid data. A number of factors have given the investigators reasonable confidence about the validity of the responses to what are presumably among the most sensitive questions in the study: a low non-response rate on the drug questions; a large proportion admitting to some illicit drug use; the consistency of findings across several years of the present study; strong evidence of construct validity (based on relationships observed between variables); a close match between these data and the findings from other studies using other methods; and the findings from several methodological studies which have used objective validation methods.

As for others of the measures, a few have a long and venerable history -- as scholars of the relevant literature will recognize -- though some of these measures have been modified to fit the present questionnaire format. Many questions, however, have been developed specifically for this project through a process of question writing, pilot testing, pretesting, and question revision or elimination. Some have already been included in other publications from the study, but many have not; therefore, there exists little empirical evidence of their validity and reliability.

ACCURACY OF THE SAMPLE. A sample survey never can provide the same level of accuracy as would be obtained if the entire target population were to participate in the survey -- in the case of the present study, about 2.5-3.0 million seniors per year. But perfect accuracy of this sort would be extremely expensive and certainly not worthwhile considering the fact that a high level of accuracy can be provided by a carefully designed probability sample. The accuracy of the sample in this study is affected both by the size of the student sample and by the number of schools in which they were clustered. For the purposes of this introduction, it is sufficient to note that virtually all estimates based on the total sample have confidence intervals of +/- 1.5 percentage points or smaller - sometimes considerably smaller. This means that, had the project been able to invite all schools and all seniors in the 48 contiguous states to participate, the results from such a massive survey would be within an estimated 1.5 percentage points from the present sample findings 95 times out of 100. This is a quite high level of accuracy, and one that permits the detection of fairly small trends from one year to the next.

Because of the complex sampling design, standard means of assessing confidence intervals are not appropriate. The annual volumes from the project can provide information which allow the analyst to determine the confidence intervals around means and percentages for both the total sample and various subgroups. They also provide tables and guidelines for testing the statistical significance of differences between subgroups, and the significance of year-to-year changes.

CONSISTENCY AND THE MEASUREMENT OF TRENDS. One other point is worth noting in a discussion of the validity of the findings. The Monitoring the Future project is, by intention, a study designed to be sensitive to changes from one time to another. Accordingly, the measures and procedures have been standardized and applied consistently across each data collection. To the extent that any biases remain because of limits in school and/or student participation, and to the extent that there are distortions (lack of validity) in the responses of some students, it seems very likely that such problems will exist in much the same way from one year to the next. In other words, biases in the survey estimates should tend to be consistent from one year to another, which means that the measurement of trends should be affected very little by such biases.

INTERPRETING RACIAL DIFFERENCES. Ethnic identification is provided for the two largest racial/ethnic subgroups in the population -- those who identify themselves as white or Caucasian and those who identify themselves as black or African American. Identification is not given for the other ethnic categories (Native Americans, Asian Americans, Mexican American, Puerto Rican American, or other Latin American) since each of these groups comprises a small proportion of the sample in any given year, which means that

their small Ns (in combination with their clustered groupings in a limited number of schools) would yield estimates which would be too unreliable. In fact, even African Americans -- who constitute approximately 12 percent of each year's sample -- are represented by only 350 to 425 respondents per year on any single questionnaire form. Further, because our sample is a stratified clustered sample, it yields less accuracy than would be yielded by a pure random sample of equal size (see Appendix B of the annual volumes for details). Therefore, because of the limited number of cases, the margin of sampling error around any statistic describing African Americans is larger than for most other subgroups.

There exists, however, a way to determine the replicability of any finding involving racial comparisons. Since most questions are repeated from year to year, one can readily establish the degree to which a finding is replicated by looking at the results in prior and subsequent years. Given the relatively small Ns for African Americans, the analyst is urged to seek such replication before putting much faith in the reliability of any particular racial comparison.

There are factors in addition to reliability, however, which could be misleading in the interpretation of racial differences. Given the social importance which has been placed on various racial differences reported in the social science literature, the investigators would like to caution the analyst to consider the various factors which could account for differences. These factors fall into three categories: differential representation in the sample, differential response tendencies, and the confounding of race with a number of other background and demographic characteristics.

DIFFERENTIAL REPRESENTATION. Census data characterizing American young people in the approximate age range of those in this sample show somewhat lower proportions of African Americans than whites remain in school through the end of the twelfth grade. Therefore, a slightly different segment of the African American population than of the white population resides in the target population of high school seniors. Further, the samples appear to underrepresent slightly those African American males who, according to census figures, are in high school at the twelfth grade level. Identified African American males comprise about 6 percent of the sample, whereas census data suggest that they should comprise around 7 percent. Therefore it appears that more African American males are lost from the target population than white males or females of either race. This may be due to generally poorer attendance rates on the part of some African American males and/or an unwillingness on the part of some to participate in data collections of this sort.

In sum, a smaller segment of the African American population than of the white population of high school age is represented by the data contained here. Insofar as any characteristic is associated with being a school dropout or absentee, it is likely to be somewhat disproportionately underrepresented among African Americans in the sample.

DIFFERENTIAL RESPONSE TENDENCIES. In examining the full range of variables, racial differences in response tendencies have been noted. First, the tendency to state agreement in response to agree-disagree questions is generally somewhat greater among African Americans than among whites. For example, African Americans tend to agree more with the positively worded items in the index of self-esteem, but they also tend to agree more with the negatively worded items. As it happens, that particular index has an equal number of positively and negatively worded items, so that any overall "agreement bias" should be self-cancelling when the index score is computed. However, group differences in agreement bias are likely to affect results on questions employing the agree-disagree format. Fortunately, most of the questions are not of that type.

There has also been observed a somewhat greater than average tendency for African American respondents to select extreme answer categories on attitudinal scales. For example, even if the same proportion of African Americans as whites felt positively (or negatively) about some subject, fewer of the whites are likely to say they feel very positively (or negatively). The analyst should be aware that differences in responses to particular questions may be related to these more general tendencies.

A somewhat separate issue in response tendency is a respondent's willingness to answer particular questions. The missing data rate may reflect willingness to answer particular questions. If a particular question or set of questions has a missing data rate higher than is true for the prior or subsequent questions, then presumably more respondents than usual were unwilling (or perhaps unable) to answer it. Such an exaggerated missing data rate exists for African American males on the set of questions dealing with the respondent's own use of illicit drugs. Clearly a respondent's willingness to be candid on such questions depends on his or her trust of the research process and of the researchers themselves. The exaggerated missing data rates for African American males in these sections may reflect, at least in part, less trust. The analyst is advised to check for exceptional levels of missing data when making comparisons on any variable in which candor is likely to be reduced by lower system trust. One bit of additional evidence related to trust in the research process is that higher proportions of African Americans than whites reported that if they had used marijuana or heroin they would not have been willing to report it in the survey.

COVARIANCE WITH OTHER FACTORS. Some characteristics such as race are highly confounded (correlated) with other variables -- variables which may in fact explain some observed racial differences. Put another way, at the aggregate level we might observe a considerable racial difference on some characteristic, but once we control for

some background characteristic such as socio-economic level or region of the country -- that is, once we compare the African American respondents with whites who come from similar backgrounds -- there may be no racial difference at all.

Race is correlated with important background and demographic variables. A higher proportion of African Americans live in the South and a higher proportion grew up in families with the mother and/or father absent, and more had mothers who worked while they were growing up. A substantially higher proportion of African Americans are Baptists, and African Americans tend to attribute more importance to religion than do whites. A higher proportion of African American respondents have children, and on the average they are slightly older than the white sample. As was mentioned earlier African American males are more underrepresented in our sample than African American females.

These differences in background, demographic, and ascriptive characteristics are noted because, in any attempt to understand why a racial difference exists, one would want to be able to examine the role of these covarying characteristics.

#### WEIGHTING INFORMATION

The codebook frequencies have been weighted using variable V5.

#### FILE STRUCTURE

MONITORING THE FUTURE: A CONTINUING STUDY OF AMERICAN YOUTH, 2000 is available from ICPSR as seven logical record length datasets. Each dataset consists of SAS and SPSS data definition statements containing all technical information for each variable in the corresponding datafile, and the datafile itself. The data are sorted by case. The datasets are organized by the form number (questionnaire version) used.

part	#	form		#variables	logical record length	unweighted N
Part	1	Core		108	224	13286
Part	2	Form	1	615	1237	2242
Part	3	Form	2	330	667	2212
Part	4	Form	3	358	723	2220
Part	5	Form	4	281	569	2196
Part	6	Form	5	310	627	2197
Part	7	Form	6	338	683	2219

The SAS and SPSS data definition statements give the format and other information for each variable in the data file. See the section "Codebook Information" for further details. The data file is constructed with a single logical record for each case.

#### CODEBOOK INFORMATION

The codebook is arranged by question numbers which do not coincide with the variable numbers.

The example below is a reproduction of information appearing in the machine-readable codebook for a typical variable. The numbers in brackets do not appear but are references to the descriptions which follow this example.

#### [1] V1134 [2] 991A13 KIND OF PAID JOB

[3] Al3: Which ONE of the job categories below comes closest to the kind of work you have done for pay on your current (or most recent) job? (If more than one kind of work, choose the one where you worked the most hours. Do not include work around the house.)

[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
15.6	14.9	854	1	NO WORK
16.2	15.4	882	2	LAWN WK
1.4	1.3	75	3	FASTFOOD
1.0	0.9	54	4	WAITER
1.6	1.5	87	5	OTH REST
2.0	1.9	108	6	PAPER RT
35.4	33.7	1,934	7	BABYSIT
4.4	4.2	241	8	FARM WK
2.1	2.0	115	9	SALES WK
1.3	1.2	69	10	OFFICE
3.7	3.5	202	11	ODD JOBS
15.3	14.6	838	12	OTHER
	3.3	190	0	
	1.6	94	99	
[9]	[10]	[]	11]	
100.0	100.0	5,745	cases	(Wtd)

- [12] Data type: numeric
- [13] Decimals: 0
- [14] Missing-data codes: 0,99
- [15] Columns: 98-99

<sup>[1]</sup> Indicates the variable number. A variable number is assigned to each variable in the data collection.

<sup>[2]</sup> Indicates the abbreviated variable name used to identify the variable for the user.

- [3] This is the full text (question) supplied by the investigator to describe this (section of) variable(s). The question text and the numbers and letters that may appear at the beginning reflect the original wording of the questionnaire item.
- [4] Indicates the weighted percentage distribution of each code value for this variable excluding cases where the value is missing.
- [5] Indicates the weighted percentage distribution of each code value for this variable including cases where the value is missing.
- [6] Indicates the weighted frequency of occurrence of each code value for this variable.
- [7] Indicates the code values occurring in the data for this variable.
- [8] Indicates the textual definitions of the codes for this variable.
- [9] Indicates the total of the valid case percentages (100%).
- [10] Indicates the total of all case percentages (100%).
- [11] Indicates the number of cases (weighted) for this variable (including the missing cases).
- [12] Indicates the variable type. NUMERIC variables contain numbers only, including numbers in E-notation, a decimal point or a minus sign. CHARACTER variables can be any special characters: underscores (), pound signs (#), and ampersands (&).
- [13] Indicates the number of decimal places in the variable.
- [14] Indicates the code values of missing data. In this example, code values equal to 9 are missing data (MD Codes: 9). Some analysis software packages require that certain types of data which the user desires to be excluded from analysis be designated as "MISSING DATA," e.g., inappropriate, unascertained, unascertainable, or ambiguous data categories. Although these codes are defined as missing data categories, this does not mean that the user should not or cannot use them in a substantive role if so desired.
- [15] Indicates starting and ending column locations of this variable. In this example, the variable named "991A13 KIND OF PAID JOB" begins in the 98th and ends in the 99th column within the record.

#### ICPSR PROCESSING INFORMATION

The data collection was processed according to the standard ICPSR processing procedures. The data were checked for illegal or inconsistent code values which, when found, were recoded to missing data values. Consistency checks were performed. Statements bracketed in "<" and ">" signs in the body of the codebook were added by the processors for explanatory purposes. Statements bracketed in "[" and "]" were added to the tables provided by the PI, but did not appear in the questionnaire.

In order to protect the confidentiality of responses and the identity of respondents, a number of alterations and omissions have been made in the original dataset to prepare it for public release. Some questions have been eliminated from the dataset altogether (e.g., birth month, school, city, state, and student i.d. numbers; previously Variable Numbers 2, 6-12, 14-15, and 149). Other items have been left in the dataset but altered to "collapsed" or "bracketed" forms. Race (Var. No. 151) is now grouped as white/African American/ missing data. Sampling weight (Var. No. 5), which originally had a distinct value for each school, now is assigned one of six grouped values. Number of Older Brothers and Sisters, and Number of Younger Brother and Sisters (Var. Nos. 75 & 76) have been combined into a simple Number of Siblings variable. Users interested in analyses involving these items in their original form should contact the investigators.

NOTE: THE "cases(Wtd)" IN THE CODEBOOK INCLUDES MISSING DATA ON THE OUESTION INVOLVED.

The N sizes and the percentage distributions are the result of using a weight variable, V5. For reasons of confidentiality, this variable was altered from its full version to a bracketed version prior to public distribution of the data; THIS RESULTS IN SLIGHT DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE PERCENTAGES AND N SIZES IN THE ANNUAL ISR VOLUMES AND IN THE PUBLIC USE DATASETS. Typically, the variation is less than 1%.

ICPSR PROCESSOR NOTE: Selected variables were omitted from the Western region questionnaires and have been noted in each codebook.

# FREQUENCIES FORM 5 DATA FILE

# CASEID CASE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

2,204 cases (Wtd) (Range of valid codes: 1-2,197)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 624-627

V13			005	:SCHL	RGN-4	CAT
	D.CIII	D.CIE		777 T TTD		
	PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL	
	VALID	ALL				
	19.8	19.8	435	1	NE: (1)	
	23.9	23.9	527	2	NC: (2)	
	35.4	35.4	781	3	S:(3)	
	20.9	20.9	461	4	W: (4)	
	100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)	

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Column: 1

V16	005	:SELF-REP/NOT=0	
-----	-----	-----------------	--

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEI
VALID	ALL			
69.1	69.1	1,523	0	
30.9	30.9	682	1	
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Column: 2

#### V17 005 :SMSA/NON-SMSA=0

PCT PCT N VALUE LABEL VALID ALL 24.4 24.4 538 0 75.6 75.6 1,666 1 ---- 100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Column: 3

# V1 YEAR OF ADMIN (4-DIGITS)

PCT PCT N VALUE LABEL
VALID ALL
100.0 100.0 2,204 2000
---- ---- 100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 4-7

#### V3 005 :FORM ID

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Column: 8

#### V4 005 :R'S ID-SERIAL #

2,204 cases (Wtd) (Range of valid codes: 50,001-52,197)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 9-13

#### V45 005B12A:#X ICE/LIFETIME

On how many occasions (if any) have you smoked (or inhaled the fumes of) crystal meth ("ice")...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
96.2	93.1	2,053	1	
1.8	1.7	39	2	
0.6	0.5	12	3	
0.6	0.6	13	4	
0.1	0.1	1	5	
0.3	0.3	6	6	
0.5	0.5	10	7	
	3.2	71	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 14-15

# V46 005B12B:#X ICE/LAST12MO

On how many occasions (if any) have you smoked (or inhaled the fumes of) crystal meth ("ice")...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
97.6	94.5	2,083	1	
0.9	0.9	20	2	
0.4	0.4	8	3	
0.4	0.4	9	4	
0.3	0.3	6	5	
0.2	0.2	4	6	
0.1	0.1	3	7	
	3.2	71	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 16-17

#### V47 005B12C:#X ICE/LAST30DA

On how many occasions (if any) have you smoked (or inhaled the fumes of) crystal meth ("ice")...

..during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
98.6	95.4	2,104	1	
0.8	0.7	17	2	
0.1	0.1	2	3	
0.2	0.2	5	4	
0.2	0.2	3	5	
0.1	0.1	1	6	
0.0	0.0	1	7	
	3.2	71	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 18-19

# V49 00C07R:# SIBLINGS

How many brothers and sisters do you have? (Include stepbrothers and sisters and half-brothers and sisters)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
6.2	6.0	132	0	
30.3	29.5	650	1	
27.5	26.7	589	2	
36.0	35.1	773	3	3 OR MORE
	2.7	60	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 20-21

# V5101 005B01 :EVR SMK CIG, REGL

Have you ever smoked cigarettes?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
37.1	36.3	800	1	NEVER: (1)
24.8	24.3	535	2	1-2X:(2)
13.6	13.3	293	3	OCCASNLY: (3)
7.5	7.4	163	4	REG PAST: (4)
16.9	16.5	364	5	REG NOW: (5)
	2.2	49	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric

Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 22-23

# V5102 005B02 :#CIGS SMKD/30DAY

How frequently have you smoked cigarettes during the past 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
69.3	67.8	1,494	1	NONE: (1)
9.9	9.7	214	2	<1 CIG/D:(2)
8.7	8.5	187	3	1-5/DAY:(3)
6.6	6.5	143	4	2PK/D:(4)
3.8	3.7	82	5	1 PK/DA:(5)
0.8	0.8	18	6	1.5 PK/D:(6)
0.8	0.8	18	7	2 + PKS/D:(7)
0.0	0.0	0	8	INAP: (8)
	2.2	49	- 9	Missing
1000	1000	0 004		/ T.T.L7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 24-25

#### V5103 005B03 :EVER DRINK

Next we want to ask you about drinking alcoholic beverages, including beer, wine, wine coolers, and liquor. Have you ever had any beer, wine, wine coolers, or liquor to drink - more than just a few sips?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
19.8	19.1	421	1	NO: (1)
80.2	77.4	1,707	2	YES: (2)
	3.5	76	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 26-27

#### V5104

#### 005B04A: #X ALC/LIF SIPS

On how many occasions have you had alcoholic beverages to drink - more than just a few sips...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
20.2	19.1	421	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
7.5	7.1	156	2	1-2X:(2)
12.0	11.3	250	3	3-5X:(3)
10.0	9.5	209	4	6-9X:(4)
12.5	11.9	261	5	10-19X:(5)
11.3	10.7	236	6	20-39X:(6)
26.5	25.1	553	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	5.3	117	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	a2a0a (	M+ Δ \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 28-29

#### V5105 005B04B:#X ALC/ANN SIPS

On how many occasions have you had alcoholic beverages to drink - more than just a few sips...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
26.4	25.0	550	1	0 OCCAS:(1)
17.1	16.1	355	2	1-2X:(2)
14.9	14.1	311	3	3-5X:(3)
9.9	9.3	206	4	6-9X:(4)
11.5	10.8	239	5	10-19X:(5)
9.6	9.1	200	6	20-39X:(6)
10.6	10.0	220	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	5.6	124	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	0 004	/	T.T.L7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 30-31

# V5106

# 005B04C: #X ALC/30D SIPS

On how many occasions have you had alcoholic beverages to drink - more than just a few sips...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
50.0	47.2	1,041	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
22.5	21.2	468	2	1-2X:(2)
12.0	11.4	251	3	3-5X:(3)
7.0	6.6	146	4	6-9X:(4)
5.1	4.8	106	5	10-19X:(5)
1.8	1.7	37	6	20-39X:(6)
1.7	1.6	35	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	5.5	121	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 32-33

#### V5107 005B05 :#X DRK ENF FL HI

On the occasions that you drink alcoholic beverages, how often do you drink enough to feel pretty high?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
23.5	18.2	401	1	NONE: (1)
26.8	20.7	457	2	FEW: (2)
12.5	9.7	213	3	HALF: (3)
20.6	16.0	352	4	MOST: (4)
16.6	12.9	284	5	NRLY ALL: (5)
	22.5	497	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 34-35

#### V5108 005B06 :5+DRK ROW/LST 2W

Think back over the LAST TWO WEEKS. How many times have you had five or more drinks in a row? (A "drink" is a bottle of beer, a glass of wine, a wine cooler, a shot glass of liquor, or a mixed drink.)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
71.6	67.0	1,478	1	NONE: (1)
8.7	8.2	180	2	ONCE: (2)
7.9	7.4	163	3	TWICE: (3)
8.1	7.6	168	4	3-5X:(4)
2.2	2.1	45	5	6-9X:(5)
1.5	1.4	31	6	10+ TIME: (6)
	6.3	139	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	02000 /	W+∀)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 36-37

# V5115 005B07A: #XMJ+HS/LIFETIME

On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana (weed, pot) or hashish (hash, hash oil)...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
50.1	48.6	1,070	1	0 OCCAS:(1)
9.7	9.4	208	2	1-2X:(2)
7.2	6.9	153	3	3-5X:(3)
4.6	4.4	98	4	6-9X:(4)
6.3	6.1	135	5	10-19X:(5)
5.3	5.2	114	6	20-39X:(6)
16.8	16.3	359	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.0	66	- 9	Missing
1000	1000	0 001	,	T.T. 3\

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 38-39

#### V5116

# 005B07B: #XMJ+HS/LAST12MO

On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana (weed, pot) or hashish (hash, hash oil)...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
63.6	61.5	1,356	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
9.0	8.7	192	2	1-2X:(2)
6.7	6.5	143	3	3-5X:(3)
3.7	3.5	78	4	6-9X:(4)
4.9	4.7	104	5	10-19X:(5)
2.9	2.8	63	6	20-39X:(6)
9.2	8.8	195	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.3	73	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 40-41

#### V5117 005B07C: #XMJ+HS/LAST30DA

On how many occasions (if any) have you used marijuana (weed, pot) or hashish (hash, hash oil)...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
78.2	75.6	1,667	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
7.3	7.1	156	2	1-2X:(2)
3.9	3.8	84	3	3-5X:(3)
1.5	1.5	32	4	6-9X:(4)
2.6	2.5	55	5	10-19X:(5)
3.1	3.0	66	6	20-39X:(6)
3.4	3.3	72	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.2	72	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 42-43

#### V5118

# 005B08A:#X LSD/LIFETIME

On how many occasions (if any) have you used LSD ("acid")...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
88.3	85.6	1,886	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
5.0	4.8	107	2	1-2X:(2)
2.2	2.1	46	3	3-5X:(3)
1.8	1.8	39	4	6-9X:(4)
1.0	0.9	20	5	10-19X:(5)
1.0	1.0	22	6	20-39X:(6)
0.7	0.7	15	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.1	69	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 44-45

#### V5119 005B08B:#X LSD/LAST 12MO

On how many occasions (if any) have you used LSD ("acid")...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
93.0	89.9	1,981	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
3.5	3.4	75	2	1-2X:(2)
1.6	1.6	34	3	3-5X:(3)
0.9	0.8	18	4	6-9X:(4)
0.3	0.3	7	5	10-19X:(5)
0.4	0.4	9	6	20-39X:(6)
0.3	0.2	5	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.3	73	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 46-47

# V5120

# 005B08C:#X LSD/LAST 30DA

On how many occasions (if any) have you used LSD ("acid")...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
98.2	94.9	2,093	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
1.3	1.3	29	2	1-2X:(2)
0.4	0.3	8	3	3-5X:(3)
0.0	0.0	0	4	6-9X:(4)
0.1	0.1	2	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	1	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.3	73	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 48-49

#### V5121 005B09A:#X PSYD/LIFETIME

On how many occasions (if any) have you used psychedelics other than LSD (like mescaline, peyote, psilocybin, PCP)...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
92.8	89.8	1,980	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
3.0	2.9	64	2	1-2X:(2)
1.8	1.8	39	3	3-5X:(3)
0.7	0.7	16	4	6-9X:(4)
0.8	0.7	16	5	10-19X:(5)
0.5	0.4	10	6	20-39X:(6)
0.4	0.4	9	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.2	71	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 50-51

#### V5122

#### 005B09B: #X PSYD/LAST12MO

On how many occasions (if any) have you used psychedelics other than LSD (like mescaline, peyote, psilocybin, PCP)...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	$\mathtt{ALL}$			
94.6	91.5	2,018	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
2.7	2.7	59	2	1-2X:(2)
1.6	1.5	34	3	3-5X:(3)
0.5	0.5	11	4	6-9X:(4)
0.4	0.4	8	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	1	6	20-39X:(6)
0.1	0.1	3	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.2	71	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 52-53

#### V5123 005B09C:#X PSYD/LAST30DA

On how many occasions (if any) have you used psychedelics other than LSD (like mescaline, peyote, psilocybin, PCP)...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
97.8	94.7	2,087	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
1.6	1.6	35	2	1-2X:(2)
0.3	0.3	7	3	3-5X:(3)
0.0	0.0	1	4	6-9X:(4)
0.0	0.0	1	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	0	6	20-39X:(6)
0.1	0.1	2	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.2	71	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 54-55

#### V5124

# 005B10A:#X COKE/LIFETIME

On how many occasions (if any) have you used cocaine (sometimes called "coke", "crack", "rock")...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
91.0	88.2	1,943	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
4.2	4.1	90	2	1-2X:(2)
1.3	1.3	28	3	3-5X:(3)
1.4	1.4	30	4	6-9X:(4)
0.9	0.9	19	5	10-19X:(5)
0.6	0.6	14	6	20-39X:(6)
0.5	0.5	11	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.1	69	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 56-57

# V5125 005B10B:#X COKE/LAST12MO

On how many occasions (if any) have you used cocaine (sometimes called "coke", "crack", "rock")...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
94.7	91.5	2,018	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
2.2	2.1	47	2	1-2X:(2)
1.2	1.1	25	3	3-5X:(3)
1.1	1.0	23	4	6-9X:(4)
0.4	0.4	8	5	10-19X:(5)
0.4	0.4	9	6	20-39X:(6)
0.1	0.1	3	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.3	73	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 58-59

# V5126

# 005B10C:#X COKE/LAST30DA

On how many occasions (if any) have you used cocaine (sometimes called "coke", "crack", "rock")...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
		IN	VALUE	LADEL
VALID	$\mathtt{ALL}$			
97.4	94.1	2,075	1	0 OCCAS:(1)
1.4	1.4	30	2	1-2X:(2)
0.7	0.7	14	3	3-5X:(3)
0.3	0.3	7	4	6-9X:(4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	1	6	20-39X:(6)
0.1	0.1	3	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.4	74	- 9	Missing

-----

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 60-61

#### V5127 005B11A:#X AMPH/LIFETIME

Amphetamines have been prescribed by doctors to help people
lose weight or to give people more energy. They are
sometimes called uppers, ups, speed, bennies, dexies,
pep pills, and diet pills. Drugstores are not supposed
to sell them without a prescription from a doctor.
Amphetamines do NOT include any non-prescription drugs,
such as over-the-counter diet pills (like Dexatrim) or
stay-awake pills (like No-Doz), or any mail-order drugs.
On how many occasions (if any) have you taken
amphetamines on your own - that is, without a doctor
telling you to take them...

### ...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
83.5	80.7	1,779	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
5.3	5.1	113	2	1-2X:(2)
3.5	3.4	75	3	3-5X:(3)
2.8	2.7	60	4	6-9X:(4)
1.8	1.7	38	5	10-19X:(5)
1.3	1.3	29	6	20-39X:(6)
1.8	1.7	38	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.3	72	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 62-63

#### V5128 005B11B:#X AMPH/LAST12MO

Amphetamines have been prescribed by doctors to help people
lose weight or to give people more energy. They are
sometimes called uppers, ups, speed, bennies, dexies,
pep pills, and diet pills. Drugstores are not supposed
to sell them without a prescription from a doctor.
Amphetamines do NOT include any non-prescription drugs,
such as over-the-counter diet pills (like Dexatrim) or
stay-awake pills (like No-Doz), or any mail-order drugs.
On how many occasions (if any) have you taken
amphetamines on your own - that is, without a doctor
telling you to take them...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
88.8	85.8	1,892	1	0 OCCAS:(1)
3.9	3.8	84	2	1-2X:(2)
2.5	2.4	53	3	3-5X:(3)
2.2	2.1	46	4	6-9X:(4)
1.0	1.0	22	5	10-19X:(5)
0.6	0.6	14	6	20-39X:(6)
1.0	0.9	20	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.4	74	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 64-65

#### V5129 005B11C:#X AMPH/LAST30DA

Amphetamines have been prescribed by doctors to help people
lose weight or to give people more energy. They are
sometimes called uppers, ups, speed, bennies, dexies,
pep pills, and diet pills. Drugstores are not supposed
to sell them without a prescription from a doctor.
Amphetamines do NOT include any non-prescription drugs,
such as over-the-counter diet pills (like Dexatrim) or
stay-awake pills (like No-Doz), or any mail-order drugs.
On how many occasions (if any) have you taken
amphetamines on your own - that is, without a doctor
telling you to take them...

### ...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
94.1	90.8	2,002	1	0 OCCAS:(1)
3.0	2.9	63	2	1-2X:(2)
1.2	1.2	26	3	3-5X:(3)
0.7	0.7	15	4	6-9X:(4)
0.3	0.3	7	5	10-19X:(5)
0.4	0.4	8	6	20-39X:(6)
0.3	0.3	6	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.5	77	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 66-67

#### V5133 005B13A:#X BRBT/LIFETIME

Barbiturates are sometimes prescribed by doctors to help people relax or get to sleep. They are sometimes called downs, downers, goofballs, yellows, reds, blues, rainbows. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken barbiturates on your own - that is, without a doctor telling you to take them...

#### ...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
89.1	86.3	1,902	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
4.2	4.1	90	2	1-2X:(2)
2.6	2.5	55	3	3-5X:(3)
1.1	1.1	24	4	6-9X:(4)
1.8	1.8	39	5	10-19X:(5)
0.5	0.4	10	6	20-39X:(6)
0.7	0.7	15	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.1	69	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 68-69

#### V5134 005B13B:#X BRBT/LAST12MO

Barbiturates are sometimes prescribed by doctors to help people relax or get to sleep. They are sometimes called downs, downers, goofballs, yellows, reds, blues, rainbows. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken barbiturates on your own - that is, without a doctor telling you to take them...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
92.5	89.6	1,975	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
3.4	3.3	73	2	1-2X:(2)
1.6	1.5	34	3	3-5X:(3)
1.0	0.9	21	4	6-9X:(4)
1.0	1.0	22	5	10-19X:(5)
0.3	0.3	6	6	20-39X:(6)
0.2	0.2	5	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.1	69	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 70-71

## V5135 005B13C:#X BRBT/LAST30DA

Barbiturates are sometimes prescribed by doctors to help people relax or get to sleep. They are sometimes called downs, downers, goofballs, yellows, reds, blues, rainbows. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken barbiturates on your own - that is, without a doctor telling you to take them...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
96.8	93.6	2,063	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
1.7	1.6	36	2	1-2X:(2)
1.0	1.0	22	3	3-5X:(3)
0.3	0.3	7	4	6-9X:(4)
0.1	0.1	2	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	0	6	20-39X:(6)
0.1	0.1	1	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.3	73	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 72-73

## V5136 005B14A:#X TRQL/LIFETIME

Tranquilizers are sometimes prescribed by doctors to calm people down, quiet their nerves, or relax their muscles. Librium, Valium, and Miltown are all tranquilizers. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken tranquilizers on your own-that is, without a doctor telling you to take them...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
88.9	86.1	1,897	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
5.1	4.9	108	2	1-2X:(2)
2.6	2.5	55	3	3-5X:(3)
1.2	1.1	25	4	6-9X:(4)
1.2	1.2	26	5	10-19X:(5)
0.4	0.4	9	6	20-39X:(6)
0.7	0.7	14	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.2	71	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 74-75

## V5137 005B14B:#X TRQL/LAST12MO

Tranquilizers are sometimes prescribed by doctors to calm people down, quiet their nerves, or relax their muscles. Librium, Valium, and Miltown are all tranquilizers. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken tranquilizers on your own-that is, without a doctor telling you to take them...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
92.4	89.4	1,970	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
4.5	4.3	95	2	1-2X:(2)
1.3	1.3	28	3	3-5X:(3)
0.6	0.6	13	4	6-9X:(4)
0.8	0.7	16	5	10-19X:(5)
0.2	0.2	5	6	20-39X:(6)
0.2	0.2	3	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.3	73	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 76-77

# V5138 005B14C:#X TRQL/LAST30DA

Tranquilizers are sometimes prescribed by doctors to calm people down, quiet their nerves, or relax their muscles. Librium, Valium, and Miltown are all tranquilizers. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken tranquilizers on your own-that is, without a doctor telling you to take them...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
96.4	93.3	2,057	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
2.1	2.1	45	2	1-2X:(2)
0.7	0.6	14	3	3-5X:(3)
0.6	0.6	12	4	6-9X:(4)
0.2	0.2	4	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	1	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.2	71	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 78-79

#### V5139 005R :#X H/LIFETIME

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
96.8	93.8	2,067	1	0 OCCAS:(1)
1.7	1.7	37	2	1-2X:(2)
0.7	0.6	14	3	3-5X:(3)
0.1	0.1	2	4	6-9X:(4)
0.4	0.4	8	5	10-19X:(5)
0.3	0.3	7	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	1	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.1	69	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 80-81

V5140		005R	:#X H/L	LAST12MO
PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
97.7	94.6	2,085	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
1.4	1.3	29	2	1-2X:(2)
0.4	0.4	8	3	3-5X:(3)
0.1	0.1	3	4	6-9X:(4)
0.2	0.2	5	5	10-19X:(5)
0.2	0.2	5	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.2	69	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 82-83

## V5141 005R :#X H/LAST30DAY

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
98.9	95.9	2,113	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
0.5	0.5	12	2	1-2X:(2)
0.4	0.4	9	3	3-5X:(3)
0.1	0.1	2	4	6-9X:(4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	0	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.1	69	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 84-85

## V5142 005B17A: #X NARC/LIFETIME

There are a number of narcotics other than heroin, such as methadone, opium, morphine, codeine, demerol, paregoric, talwin, and laudanum. These are sometimes prescribed by doctors. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken narcotics other than heroin on your own - that is, without a doctor telling you to take them...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
88.4	85.2	1,877	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
5.2	5.1	111	2	1-2X:(2)
1.8	1.8	39	3	3-5X:(3)
1.5	1.5	32	4	6-9X:(4)
1.3	1.3	29	5	10-19X:(5)
0.8	0.8	18	6	20-39X:(6)
0.8	0.8	18	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.6	80	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 86-87

### V5143 005B17B:#X NARC/LAST12MO

There are a number of narcotics other than heroin, such as methadone, opium, morphine, codeine, demerol, paregoric, talwin, and laudanum. These are sometimes prescribed by doctors. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken narcotics other than heroin on your own - that is, without a doctor telling you to take them...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
92.0	88.6	1,953	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
3.8	3.6	80	2	1-2X:(2)
2.0	1.9	43	3	3-5X:(3)
1.1	1.0	22	4	6-9X:(4)
0.4	0.4	10	5	10-19X:(5)
0.4	0.3	8	6	20-39X:(6)
0.3	0.3	7	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.7	82	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 88-89

## V5144 005B17C:#X NARC/LAST30DA

There are a number of narcotics other than heroin, such as methadone, opium, morphine, codeine, demerol, paregoric, talwin, and laudanum. These are sometimes prescribed by doctors. On how many occasions (if any) have you taken narcotics other than heroin on your own - that is, without a doctor telling you to take them...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
96.5	92.9	2,048	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
2.1	2.1	45	2	1-2X:(2)
0.5	0.5	11	3	3-5X:(3)
0.4	0.4	9	4	6-9X:(4)
0.2	0.2	4	5	10-19X:(5)
0.1	0.1	3	6	20-39X:(6)
0.1	0.1	1	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.7	82	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 90-91

# V5145 005B18A:#X INHL/LIFETIME

On how many occasions (if any) have you sniffed glue, or breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any other gases or sprays in order to get high...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
85.4	82.3	1,814	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
7.9	7.6	167	2	1-2X:(2)
2.9	2.8	62	3	3-5X:(3)
1.3	1.3	28	4	6-9X:(4)
0.7	0.7	15	5	10-19X:(5)
0.4	0.3	8	6	20-39X:(6)
1.4	1.3	29	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.7	81	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 92-93

# V5146 005B18B:#X INHL/LAST12MO

On how many occasions (if any) have you sniffed glue, or breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any other gases or sprays in order to get high...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
94.6	90.9	2,003	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
2.9	2.7	60	2	1-2X:(2)
1.0	1.0	22	3	3-5X:(3)
0.3	0.3	6	4	6-9X:(4)
0.3	0.3	7	5	10-19X:(5)
0.5	0.5	11	6	20-39X:(6)
0.4	0.4	8	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.9	87	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 94-95

#### V5147 005B18C:#X INHL/LAST30DA

On how many occasions (if any) have you sniffed glue, or breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any other gases or sprays in order to get high...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
98.2	94.3	2,079	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
0.6	0.6	12	2	1-2X:(2)
0.3	0.3	6	3	3-5X:(3)
0.5	0.4	10	4	6-9X:(4)
0.0	0.0	1	5	10-19X:(5)
0.1	0.1	2	6	20-39X:(6)
0.3	0.2	6	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	4.0	88	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases	(btW)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 96-97

#### V5148 005(R) :AGE <>18 DICHOTOMY

In what year were you born?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
44.1	42.8	944	1	< 18:(1)
55.9	54.4	1,198	2	18+:(2)
	2.8	62	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 98-99

## V5150 005C03 :R'S SEX

What is your sex?

PCT PCT N VALUE LABEL
VALID ALL
48.1 46.1 1,016 1 MALE:(1)
51.9 49.9 1,099 2 FEMALE:(2)
4.0 89 -9 Missing
---- ---- ----100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 100-101

#### V5151

## 005C04(R)R'S RACE

How do you describe yourself?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
82.9	64.7	1,425	0	WHITE
17.1	13.3	294	1	BLACK
	22.0	485	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 102-103

#### V5152 005C05 :R SPD >TIM R-URB

Where did you grow up mostly?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
0.0	0.0	0	0	DK/MIXED:(0)
5.1	4.5	99	1	FARM: (1)
13.3	11.8	259	2	COUNTRY: (2)
30.7	27.2	599	3	SML TOWN: (3)
11.2	9.9	219	4	MED CITY: (4)
8.9	7.9	174	5	SUBURB 4:(5)
12.0	10.6	234	6	LRG CITY: (6)
8.4	7.4	164	7	SUBURB 6:(7)
7.0	6.2	136	8	VRYLG CY: (8)
3.6	3.2	70	9	SUBURB 8:(9)
	11.3	250	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 104-105

## V5153

## 005C06 :R NOT MARRIED

What is your marital status?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
4.7	4.5	100	1	MARRIED: (1)
5.7	5.6	123	2	ENGAGED: (2)
1.5	1.4	32	3	SEP/DIV: (3)
88.1	85.8	1,890	4	SINGLE: (4)
	2.7	59	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 106-107

## V5155 005C07Cb(R):R'S HSHLD FATHER

Which of the following people live in the same household with you?

Father (or male guardian)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
24.9	24.1	532	0	NT MARKD: (0)
75.1	72.9	1,607	1	MARKED: (1)
	3.0	65	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 108-109

#### V5156

#### 005C07Cc(R):R'S HSHLD MOTHER

Which of the following people live in the same household with you?

Mother (of female guardian)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
10.0	9.7	214	0	NT MARKD: (0)
90.0	87.3	1,925	1	MARKED: (1)
	3.0	65	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 110-111

## V5157 005C07Cd(R):R'S HSHLD BR/SR

Which of the following people live in the same household with you?

Brother(s) and/or sister(s)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
32.4	31.4	693	0	NT MARKD: (0)
67.6	65.6	1,446	1	MARKED: (1)
	3.0	65	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 112-113

## V5163 005C08 :FATHR EDUC LEVEL

What is the highest level of schooling your father completed?

PCT VALID	PCT ALL	N	VALUE	LABEL
2.9	2.6	58	1	GRDE SCH: (1)
9.8	8.8	194	2	SOME HS: (2)
29.4	26.4	583	3	HS GRAD: (3)
19.2	17.3	381	4	SOME CLG: (4)
24.1	21.7	478	5	CLG GRAD: (5)
14.6	13.2	290	6	GRAD SCH: (6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	DK: (7)
	10.0	221	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 114-115

## V5164 005C09 :MOTHR EDUC LEVEL

What is the highest level of schooling your mother completed?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.1	1.9	42	1	GRDE SCH: (1)
9.9	9.2	203	2	SOME HS: (2)
30.6	28.5	628	3	HS GRAD: (3)
20.0	18.6	410	4	SOME CLG: (4)
24.1	22.4	494	5	CLG GRAD: (5)
13.3	12.4	273	6	GRAD SCH: (6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	DK: (7)
	7.0	154	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 116-117

## V5165 005C10 :MOTH PD JB R YNG

Did you mother have a paid job (half-time or more) during the time you were growing up?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
14.9	14.3	316	1	NO: (1)
20.4	19.6	431	2	SOMETIME: (2)
19.2	18.4	406	3	MOSTTIME: (3)
45.5	43.6	961	4	ALL TIME: (4)
	4.1	90	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 118-119

#### V5166 005C11 :R'S POLTL PRFNC

How would you describe your political preference?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
9.8	6.2	136	1	STRG GOP: (1)
18.8	11.9	262	2	MILD GOP: (2)
15.3	9.7	213	3	MILD DEM: (3)
14.2	9.0	197	4	STRG DEM: (4)
14.2	9.0	198	5	<pre>INDEPNDT:(5)</pre>
26.2	16.5	364	6	NO PREF: (6)
1.5	0.9	20	7	OTHER: (7)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	36.8	812	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 120-121

#### V5167

## 005C12 :R'POL BLF RADCL

How would you describe your political beliefs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
6.0	3.4	76	1	VRY CONS: (1)
14.7	8.4	184	2	CONSERV: (2)
45.9	26.2	576	3	MODERATE: (3)
23.0	13.1	289	4	LIBERAL: (4)
4.8	2.7	60	5	VRY LIB: (5)
5.6	3.2	70	6	RADICAL: (6)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NONE/DK: (8)
	43.0	949	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 122-123

## V5169 005C13B:R'ATTND REL SVC

The next three questions are about religion.

How often do you attend religious services?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
14.3	10.7	237	1	NEVER: (1)
35.4	26.5	585	2	RARELY: (2)
16.3	12.2	270	3	1-2X/MO:(3)
34.0	25.5	563	4	WK OR+: (4)
	25.0	550	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 124-125

## V5170

#### 005C13C:RLGN IMP R'S LF

The next three questions are about religion.

How important is religion in your life?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
13.7	10.3	227	1	NOT IMPT: (1)
24.4	18.3	404	2	LITL IMP: (2)
29.2	21.9	483	3	PRTY IMP: (3)
32.6	24.5	539	4	VERY IMP: (4)
	25.0	551	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 126-127

#### V5171 005C14 :WHEN R XPCT GRAD

When are you most likely to graduate from high school?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
97.6	93.9	2,070	1	BY JUNE: (1)
1.8	1.7	38	2	JULY-JAN: (2)
0.0	0.0	0	3	AFT JAN: (3)
0.6	0.6	14	6	WONT: (6)
	3.7	82	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 128-129

#### V5172

#### 005C15 :R'S HS PROGRAM

Which of the following best describes your present high school program?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
54.0	51.6	1,137	1	CLG PREP: (1)
28.6	27.3	602	2	GENERAL: (2)
9.4	9.0	198	3	VOC-TECH: (3)
8.0	7.7	169	4	OTH/DK: (4)
	4.4	97	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 130-131

#### V5173 005C16 :RT SF SCH AB>AVG

Compared with others your age throughout the country, how do you rate yourself on school ability?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
0.9	0.9	19	1	FAR BLOW: (1)
2.6	2.5	54	2	BELOW AV: (2)
5.6	5.4	118	3	SL BELOW: (3)
35.5	33.8	746	4	AVERAGE: (4)
22.4	21.4	472	5	SL ABOVE: (5)
26.2	25.0	550	6	ABOVE AV: (6)
6.8	6.5	143	7	FAR ABOV: (7)
	4.7	103	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 132-133

#### V5174

## 005C17 :RT SF INTELL>AVG

How intelligent do you think you are compared with others your age?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
0.9	0.9	20	1	FAR BLOW: (1)
1.2	1.1	25	2	BELOW AV: (2)
4.7	4.5	99	3	SL BELOW: (3)
31.6	30.1	664	4	AVERAGE: (4)
24.9	23.7	522	5	SL ABOVE: (5)
26.8	25.5	562	6	ABOVE AV: (6)
10.0	9.5	209	7	FAR ABOV: (7)
	4.7	104	- 9	Missing

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Columns: 134-135

#### V5175 005C18A: #DA/4W SC MS ILL

During the LAST FOUR WEEKS, how many whole days of school have you missed...

Because of illness...

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
59.5	55.7	1,227	1	NONE: (1)
17.8	16.7	368	2	1 DAY: (2)
9.9	9.3	205	3	2 DAYS: (3)
5.4	5.1	112	4	3 DAYS: (4)
4.1	3.9	85	5	4-5 DAYS: (5)
2.0	1.9	42	6	6-10 DA:(6)
1.1	1.1	24	7	11+ DAYS: (7)
	6.4	141	- 9	Missing
100 0	1000	0 004	/	T.T.L7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 136-137

#### V5176

## 005C18B:#DA/4W SC MS CUT

During the LAST FOUR WEEKS, how many whole days of school have you missed...

Because you skipped or "cut"...

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	$\mathtt{ALL}$			
66.4	60.7	1,338	1	NONE: (1)
14.8	13.6	299	2	1 DAY: (2)
7.4	6.7	149	3	2 DAYS: (3)
4.2	3.9	85	4	3 DAYS: (4)
3.8	3.5	77	5	4-5 DAYS: (5)
1.8	1.7	36	6	6-10 DA:(6)
1.5	1.4	30	7	11+ DAYS: (7)
	8.6	190	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 138-139

#### V5177 005C18C:#DA/4W SC MS OTH

During the LAST FOUR WEEKS, how many whole days of school have you missed...

For other reasons...

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
54.4	50.7	1,117	1	NONE: (1)
21.0	19.5	430	2	1 DAY: (2)
12.2	11.4	251	3	2 DAYS: (3)
5.8	5.4	119	4	3 DAYS: (4)
3.4	3.2	70	5	4-5 DAYS: (5)
1.7	1.6	36	6	6-10 DA:(6)
1.4	1.3	29	7	11+ DAYS: (7)
	6.9	152	- 9	Missing
1000	1000	0 004	/	T.7 = -7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 140-141

#### V5178

## 005C19 :#DA/4W SKP CLASS

During the last four weeks, how often have you gone to school, but skipped a class when you weren't supposed to?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
63.9	60.7	1,339	1	NONE: (1)
20.8	19.8	436	2	1-2:(2)
9.4	9.0	198	3	3-5:(3)
3.5	3.3	73	4	6-10:(4)
1.3	1.2	27	5	11-20:(5)
1.1	1.0	23	6	21+:(6)
	4.9	109	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 142-143

## V5179 005C20 :R HS GRADE/D=1

Which of the following best describes your average grade so far in high school?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
1.2	1.1	25	1	D:(1)
3.5	3.4	74	2	C-:(2)
6.0	5.7	126	3	C:(3)
8.2	7.8	172	4	C+:(4)
13.7	13.1	288	5	B-:(5)
18.9	18.0	397	6	B:(6)
18.1	17.2	380	7	B+:(7)
15.5	14.7	324	8	A-:(8)
14.8	14.1	310	9	A:(9)
	4.9	108	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	a2a0a	( M + A )

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 144-145

#### V5180

## 005C21A:R WL DO VOC/TEC

How likely is it that you will do each of the following things after high school?

Attend a technical or vocational school...

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
53.0	49.2	1,084	1	DEF WONT: (1)
24.5	22.7	501	2	PRB WONT: (2)
15.0	13.9	306	3	PRB WILL: (3)
7.6	7.1	156	4	DEF WILL: (4)
	7.2	158	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 146-147

#### V5181 005C21B:R WL DO ARMD FC

How likely is it that you will do each of the following things after high school?

Serve in the armed forces...

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
72.9	65.2	1,437	1	DEF WONT: (1)
15.8	14.2	313	2	PRB WONT: (2)
6.2	5.6	123	3	PRB WILL: (3)
5.1	4.5	100	4	DEF WILL: (4)
	10.5	231	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 148-149

#### V5182

#### 005C21C:R WL DO 2YR CLG

How likely is it that you will do each of the following things after high school?

C21C: Graduate from a two-year college program...

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
39.1	35.8	790	1	DEF WONT: (1)
20.7	19.0	419	2	PRB WONT: (2)
23.2	21.3	469	3	PRB WILL: (3)
16.9	15.5	342	4	DEF WILL: (4)
	8.4	184	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 150-151

#### V5183 005C21D:R WL DO 4YR CLG

How likely is it that you will do each of the following things after high school?

Graduate from college (four-year program)...

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
10.7	10.1	222	1	DEF WONT: (1)
12.9	12.1	266	2	PRB WONT: (2)
19.7	18.4	406	3	PRB WILL: (3)
56.7	53.2	1,173	4	DEF WILL: (4)
	6.2	137	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 152-153

#### V5184

#### 005C21E:R WL DO GRD/PRF

How likely is it that you will do each of the following things after high school?

Attend graduate or professional school after college...

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
21.4	19.8	436	1	DEF WONT: (1)
26.7	24.7	544	2	PRB WONT: (2)
32.0	29.6	652	3	PRB WILL: (3)
19.9	18.3	404	4	DEF WILL: (4)
	7.6	168	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 154-155

### V5185 005C22A:R WNTDO VOC/TEC

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do?

Attend a technical of vocational school

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
82.2	77.4	1,705	0	NT MARKD: (0)
17.8	16.8	370	1	MARKED: (1)
	5.8	129	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 156-157

#### V5186

#### 005C22B:R WNTDO ARMD FC

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do?

Serve in the armed forces

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
87.0	81.9	1,805	0	NT MARKD: (0)
13.0	12.2	270	1	MARKED: (1)
	5.8	129	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 158-159

#### V5187 005C22C:R WNTDO 2YR CLG

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do?

Graduate from a two-year college program

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
74.7	70.3	1,550	0	NT MARKD: (0)
25.3	23.8	525	1	MARKED: (1)
	5.8	129	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 160-161

#### V5188

#### 005C22D:R WNTDO 4YR CLG

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do?

Graduate from college (four-year program)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
23.3	21.9	483	0	NT MARKD: (0)
76.7	72.2	1,592	1	MARKED: (1)
	5.8	129	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 162-163

### V5189 005C22E:R WNTDO GRD/PRF

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do?

Attend graduate or professional school after college

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
46.7	44.0	970	0	NT MARKD: (0)
53.3	50.1	1,105	1	MARKED: (1)
	5.8	129	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 164-165

#### V5190

#### 005C22F:R WNTDO NONE

Suppose you could do just what you'd like and nothing stood in your way. How many of the following things would you WANT to do?

None of the above

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
93.8	88.3	1,947	0	NT MARKD: (0)
6.2	5.8	128	1	MARKED: (1)
	5.8	129	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 166-167

## V5191 005C23 :HRS/W WRK SCHYR

On the average over the school year, how many hours per week do you work in a paid or unpaid job?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
19.8	18.5	408	1	NONE: (1)
7.7	7.2	159	2	5 OR <: (2)
8.3	7.8	171	3	6-10 HRS:(3)
12.4	11.6	256	4	11-15 HR:(4)
15.6	14.6	322	5	16-20 HR:(5)
16.7	15.7	345	6	21-25 HR:(6)
9.8	9.2	203	7	26-30 HR:(7)
9.6	9.0	198	8	30+ HRS:(8)
	6.4	141	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 168-169

## V5192

## 005C24A:R\$/AVG WEEK JOB

During an average week, how much money do you get from...

A job or other work...

PCT VALID	PCT ALL	N	VALUE	LABEL
24.3	22.5	495	1	NONE: (1)
1.0	0.9	21	2	\$1-5:(2)
3.0	2.8	62	3	\$6-10:(3)
2.7	2.5	55	4	\$11-20:(4)
3.9	3.6	80	5	\$21-35:(5)
6.0	5.6	122	6	\$36-50:(6)
11.3	10.5	231	7	\$51-75:(7)
23.8	22.0	485	8	\$76-125:(8)
24.0	22.2	489	9	\$126+:(9)
	7.4	164	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 170-171

## V5193 005C24B:R\$/AVG WEEK OTH

During an average week, how much money do you get from...

Other sources (allowances, etc.)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
37.7	33.7	744	1	NONE: (1)
7.0	6.2	138	2	\$1-5:(2)
10.7	9.6	211	3	\$6-10:(3)
18.0	16.1	355	4	\$11-20:(4)
11.3	10.1	222	5	\$21-35:(5)
5.7	5.1	111	6	\$36-50:(6)
3.7	3.3	74	7	\$51-75:(7)
2.3	2.1	46	8	\$76-125:(8)
3.6	3.2	71	9	\$126+:(9)
	10.6	233	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 172-173

V5194

#### 005C25 :#X/AV WK GO OUT

During a typical week, on how many evenings do you go out for fun and recreation?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
9.0	8.4	185	1	< 1:(1)
13.8	12.9	284	2	ONE: (2)
28.1	26.2	578	3	TWO: (3)
24.1	22.5	496	4	THREE: (4)
16.6	15.5	343	5	4-5:(5)
8.5	8.0	176	6	6-7:(6)
	6.5	143	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 174-175

## V5195 005C26 :#X DATE 3+/WK

On the average, how often do you go out with a date (or your spouse, if you are married)?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
22.0	20.3	448	1	NEVER: (1)
17.9	16.6	365	2	MO OR<: (2)
14.8	13.7	302	3	2-3/MO:(3)
14.6	13.4	296	4	WK: (4)
20.1	18.6	409	5	2-3/WK:(5)
10.6	9.8	215	6	3+/WK:(6)
	7.7	170	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 176-177

## V5196 005C27 :DRIVE>200 MI/WK

During an average week, how much do you usually drive a car, truck, a motorcycle?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
16.2	15.1	333	1	NONE: (1)
7.4	6.9	152	2	1-10 MI:(2)
22.8	21.2	468	3	11-50:(3)
20.4	19.0	419	4	51-100:(4)
18.4	17.1	378	5	101-200:(5)
14.6	13.6	300	6	> 200:(6)
	7.0	155	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 178-179

#### V5197 005C28 :#X/12MO R TCKTD

Within the LAST 12 MONTHS how many times, if any, have you received a ticket (OR been stopped and warned) for moving violations, such as speeding, running a stop light, or improper passing?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
68.9	64.0	1,411	0	NONE: (0)
17.1	15.9	351	1	ONE: (1)
8.3	7.8	171	2	TWO: (2)
2.5	2.4	52	3	THREE: (3)
3.1	2.9	63	4	4+:(4)
	7.1	156	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	Cases	(b+M)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 180-181

#### V5198

## 005C29AR#TCKTS AFT DRNK

How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you were...

Drinking alcoholic beverages?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
93.6	26.9	593	0	None: (0)
5.6	1.6	36	1	One:(1)
0.6	0.2	4	2	Two: (2)
0.2	0.1	1	3	3-4  or  +: (3-4)
	71.3	1,571	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 182-183

# V5199

## 005C29BR#TCKTS AFT MARJ

How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you were...

Smoking marijuana or hashish?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
94.7	27.1	596	0	None:(0)
4.1	1.2	26	1	One: (1)
0.6	0.2	3	2	Two: (2)
0.6	0.2	4	3	3-4  or  +: (3-4)
	71.4	1,575	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 184-185

# V5200

## 005C29CR#TCKTS AFT OTDG

How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you were...

Using other illegal drugs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
99.6	28.4	626	0	None:(0)
0.0	0.0	0	1	One: (1)
0.3	0.1	2	2	Two: (2)
0.1	0.0	1	3	3-4  or  +: (3-4)
	71.5	1,575	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 186-187

## V5201 005C30 :#ACCIDNTS/12 MO

We are interested in any accidents which occurred while you were driving a car, truck, or motorcycle. ("Accidents" means a collision involving property damage or personal injury-not bumps or scratches in parking lots.)

During the LAST 12 MONTHS, how many accidents have you had while you were driving (whether or not you were responsible)?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
74.1	68.1	1,501	0	NONE: (0)
19.0	17.5	386	1	ONE: (1)
5.1	4.7	103	2	TWO: (2)
1.3	1.2	26	3	THREE: (3)
0.4	0.4	8	4	4+:(4)
	8.1	179	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 188-189

## V5202

## 005C31AR#ACDTS AFT DRNK

How many of these accidents occurred after you were...

Drinking alcoholic beverages?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
95.5	22.7	499	0	None:(0)
4.0	0.9	21	1	One: (1)
0.4	0.1	2	2	Two: (2)
0.2	0.0	1	3	3-4  or  +: (3-4)
	76.3	1,681	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 190-191

## V5203 005C31BR#ACDTS AFT MARJ

How many of these accidents occurred after you were...

Smoking marijuana or hashish?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
96.4	22.8	503	0	None: (0)
2.8	0.7	15	1	One:(1)
0.5	0.1	3	2	Two: (2)
0.3	0.1	1	3	3-4  or  +: (3-4)
	76.3	1,682	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 192-193

# V5204

## 005C31CR#ACDTS AFT OTDG

How many of these accidents occurred after you were...

Using other illegal drugs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
99.2	23.4	517	0	None:(0)
0.7	0.2	3	1	One: (1)
0.0	0.0	0	2	Two: (2)
0.2	0.0	1	3	3-4  or  +: (3-4)
	76.4	1,683	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 194-195

# V5205 005C32 :R'S BRANCH SERV

If you have not entered military service, and do not expect to enter, GO TO PART D.

What is, or will be, your branch of service?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
30.9	3.6	79	1	ARMY: (1)
14.7	1.7	38	2	NAVY: (2)
16.7	1.9	43	3	MARINES: (3)
24.1	2.8	62	4	AIRFORCE: (4)
4.0	0.5	10	5	COAST GD: (5)
9.6	1.1	25	6	UNCERTN: (6)
	88.4	1,948	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 196-197

## V5206

# 005C33 :R XPCTS B OFFCR

Do you expect to be an officer?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
13.4	1.6	35	1	NO: (1)
43.7	5.2	114	2	UNCERTN: (2)
42.9	5.1	112	3	YES: (3)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NO ANSR: (8)
	88.2	1,943	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 198-199

# V5207 005C34 :R XPCTS MLTR CR

Do you expect to have a career in the Armed Forces?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
24.4	2.9	64	1	NO: (1)
51.0	6.0	133	2	UNCERTN: (2)
24.6	2.9	64	3	YES: (3)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NO ANSR: (8)
	88.2	1,943	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 200-201

#### V5208

## 005A01 :VRY HPY THS DAYS

Taking all things together, how would you say things are these days--would you say you're very happy, pretty happy, or not too happy these days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
13.1	13.0	287	1	NT HAPPY: (1)
66.6	66.2	1,459	2	PRTY HPY: (2)
20.4	20.3	447	3	VRY HPY: (3)
	0.5	12	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 202-203

## V5209 005A02 :THK ABT SOC ISSU

Some people think a lot about the social problems of the nation and the world, and about how they might be solved. Others spend little time thinking about these issues. How much do you think about such things?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
3.1	3.1	68	1	NEVER: (1)
20.7	20.6	454	2	SELDOM: (2)
51.5	51.2	1,129	3	SOMETIME: (3)
20.7	20.6	455	4	OFTEN: (4)
3.9	3.9	87	5	GRT DEAL: (5)
	0.6	13	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 204-205

## V5210 005A03A:WR/NT NUCLER WAR

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Chance of nuclear war

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
41.3	41.0	903	1	NEVER: (1)
34.9	34.7	764	2	SELDOM: (2)
19.3	19.2	423	3	SOMETIME: (3)
4.4	4.4	97	4	OFTEN: (4)
	0.7	16	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric

Columns: 206-207

Missing-data code: -9

# V5211 005A03B:WR/NT POP GROWTH

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Population growth

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
29.6	29.4	647	1	NEVER: (1)
34.1	33.9	746	2	SELDOM: (2)
25.2	25.0	551	3	SOMETIME: (3)
11.1	11.0	243	4	OFTEN: (4)
	0.8	18	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 208-209

## V5212

## 005A03C:WR/NT CRIME&VLNC

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Crime and violence

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
3.2	3.2	71	1	NEVER: (1)
13.6	13.5	297	2	SELDOM: (2)
41.3	41.0	904	3	SOMETIME: (3)
41.8	41.5	915	4	OFTEN: (4)
	0.8	18	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 210-211

## V5213 005A03D:WR/NT POLLUTION

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Pollution

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
13.0	12.9	284	1	NEVER: (1)
33.8	33.5	739	2	SELDOM: (2)
37.3	37.0	815	3	SOMETIME: (3)
15.9	15.8	347	4	OFTEN: (4)
	0.8	18	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 212-213

# V5214

## 005A03E:WR/NT ENRGY SHRT

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Energy shortages

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
40.8	40.3	889	1	NEVER: (1)
37.3	36.8	812	2	SELDOM: (2)
17.0	16.8	371	3	SOMETIME: (3)
4.9	4.8	107	4	OFTEN: (4)
	1.2	25	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 214-215

# V5215 005A03F:WR/NT RACE RELTN

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Race relations

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
21.0	20.7	457	1	NEVER: (1)
27.8	27.5	607	2	SELDOM: (2)
30.9	30.5	673	3	SOMETIME: (3)
20.3	20.1	443	4	OFTEN: (4)
	1.1	25	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 216-217

## V5216 005A03G:WR/NT HNGR&PVRTY

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Hunger and poverty

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
12.9	12.8	283	1	NEVER: (1)
32.9	32.6	719	2	SELDOM: (2)
35.8	35.5	782	3	SOMETIME: (3)
18.4	18.2	401	4	OFTEN: (4)
	0.9	19	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 218-219

## V5217 005A03H:WR/NT USE OPN LD

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Using open land for housing or industry

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
38.3	38.0	838	1	NEVER: (1)
29.1	28.9	637	2	SELDOM: (2)
20.5	20.3	448	3	SOMETIME: (3)
12.1	12.0	265	4	OFTEN: (4)
	0.8	17	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 220-221

## V5218 005A03I:WR/NT URBN DECAY

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Urban decay

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
48.8	48.2	1,061	1	NEVER: (1)
30.7	30.3	668	2	SELDOM: (2)
14.4	14.2	313	3	SOMETIME: (3)
6.1	6.0	133	4	OFTEN: (4)
	1.3	29	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 222-223

# V5219 005A03J:WR/NT ECON PRBLM

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Economic problems

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
19.6	19.4	428	1	NEVER: (1)
35.2	34.9	770	2	SELDOM: (2)
32.5	32.2	710	3	SOMETIME: (3)
12.7	12.6	279	4	OFTEN: (4)
	0.8	18	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 224-225

V5220

## 005A03K:WR/NT DRUG ABUSE

Of all the problems facing the nation today, how often do you worry about each of the following?

Drug abuse

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
13.5	13.4	294	1	NEVER: (1)
25.4	25.2	555	2	SELDOM: (2)
33.5	33.2	732	3	SOMETIME: (3)
27.7	27.5	607	4	OFTEN: (4)
	0.7	16	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 226-227

#### V5221 005A04A:XPRC MK R GD SPS

How well do you think your experiences and training (at home, school, work, etc.) have prepared you to be a good . . .

. . . husband or wife?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.9	2.8	62	1	POORLY: (1)
4.8	4.7	103	2	NOT WELL: (2)
18.1	17.6	389	3	FRLY WEL: (3)
38.5	37.5	827	4	WELL: (4)
35.8	34.9	769	5	VRY WELL: (5)
	2.5	56	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 228-229

# V5222

# 005A04B:XPRC MK R GD PRT

How well do you think your experiences and training (at home, school, work, etc.) have prepared you to be a good . . .

. . . parent?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.1	2.1	46	1	POORLY: (1)
5.6	5.5	121	2	NOT WELL: (2)
17.2	16.9	373	3	FRLY WEL: (3)
32.8	32.2	710	4	WELL: (4)
42.3	41.6	917	5	VRY WELL: (5)
	1.7	37	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 230-231

## V5223 005A04C:XPRC MK R GD WKR

How well do you think your experiences and training (at home, school, work, etc.) have prepared you to be a good . . .

. . . worker on a job?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
1.2	1.2	27	1	POORLY: (1)
1.7	1.7	37	2	NOT WELL: (2)
12.2	12.0	265	3	FRLY WEL: (3)
36.3	35.9	792	4	WELL: (4)
48.6	48.1	1,061	5	VRY WELL: (5)
	1.0	23	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (wc

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 232-233

# V5224

## 005A05A:PLC WRK LG CORPN

Apart from the particular kind of work you want to do, how would you rate each of the following settings as a place to work?

Working in a large corporation

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
5.4	5.3	117	1	NT ACCEP: (1)
20.5	20.4	449	2	SMWT ACC: (2)
49.4	49.0	1,080	3	ACCEPTBL: (3)
24.7	24.5	540	4	DESIRABL: (4)
	0.8	18	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 234-235

# V5225 005A05B:PLC WRK SM BSNSS

Apart from the particular kind of work you want to do, how would you rate each of the following settings as a place to work?

Working in a small business

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
4.0	3.9	87	1	NT ACCEP: (1)
24.0	23.7	523	2	SMWT ACC: (2)
57.0	56.5	1,245	3	ACCEPTBL: (3)
15.0	14.9	328	4	DESIRABL: (4)
	0.9	21	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 236-237

## V5226

# 005A05C:PLC WRK GVT AGCY

Apart from the particular kind of work you want to do, how would you rate each of the following settings as a place to work?

Working in a government agency

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
16.0	15.8	349	1	NT ACCEP: (1)
29.6	29.2	645	2	SMWT ACC: (2)
37.0	36.6	808	3	ACCEPTBL: (3)
17.4	17.2	379	4	DESIRABL: (4)
	1.1	23	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases	(b.tW)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 238-239

## V5227 005A05D:PLC WRK MLTY SVC

Apart from the particular kind of work you want to do, how would you rate each of the following settings as a place to work?

Working in the military service

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
49.0	48.5	1,070	1	NT ACCEP: (1)
25.0	24.7	545	2	SMWT ACC: (2)
18.8	18.7	411	3	ACCEPTBL: (3)
7.1	7.1	155	4	DESIRABL: (4)
	1.0	22	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 240-241

## V5228

# 005A05E:PLC WRK SCH/UNIV

Apart from the particular kind of work you want to do, how would you rate each of the following settings as a place to work?

Working in a school or university

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
19.3	19.1	421	1	NT ACCEP: (1)
29.1	28.8	635	2	SMWT ACC: (2)
33.3	33.0	726	3	ACCEPTBL: (3)
18.4	18.2	401	4	DESIRABL: (4)
	0.9	21	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 242-243

## V5229 005A05F:PLC WRK PLC DEPT

Apart from the particular kind of work you want to do, how would you rate each of the following settings as a place to work?

Working in a police department or police agency

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
30.6	30.2	666	1	NT ACCEP: (1)
31.8	31.4	692	2	SMWT ACC: (2)
27.9	27.6	607	3	ACCEPTBL: (3)
9.8	9.7	214	4	DESIRABL: (4)
	1.1	25	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 244-245

#### V5230

## 005A05G:PLC WRK SOC SVCS

Apart from the particular kind of work you want to do, how would you rate each of the following settings as a place to work?

Working in a social service organization

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
23.4	23.0	508	1	NT ACCEP: (1)
37.0	36.5	804	2	SMWT ACC: (2)
28.1	27.7	610	3	ACCEPTBL: (3)
11.5	11.4	251	4	DESIRABL: (4)
	1.5	32	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 246-247

## V5231 005A05H:PLC WRK SML GRP

Apart from the particular kind of work you want to do, how would you rate each of the following settings as a place to work?

Working with a small group of partners

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
8.8	8.7	193	1	NT ACCEP: (1)
27.5	27.2	599	2	SMWT ACC: (2)
46.6	46.1	1,016	3	ACCEPTBL: (3)
17.0	16.8	371	4	DESIRABL: (4)
	1.1	25	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 248-249

## V5232

## 005A05I:PLC WRK SLF EMPL

Apart from the particular kind of work you want to do, how would you rate each of the following settings as a place to work?

Working on your own (self-employed)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
9.7	9.5	210	1	NT ACCEP: (1)
16.8	16.6	367	2	SMWT ACC: (2)
35.9	35.5	782	3	ACCEPTBL: (3)
37.6	37.2	820	4	DESIRABL: (4)
	1.1	24	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	Caded	(M+d)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 250-251

# V5233 005A06 :ENUF\$,NT WNT WRK

If you were to get enough money to live as comfortably as you'd like for the rest of your life, would you want to work?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
75.5	74.4	1,640	1	WORK: (1)
24.5	24.2	533	2	NOT WORK: (2)
	1.4	32	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 252-253

#### V5234

#### 005A07A:RCL CNTCT SCHOOL

The next questions are about race relations. How much have you gotten to know people of other races . . .

In school?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
7.1	6.9	152	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
21.3	20.6	455	2	A LITTLE: (2)
26.2	25.3	558	3	SOME: (3)
45.4	43.9	968	4	A LOT: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NT APPLY: (8)
	3.3	72	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 254-255

#### V5235 005A07B:RCL CNTCT NGHBHD

The next questions are about race relations. How much have you gotten to know people of other races . . .

In your neighborhood?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
36.4	33.2	731	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
28.6	26.1	575	2	A LITTLE: (2)
20.2	18.4	406	3	SOME: (3)
14.8	13.5	298	4	A LOT: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NT APPLY: (8)
	8.8	193	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	rageg (	W+4)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 256-257

## V5236

## 005A07C:RCL CNTCT CHURCH

The next questions are about race relations. How much have you gotten to know people of other races . . .

In church?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
40.3	30.6	675	1	NOT @ALL: (1)
25.4	19.3	425	2	A LITTLE: (2)
19.3	14.7	324	3	SOME: (3)
14.9	11.3	250	4	A LOT: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NT APPLY: (8)
	24.1	530	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 258-259

## V5237 005A07D:RCL CNTCT SPORTS

The next questions are about race relations. How much have you gotten to know people of other races . . .

On sports teams?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
19.6	15.2	335	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
20.3	15.7	346	2	A LITTLE: (2)
24.8	19.2	423	3	SOME: (3)
35.4	27.4	604	4	A LOT: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NT APPLY: (8)
	22.5	496	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases (	Wtd)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 260-261

## V5238

## 005A07E:RCL CNTCT CLUBS

The next questions are about race relations. How much have you gotten to know people of other races . . .

In clubs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
27.6	22.0	486	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
20.5	16.4	362	2	A LITTLE: (2)
25.0	20.0	441	3	SOME: (3)
26.9	21.5	474	4	A LOT: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NT APPLY: (8)
	20.1	443	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 262-263

## V5239 005A07F:RCL CNTCT JOB

The next questions are about race relations. How much have you gotten to know people of other races . . .

On a job?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
13.6	11.9	263	1	NOT @ALL: (1)
14.9	13.1	288	2	A LITTLE: (2)
27.5	24.1	532	3	SOME: (3)
44.0	38.6	850	4	A LOT: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NT APPLY: (8)
	12.3	272	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 264-265

## V5240

## 005A08 :B/W RLTNS WRSE

Thinking about the country as a whole, would you say relations between white people and black people have been getting better, getting worse, or staying pretty much the same?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
21.7	21.3	470	1	BETTER: (1)
45.8	44.9	990	2	LITL BTR: (2)
23.7	23.3	513	3	SAME: (3)
5.4	5.3	118	4	LITL WSE: (4)
3.3	3.3	72	5	WORSE: (5)
	1.8	40	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 266-267

# V5241 005A09 :DNT HV DRVR LCNS

Do you have a driver's license?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
83.3	79.4	1,749	1	YES: (1)
14.2	13.5	297	2	SOON WIL: (2)
2.6	2.4	54	3	NO: (3)
	4.7	104	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 268-269

# V5242

## 005A10 :DONT OWN CAR

Do you own a car?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
72.7	57.7	1,271	1	YES: (1)
19.0	15.1	332	2	IN 1-2YR: (2)
8.3	6.6	145	3	NO: (3)
0.0	0.0	0	8	INAP: (8)
	20.7	456	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 270-271

# V5243 005A11 :NEVR USE OTHS CR

Are you able to use someone else's car when you want to?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
32.1	25.5	561	1	WHENEVER: (1)
43.4	34.4	758	2	MST TIME: (2)
16.4	13.0	287	3	SOMETIME: (3)
5.1	4.1	90	4	RARELY: (4)
2.9	2.3	51	5	NEVER: (5)
0.0	0.0	0	8	INAP: (8)
	20.8	458	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 272-273

# V5244

## 005A12 :R CUT DRIVING

Do you make an effort to cut down on driving, in order to save gasoline?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
22.7	17.7	390	1	NOT @ALL: (1)
33.3	25.9	571	2	NOT VMCH: (2)
36.0	28.0	618	3	SM EXTNT: (3)
8.1	6.3	139	4	QUITEBIT: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	7	INAP: (7)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	22.1	487	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 274-275

## V5245 005A13 :R CUT ELECTRICTY

Do you make an effort to cut down on the amount of electricity you use, in order to save energy?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
16.7	16.0	352	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
33.6	32.2	710	2	NOT VMCH: (2)
40.2	38.5	849	3	SM EXTNT: (3)
9.6	9.2	202	4	QUITEBIT: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	7	INAP: (7)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	4.1	90	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 276-277

# V5246 005A14 :RDCE HEAT R'S HM

In the house or apartment where you live, is an effort made to reduce heat during the winter, in order to save energy?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
17.1	15.7	346	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
28.3	25.9	571	2	NOT VMCH: (2)
37.1	34.0	750	3	SM EXTNT: (3)
17.5	16.1	354	4	QUITEBIT: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	7	INAP: (7)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	8.3	184	- 9	Missing
				= .

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 278-279

**ICPSR 3184** 

#### V5247 005A15A:ENJOY SHOPPING

How do you feel about each of the following?

How much do you enjoy shopping for things like clothes, tapes and discs, sporting goods, and books?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
1.6	1.6	35	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
10.7	10.5	232	2	NOT VMCH: (2)
29.8	29.3	646	3	PRTY MCH: (3)
57.9	56.9	1,254	4	VRY MUCH: (4)
	1.7	37	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 280-281

#### V5248 005A15B:CARE LATST FASHN

How do you feel about each of the following?

How much do you care about having the latest fashion in your clothes, tapes and discs, leisure activities, and so on?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
10.5	10.3	227	1	NOT @ALL: (1)
34.7	34.2	753	2	NOT VMCH: (2)
34.8	34.2	755	3	PRTY MCH: (3)
20.0	19.6	432	4	VRY MUCH: (4)
	1.7	37	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 282-283

## V5249 005A15C:CR FAM HV NBR HV

How do you feel about each of the following?

How much do you care about whether your family has most of the things your friends and neighbors have?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
32.0	31.4	693	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
46.6	45.7	1,008	2	NOT VMCH: (2)
16.4	16.1	356	3	PRTY MCH: (3)
4.9	4.8	106	4	VRY MUCH: (4)
	1.9	42	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 284-285

## V5250 005A16 :XPCT 2 OWN>PRNTS

When you are older, do you expect to own more possessions than your parents do now, or about the same, or less? I expect to own . . .

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
1.8	1.8	39	1	MCH LESS: (1)
5.3	5.2	114	2	SMWT LES: (2)
31.0	30.3	667	3	AS MUCH: (3)
36.0	35.2	775	4	SMWT MOR: (4)
25.9	25.3	557	5	MCH MORE: (5)
	2.4	52	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 286-287

#### V5251 005A17 :LST CNT OWN>PRNT

Compared with your parents, what is the smallest amount that you could be content or satisfied to own? The least I could be content to own is . . .

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
11.6	11.3	249	1	MCH LESS: (1)
26.6	25.8	569	2	SMWT LES: (2)
38.8	37.7	830	3	AS MUCH: (3)
17.0	16.5	364	4	SMWT MOR: (4)
6.0	5.9	129	5	MCH MORE: (5)
	2.9	63	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 288-289

## V5252

#### 005A18A:WRRY ABT OW CTRY

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

We ought to worry about our own country and let the rest of the world take care of itself

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
16.6	16.3	358	1	DISAGREE: (1)
25.4	24.9	549	2	MOST DIS: (2)
18.9	18.5	408	3	NEITHER: (3)
24.7	24.2	534	4	MOST AGR: (4)
14.3	14.0	309	5	AGREE: (5)
	2.1	47	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	02000 /	W+ ♂ \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 290-291

# V5253 005A18B:BTTR IF CTZ WRLD

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

It would be better if we all felt more like citizens of the world than of any particular country

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
11.2	11.0	242	1	DISAGREE: (1)
12.1	11.8	261	2	MOST DIS: (2)
31.1	30.3	668	3	NEITHER: (3)
26.7	26.1	575	4	MOST AGR: (4)
18.9	18.4	406	5	AGREE: (5)
	2.4	54	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	Cageg	(b+d)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 292-293

# V5254 005A18C:-SYMP TWD STARVG

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

I find it hard to be sympathetic toward starving people in foreign lands, when there is so much trouble in our own country

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
34.4	33.5	738	1	DISAGREE: (1)
23.5	23.0	506	2	MOST DIS: (2)
19.4	18.9	417	3	NEITHER: (3)
13.1	12.8	282	4	MOST AGR: (4)
9.5	9.3	205	5	AGREE: (5)
	2.5	56	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 294-295

## V5255 005A18D:MNRTY NT MY BSNS

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

Maybe some minority groups do get unfair treatment, but that's no business of mine

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
39.2	38.0	839	1	DISAGREE: (1)
26.7	25.9	571	2	MOST DIS: (2)
19.0	18.4	406	3	NEITHER: (3)
8.6	8.3	184	4	MOST AGR: (4)
6.4	6.2	137	5	AGREE: (5)
	3.1	67	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 296-297

## V5256

# 005A18E:UPST PL TR -FAIR

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

I get very upset when I see other people treated unfairly

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.9	2.8	63	1	DISAGREE: (1)
4.4	4.3	95	2	MOST DIS: (2)
8.9	8.6	191	3	NEITHER: (3)
31.2	30.4	671	4	MOST AGR: (4)
52.5	51.2	1,128	5	AGREE: (5)
	2.6	58	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 298-299

## V5257 005A18F:HELP POOR W MY \$

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

I would agree to a good plan to make a better life for the poor, even if it cost me money

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
6.9	6.7	149	1	DISAGREE: (1)
9.9	9.7	214	2	MOST DIS: (2)
25.1	24.5	540	3	NEITHER: (3)
36.8	35.8	790	4	MOST AGR: (4)
21.2	20.7	456	5	AGREE: (5)
	2.5	56	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	aaaaa	( b + w )

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 300-301

## V5258

## 005A18G:-MY PRB OT ND HP

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

It's not really my problem if others are in trouble and need help

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
37.2	36.3	800	1	DISAGREE: (1)
34.2	33.3	734	2	MOST DIS: (2)
18.2	17.8	391	3	NEITHER: (3)
7.5	7.3	162	4	MOST AGR: (4)
2.9	2.8	62	5	AGREE: (5)
	2.5	56	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases	(Wt.d)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 302-303

## V5259 005A18H:RB CHNG ETG HABT

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

Americans could change their eating habits to provide more food for the hungry people in other parts of the world, and at the same time be healthier themselves

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
11.6	11.3	248	1	DISAGREE: (1)
11.2	10.9	241	2	MOST DIS: (2)
21.9	21.3	470	3	NEITHER: (3)
28.2	27.4	605	4	MOST AGR: (4)
27.1	26.4	581	5	AGREE: (5)
	2.7	59	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric

Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 304-305

## V5260 005A18I:FAM BUYS THG -ND

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

My family and I often buy things we really don't need; we could get along with much less (This question is omitted from California questionnaires.)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
12.0	9.2	204	1	DISAGREE: (1)
16.2	12.4	274	2	MOST DIS: (2)
19.4	14.9	329	3	NEITHER: (3)
31.7	24.4	537	4	MOST AGR: (4)
20.7	15.9	351	5	AGREE: (5)
	23.1	510	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 306-307

## V5261 005A18J:FULLR LVS IF MRY

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

Most people will have fuller and happier lives if they choose legal marriage rather than staying single or just living with someone (This question is omitted from California questionnaires.)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
21.2	16.4	361	1	DISAGREE: (1)
12.5	9.7	213	2	MOST DIS: (2)
33.3	25.6	565	3	NEITHER: (3)
15.6	12.1	266	4	MOST AGR: (4)
17.3	13.4	294	5	AGREE: (5)
	22.9	505	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 308-309

## V5262 005A18K:ENCRG=INDP DT/SN

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

Parents should encourage just as much independence in their daughters as in their sons

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.8	2.8	61	1	DISAGREE: (1)
5.3	5.1	113	2	MOST DIS: (2)
10.7	10.4	229	3	NEITHER: (3)
21.6	21.0	463	4	MOST AGR: (4)
59.6	58.0	1,279	5	AGREE: (5)
	2.7	60	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 310-311

## V5263

## 005A18L:BNG MOTH V FULFL

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

Being a mother and raising children is one of the most fulfilling experiences a woman can have

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
5.2	5.0	111	1	DISAGREE: (1)
4.6	4.5	98	2	MOST DIS: (2)
29.3	28.4	626	3	NEITHER: (3)
26.2	25.4	560	4	MOST AGR: (4)
34.7	33.6	740	5	AGREE: (5)
	3.2	70	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 312-313

# V5264 005A18M:FTHR>TIME W CHLD

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

Most fathers should spend more time with their children than they do now

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
1.5	1.4	32	1	DISAGREE: (1)
2.7	2.6	57	2	MOST DIS: (2)
17.1	16.7	368	3	NEITHER: (3)
31.9	31.1	686	4	MOST AGR: (4)
46.8	45.5	1,004	5	AGREE: (5)
	2.6	58	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 314-315

### V5265 005A18N:HSB MAK IMP DCSN

These next questions ask your opinions about a number of different topics. How much do you agree or disagree with each statement below?

The husband should make all the important decisions in the family (This question is omitted from California questionnaires.)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
46.8	36.1	795	1	DISAGREE: (1)
18.7	14.5	319	2	MOST DIS: (2)
18.3	14.1	311	3	NEITHER: (3)
10.1	7.8	172	4	MOST AGR: (4)
6.0	4.7	103	5	AGREE: (5)
	22.9	504	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 316-317

### V5266

### 005A19 :INTEREST IN GOVT

Some people think about what's going on in government very often, and others are not that interested. How much of an interest do you take in government and current events?

PCT VALID	PCT ALL	N	VALUE	LABEL
9.1	8.9	195	1	NO INTRS: (1)
24.2	23.6	520	2	LIT INTR: (2)
45.0	43.8	965	3	SOM INTR: (3)
15.8	15.4	338	4	LOT INTR: (4)
5.8	5.7	125	5	VGRT INT: (5)
	2.7	60	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 318-319

### V5267 005A20A:CTB TO UNTD FUND

If you have at least an average income in the future, how likely is it that you will contribute money to the following organizations? If you have already contributed, mark the last circle only.

Are you likely to contribute to . . .

The United Fund or other community charities?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
7.9	7.6	167	1	DEF NOT: (1)
14.4	13.9	307	2	PROB NOT: (2)
44.2	42.8	942	3	DK: (3)
24.2	23.4	516	4	PRB WILL: (4)
3.8	3.6	80	5	DEF WILL: (5)
5.5	5.3	117	6	HAV DONE: (6)
	3.3	73	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 320-321

### V5268 005A20B:CTB TO INTL RELF

If you have at least an average income in the future, how likely is it that you will contribute money to the following organizations? If you have already contributed, mark the last circle only.

Are you likely to contribute to . . .

International relief organizations (CARE, UNICEF, etc.)?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
8.4	8.1	179	1	DEF NOT: (1)
15.8	15.3	337	2	PROB NOT: (2)
43.6	42.3	932	3	DK: (3)
23.8	23.0	508	4	PRB WILL: (4)
4.5	4.3	96	5	DEF WILL: (5)
3.9	3.8	84	6	HAV DONE: (6)
	3.1	69	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 322-323

### V5269 005A20C:CTB TO MNRTY GRP

If you have at least an average income in the future, how likely is it that you will contribute money to the following organizations? If you have already contributed, mark the last circle only.

Are you likely to contribute to . . .

Minority group organizations (NAACP, SCLC, etc.)?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
15.5	15.0	330	1	DEF NOT: (1)
20.8	20.2	444	2	PROB NOT: (2)
38.1	36.9	813	3	DK: (3)
17.2	16.6	367	4	PRB WILL: (4)
6.8	6.6	146	5	DEF WILL: (5)
1.5	1.4	31	6	HAV DONE: (6)
	3.3	72	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 324-325

### V5270 005A20D:CTB TO RELGS ORG

If you have at least an average income in the future, how likely is it that you will contribute money to the following organizations? If you have already contributed, mark the last circle only.

Are you likely to contribute to . . .

Church or religious organizations?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
9.2	8.9	196	1	DEF NOT: (1)
8.6	8.3	183	2	PROB NOT: (2)
16.7	16.1	356	3	DK: (3)
23.9	23.1	509	4	PRB WILL: (4)
16.6	16.1	354	5	DEF WILL: (5)
25.0	24.1	532	6	HAV DONE: (6)
	3.4	74	- 9	Missing
1000	1000	0 004	/	T.T.L7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 326-327

### V5271 005A20E:CTB TO PLTCL PTY

If you have at least an average income in the future, how likely is it that you will contribute money to the following organizations? If you have already contributed, mark the last circle only.

Are you likely to contribute to . . .

Political parties or organizations?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
26.3	25.4	559	1	DEF NOT: (1)
29.1	28.1	619	2	PROB NOT: (2)
31.9	30.8	680	3	DK: (3)
9.9	9.5	210	4	PRB WILL: (4)
1.7	1.7	37	5	DEF WILL: (5)
1.1	1.1	23	6	HAV DONE: (6)
	3.4	76	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 328-329

### V5272 005A20F:CTB TO CTZN LBBY

If you have at least an average income in the future, how likely is it that you will contribute money to the following organizations? If you have already contributed, mark the last circle only.

Are you likely to contribute to . . .

Citizen lobbies (Common Cause, Public Citizen, etc.)?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
12.6	12.1	267	1	DEF NOT: (1)
22.7	21.9	483	2	PROB NOT: (2)
51.0	49.2	1,084	3	DK: (3)
10.9	10.5	232	4	PRB WILL: (4)
2.0	1.9	42	5	DEF WILL: (5)
0.9	0.9	19	6	HAV DONE: (6)
	3.5	77	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 330-331

#### V5273 005A20G:CTB TO VS DISEAS

If you have at least an average income in the future, how likely is it that you will contribute money to the following organizations? If you have already contributed, mark the last circle only.

Are you likely to contribute to . . .

Charities to help fight diseases (Cancer, Heart Disease, etc.)?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
4.1	3.9	86	1	DEF NOT: (1)
4.1	3.9	86	2	PROB NOT: (2)
16.6	16.0	353	3	DK: (3)
38.0	36.6	808	4	PRB WILL: (4)
25.1	24.2	534	5	DEF WILL: (5)
12.1	11.7	258	6	HAV DONE: (6)
	3.6	78	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	cases (	(b+w

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 332-333

### V5274 005A20H:CTB TO POP PRBMS

If you have at least an average income in the future, how likely is it that you will contribute money to the following organizations? If you have already contributed, mark the last circle only.

Are you likely to contribute to . . .

Organizations concerned with population problems (Planned Parenthood, ZPG, etc.)?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
12.6	12.2	270	1	DEF NOT: (1)
18.6	18.0	396	2	PROB NOT: (2)
42.6	41.2	908	3	DK: (3)
18.7	18.1	398	4	PRB WILL: (4)
5.2	5.0	111	5	DEF WILL: (5)
2.4	2.3	51	6	HAV DONE: (6)
	3.3	72	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 334-335

#### V5275 005A20I:CTB TO ENVIR PBM

If you have at least an average income in the future, how likely is it that you will contribute money to the following organizations? If you have already contributed, mark the last circle only.

Are you likely to contribute to . . .

Organizations concerned with environmental problems (Sierra Club, Friends of Earth, etc.)?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
9.5	9.2	202	1	DEF NOT: (1)
15.0	14.5	320	2	PROB NOT: (2)
39.5	38.3	845	3	DK:(3)
23.7	23.0	506	4	PRB WILL: (4)
8.8	8.5	187	5	DEF WILL: (5)
3.6	3.4	76	6	HAV DONE: (6)
	3.1	67	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases (	Wt.d)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 336-337

## V5276

## 005A21 :CMP SATFD W/LIFE

How satisfied are you with your life as a whole these days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
1.9	1.9	41	1	COMP DIS: (1)
6.3	6.2	137	2	QUITE DS:(2)
8.1	8.0	176	3	SMWT DIS: (3)
12.6	12.4	274	4	NEITHER: (4)
22.3	21.9	482	5	SMWT SAT: (5)
40.2	39.6	872	6	QUITE ST: (6)
8.5	8.4	185	7	COMP SAT: (7)
	1.7	38	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 338-339

#### V5277 005A22A:DSCM WN COLLG ED

These questions are about whether you think women are discriminated against in each of the following areas. To what extent are women discriminated against . . .

In getting a college education?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
46.0	40.3	888	1	NOT @ALL: (1)
32.8	28.8	634	2	VRY LITL: (2)
16.0	14.0	310	3	SOME: (3)
2.8	2.4	54	4	GD DEAL: (4)
2.4	2.1	46	5	GRT DEAL: (5)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	12.4	273	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases (	(b.tW

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 340-341

### V5278

### 005A22B:DSCM WN LDRSHP

These questions are about whether you think women are discriminated against in each of the following areas. To what extent are women discriminated against . . .

In gaining positions of leadership over men and women?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
9.5	8.7	191	1	NOT @ALL: (1)
13.3	12.2	268	2	VRY LITL: (2)
36.5	33.4	736	3	SOME: (3)
27.5	25.2	555	4	GD DEAL: (4)
13.2	12.1	267	5	GRT DEAL: (5)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	8.5	187	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 342-343

### V5279 005A22C:DSCM WN EXEC/BSN

These questions are about whether you think women are discriminated against in each of the following areas.

To what extent are women discriminated against . . .

In obtaining executive positions in business?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
11.3	10.1	223	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
17.7	15.8	348	2	VRY LITL: (2)
33.7	30.1	662	3	SOME: (3)
25.7	22.9	506	4	GD DEAL: (4)
11.5	10.2	225	5	GRT DEAL: (5)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	10.9	240	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 344-345

### V5280

### 005A22D:DSCM WN TOP/PRFN

These questions are about whether you think women are discriminated against in each of the following areas.

To what extent are women discriminated against . . .

In obtaining top jobs in the professions?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
14.1	12.7	279	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
21.1	19.0	419	2	VRY LITL: (2)
33.2	29.9	658	3	SOME: (3)
20.5	18.4	406	4	GD DEAL: (4)
11.2	10.1	222	5	GRT DEAL: (5)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	10.0	220	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 346-347

### V5281 005A22E:DSCM WN SKL LABR

These questions are about whether you think women are discriminated against in each of the following areas.

To what extent are women discriminated against . . .

In getting skilled labor jobs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
17.0	14.5	319	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
22.2	18.8	415	2	VRY LITL: (2)
32.0	27.2	599	3	SOME: (3)
17.4	14.8	326	4	GD DEAL: (4)
11.3	9.6	212	5	GRT DEAL: (5)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	15.2	334	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 348-349

### V5282

### 005A22F:DSCM WN PLTCL OF

These questions are about whether you think women are discriminated against in each of the following areas.

To what extent are women discriminated against . . .

In getting elected to political office?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
8.8	7.9	174	1	NOT @ALL:(1)
11.7	10.6	234	2	VRY LITL: (2)
25.0	22.5	497	3	SOME: (3)
26.1	23.5	518	4	GD DEAL: (4)
28.5	25.7	566	5	GRT DEAL: (5)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	9.8	215	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 350-351

### V5283 005A22G:DSCM WN =PAY =WK

These questions are about whether you think women are discriminated against in each of the following areas.

To what extent are women discriminated against . . .

In getting equal pay for equal work?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
19.9	17.8	392	1	NOT @ALL: (1)
19.6	17.5	386	2	VRY LITL: (2)
27.3	24.3	536	3	SOME: (3)
16.9	15.1	333	4	GD DEAL: (4)
16.3	14.6	321	5	GRT DEAL: (5)
0.0	0.0	0	8	DK: (8)
	10.7	236	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 352-353

### V5284

## 005A23A:RSK OF CIG1+PK/D

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
1.9	1.9	41	1	NO RISK: (1)
3.8	3.7	81	2	SLIGHT: (2)
20.4	19.6	432	3	MOD RISK: (3)
73.9	70.9	1,563	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	4.0	88	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases (	Wt.d)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 354-355

### V5285 005A23B:RSK OF MJ 1-2 X

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Try marijuana (pot, weed) once or twice

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
40.4	38.2	843	1	NO RISK: (1)
32.5	30.7	677	2	SLIGHT: (2)
13.2	12.5	275	3	MOD RISK: (3)
14.0	13.2	291	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	5.3	118	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	02000 (	N+4N

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 356-357

### V5286

## 005A23C:RSK OF MJ OCSNLY

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Smoke marijuana occasionally

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
14.0	13.3	293	1	NO RISK: (1)
30.8	29.1	642	2	SLIGHT: (2)
31.3	29.7	654	3	MOD RISK: (3)
23.9	22.6	498	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	5.3	118	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 358-359

#### V5287 005A23D:RSK OF MJ REGLY

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Smoke marijuana regularly

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
6.2	5.9	130	1	NO RISK: (1)
10.6	10.1	222	2	SLIGHT: (2)
23.7	22.5	495	3	MOD RISK: (3)
59.5	56.5	1,245	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	5.1	113	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 360-361

### V5288

## 005A23E:RSK OF LSD 1-2 X

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Try LSD once or twice

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
8.5	7.3	161	1	NO RISK: (1)
24.2	20.9	460	2	SLIGHT: (2)
28.6	24.6	543	3	MOD RISK: (3)
38.7	33.4	735	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	13.8	305	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 362-363

#### V5289 005A23F:RSK OF LSD REGLY

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in  $\$  other ways), if they . . .

Take LSD regularly

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.6	2.3	50	1	NO RISK: (1)
2.3	2.0	43	2	SLIGHT: (2)
9.3	8.0	177	3	MOD RISK: (3)
85.8	73.8	1,627	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	13.9	307	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	cageg (	( h + W

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 364-365

### V5290

## 005A23G:RSK OF H 1-2 X

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Try heroin once or twice

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
5.0	4.6	101	1	NO RISK: (1)
11.6	10.5	231	2	SLIGHT: (2)
25.2	22.9	504	3	MOD RISK: (3)
58.1	52.7	1,161	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	9.4	207	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases (	Wt.d)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 366-367

### V5291 005A23H:RSK OF H OCSNL

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Take heroin occasionally

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.8	2.6	56	1	NO RISK: (1)
2.0	1.9	41	2	SLIGHT: (2)
15.2	13.8	304	3	MOD RISK: (3)
80.0	72.7	1,601	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	9.2	202	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	02000 (	W+∀)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 368-369

### V5292

### 005A23I:RSK OF H REGLY

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Take heroin regularly

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.6	2.3	52	1	NO RISK: (1)
0.5	0.5	10	2	SLIGHT: (2)
1.3	1.2	27	3	MOD RISK: (3)
95.6	86.8	1,914	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	9.1	202	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 370-371

### V5293 005A23J:RSK OF BARB 1-2X

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Try barbiturates (downers, goofballs, reds, yellows, etc.) once or twice

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
10.9	7.5	165	1	NO RISK: (1)
24.4	16.8	369	2	SLIGHT: (2)
29.5	20.2	446	3	MOD RISK: (3)
35.2	24.2	533	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	31.3	690	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 372-373

# V5294 005A23K:RSK OF BARB REGY

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Take barbiturates regularly

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
3.1	2.1	46	1	NO RISK: (1)
5.4	3.7	81	2	SLIGHT: (2)
17.9	12.2	269	3	MOD RISK: (3)
73.6	50.3	1,109	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	31.7	699	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 374-375

## V5295 005A23L:RSK OF AMPH 1-2X

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Try amphetamines (uppers, pep pills, bennies, speed) once or twice

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
11.6	9.9	219	1	NO RISK: (1)
21.0	18.0	397	2	SLIGHT: (2)
30.3	26.0	573	3	MOD RISK: (3)
37.0	31.7	699	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	14.4	316	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 376-377

#### V5296 005A23M:RSK OF AMPH REG

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Take amphetamines regularly

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.7	2.3	51	1	NO RISK: (1)
5.4	4.6	102	2	SLIGHT: (2)
16.3	13.8	305	3	MOD RISK: (3)
75.6	64.3	1,417	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	14.9	329	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	02000 (	W+∀)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 378-379

### V5297

## 005A23N:RSK OF COKE 1-2X

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Try cocaine once or twice

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
6.9	6.4	141	1	NO RISK: (1)
14.5	13.4	296	2	SLIGHT: (2)
25.1	23.3	513	3	MOD RISK: (3)
53.6	49.7	1,095	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	7.2	160	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 380-381

## V5298 005A230:RSK OF COKE REG

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Take cocaine regularly

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.4	2.2	50	1	NO RISK: (1)
1.8	1.6	36	2	SLIGHT: (2)
5.6	5.2	114	3	MOD RISK: (3)
90.2	83.6	1,842	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	7.3	162	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	02000 (	N+4N

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 382-383

## V5299 005A23P:RSK OF 1-2 DRINK

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Try one or two drinks of an alcoholic beverage (beer, wine, liquor)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
53.4	50.9	1,122	1	NO RISK: (1)
30.4	28.9	638	2	SLIGHT: (2)
9.6	9.1	201	3	MOD RISK: (3)
6.6	6.3	139	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	4.7	104	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 384-385

#### V5300 005A23Q:RSK OF 1-2 DR/DA

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Take one or two drinks nearly every day

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
14.4	13.7	302	1	NO RISK: (1)
28.6	27.2	600	2	SLIGHT: (2)
34.8	33.2	731	3	MOD RISK: (3)
22.2	21.2	467	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	4.7	104	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 386-387

### V5301

### 005A23R:RSK OF 4-5 DR/DA

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Take four or five drinks nearly every day

БСШ	DOM	3.7	777 T TTT	T 7 D D T
PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
5.1	4.8	106	1	NO RISK: (1)
9.6	9.1	201	2	SLIGHT: (2)
24.1	22.9	504	3	MOD RISK: (3)
61.3	58.2	1,284	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	4.9	109	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 388-389

#### V5302 005A23S:RSK OF 5+DR/WKND

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Have five or more drinks once or twice each weekend

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
10.1	9.6	212	1	NO RISK: (1)
16.4	15.6	344	2	SLIGHT: (2)
29.9	28.5	629	3	MOD RISK: (3)
43.6	41.5	915	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	4.7	105	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	cases (	(b+W

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 390-391

### V5303

## 005D01A:POS ATT TWD SELF

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I take a positive attitude toward myself

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.9	2.7	59	1	DISAGREE: (1)
6.8	6.3	139	2	MOST DIS: (2)
8.9	8.2	181	3	NEITHER: (3)
43.7	40.5	892	4	MOST AGR: (4)
37.7	34.9	770	5	AGREE: (5)
	7.5	164	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	cageg (	( h + W

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 392-393

### V5304 005D01B:LUCK>IMP HRD WRK

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

Good luck is more important than hard work for success

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
35.4	32.7	720	1	DISAGREE: (1)
34.8	32.1	707	2	MOST DIS: (2)
19.2	17.8	391	3	NEITHER: (3)
6.8	6.3	139	4	MOST AGR: (4)
3.7	3.4	75	5	AGREE: (5)
	7.7	171	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 394-395

## V5305

## 005D01C:AM PRSN OF WORTH

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I feel I am a person of worth, on an equal plane with  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) =\left( 1$ 

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
2.2	2.0	45	1	DISAGREE: (1)
5.3	4.8	107	2	MOST DIS: (2)
11.7	10.8	239	3	NEITHER: (3)
37.4	34.5	761	4	MOST AGR: (4)
43.4	40.1	883	5	AGREE: (5)
	7.7	170	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 396-397

### V5306 005D01D:DO WELL AS OTHRS

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I am able to do things as well as most other people

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
1.4	1.3	29	1	DISAGREE: (1)
3.3	3.0	67	2	MOST DIS: (2)
6.3	5.8	128	3	NEITHER: (3)
42.2	38.8	856	4	MOST AGR: (4)
46.7	43.0	947	5	AGREE: (5)
	8.0	177	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 398-399

## V5307 005D01E:TRY GT AHD,STOPD

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

Every time I try to get ahead, something or somebody stops me

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
18.1	16.6	366	1	DISAGREE: (1)
31.4	28.9	637	2	MOST DIS: (2)
23.6	21.7	479	3	NEITHER: (3)
19.2	17.7	390	4	MOST AGR: (4)
7.7	7.1	156	5	AGREE: (5)
	8.0	176	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 400-401

### V5308 005D01F:PLNNG MKS UNHPPY

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

Planning only makes a person unhappy since plans hardly ever work out anyway

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
26.0	23.8	526	1	DISAGREE: (1)
31.9	29.2	645	2	MOST DIS: (2)
19.6	18.0	396	3	NEITHER: (3)
15.7	14.4	317	4	MOST AGR: (4)
6.9	6.3	139	5	AGREE: (5)
	8.2	181	-9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	cases	(b+W)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 402-403

### V5309

### 005D01G:ACPT LIFE->HAPPR

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

People who accept their condition in life are happier than those who try to change things

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
15.9	14.6	322	1	DISAGREE: (1)
19.8	18.2	400	2	MOST DIS: (2)
24.8	22.8	502	3	NEITHER: (3)
22.5	20.7	456	4	MOST AGR: (4)
16.9	15.5	342	5	AGREE: (5)
	8.2	182	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 404-405

### V5310 005D01H:SATISFD W MYSELF

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

On the whole, I'm satisfied with myself

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
3.3	3.0	67	1	DISAGREE: (1)
7.6	7.0	154	2	MOST DIS: (2)
9.6	8.8	194	3	NEITHER: (3)
37.7	34.5	761	4	MOST AGR: (4)
41.8	38.3	843	5	AGREE: (5)
	8.4	185	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 406-407

## V5311

### 005D01I:PPL LK ME -CHANC

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

People like me don't have much of a chance to be successful in life

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
58.6	53.7	1,183	1	DISAGREE: (1)
23.1	21.2	466	2	MOST DIS: (2)
11.3	10.3	228	3	NEITHER: (3)
4.5	4.1	91	4	MOST AGR: (4)
2.5	2.3	51	5	AGREE: (5)
	8.4	185	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 408-409

### V5312 005D01J:MY PLANS DO WORK

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

When I make plans, I am almost certain that I can make them work

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
3.5	3.2	71	1	DISAGREE: (1)
6.4	5.9	129	2	MOST DIS: (2)
15.8	14.5	319	3	NEITHER: (3)
43.8	40.1	884	4	MOST AGR: (4)
30.5	27.9	615	5	AGREE: (5)
	8.5	186	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	~~~~	/T-T= -3\

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 410-411

### V5313

### 005D01K:OFTN FEEL LONELY

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

A lot of times I feel lonely

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
23.2	21.2	467	1	DISAGREE: (1)
26.6	24.3	535	2	MOST DIS: (2)
17.2	15.7	346	3	NEITHER: (3)
21.2	19.3	426	4	MOST AGR: (4)
11.8	10.7	237	5	AGREE: (5)
	8.8	194	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 412-413

## V5314 005D01L:-MUCH TO B PROUD

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I feel I do not have much to be proud of

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
44.8	40.8	898	1	DISAGREE: (1)
27.8	25.3	558	2	MOST DIS: (2)
11.7	10.7	235	3	NEITHER: (3)
10.6	9.7	213	4	MOST AGR: (4)
5.1	4.7	103	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.0	197	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases	(btW)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 414-415

## V5315 005D01M:ALWYS SM1 HELP R

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

There is always someone I can turn to if I need help

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
4.0	3.6	80	1	DISAGREE: (1)
6.1	5.5	122	2	MOST DIS: (2)
7.0	6.3	140	3	NEITHER: (3)
25.9	23.6	520	4	MOST AGR: (4)
57.0	51.9	1,144	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.0	198	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 416-417

## V5316 005D01N:I AM NO GOOD

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

Sometimes I think that I am no good at all

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
41.7	37.9	835	1	DISAGREE: (1)
21.5	19.5	430	2	MOST DIS: (2)
13.2	12.0	264	3	NEITHER: (3)
15.8	14.4	317	4	MOST AGR: (4)
7.7	7.0	155	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.2	204	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 418-419

## V5317 005D010:OFTN FL LEFT OUT

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I often feel left out of things

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
24.4	22.1	488	1	DISAGREE: (1)
25.1	22.8	502	2	MOST DIS: (2)
19.0	17.2	380	3	NEITHER: (3)
20.4	18.5	408	4	MOST AGR: (4)
11.0	10.0	220	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.4	206	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 420-421

### V5318 005D01P:PPL MASTER FATE

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I believe a person is master of his/her own fate

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
5.7	5.1	113	1	DISAGREE: (1)
6.0	5.4	119	2	MOST DIS: (2)
18.6	16.8	370	3	NEITHER: (3)
33.2	30.0	662	4	MOST AGR: (4)
36.6	33.1	730	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.5	210	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 422-423

## V5319

### 005D01Q:USLY SM1 TALK TO

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

There is usually someone I can talk to, if I need to

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
3.3	3.0	66	1	DISAGREE: (1)
4.6	4.2	92	2	MOST DIS: (2)
5.9	5.4	118	3	NEITHER: (3)
26.2	23.8	525	4	MOST AGR: (4)
60.0	54.5	1,201	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.1	201	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	a2a0a /	W+ △ \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 424-425

### V5320 005D01R:I DO WRONG THING

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I feel that I can't do anything right

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
44.5	40.1	884	1	DISAGREE: (1)
27.2	24.6	541	2	MOST DIS: (2)
13.8	12.4	274	3	NEITHER: (3)
9.0	8.1	179	4	MOST AGR: (4)
5.5	4.9	108	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.9	218	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 426-427

## V5321

### 005D01S:OFT WSH MOR FRND

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I often wish I had more good friends

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
21.9	19.8	437	1	DISAGREE: (1)
14.8	13.4	296	2	MOST DIS: (2)
15.6	14.1	311	3	NEITHER: (3)
25.9	23.5	517	4	MOST AGR: (4)
21.8	19.7	434	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.5	209	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	a2a0a /	(

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 428-429

## V5322 005D01T:PLANS->BTR RSLTS

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

Planning ahead makes things turn out better

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
4.5	4.1	90	1	DISAGREE: (1)
7.0	6.4	140	2	MOST DIS: (2)
23.0	20.9	460	3	NEITHER: (3)
38.4	34.8	768	4	MOST AGR: (4)
27.0	24.5	540	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.3	206	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 430-431

# V5323

## 005D01U:MY LIFE NT USEFL

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I feel that my life is not very useful

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
53.0	47.8	1,054	1	DISAGREE: (1)
22.1	20.0	441	2	MOST DIS: (2)
13.6	12.3	271	3	NEITHER: (3)
7.4	6.7	148	4	MOST AGR: (4)
3.8	3.5	76	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.7	214	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	aaaaa /	/ L + W

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 432-433

## V5324 005D01V:USLY FRDS BE WTH

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I usually have a few friends around that I can get together with

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
5.6	5.0	111	1	DISAGREE: (1)
5.7	5.1	113	2	MOST DIS: (2)
7.7	7.0	154	3	NEITHER: (3)
35.7	32.2	709	4	MOST AGR: (4)
45.3	40.8	899	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.9	219	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric

Columns: 434-435

Missing-data code: -9

## V5325 005D02 :LV TGTH=BD MRLTY

A man and a woman who live together without being married are . . . (This question is omitted from California questionnaires.)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
21.1	13.2	291	1	EXPERIMT: (1)
62.1	38.9	858	2	OWNTHING: (2)
3.7	2.3	51	3	DESTRUCT: (3)
13.2	8.3	182	4	VIOLATNG: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NONABOVE: (8)
	37.3	822	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 436-437

## V5326 005D03 :FAM-MAR=BD MRLTY

A man and a woman who decide to have and raise a child out of wedlock are . . . (This question is omitted from California questionnaires.)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
11.5	6.8	149	1	EXPERIMT: (1)
50.6	29.7	655	2	OWNTHING: (2)
15.6	9.2	202	3	DESTRUCT: (3)
22.3	13.1	288	4	VIOLATNG: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	8	NONABOVE: (8)
	41.3	910	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 438-439

## V5327

## 005D04A:I HAVE ENOUGH \$

These next questions ask how you feel about your present financial situation and your future financial situation.

I feel that I have enough money to get along pretty well

PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
ALL			
11.3	248	1	NEVER: (1)
15.4	340	2	SELDOM: (2)
28.6	630	3	SOMETIME: (3)
21.0	464	4	OFTEN: (4)
11.4	252	5	ALWAYS: (5)
12.3	270	- 9	Missing
100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)
	ALL 11.3 15.4 28.6 21.0 11.4 12.3	ALL 11.3 248 15.4 340 28.6 630 21.0 464 11.4 252 12.3 270	ALL 11.3 248 1 15.4 340 2 28.6 630 3 21.0 464 4 11.4 252 5 12.3 270 -9

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 440-441

#### V5328 005D04B:I LACK \$ FR BILL

These next questions ask how you feel about your present financial situation and your future financial situation.

I get very concerned about how I am going to be able to pay my next bills

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
34.2	29.7	656	1	NEVER: (1)
25.8	22.4	495	2	SELDOM: (2)
22.1	19.3	425	3	SOMETIME: (3)
11.1	9.7	213	4	OFTEN: (4)
6.8	5.9	130	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	13.0	286	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 442-443

# V5329

## 005D04C:I WRY@-FINDG JOB

These next questions ask how you feel about your present financial situation and your future financial situation.

I worry whether I will have any job at all in a few months

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
53.1	46.2	1,019	1	NEVER: (1)
20.2	17.6	387	2	SELDOM: (2)
15.3	13.3	293	3	SOMETIME: (3)
6.6	5.8	127	4	OFTEN: (4)
4.9	4.2	94	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	12.9	284	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	cageg (	( h + W

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 444-445

#### V5330 005D04D:I CAN FIND JOB

These next questions ask how you feel about your present financial situation and your future financial situation.

I feel sure that I could go out and get a new job (with decent pay) whenever I want one

LABEL	VALUE	N	PCT	PCT
			ALL	VALID
NEVER: (1)	1	166	7.5	8.7
SELDOM: (2)	2	250	11.3	13.1
SOMETIME: (3)	3	555	25.2	29.0
OFTEN: (4)	4	480	21.8	25.1
ALWAYS: (5)	5	463	21.0	24.2
Missing	- 9	290	13.1	
(5±t	cases (W	2 204	100 0	100 0

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 446-447

# V5331

## 005D04E:I CAN KEEP MYJOB

These next questions ask how you feel about your present financial situation and your future financial situation.

I feel sure that I can keep working steadily with my present employer as long as I want to

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
6.0	3.9	86	1	NEVER: (1)
4.1	2.7	59	2	SELDOM: (2)
11.7	7.6	167	3	SOMETIME: (3)
26.0	16.9	371	4	OFTEN: (4)
52.2	33.8	746	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	35.1	775	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 448-449

## V5332 005D04F:I WRY@LOSS MYJOB

These next questions ask how you feel about your present financial situation and your future financial situation.

I worry about getting fired or laid-off from my job

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
ALID	ALL			
67.0	43.2	953	1	NEVER: (1)
18.8	12.1	267	2	SELDOM: (2)
9.0	5.8	127	3	SOMETIME: (3)
2.6	1.7	36	4	OFTEN: (4)
2.8	1.8	39	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	35.4	781	- 9	Missing
0001	100 0	2.204	cases ()	W+d)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 450-451

#### V5334

# 005E01A:I/MJ USR,>CREATV

Do YOU think that people who smoke marijuana several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more creative than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
55.6	47.9	1,056	1	NO: (1)
21.7	18.7	411	2	YES: (2)
22.7	19.6	432	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	13.9	306	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 452-453

# V5335 005E01B:I/MJ USR,<SENSBL

Do YOU think that people who smoke marijuana several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . less sensible than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
26.9	23.1	509	1	NO: (1)
50.3	43.1	951	2	YES: (2)
22.7	19.5	429	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	14.3	316	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 454-455

# V5336

## 005E01C:I/MJ USR,>INTRST

Do YOU think that people who smoke marijuana several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more interesting people than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
56.0	48.2	1,062	1	NO: (1)
24.6	21.2	467	2	YES: (2)
19.4	16.7	368	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	14.0	308	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 456-457

## V5337 005E01D:I/MJ USR,<HRDWKG

Do YOU think that people who smoke marijuana several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . less hard-working than average

PCT PCT N V	VALUE	LABEL
VALID ALL		
28.0 24.1 532	1	NO: (1)
54.5 46.9 1,034	2	YES: (2)
17.5 15.1 333	3	NOT SURE: (3)
13.9 306	- 9	Missing
100.0 100.0 2,204 ca	ases (W	Itd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 458-459

## V5338

## 005E01E:I/MJ USR,>INDPND

Do YOU think that people who smoke marijuana several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more independent than average  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left($ 

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
51.4	44.0	969	1	NO: (1)
25.4	21.8	480	2	YES: (2)
23.2	19.9	438	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	14.4	318	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 460-461

# V5339 005E01F:I/MJ USR,>UNSTBL

Do YOU think that people who smoke marijuana several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more emotionally unstable than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
27.2	23.4	515	1	NO: (1)
51.5	44.3	975	2	YES: (2)
21.2	18.2	402	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	14.1	312	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 462-463

# V5340 005E01G:I/MJ USR,>CNCRND

Do YOU think that people who smoke marijuana several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more concerned about other people than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
65.1	55.9	1,232	1	NO: (1)
12.0	10.3	228	2	YES: (2)
22.8	19.6	431	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	14.2	313	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 464-465

# V5341 005E01H:I/MJ USR,>WKWLD

Do YOU think that people who smoke marijuana several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more weak-willed than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
29.0	24.9	548	1	NO: (1)
47.3	40.6	895	2	YES: (2)
23.7	20.3	448	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	14.2	314	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 466-467

# V5342

## 005E01I:I/MJ USR,>CRMNL

Do YOU think that people who smoke marijuana several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more criminal than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
33.2	28.5	628	1	NO: (1)
46.5	39.9	879	2	YES: (2)
20.2	17.3	382	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	14.3	315	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 468-469

# V5352 005E02A:I/DG USR,>CREATV

E02: Do YOU think that people who use illegal drugs (other than marijuana) several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more creative than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
58.3	49.0	1,080	1	NO: (1)
12.2	10.2	225	2	YES: (2)
29.6	24.8	548	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	15.9	351	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 470-471

# V5353

## 005E02B:I/DG USR,<SENSBL

E02: Do YOU think that people who use illegal drugs (other than marijuana) several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . less sensible than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
17.6	14.8	325	1	NO: (1)
54.1	45.4	1,002	2	YES: (2)
28.3	23.8	525	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	16.0	352	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 472-473

# V5354 005E02C:I/DG USR,>INTRST

E02: Do YOU think that people who use illegal drugs (other than marijuana) several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more interesting people than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
57.3	48.0	1,058	1	NO: (1)
14.0	11.7	257	2	YES: (2)
28.7	24.0	530	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	16.3	359	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 474-475

#### V5355

## 005E02D:I/DG USR,<HRDWKG

E02: Do YOU think that people who use illegal drugs (other than marijuana) several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . less hard-working than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
17.7	14.9	328	1	NO: (1)
53.9	45.2	996	2	YES: (2)
28.4	23.8	525	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	16.1	356	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 476-477

# V5356 005E02E:I/DG USR,>INDPND

E02: Do YOU think that people who use illegal drugs (other than marijuana) several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more independent than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
51.3	43.0	947	1	NO: (1)
18.4	15.5	341	2	YES: (2)
30.3	25.4	559	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	16.2	358	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 478-479

#### V5357

## 005E02F:I/DG USR,>UNSTBL

E02: Do YOU think that people who use illegal drugs (other than marijuana) several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more emotionally unstable than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
14.2	11.9	262	1	NO: (1)
58.4	48.9	1,078	2	YES: (2)
27.4	22.9	505	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	16.3	360	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 480-481

# V5358 005E02G:I/DG USR,>CNCRND

E02: Do YOU think that people who use illegal drugs (other than marijuana) several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more concerned about other people than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
61.8	51.7	1,140	1	NO: (1)
8.5	7.2	158	2	YES: (2)
29.7	24.8	547	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	16.3	359	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 482-483

#### V5359

## 005E02H:I/DG USR,>WKWLD

E02: Do YOU think that people who use illegal drugs (other than marijuana) several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more weak-willed than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
16.6	13.8	305	1	NO: (1)
54.3	45.3	999	2	YES: (2)
29.2	24.3	536	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	16.5	364	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 484-485

# V5360 005E02I:I/DG USR,>CRMNL

E02: Do YOU think that people who use illegal drugs (other than marijuana) several times a week tend to be . . .

. . . more criminal than average

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
15.4	12.8	283	1	NO: (1)
56.8	47.3	1,043	2	YES: (2)
27.8	23.1	510	3	NOT SURE: (3)
	16.7	369	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 486-487

## V5411

## 005E11 :WLD ADMT USE MJ

If you had ever used marijuana or hashish, do you think you would have said so in this questionnaire?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
7.5	5.9	131	1	NO: (1)
6.3	5.0	110	2	NOT SURE: (2)
54.4	42.9	946	3	YES: (3)
31.8	25.1	552	4	DID SAY: (4)
	21.1	464	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 488-489

# V5412 005E12 :WLD ADMT USE AMP

If you had ever used amphetamines (without a doctor's orders), do you think that you would have said so in this questionnaire?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
10.0	7.9	173	1	NO: (1)
7.9	6.2	137	2	NOT SURE: (2)
69.7	55.0	1,212	3	YES: (3)
12.5	9.9	217	4	DID SAY: (4)
	21.1	464	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 490-491

## V5413

## 005E13 :WLD ADMT USE HER

If you had ever used heroin, do you think that you would have said so in this questionnaire?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
10.5	8.3	184	1	NO: (1)
9.2	7.3	161	2	NOT SURE: (2)
72.9	57.8	1,273	3	YES: (3)
7.3	5.8	127	4	DID SAY: (4)
	20.8	459	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 492-493

## V5414 005D01W: EAGR TO LEAV HOM

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I am eager to leave home and live on my own--independent from my parents

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
7.2	6.5	142	1	DISAGREE: (1)
9.4	8.5	186	2	MOST DIS: (2)
19.3	17.4	383	3	NEITHER: (3)
27.0	24.3	535	4	MOST AGR: (4)
37.2	33.5	739	5	AGREE: (5)
	9.9	218	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	~~~~	/ T.T.LJ \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 494-495

#### V5415

## 005D01X:HEST PRT ADLT WL

D01: Do you agree or disagree with each of the following?

I feel hesitant about taking a full-time job and becoming part of the "adult world"

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
32.2	28.9	638	1	DISAGREE: (1)
20.4	18.3	403	2	MOST DIS: (2)
14.6	13.1	289	3	NEITHER: (3)
22.2	20.0	440	4	MOST AGR: (4)
10.6	9.5	210	5	AGREE: (5)
	10.2	225	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	0 004	/	T.T.L7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 496-497

# V5416 005D05A:%\$SAVE FUTR EDUC

Please think about all the money you earned during the past year, including last summer. About how much of your past year's earnings have gone into:

Savings for your future education

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
50.5	42.1	928	1	NONE: (1)
22.5	18.8	414	2	1-20%:(2)
9.7	8.1	179	3	21-40%:(3)
7.4	6.1	135	4	41-60%:(4)
5.4	4.5	99	5	61-80%:(5)
1.9	1.6	35	6	81-99%:(6)
2.6	2.2	47	7	ALL:(7)
	16.6	366	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 498-499

# V5417 005D05B:%\$SAVE/SPEND CAR

Please think about all the money you earned during the past year, including last summer. About how much of your past year's earnings have gone into:

Savings or payments for a car or car expenses

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
37.4	31.1	685	1	NONE: (1)
17.1	14.2	313	2	1-20%:(2)
16.1	13.4	295	3	21-40%:(3)
11.3	9.4	206	4	41-60%:(4)
9.6	7.9	175	5	61-80%:(5)
5.7	4.8	105	6	81-99%:(6)
2.9	2.4	53	7	ALL:(7)
	16.9	373	- 9	Missing
	1000	0 004	,	T.T. 3\

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 500-501

# V5418 005D05C:%\$SAVE OTHER

Please think about all the money you earned during the past year, including last summer. About how much of your past year's earnings have gone into:

Other savings for long-range purposes

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
43.5	36.1	795	1	NONE: (1)
24.6	20.4	449	2	1-20%:(2)
14.9	12.4	273	3	21-40%:(3)
6.2	5.1	113	4	41-60%:(4)
4.9	4.1	89	5	61-80%:(5)
3.8	3.2	70	6	81-99%:(6)
2.2	1.8	40	7	ALL: (7)
	17.0	375	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 502-503

## V5419 005D05D:%\$SPEND ON SELF

Please think about all the money you earned during the past year, including last summer. About how much of your past year's earnings have gone into:

Spending on your own needs and activities--things such as clothing, stereo, TV, tapes and discs, other possessions, movies, eating out, other recreation, hobbies, gifts for others, and other personal expenses

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
5.5	4.6	100	1	NONE: (1)
19.5	16.2	356	2	1-20%:(2)
16.0	13.3	292	3	21-40%:(3)
15.6	13.0	286	4	41-60%:(4)
18.9	15.7	346	5	61-80%:(5)
15.5	12.9	284	6	81-99%:(6)
9.0	7.5	165	7	ALL: (7)
	17.0	374	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

.

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 504-505

## V5420 005D05E:%\$SPEND HELP FAM

Please think about all the money you earned during the past year, including last summer. About how much of your past year's earnings have gone into:

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALTD	ALL		VIILOL	
		0.41	1	NONE (1)
51.4	42.7	941	1	NONE: (1)
24.9	20.6	455	2	1-20%:(2)
11.3	9.4	207	3	21-40%:(3)
5.0	4.1	91	4	41-60%:(4)
3.0	2.5	55	5	61-80%:(5)
2.7	2.3	50	6	81-99%:(6)
1.7	1.4	32	7	ALL: (7)
	17.0	374	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 506-507

# V5421

## 005E03A:GUY SMK COOL

In my opinion, when a guy my age is smoking a cigarette, it makes him look . . .

Cool, calm, in control

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
62.7	52.3	1,154	1	DISAGREE: (1)
9.5	7.9	174	2	MOST DIS: (2)
22.0	18.4	405	3	NEITHER: (3)
3.3	2.7	60	4	MOST AGR: (4)
2.6	2.1	47	5	AGREE: (5)
	16.5	364	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2.204	cases (	Wt.d)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 508-509

# V5422 005E03B:GUY SMK INSECURE

In my opinion, when a guy my age is smoking a cigarette, it makes him look . . .

Insecure

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
20.1	16.8	371	1	DISAGREE: (1)
7.3	6.1	134	2	MOST DIS: (2)
36.5	30.6	673	3	NEITHER: (3)
17.3	14.4	318	4	MOST AGR: (4)
18.8	15.7	347	5	AGREE: (5)
	16.4	362	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 510-511

#### V5423

## 005E03C:GUY SMK INDPNDNT

In my opinion, when a guy my age is smoking a cigarette, it makes him look . . .

Rugged, tough, independent

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
51.7	43.1	949	1	DISAGREE: (1)
11.4	9.5	209	2	MOST DIS: (2)
26.3	21.9	483	3	NEITHER: (3)
7.2	6.0	133	4	MOST AGR: (4)
3.3	2.8	61	5	AGREE: (5)
	16.8	369	- 9	Missing
4000	4000		,	7\

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 512-513

# V5424 005E03D:GUY SMK CONFORMG

In my opinion, when a guy my age is smoking a cigarette, it makes him look . . .

#### Conforming

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
36.7	30.4	670	1	DISAGREE: (1)
8.7	7.2	158	2	MOST DIS: (2)
38.0	31.5	695	3	NEITHER: (3)
9.6	7.9	175	4	MOST AGR: (4)
7.1	5.9	130	5	AGREE: (5)
	17.1	377	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 514-515

#### V5425

## 005E03E:GUY SMK MATURE

In my opinion, when a guy my age is smoking a cigarette, it makes him look . . .

## Mature, sophisticated

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
60.7	50.6	1,115	1	DISAGREE: (1)
10.5	8.8	193	2	MOST DIS: (2)
24.7	20.6	454	3	NEITHER: (3)
2.2	1.9	41	4	MOST AGR: (4)
1.8	1.5	32	5	AGREE: (5)
	16.7	369	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 516-517

# V5426 005E03F:GUY SM TRY MATUR

In my opinion, when a guy my age is smoking a cigarette, it makes him look . . .

Like he's trying to appear mature and sophisticated

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
18.5	15.4	340	1	DISAGREE: (1)
4.6	3.8	84	2	MOST DIS: (2)
26.0	21.6	477	3	NEITHER: (3)
20.1	16.8	370	4	MOST AGR: (4)
30.8	25.7	567	5	AGREE: (5)
	16.7	368	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 518-519

#### V5427

## 005E04A:GIRL SMK COOL

In my opinion, when a girl my age is smoking a cigarette, it makes her look . . .

Cool, calm, in control

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
67.7	56.1	1,237	1	DISAGREE: (1)
8.4	7.0	153	2	MOST DIS: (2)
19.7	16.4	361	3	NEITHER: (3)
2.4	2.0	44	4	MOST AGR: (4)
1.7	1.4	31	5	AGREE: (5)
	17.1	377	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric
Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 520-521

# V5428 005E04B:GRL SMK INSECURE

In my opinion, when a girl my age is smoking a cigarette,
 it makes her look . . .

#### Insecure

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
23.3	19.2	424	1	DISAGREE: (1)
5.4	4.5	99	2	MOST DIS: (2)
31.6	26.0	573	3	NEITHER: (3)
13.3	11.0	242	4	MOST AGR: (4)
26.3	21.7	478	5	AGREE: (5)
	17.6	389	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (we

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 522-523

#### V5429

## 005E04C:GRL SMK INDPNDNT

In my opinion, when a girl my age is smoking a cigarette, it makes her look . . .

Independent and liberated

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
56.2	46.3	1,021	1	DISAGREE: (1)
10.0	8.3	182	2	MOST DIS: (2)
25.8	21.3	468	3	NEITHER: (3)
5.4	4.5	99	4	MOST AGR: (4)
2.6	2.2	48	5	AGREE: (5)
	17.5	386	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	~~~~ /	7.7 ← ⊸7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 524-525

## V5430 005E04D:GRL SMK CONFORMG

In my opinion, when a girl my age is smoking a cigarette,
 it makes her look . . .

#### Conforming

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
39.8	32.6	719	1	DISAGREE: (1)
7.4	6.1	133	2	MOST DIS: (2)
33.8	27.7	610	3	NEITHER: (3)
9.3	7.7	169	4	MOST AGR: (4)
9.8	8.0	177	5	AGREE: (5)
	18.0	396	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 526-527

#### V5431

## 005E04E:GRL SMK MATURE

In my opinion, when a girl my age is smoking a cigarette, it makes her look . . .

## Mature, sophisticated

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
63.4	52.1	1,149	1	DISAGREE: (1)
10.0	8.2	182	2	MOST DIS: (2)
23.1	19.0	418	3	NEITHER: (3)
1.9	1.6	35	4	MOST AGR: (4)
1.6	1.3	28	5	AGREE: (5)
	17.8	392	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	anana (	M+ 4 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 528-529

#### V5432 005E04F:GRL SM TRY MATUR

In my opinion, when a girl my age is smoking a cigarette, it makes her look . . .

Like she's trying to appear mature and sophisticated

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
20.6	16.8	371	1	DISAGREE: (1)
4.2	3.4	75	2	MOST DIS: (2)
22.5	18.4	406	3	NEITHER: (3)
17.4	14.2	314	4	MOST AGR: (4)
35.4	29.0	640	5	AGREE: (5)
	18.0	397	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	Caded	(b+w)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 530-531

# V5433 005E05A:SMKRS ENJOY LIFE

Do you agree or disagree . . .

Smokers know how to enjoy life more than non-smokers

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
73.3	60.5	1,333	1	DISAGREE: (1)
8.9	7.4	162	2	MOST DIS: (2)
14.1	11.6	256	3	NEITHER: (3)
1.3	1.1	24	4	MOST AGR: (4)
2.4	2.0	43	5	AGREE: (5)
	17.4	385	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 532-533

## V5434 005E05B:PRFR DATE N-SMKR

Do you agree or disagree . . .

I prefer to date people who don't smoke

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
8.0	6.6	146	1	DISAGREE: (1)
3.7	3.0	67	2	MOST DIS: (2)
18.2	15.0	331	3	NEITHER: (3)
11.2	9.3	204	4	MOST AGR: (4)
58.8	48.4	1,066	5	AGREE: (5)
	17.7	390	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 534-535

# V5435

## 005E05C:HARMFUL CIG EXAG

Do you agree or disagree . . .

The harmful effects of cigarettes have been exaggerated

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
49.7	40.6	894	1	DISAGREE: (1)
16.6	13.6	299	2	MOST DIS: (2)
16.8	13.7	303	3	NEITHER: (3)
8.3	6.8	149	4	MOST AGR: (4)
8.5	6.9	153	5	AGREE: (5)
	18.4	407	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 536-537

## V5436 005E05D:SMKR POOR JDGMNT

Do you agree or disagree . . .

I think that becoming a smoker reflects poor judgment

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
11.4	9.3	205	1	DISAGREE: (1)
6.5	5.3	117	2	MOST DIS: (2)
23.4	19.1	420	3	NEITHER: (3)
17.1	13.9	307	4	MOST AGR: (4)
41.7	34.0	750	5	AGREE: (5)
	18.4	405	-9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 538-539

# V5437

#### 005E05E:DONT MIND SMOKNG

Do you agree or disagree . . .

I personally don't mind being around people who are smoking

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
30.3	24.8	546	1	DISAGREE: (1)
14.4	11.8	260	2	MOST DIS: (2)
15.9	13.0	286	3	NEITHER: (3)
20.2	16.5	364	4	MOST AGR: (4)
19.2	15.7	347	5	AGREE: (5)
	18.2	402	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 540-541

## V5438 005E05F:SMKG DIRTY HABIT

Do you agree or disagree . . .

Smoking is a dirty habit

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
8.9	7.2	159	1	DISAGREE: (1)
5.1	4.1	91	2	MOST DIS: (2)
12.6	10.2	225	3	NEITHER: (3)
17.4	14.1	312	4	MOST AGR: (4)
56.1	45.7	1,007	5	AGREE: (5)
	18.6	411	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 542-543

V5461

## 005E08 :#X/LAST12M PARTY

Over the LAST 12 MONTHS, about how often have you gone to parties?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
18.6	15.3	337	1	NO TIMES: (1)
31.0	25.5	563	2	0-MO:(2)
23.3	19.2	422	3	2-3/MO:(3)
13.4	11.0	242	4	ONCE/WK: (4)
9.6	7.9	175	5	2-3/WEEK: (5)
4.1	3.4	74	6	OVR 3/WK:(6)
	17.7	391	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 544-545

## V5462 005E09A:PARTY-PPL OVR 30

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . .

Were people over age 30 present at least some of the time?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
40.9	27.8	612	1	NEVER: (1)
29.4	20.0	440	2	SELDOM: (2)
17.3	11.7	259	3	SOMETIME: (3)
6.8	4.6	101	4	MST TIME: (4)
5.6	3.8	83	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.2	709	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 546-547

#### V5463

## 005E09B:PARTY-ONE HI ALC

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12  $\,$  months. How often . . .

Did someone get high on alcohol?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
11.9	8.1	177	1	NEVER: (1)
5.4	3.7	81	2	SELDOM: (2)
13.1	8.9	195	3	SOMETIME: (3)
23.2	15.7	347	4	MST TIME: (4)
46.4	31.5	693	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.2	710	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	/	T.T.L7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 548-549

## V5464 005E09C:PARTY-OTH HI ALC

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . .

Did most people get high on alcohol?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
14.7	9.9	217	1	NEVER: (1)
7.8	5.3	116	2	SELDOM: (2)
16.3	11.0	241	3	SOMETIME: (3)
28.7	19.3	425	4	MST TIME: (4)
32.5	21.9	482	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.8	722	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 550-551

#### V5465

## 005E09D:PARTY-YOU HI ALC

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12  $\,$  months. How often . . .

Did you get high on alcohol?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
36.3	24.5	540	1	NEVER: (1)
12.7	8.6	189	2	SELDOM: (2)
20.0	13.5	297	3	SOMETIME: (3)
16.2	10.9	241	4	MST TIME: (4)
14.9	10.0	221	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.5	715	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	/	T.T = ~7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 552-553

## V5466 005E09E:PARTY-PRESS ALCL

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . .

Did you feel pressure to drink alcohol?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
65.2	44.0	969	1	NEVER: (1)
17.7	12.0	264	2	SELDOM: (2)
8.8	5.9	130	3	SOMETIME: (3)
5.5	3.7	82	4	MST TIME: (4)
2.7	1.8	41	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.6	718	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	Cagag	(b+w)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 554-555

#### V5467

## 005E09F:PARTY-PRS HI ALC

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . . .

Did you feel pressure to drink enough to get high?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
73.0	49.3	1,086	1	NEVER: (1)
13.9	9.4	207	2	SELDOM: (2)
7.2	4.9	107	3	SOMETIME: (3)
3.0	2.0	44	4	MST TIME: (4)
2.9	2.0	43	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.5	716	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 556-557

## V5468 005E09G:PARTY-ONE HI MJ

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . .

Did someone get high on marijuana?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
27.8	18.7	411	1	NEVER: (1)
9.5	6.4	141	2	SELDOM: (2)
19.6	13.2	290	3	SOMETIME: (3)
19.2	12.9	284	4	MST TIME: (4)
23.8	16.0	352	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.9	726	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

100.0 100.0 2,201 cases (ne

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 558-559

#### V5469

## 005E09H:PARTY-OTH HI MJ

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . . .

Did most people get high on marijuana?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
33.5	22.5	496	1	NEVER: (1)
18.2	12.2	269	2	SELDOM: (2)
18.8	12.6	278	3	SOMETIME: (3)
13.6	9.1	200	4	MST TIME: (4)
15.9	10.7	235	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.9	726	- 9	Missing
100 0	1000	0 004	,	TT: 7\

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 560-561

#### V5470 005E09I:PARTY-YOU HI MJ

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . . .

Did you get high on marijuana?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
65.9	44.2	975	1	NEVER: (1)
9.1	6.1	134	2	SELDOM: (2)
8.9	6.0	132	3	SOMETIME: (3)
5.6	3.8	83	4	MST TIME: (4)
10.6	7.1	157	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.8	724	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 562-563

#### V5471

## 005E09J:PARTY-PRESS MJ

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . . .

Did you feel pressure to use marijuana?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
81.5	54.6	1,203	1	NEVER: (1)
8.7	5.8	129	2	SELDOM: (2)
5.0	3.3	74	3	SOMETIME: (3)
1.9	1.3	28	4	MST TIME: (4)
2.9	1.9	43	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	33.0	727	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 564-565

# V5472 005E09K:PARTY-ONE HI OTD

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . .

Did someone get high on other drugs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
54.3	36.3	799	1	NEVER: (1)
16.2	10.8	239	2	SELDOM: (2)
16.9	11.3	249	3	SOMETIME: (3)
7.2	4.8	107	4	MST TIME: (4)
5.3	3.6	78	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	33.2	732	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 566-567

#### V5473

# 005E09L:PARTY-OTH HI OTD

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12  $\,$  months. How often . . .

Did most people get high on other drugs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
62.0	41.6	916	1	NEVER: (1)
17.0	11.4	251	2	SELDOM: (2)
11.9	7.9	175	3	SOMETIME: (3)
5.2	3.5	77	4	MST TIME: (4)
4.0	2.7	59	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.9	726	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 568-569

# V5474 005E09M:PARTY-YOU HI OTD

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . .

Did you get high on other drugs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
86.4	58.0	1,279	1	NEVER: (1)
5.4	3.6	79	2	SELDOM: (2)
4.4	2.9	65	3	SOMETIME: (3)
1.9	1.3	29	4	MST TIME: (4)
1.9	1.3	28	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	32.8	724	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 570-571

#### V5475

# 005E09N:PARTY-PRESS OTDG

Now think about the parties you went to in the last 12 months. How often . . .

Did you feel pressure to use other drugs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
90.1	60.3	1,329	1	NEVER: (1)
3.8	2.5	55	2	SELDOM: (2)
2.6	1.7	38	3	SOMETIME: (3)
1.6	1.1	23	4	MST TIME: (4)
1.9	1.3	29	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	33.1	729	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 2 2 4	~~~~ /	7.7 ⊷ ⊸7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 572-573

# V5476 005E10A:PRFR PTY-PPL >30

Now think about how you would LIKE parties to be. At the parties you go to, how often . . .

Would you like people over age 30 to be present at least some of the time?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
51.7	41.3	910	1	NEVER: (1)
23.0	18.4	406	2	SELDOM: (2)
17.4	13.9	307	3	SOMETIME: (3)
4.0	3.2	71	4	MST TIME: (4)
3.8	3.0	67	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	20.1	444	- 9	Missing
			,	

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 574-575

# V5477

# 005E10B:PRF PTY-U HI ALC

Now think about how you would LIKE parties to be. At the parties you go to, how often . . .

Would you like to get high on alcohol?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
41.5	33.2	731	1	NEVER: (1)
14.4	11.5	254	2	SELDOM: (2)
19.5	15.6	344	3	SOMETIME: (3)
13.4	10.7	236	4	MST TIME: (4)
11.2	8.9	197	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	20.1	443	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 576-577

# V5478 005E10C:PR PTY-OTH HI AL

Now think about how you would LIKE parties to be. At the parties you go to, how often . . .

Would you like other people to get high on alcohol?

PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
ALL			
30.4	670	1	NEVER: (1)
11.9	263	2	SELDOM: (2)
17.2	380	3	SOMETIME: (3)
10.4	229	4	MST TIME: (4)
9.3	205	5	ALWAYS: (5)
20.7	457	- 9	Missing
100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)
	ALL 30.4 11.9 17.2 10.4 9.3 20.7	ALL 30.4 670 11.9 263 17.2 380 10.4 229 9.3 205 20.7 457	ALL 30.4 670 1 11.9 263 2 17.2 380 3 10.4 229 4 9.3 205 5 20.7 457 -9

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9

Columns: 578-579

#### V5479

# 005E10D:PRF PTY-U USE MJ

Now think about how you would LIKE parties to be. At the parties you go to, how often . . .

Would you like to use marijuana?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
68.2	54.1	1,193	1	NEVER: (1)
10.4	8.2	181	2	SELDOM: (2)
8.7	6.9	153	3	SOMETIME: (3)
4.7	3.7	82	4	MST TIME: (4)
8.0	6.3	140	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	20.6	455	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	~~~~ /	7.7 ← ⊸7 \

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 580-581

# V5480 005E10E:PR PTY-OT USE MJ

Now think about how you would LIKE parties to be. At the parties you go to, how often . . .

Would you like other people to use marijuana?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
63.3	50.2	1,106	1	NEVER: (1)
13.7	10.8	239	2	SELDOM: (2)
12.1	9.6	212	3	SOMETIME: (3)
4.5	3.5	78	4	MST TIME: (4)
6.4	5.1	112	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	20.7	457	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 582-583

#### V5481

# 005E10F:PR PTY-U USE OTD

Now think about how you would LIKE parties to be. At the parties you go to, how often . . .

Would you like to use other drugs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
85.6	68.1	1,502	1	NEVER: (1)
6.0	4.8	105	2	SELDOM: (2)
4.4	3.5	78	3	SOMETIME: (3)
1.7	1.3	29	4	MST TIME: (4)
2.3	1.8	41	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	20.4	451	- 9	Missing
100 0	100 0	2 204	anana /	/ 5. +tat

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 584-585

# V5482 005E10G:PR PTY-OT USE OT

Now think about how you would LIKE parties to be. At the parties you go to, how often . . .

Would you like other people to use other drugs?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
82.9	65.7	1,448	1	NEVER: (1)
8.7	6.9	151	2	SELDOM: (2)
4.7	3.7	82	3	SOMETIME: (3)
1.4	1.1	25	4	MST TIME: (4)
2.3	1.9	41	5	ALWAYS: (5)
	20.7	456	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 586-587

#### V5483

# 005A23T:RSK OF COKE OCSN

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Take cocaine occasionally

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
3.0	2.8	61	1	NO RISK: (1)
4.9	4.5	98	2	SLIGHT: (2)
19.1	17.6	387	3	MOD RISK: (3)
73.0	67.2	1,482	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	7.9	175	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases (	Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 588-589

#### V5484 005A23U:RSK OF SMKLSS RG

The next questions ask for your opinions on the effects of using certain drugs and other substances. First, how much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways), if they . . .

Use smokeless tobacco regularly (chewing tobacco, plug, dipping tobacco, snuff)

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
4.9	4.5	99	1	NO RISK: (1)
16.3	15.1	333	2	SLIGHT: (2)
34.8	32.3	712	3	MOD RISK: (3)
44.0	40.9	901	4	GRT RISK: (4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	CANT SAY: (5)
	7.1	157	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 590-591

# V5485

# 005E05G:DTEST NEAR SMKRS

Do you agree or disagree . . .

I strongly dislike being near people who are smoking

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
21.4	17.4	384	1	DISAGREE: (1)
15.2	12.4	272	2	MOST DIS: (2)
22.4	18.3	403	3	NEITHER: (3)
12.3	10.1	222	4	MOST AGR: (4)
28.7	23.4	516	5	AGREE: (5)
	18.5	407	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 592-593

# V5486 005E06A:#X CRACK/LIFETIM

On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" cocaine?

. . . in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
94.2	76.2	1,679	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
2.7	2.2	49	2	1-2X:(2)
0.9	0.8	17	3	3-5X:(3)
1.0	0.8	19	4	6-9X:(4)
0.2	0.1	3	5	10-19X:(5)
0.4	0.3	6	6	20-39X:(6)
0.5	0.4	9	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	19.2	422	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 594-595

# V5487

# 005E06B: #X CRACK/LAST12M

On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" cocaine?

. . . during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	$\mathtt{ALL}$			
96.2	77.6	1,711	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
1.8	1.4	31	2	1-2X:(2)
0.7	0.5	12	3	3-5X:(3)
0.7	0.5	12	4	6-9X:(4)
0.3	0.2	4	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	1	6	20-39X:(6)
0.4	0.3	7	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	19.3	426	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 596-597

# V5488 005E06C:#X CRACK/LAST30D

On how many occasions (if any) have you used "crack" cocaine?

. . . during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
98.2	79.2	1,746	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
0.7	0.6	13	2	1-2X:(2)
0.6	0.5	11	3	3-5X:(3)
0.1	0.0	1	4	6-9X:(4)
0.1	0.1	1	5	10-19X:(5)
0.1	0.1	2	6	20-39X:(6)
0.2	0.2	3	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	19.4	427	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 598-599

# V5489

# 005B15A:#X H LIF USE NDL

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin using a needle...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
99.1	95.6	2,107	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
0.4	0.4	9	2	1-2X:(2)
0.2	0.2	5	3	3-5X:(3)
0.0	0.0	1	4	6-9X:(4)
0.3	0.2	5	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	0	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.5	78	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 600-601

# V5490 005B15B:#X H 12M USE NDL

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin using a needle...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
99.4	96.0	2,115	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
0.3	0.3	7	2	1-2X:(2)
0.0	0.0	0	3	3-5X:(3)
0.1	0.1	3	4	6-9X:(4)
0.1	0.1	2	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	0	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.5	77	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 602-603

# V5491

# 005B15C:#X H 30D USE NDL

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin using a needle...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
99.7	96.3	2,122	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
0.1	0.1	2	2	1-2X:(2)
0.1	0.1	2	3	3-5X:(3)
0.1	0.1	2	4	6-9X:(4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	0	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.4	76	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 604-605

# V5492 005B16A:#X H LIF W/O NDL

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin WITHOUT using a needle...

...in your lifetime?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
97.3	93.8	2,068	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
1.8	1.7	38	2	1-2X:(2)
0.3	0.3	7	3	3-5X:(3)
0.1	0.1	2	4	6-9X:(4)
0.1	0.1	3	5	10-19X:(5)
0.3	0.3	7	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.6	80	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 606-607

# V5493

# 005B16B:#X H 12M W/O NDL

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin WITHOUT using a needle...

...during the last 12 months?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
97.9	94.4	2,081	1	0 OCCAS: (1)
1.4	1.4	30	2	1-2X:(2)
0.3	0.3	6	3	3-5X:(3)
0.0	0.0	0	4	6-9X:(4)
0.1	0.1	2	5	10-19X:(5)
0.2	0.2	5	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.6	80	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 608-609

# V5494 005B16C:#X H 30D W/O NDL

On how many occasions (if any) have you taken heroin WITHOUT using a needle...

...during the last 30 days?

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
99.2	95.6	2,108	1	0 OCCAS:(1)
0.5	0.4	10	2	1-2X:(2)
0.3	0.3	7	3	3-5X:(3)
0.0	0.0	0	4	6-9X:(4)
0.0	0.0	0	5	10-19X:(5)
0.0	0.0	0	6	20-39X:(6)
0.0	0.0	0	7	40+OCCAS: (7)
	3.6	80	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 610-611

# V5495

# 005E07A:#X GHB/LAST12MO

During the last 12 months, on how many occasions (if any) have you... a. ...taken GHB ("liquid G," "grievous bodily harm")

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
97.7	79.8	1,760	1	0(1)
0.9	0.7	16	2	1-2(2)
0.6	0.5	10	3	3-5(3)
0.2	0.2	4	4	6-9(4)
0.2	0.2	4	5	10-19(5)
0.0	0.0	0	6	20-39(6)
0.4	0.3	6	7	40+(7)
	18.3	404	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 612-613

#### V5496 005E07B:#X KETAMINE/12M

During the last 12 months, on how many occasions (if any) have you... b. ...taken ketamine ("special K," "super K")

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
97.3	78.8	1,736	1	0(1)
1.3	1.1	24	2	1-2(2)
0.5	0.4	9	3	3-5(3)
0.3	0.2	5	4	6-9(4)
0.1	0.1	2	5	10-19(5)
0.3	0.2	5	6	20-39(6)
0.2	0.2	4	7	40+(7)
	19.1	420	- 9	Missing
100.0	100.0	2,204	cases	(Wtd)

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd)

Data type: numeric Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 614-615

#### V5497

# 005E07C: #X SMK BIDI/12M

During the last 12 months, on how many occasions (if any) have you... c. ...smoked bidis (or beedies) which are small brown cigarettes from India

PCT	PCT	N	VALUE	LABEL
VALID	ALL			
91.5	73.9	1,629	1	0(1)
4.8	3.9	86	2	1-2(2)
1.6	1.3	28	3	3-5(3)
0.9	0.7	15	4	6-9(4)
0.5	0.4	10	5	10-19(5)
0.3	0.2	5	6	20-39(6)
0.5	0.4	8	7	40+(7)
	19.2	423	- 9	Missing

100.0 100.0 2,204 cases (Wtd) Data type: numeric

Missing-data code: -9 Columns: 616-617

# V5 SAMPLING WEIGHT

2,204 cases (Wtd) (Range of valid codes: .1587-4.9857)

Data type: numeric

Decimals: 4

Missing-data code: -9.0000

Columns: 618-623

# APPENDIX A

#### **PUBLICATIONS**

# ANNUAL VOLUMES CONTAINING COMPLETE RESPONSE DISTRIBUTIONS

(Published by the Institute for Social Research)

These volumes contain univariate and selected bivariate percentagized frequency distributions on all questions asked in a given year. Also contained is a cross-time index for locating the same question in the other years of the study in which it was contained. Order directly from Monitoring the Future, Institute for Social Research Room 2311, P. O. Box 1248, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106-1248.

- Monitoring the Future: Questionnaire responses from the nation's high school seniors, 1975. L.D. Johnston and J.G. Bachman, 1980, 188 pp.
- Monitoring the Future: Questionnaire responses from the nation's high school seniors, 1976. J.G. Bachman, L.D. Johnston, and P.M. O'Malley, 1980, 264 pp.
- Monitoring the Future: Questionnaire responses from the nation's high school seniors, 1977. L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1980, 266 pp.
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- Monitoring the Future: Questionnaire responses from the nation's high school seniors, 1990. J.G. Bachman, L.D. Johnston, and P.M. O'Malley, 1993, 335 pp.
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- Monitoring the Future: Questionnaire responses from the nation's high school seniors, 1992. J.G. Bachman, L.D. Johnston, and P.M. O'Malley, 1993, 335 pp.
- Monitoring the Future: Questionnaire responses from the nation's high school seniors, 1993. L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1995, 339 pp.
- Monitoring the Future: Questionnaire responses from the nation's high school seniors, 1994. J.G. Bachman, L.D. Johnston, and P.M. O'Malley, 1997, 341 pp.

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- Monitoring the Future: Questionnaire responses from the nation's high school seniors, 1996. J.G. Bachman, L.D. Johnston, and P.M. O'Malley, 2001, 376 pp.
- Monitoring the Future: Questionnaire responses from the nation's high school seniors, 1997. L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 2001, 378 pp.
- Monitoring the Future: Questionnaire responses from the nation's high school seniors, 1998. J.G. Bachman, L.D. Johnston, and P.M. O'Malley, 2001, 378 pp.

# ANNUAL VOLUMES ON TRENDS IN DRUG USE AND RELATED FACTORS

(Published by the National Institute on Drug Abuse)

Volumes in this series may be ordered from the National Clearinghouse for Alcohol and Drug Information, P.O. Box 2345, Rockville, MD 20852 (Tel. 1-800-729-6686). There is no charge for single copies.

- Drug use among American high school students 1975-1977 (DHEW Publication No. ADM 78-619). L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1978, 256 pp.
- Highlights from drug use among American high school students 1975-1977 (DHEW Publication No. ADM 78-621). L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1978, 43 pp.
- Drugs and the class of 1978: Behaviors, attitudes, and recent national trends (DHEW Publication No. ADM 79-877). L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1979, 376 pp.
- Highlights from drugs and the class of 1978: Behaviors, attitudes, and recent national trends (DHEW Publication No. ADM 79-878). L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1979, 62 pp.
- 1979 Highlights: Drugs and the nation's high school students, Five year national trends (DHEW Publication No. ADM 80-930). L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1979, 85 pp.
- Highlights from student drug use in America, 1975-1980 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 81-1066). L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1981, 120 pp.
- Highlights from student drug use in America, 1975-1981 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 82-1208). L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1981, 130 pp.
- Student drug use in America, 1975-1981 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 89-1221). L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1982, 433 pp.
- Student drug use, attitudes, and beliefs: National trends, 1975-1982 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 83-1260). L.D. Johnston, J.G. Bachman, and P.M. O'Malley, 1983, 134 pp.
- Highlights from drugs and American high school students, 1975-1983 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 84-1317). L.D. Johnston, P.M. O'Malley, and J.G. Bachman, 1984, 135 pp.
- Drugs and American high school students: 1975-1983 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 85-1374). L.D. Johnston, P.M. O'Malley, and J.G. Bachman, 1984, 492 pp.
- Use of licit and illicit drugs by America's high school students: 1975-1984 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 85-1394). L.D. Johnston, P.M. O'Malley, and J.G. Bachman, 1985, 167 pp.
- Drug use among American high school students, college students, and other young adults: National trends through 1985 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 86-1450). L.D. Johnston, P.M. O'Malley, and J.G. Bachman, 1986, 237 pp.
- National trends in drug use and related factors among American high school students and young adults, 1975-1986 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 87-1535). L.D. Johnston, P.M. O'Malley, and J.G. Bachman, 1987, 265 pp.
- Illicit drug use, smoking, and drinking by America's high school students, college students, and young adults: 1975-1987 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 89-1602). L.D. Johnston, P.M. O'Malley, and J.G. Bachman, 1988, 307 pp.
- Drug use, drinking, and smoking: National survey results from high school, college, and young adult populations, 1975-1988 (DHHS Publication No. ADM 89-1638). L.D. Johnston, P.M. O'Malley, and J.G. Bachman, 1989, 339 pp.
- Trends in drug use and associated factors among American high school students, college students, and young adults: 1975-1989 (Institute for Social Research: Ann Arbor, MI). L.D. Johnston, P.M. O'Malley, and J.G. Bachman, 1991, 331 pp.
- Drug use among American high school seniors, college students and young adults, 1975-1990, Volume I: High school seniors (DHHS Publication No. (ADM) 91-1813) and Volume II: College students and young adults (DHHS

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- National survey results on drug use from the Monitoring the Future study, 1975-1992. Volume I: Secondary school students (NIH Pub. No. 93-3597). Volume II: College students and young adults (NIH Pub. No. 93-3598). L.D. Johnston, P.M. O'Malley, & J.G. Bachman, 1993, 269 pp. and 190 pp., respectively.
- National survey results on drug use from the Monitoring the Future study 1975-1993. Volume I: Secondary school students (NIH Pub. No. 94-3809). Volume II: College students and young adults (NIH Pub. No. 94-3810). L.D. Johnston, P.M. O'Malley, and J.G. Bachman, 1994, 281 pp. and 189 pp., respectively.
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# APPENDIX B

# **SAMPLE SIZE AND STUDENT RESPONSE RATES**

The three-stage sample procedure described in the introduction yielded the following number of participating schools and students.

	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
# Public Schools	111	108	108	111	111	107
# Private Schools	14	15	16	20	20	20
Total # Schools	125	123	124	131	131	127
Total # Students 1	5,791	16,678	18,438	18,924	16,662	16,524
Student Response Rate (%) *	78%	77%	79%	83%	82%	82%
					1985	
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "						
# Public Schools	109	116	112	117	115	113
# Private Schools	19	21	22	17	17	16
Total # Schools	128	137	134	134	132	129
Total # Students 1	8,267	18,348	16,947	16,499	16,502	15,713
Student Response Rate (%) *	81%	83%	84%	83%	84%	83%

# SAMPLE SIZE AND STUDENT RESPONSE RATES (continued)

19	987 1	988 19	989 199 	0 1991	1992
# Public Schools	.17	113	111 11	4 117	120
# Private Schools	18	19	22 2:	3 19	18
Total # Schools	.35	132	133 13	7 136	138
Total # Students 16,8	343 16,	795 17,3	142 15,67	6 15,483	16,261
Student Response Rate (%) *	34%	83%	36% 86°	§ 83%	84%
19	993 1:	994 19	995 199	6 1997	1998
# Public Schools	.21	119	120 11	8 125	124
# Private Schools	18	20	24 2	1 21	20
Total # Schools	.39	139	144 13	9 146	144
Total # Students 16,7	763 15,	929 15,8	376 14,82	4 15,963	15,780
Student Response Rate (%) *	34%	84%	84% 83	å 83%	82%

# SAMPLE SIZE AND STUDENT RESPONSE RATES (continued)

1999	2000	
# Public Schools 124	116	
# Private Schools 19	18	
Total # Schools 143	134	
Total # Students 14,056	13,286	
Student Response Rate (%) * 83%	83%	

<sup>\*</sup> The student response rate is derived by dividing the attained sample by the target sample (both based on weighted numbers of cases). The target sample is based upon listings provided by schools. Since such listings may fail to take account of recent student attrition, the actual response rate may be slightly underestimated.