

# Virtualization and Cloud Computing

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# Virtualization and Cloud Computing

## Virtualization

In computing, a process of creating a illusion of something like computer hardware, operating system (OS), storage device, or computer network resources is Virtualization.

## NIST Cloud Computing

According to **NIST SP 800-145**[8]

"Cloud computing is a model for enabling ubiquitous, convenient, on-demand network access to a shared pool of configurable computing resources (e.g., networks, servers, storage, applications, and services) that can be rapidly provisioned and released with minimal management effort or service provider interaction."

# What is required for Cloud Computing

## By Cloud Provider

1. Fast scalability . Quick addition and removal of servers
2. Service to customers should not be denied.
3. SLA should not be Violated
4. Efficient Resource Utilization

## Constraints with physical machines :

- High Provisioning time.
- Lower Resource Utilization.
- Space, Power, Cooling.
- Low fault tolerance
- Less Isolation - misbehaving application can affect all others.
- High downtime.

# Virtualization

Concept is not new.

The concept came from Multi Programming – Each Process thinks it has complete control on all of the resources.

- Virtual Memory
- CPU Sharing

In Multi Programming CPU is shared among processes but in virtualization CPU is shared among OSs.

# The Traditional Server Concept

- Easy to conceptualize.
- Fairly easy to deploy.
- Single OS image per machine.
- Easy to backup.

But,

- If the File server fills up, or the Exchange server becomes overtaxed, then the System Administrators must add in a new server.
- Unless there are multiple servers, if a service experiences a hardware failure, then the service is down.
- Difficult to replicate.
- Not very scalable.
- Redundancy is difficult to implement.
- Expensive to acquire and maintain hardware.
- Running multiple applications on same machine often creates conflict.

# Traditional Server Concept

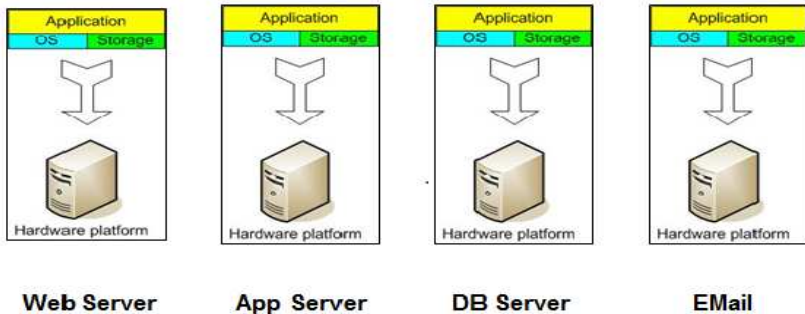


Figure: Traditional Server Concept [9]

# And if something goes wrong ...

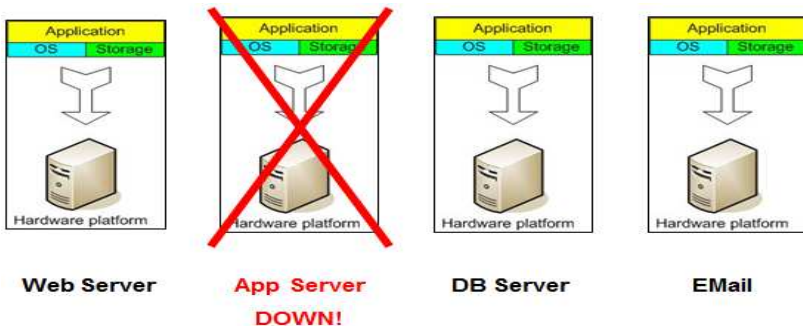


Figure: And if something goes wrong [9]



# The Virtual Server Concept

- Tough to conceptualize.
- Virtual servers can still be referred to by their function i.e. email server, database server, etc.
- If the environment is built correctly, virtual servers will not be affected by the loss of a host.
- Virtual servers can be scaled out easily.

# The Virtual Server Concept

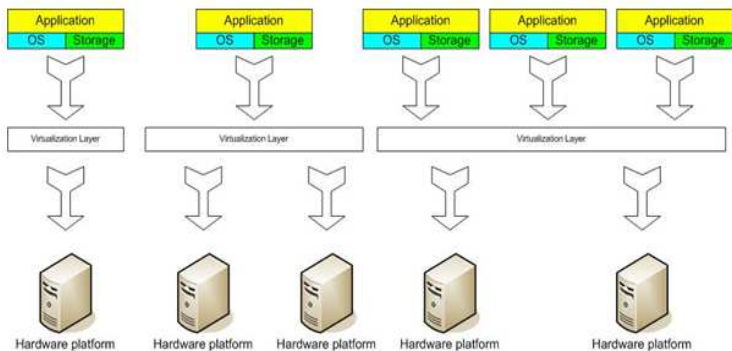


Figure: The Virtual Server Concept [9]

# The Virtual Server Concept

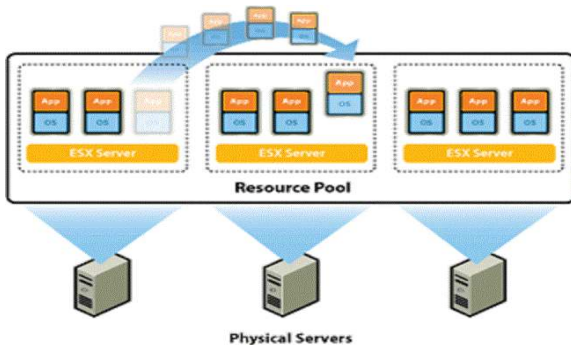


Figure: The Virtual Server Concept

# Benefits of using Virtual Machines

- Instant provisioning - fast scalability
- Live Migration is possible
- Load balancing and consolidation in a Data Center is possible.
- Low downtime for maintenance
- Security and fault isolation

# VM Migration

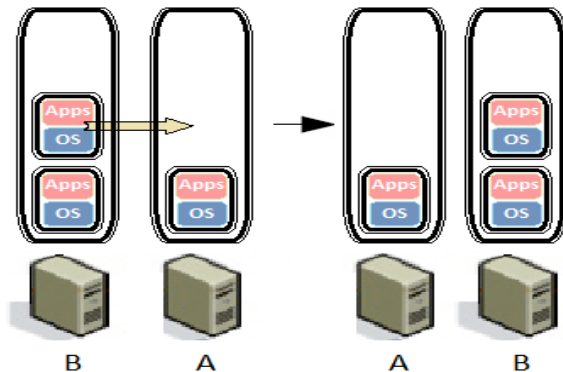


Figure: VM Migration [7]

# Load Balancing

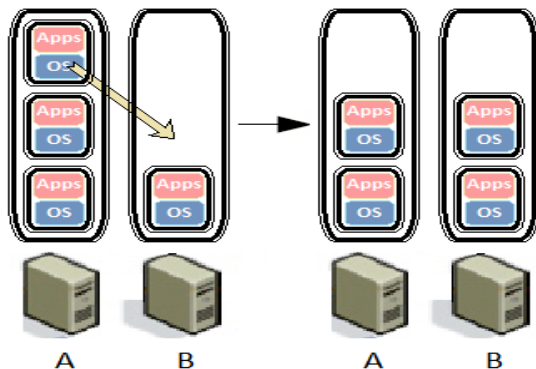


Figure: Load Balancing [7]

# Consolidation

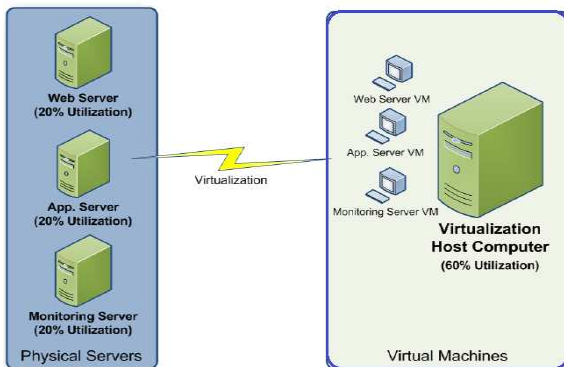


Figure: Consolidation of the servers [7]