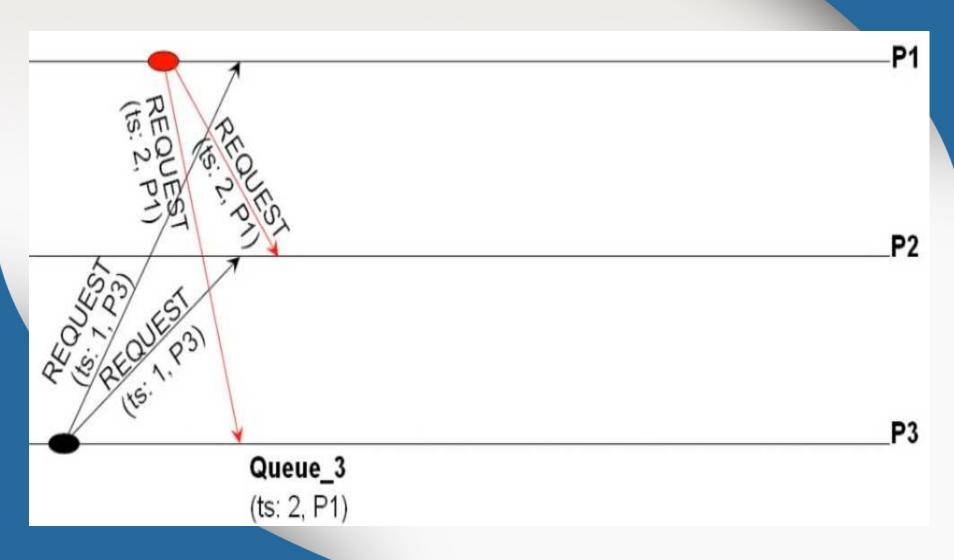
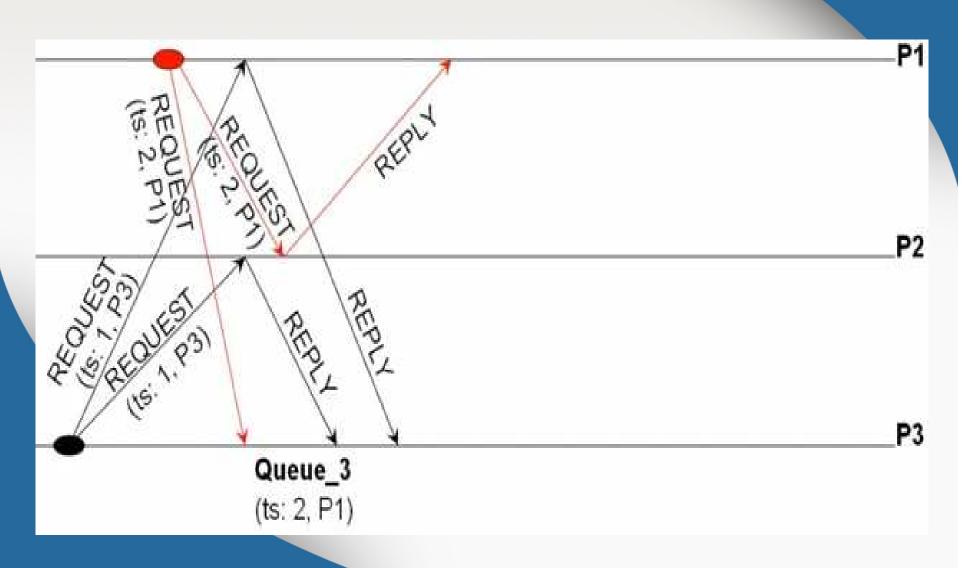
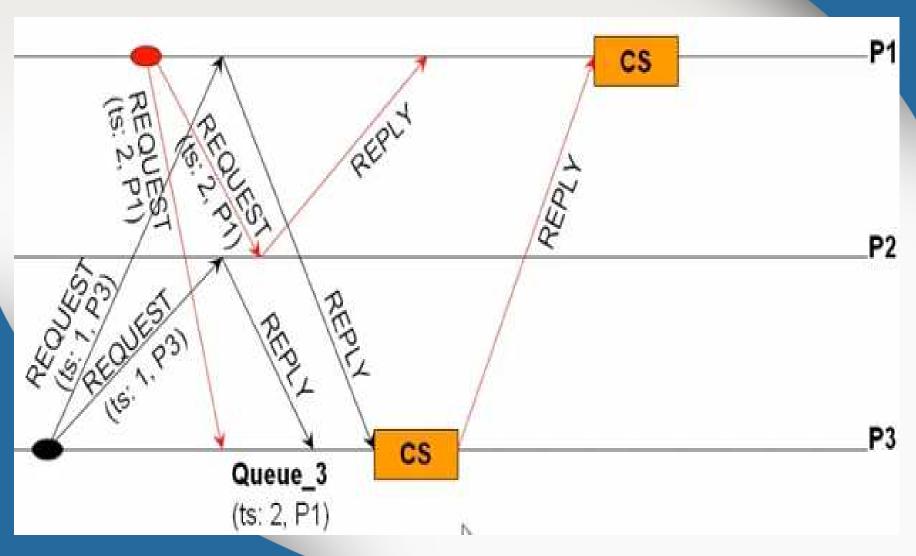
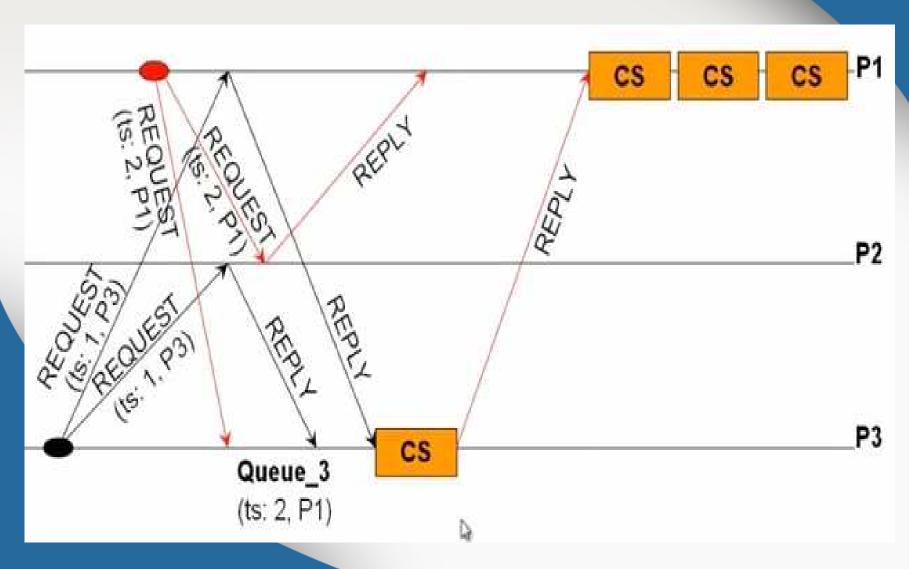
Reference: Mukesh Singhal & N.G. Shivaratri, Advanced Concepts in Operating Systems, 5th Edition



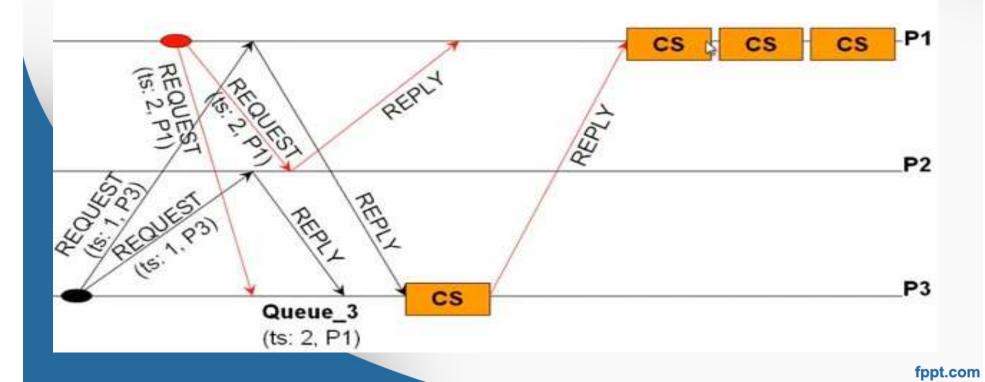






- # Messages: 2 (N-1)
 - N-1 REQUESTS; N-1 REPLY
- Synchronization Delay: T
- System Throughput: 1/(T+E)
- Optimization: Roucairol-Carvalho optimization
- A process Pi that got the REPLY message from Pj for a prior CS access REQUEST does not need to send REQUEST(s) to Pj for subsequent CS accesses, until Pj sends a REQUEST message to access the CS.
 - The # messages for a CS invocation is in between 0 to 2*(N-1).
 - The optimization is achieved by spending an additional memory space of O(N) to keep track of the processes that have not yet sent a REQUEST message after sending their REPLY.

Ricart-Agrawala Mutual Exclusion Algorithm with Roucairol-Carvalho Optimization



Safety:

- A process Pi can access the CS only after getting REPLY messages from all other processes.
- A process Pj sends a REPLY for Pi's REQUEST, only if Pj is not executing or requesting access to the CS or if Pj's own REQUEST timestamp is greater than that of Pi's REQUEST
 - (in the latter case, Pi will defer sending a REPLY to Pj's REQUEST until it is done with its CS access).

Liveness:

 Upon completing its CS execution, a process sends out a REPLY message to all its deferred REQUEST messages. An idle process immediately sends out REPLY for a CS REQUEST. So, a process is guaranteed to get access to the CS by obtaining REPLY messages from all other processes.

Fairness:

- If there are one or more deferred CS REQUESTS in its queue, upon completing its current CS execution, a process has to immediately send REPLY to all of the deferred CS REQUESTS.
- Even if the process wants to access the CS again, it has to send out REQUEST messages to all the processes for which it has sent a REPLY.
- A process that has already sent out CS REQUEST decides whether or not to defer a CS access REQUEST from a peer process based on the timestamp of the REQUEST from the peer process.
 - A process sends REPLY for REQUEST with a timestamp smaller than its own.
 - Hence, every process is guaranteed to get access to the CS in the order of the timestamps of the REQUESTs.

Source

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r7SJOh GF4Nc

THANK YOU