Introduction to Robot

3DOF Robot Arm

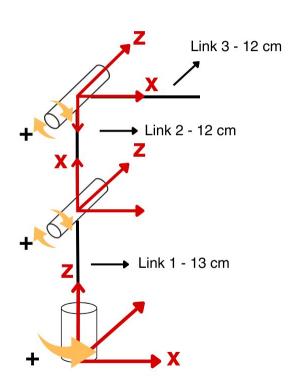
Controlled by Bluetooth

RAI 2 - Group 7

Paing Thet Ko - 65011416
Pyae Htoo Khant - 65011497
Thura Zaw - 65011685
Swan Pyae Sone - 65011683
Rachata Raktham - 65011500



Finding DH Parameters of 3DOF Robot Arm



DH Parameters

Joint	θ	d(cm)	α	a(cm)
1	θ1	13	-90	0
2	θ2-90	0	0	12
3	θ3+90	0	0	12

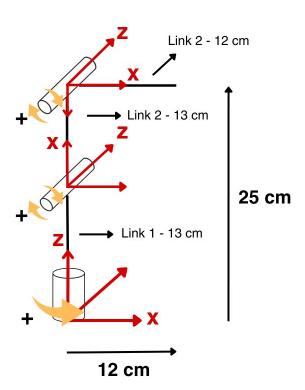
Calculating DH Matrix

```
DH_matrix.m × +
         % DH parameters for a 3-joint robotic arm
         a = [0, 12, 12];
         alpha = [-pi/2, 0, 0];
         d = [13, 0, 0];
         theta = [(0*pi/180), (0*pi/180)-pi/2, (0*pi/180)+pi/2]; % theta 1, theta 2 - 90, theta 3 + 90
         % Initialize overall transformation matrix as identity matrix
         T = eve(4);
10
         % Calculate DH transformation matrix for each joint and update overall transformation matrix
         for i = 1:3
11
12
             % Calculate the DH transformation matrix for the current joint
13
             T i = eye(4); % Initialize identity matrix for current joint
14
             T i(1.1) = cos(theta(i)):
15
16
             T_i(1,2) = -\sin(\text{theta}(i))*\cos(\text{alpha}(i));
17
             T_{i(1,3)} = \sin(\text{theta}(i)) * \sin(\text{alpha}(i));
18
             T_i(1,4) = a(i)*cos(theta(i));
19
20
             T_i(2,1) = sin(theta(i));
21
             T i(2,2) = cos(theta(i))*cos(alpha(i));
22
             T i(2,3) = -cos(theta(i))*sin(alpha(i));
23
             T_{i}(2,4) = a(i)*sin(theta(i));
24
25
             T i(3.2) = sin(alpha(i)):
26
             T i(3.3) = cos(alpha(i));
27
             T_i(3,4) = d(i);
28
29
             % Update the overall transformation matrix
30
             T = T * T i;
31
32
33
         % Overall transformation matrix for the robotic arm
34
         disp(T):
```

DH Matrix

```
>> DH_matrix
1.0000 0 0 12.0000
0 0.0000 1.0000 -0.0000
0 -1.0000 0.0000 25.0000
0 0 0 1.0000
```

Home Position



DH Matrix

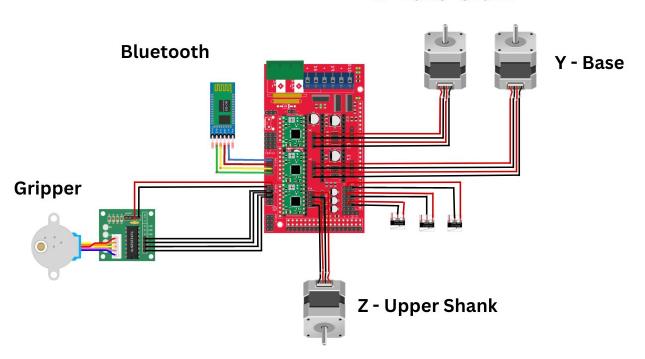
```
>> DH_matrix
1.0000 0 0 12.0000
0 0.0000 1.0000 -0.0000
0 -1.0000 0.0000 25.0000
0 0 0 1.0000
```

Position of the End Effector

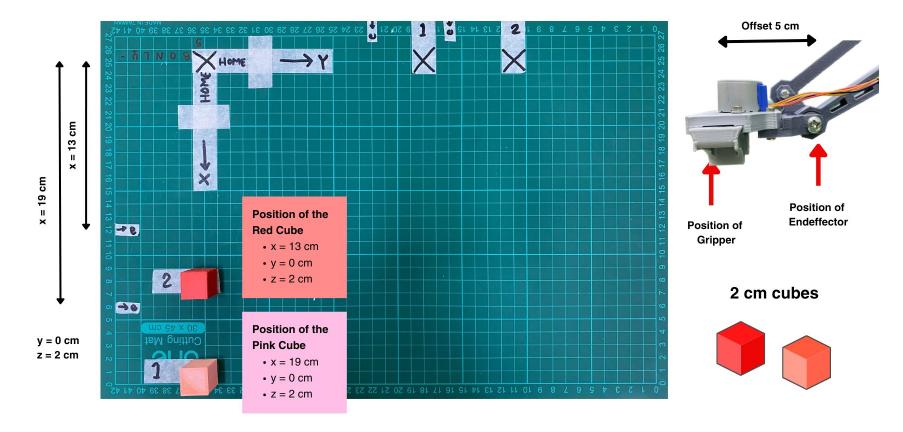
- x = 12 cm
- y = 0 cm
- z = 25 cm

Circuit Diagram

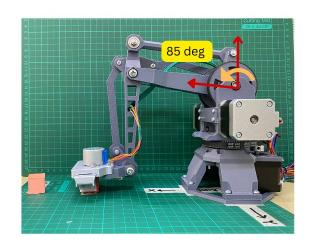
X - Lower Shank



Pick Position

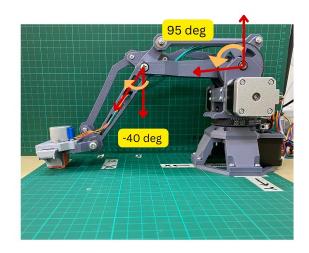


Finding joint angles for Pick Position



To get the pick position of Red cube, joint 2 (θ 2) has to rotate about 85 degree.

- $\theta 1 = 0$
- θ 2 = 85 deg
- θ 3 = 0 deg



To get the pick position of Pink cube, joint 2 (θ 2) has to rotate 95 degree and joint 3 (θ 3) has to rotate -40 degree.

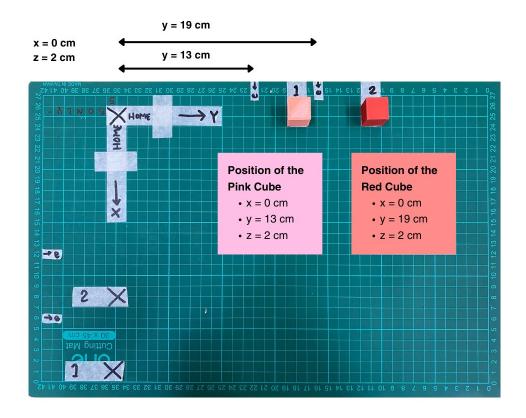
- $\theta 1 = 0$
- θ 2 = 95 deg
- θ 3 = -40 deg

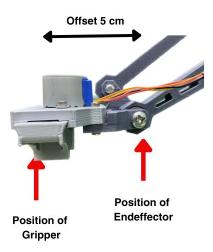
Comparing with Calculated Positions from DH matrix

```
DH matrix.m × +
         % DH parameters for a 3-joint robotic arm
                                                                                    Joint angles
         a = [0, 12, 12];
         alpha = [-pi/2, 0, 0];
                                                                                       • 0.01 = 0.01
         theta = [(0*pi/180), (85*pi/180)-pi/2, (0*pi/180)+pi/2]; % theta 1, theta
                                                                                       • \theta 2 = 85 \deg
         % Initialize overall transformation matrix as identity matrix
 8
         T = eye(4);
                                                                                       • \theta3 = 0 deg
 10
         % Calculate DH transformation matrix for each joint and update overall tra
 11
         for i = 1:3
 12
             % Calculate the DH transformation matrix for the current joint
 13
             T i = eve(4); % Initialize identity matrix for current joint
 14
 15
             T i(1.1) = cos(theta(i)):
             T_{i(1,2)} = -\sin(\text{theta}(i))*\cos(\text{alpha}(i));
 16
 17
             T i(1.3) = sin(theta(i))*sin(alpha(i)):
 18
             T_{i}(1,4) = a(i)*cos(theta(i));
 19
             T i(2,1) = sin(theta(i));
 20
             T i(2,2) = cos(theta(i))*cos(alpha(i));
 21
             T i(2.3) = -cos(theta(i))*sin(alpha(i));
 22
             T_{i(2,4)} = a(i)*sin(theta(i)):
23
24
 25
             T_i(3,2) = sin(alpha(i));
 26
             T i(3,3) = cos(alpha(i));
 27
             T_{i}(3,4) = d(i);
 28
             % Undate the overall transformation matrix
29
 30
             T = T * T i:
31
         end
 32
33
         % Overall transformation matrix for the robotic a
                                                            Position of the
         disp(T);
                                                            Red Cube
Command Window
                                                               • x = 13 \text{ cm}
 >> DH matrix
                                                               • y = 0 cm
     0.0872 -0.9962
                                  13.0002
     0.0000
               0.0000
                         1.0000
                                   0.0000
             -0.0872
    -0.9962
                        0.0000
                                   2.0915
                                                               • 7 = 2 \text{ cm}
                                   1.0000
```

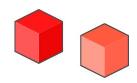
```
% DH parameters for a 3-joint robotic arm
                                                                                   Joint angles
         a = [0, 12, 12];
         alpha = [-pi/2, 0, 0];
         d = [13, 0, 0];
                                                                                       • 01 = 0
 5
         theta = [(0*pi/180), (95*pi/180)-pi/2, (-40*pi/180)+pi/2]; % theta 1, thet
                                                                                      • \theta 2 = 95 \deg
 7
         % Initialize overall transformation matrix as identity matrix
 8
 9
                                                                                      • \theta3 = -40 deg
 10
         % Calculate DH transformation matrix for each joint and update overall tra
 11
 12
              % Calculate the DH transformation matrix for the current joint
 13
             T i = eye(4); % Initialize identity matrix for current joint
 14
 15
             T i(1.1) = cos(theta(i)):
             T_{i(1,2)} = -\sin(\text{theta}(i))*\cos(\text{alpha}(i)):
 16
 17
             T i(1.3) = sin(theta(i))*sin(alpha(i));
 18
             T_i(1,4) = a(i)*cos(theta(i));
 19
 20
             T i(2,1) = sin(theta(i));
 21
             T i(2,2) = cos(theta(i))*cos(alpha(i));
 22
             T i(2.3) = -cos(theta(i))*sin(alpha(i));
             T_{i}(2,4) = a(i)*sin(theta(i));
 23
 24
 25
             T_i(3,2) = sin(alpha(i));
 26
             T_i(3,3) = cos(alpha(i));
 27
             T_{i}(3,4) = d(i);
 28
 29
             % Undate the overall transformation matrix
 30
             T = T * T i:
 31
 32
 33
         % Overall transformation matrix for the robotic a
                                                            Position of the
          disp(T);
                                                           Pink Cube
Command Window
                                                               • x = 18.8 cm
  >> DH matrix
                                                               • y = 0 cm
     0.5736 -0.8192
                                  18.8373
     0.0000
              0.0000
                                   0.0000
             -0.5736
     -0.8192
                         0.0000
                                  2.1243
                                                               • z = 2.1 \text{ cm}
                                  1.0000
```

Place Position

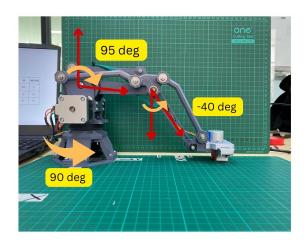




2 cm cubes

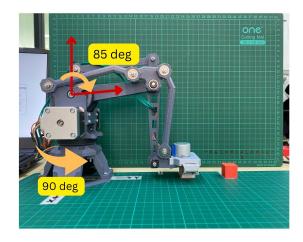


Finding joint angles for Place Positionion



To get the place position of Red cube, joint $1(\theta 1)$ has to rotate 90 degree, joint 2 ($\theta 2$) to 95 degree and joint 3 ($\theta 3$) to -40 degree.

- θ 1 = 90 deg
- θ 2 = 95 deg
- θ 3 = -40 deg



To get the pick position of Pink cube, joint 1 (θ 1) has to rotate 90 degree and joint 2 (θ 2) has to rotate 85 degree.

- θ 1 = 90 deg
- $\theta 2 = 85 \text{ deg}$
- θ 3 = 0 deg

Comparing with Calculated Positions from DH matrix

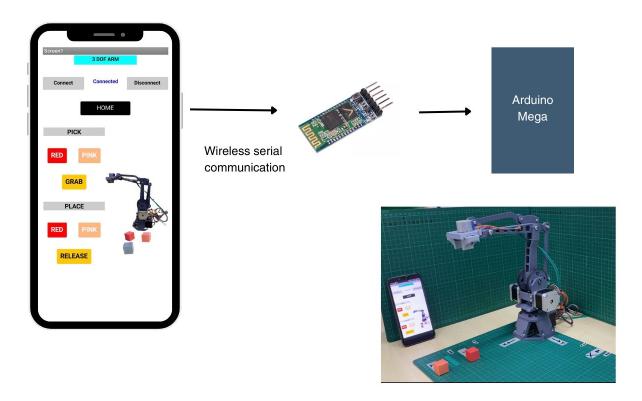
```
DH matrix.m × +
         % DH parameters for a 3-joint robotic arm
                                                                                   Joint angles
         a = [0, 12, 12];
         alpha = [-pi/2, 0, 0];
                                                                                       • \theta 1 = 90 \text{ deg}
         theta = [(90*pi/180), (95*pi/180)-pi/2, (-40*pi/180)+pi/2]; % theta 1, the
                                                                                       • \theta 2 = 95 \deg
         % Initialize overall transformation matrix as identity matrix
 8
         T = eye(4);
                                                                                       • \theta3 = -40 deg
 10
         % Calculate DH transformation matrix for each joint and update overall tra
 11
         for i = 1:3
 12
             % Calculate the DH transformation matrix for the current joint
 13
             T i = eve(4); % Initialize identity matrix for current joint
 14
 15
             T i(1.1) = cos(theta(i)):
             T_{i(1,2)} = -\sin(\text{theta}(i))*\cos(\text{alpha}(i));
 16
 17
             T i(1.3) = sin(theta(i))*sin(alpha(i)):
 18
             T_{i}(1,4) = a(i)*cos(theta(i));
 19
             T i(2,1) = sin(theta(i));
 20
             T i(2,2) = cos(theta(i))*cos(alpha(i));
 21
             T i(2.3) = -cos(theta(i))*sin(alpha(i));
 22
             T_{i(2,4)} = a(i)*sin(theta(i)):
23
24
 25
             T_i(3,2) = sin(alpha(i));
 26
             T i(3,3) = cos(alpha(i));
 27
             T_{i}(3,4) = d(i);
 28
             % Undate the overall transformation matrix
29
 30
             T = T * T i:
31
         end
 32
33
         % Overall transformation matrix for the robotic a
                                                           Position of the
         disp(T);
                                                           Red Cube
Command Window
                                                               • x = 0 cm
 >> DH matrix
                                                               • y = 18.8 cm
    -0.0000
             -0.0000
                        -1.0000
                                  0.0000
     0.5736
             -0.8192
                        0.0000
                                  18.8373
             -0.5736
    -0.8192
                        0.0000
                                  2.1243
                                                               • z = 2.1 \text{ cm}
                                  1.0000
```

```
% DH parameters for a 3-joint robotic arm
                                                                                   Joint angles
         a = [0, 12, 12];
         alpha = [-pi/2, 0, 0];
                                                                                       • \theta 1 = 90 \text{ deg}
 5
         theta = [(90*pi/180), (85*pi/180)-pi/2, (0*pi/180)+pi/2]; % theta 1, theta
                                                                                       • \theta 2 = 85 \deg
 7
         % Initialize overall transformation matrix as identity matrix
 8
 9
                                                                                       • \theta3 = 0 deg
 10
         % Calculate DH transformation matrix for each joint and update overall tra
 11
 12
              % Calculate the DH transformation matrix for the current joint
 13
             T i = eye(4); % Initialize identity matrix for current joint
 14
 15
             T i(1.1) = cos(theta(i)):
             T_{i(1,2)} = -\sin(\text{theta}(i))*\cos(\text{alpha}(i)):
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             T i(1.3) = sin(theta(i))*sin(alpha(i));
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             T_i(1,4) = a(i)*cos(theta(i));
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 20
             T i(2,1) = sin(theta(i));
 21
             T i(2,2) = cos(theta(i))*cos(alpha(i));
 22
             T i(2.3) = -cos(theta(i))*sin(alpha(i));
             T_i(2,4) = a(i)*sin(theta(i));
 23
 24
 25
             T_i(3,2) = sin(alpha(i));
 26
             T_i(3,3) = cos(alpha(i));
 27
             T_{i}(3,4) = d(i);
 28
 29
             % Undate the overall transformation matrix
 30
             T = T * T i:
 31
 32
 33
         % Overall transformation matrix for the robotic a
                                                            Position of the
          disp(T);
                                                            Pink Cube
Command Window
                                                               • x = 0 cm
  >> DH matrix
                                                               • y = 13 \text{ cm}
     -0.0000 -0.0000
                        -1.0000
     0.0872
             -0.9962
                         0.0000
                                  13.0002
    -0.9962
              -0.0872
                                   2.0915
                                                                z = 2 cm
                                   1.0000
```

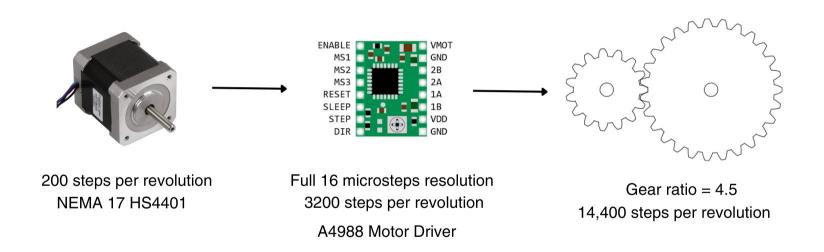
Control Methodology



Created control software using MIT App Inventor Platform

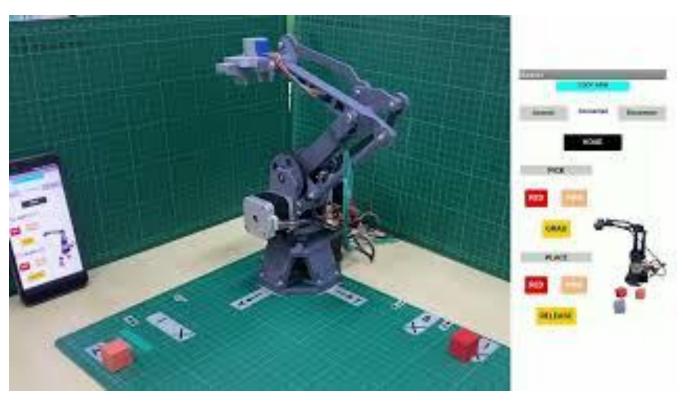


Motor Steps Calculation



1 degree = 40 steps

Result Video



https://youtu.be/D6i2JJkeEAg