SSN College of Engineering, Department of Computer Science and Engineering CS6711 Security Laboratory

Exercise 4:

To implement the Data Encryption Standard (DES) Algorithm.

Programming Language: Java

Hints:

Key Generation

- 1. Initialize the permutation tables, left shift schedules.
- 2. Read the 64 bit key.
- 3. 64 bits goes through a permutation called PC-1(permuted choice) resulting 56 bits.
- 4. 56 bits are divided into two halves
- 5. Each half will be rotated left by 1 or 2 bits depending on the round
- 6. Both sides go through permute choice 2 (PC-2) which selects 24 bits from left and right resulting a 48 bit round key.

Encryption Procedure for DES:

- 1. Initialize the permutation tables, S boxes, expansion tables, left shift schedules.
- 2. A block of 64 bits is permuted by an initial permutation called IP.
- 3. Resulting 64 bits are divided in two halves of 32 bits, left and right.
- 4. Right half goes through a function F (Feistel function)
- 5. Left half is XOR-ed with output from F function above.
- 6. Left and right are swapped(except last round).
- 7. If last round, apply an inverse permutation IP-1 on both halves and that's the output else, goto step 3.
- 8. Display the cipher text.

Feistel function F:

- 1. Expansion 32 bits to 48 bits based on an expansion table.
- 2. Key mixing round key combined with 48 bits from previous step by XOR operation.
- 3. Substitution previous result divided into 8x6bits blocks before processed by s-boxes(substitution boxes)
- 4. Permutation based on a fixed permutation table.

Decryption Procedure for DES:

- 1. Use the cipher text as input.
- 2. Apply the same set of operations from step 2 to 7 of encryption procedure.
- 3. Use the keys K_i in reverse order (use K_{16} on the first iteration, K_{15} on the second until K_1 on last iteration).
- 4. Display the plain text.