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Ansys Sphinx Theme



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The Ansys Sphinx Theme is a custom Ansys-branded theme for use with Sphinx, a documentation generator for creating project documentation from reStructuredText source files.

This theme is specifically tailored for documentation related to Ansys projects helping to ensure consistency in its look and feel. Various useful extensions are included in the theme to make documentation more appealing and user-friendly.

Getting started Learn how to install the Ansys Sphinx Theme.

Getting started User guide Learn how to use the capabilities and features of this theme.

User guide Examples Explore examples that show how to integrate third-party extensions with this theme.

Examples

CONTENTS 1

2 CONTENTS

CHAPTER

ONE

GETTING STARTED

How to install Learn how to download and install the theme.

Installation

1.1 Installation

There are multiple sources for installing the latest stable version of the Ansys Sphinx Theme. These include public PyPI, Ansys PyPI, and GitHub.

Public PyPI

```
python -m pip install ansys-sphinx-theme
```

Ansys PyPI

```
PIP_EXTRA_INDEX_URL="https://${PYANSYS_PYPI_PRIVATE_PAT}@pkgs.dev.azure.com/pyansys/_

→packaging/pyansys/pypi/simple/"

python -m pip install ansys-sphinx-theme
```

GitHub

python -m pip install git+https://github.com/ansys/ansys-sphinx-theme.git@v1.0.11

CHAPTER

TWO

USER GUIDE

This section outlines the fundamental configurations of the Ansys Sphinx theme and how to integrate third-party extensions with this theme to customize your documentation.

Basic configuration Configure the Ansys Sphinx Theme

Basic configuration HTML theme options Set theme options

HTML theme options The linkcode extension See how to use the linkcode extension with the Ansys Sphinx

Theme.

The linkcode extension Sphinx AutoAPI See how to use Sphinx AutoAPI with the Ansys Sphinx Theme.

Sphinx AutoAPI

2.1 Basic configuration

To use the Ansys Sphinx Theme, add the following line to your project's Sphinx conf.py file:

```
html_theme = "ansys_sphinx_theme"
```

The Ansys Sphinx Theme provides these features:

- PyAnsys and Ansys logos
- · Version switcher
- PDF cover page
- Custom CSS

2.1.1 PyAnsys and Ansys logos

The Ansys Sphinx Theme includes the PyAnsys and Ansys logos. All the logos are available in the ansys_sphinx_theme/static/ directory.

To use the logo in both dark and light modes, add the following code to the `html_theme_options` dictionary in your project's Sphinx conf.py file:

Ansys logo

```
html_theme_options = {
    "logo": "ansys",
}
```

PyAnsys logo

```
html_theme_options = {
    "logo": "pyansys",
}
```

No logo

```
html_theme_options = {
    "logo": "no_logo",
}
```

Note

By default, if ansys logo is displayed, the logo links to the Ansys website. If the PyAnsys logo is displayed, the logo links to the PyAnsys website. If you want to change the link, you can set the logo_link option in the conf.py file.

For example:

```
html_theme_options = {
    "logo": "ansys",
    "logo_link": "https://www.example.com",
}
```

Note

If you use the logo option, make sure to remove the html_logo option from the conf.py file. logo option overrides the html_logo option and display the specified logo.

You can also add a custom logo by specifying the path to the logo file as specified in pydata-sphinx-theme.

For example:

```
html_theme_options = {
    "logo": {
        "image_light": "_static/logo-light.png",
        "image_dark": "_static/logo-dark.png",
    }
}
```

2.1.2 favicon

The favicon setting specifies the icon that appears in the browser tab. To use the Ansys favicon, add the following code to your project's Sphinx conf.py file:

```
html_favicon = ansys_favicon
```

2.1.3 Version switcher

The Ansys Sphinx Theme includes a version switcher for switching between different versions of the documentation. To show the version switcher in your documentation, add the following code to your project's Sphinx conf.py file:

```
from ansys_sphinx_theme import get_version_match

version = "0.1.0"
switcher_versions = get_version_match(version)
cname = "your_name"

html_theme_options = {
    "switcher": {
        "json_url": f"https://{cname}/versions.json",
        "version_match": switcher_version,
    },
}
```

The switcher requires a versions.json file that contains the versions of the documentation and their URLs in the given json_url. For more information, see PyAnsys multi-version documentation in the PyAnsys developer's guide.

2.1.4 PDF cover page

The Ansys Sphinx Theme includes a PDF cover page that you can customize. To customize the PDF cover page, see *PDF cover page*.

2.1.5 Custom CSS

You can add custom CSS to the Ansys Sphinx Theme by creating a directory named _static/css in your documentation and adding the following code to your project's Sphinx conf.py file:

```
html_static_path = ["_static"]
html_css_files = ["css/custom.css"]
```

Here is an example of a custom CSS file that changes the background color of the body to black and the text color to white:

```
.body {
   background-color: black;
   color: white;
}
```

2.2 PDF cover page

For generating a PDF of your documentation, Sphinx uses a default cover page. However, you can use the generate_preamble function in the ansys_sphinx_theme.latex module to create and use a custom cover page:

```
ansys_sphinx_theme.latex.generate_preamble(title, watermark='watermark', date=None)
```

Generate the preamble for the PDF documentation.

```
title
   [str] Title of the document.

watermark
   [str, optional] Name of the watermark image.

date
   [datetime, optional] Date of document generation. If not provided, today's date is used.

Returns
```

str

A string representing the LaTeX source code for the preamble.

You use this function to generate the value for the preamble key in the latex_elements variable declared in the conf.py file:

To use the logo and watermark provided by Ansys on the cover page, you must import them and then add them to the latex_additional_files dictionary:

```
from ansys_sphinx_theme import (
    ansys_logo_white,
    ansys_logo_white_cropped,
    watermark,
)
```

```
latex_additional_files = [watermark, ansys_logo_white, ansys_logo_white_cropped]
```

For an example of a rendered PDF cover page, see the PDF documentation.

2.3 HTML theme options

In the Sphinx configuration (conf.py) file in the doc directory, you can use the html_theme_options dictionary to customize the Ansys Sphinx theme.

2.3.1 Show breadcrumbs

Showing breadcrumbs at the top of your documentation pages makes navigation easier. Breadcrumbs are shown by setting "show_breadcrumbs": True. To add additional *root* breadcrumbs, "additional_breadcrumbs" is set to a list of tuples in this form: ("Link text", "url").

This html_theme_options dictionary show breadcrumbs, including a root breadcrumb for the documentation landing page for the Ansys repository:

When you are on the landing page for your documentation, the breadcrumb shows the title for this page. However, Sphinx cannot access this title from other documentation pages. Thus, after html_theme_options dictionary, you must set html_short_title to the display text to use for this breadcrumb.

To ensure a consistent user experience, always set the html_short_title (or optionally html_title if html_short_title is not used) to the library name.

For example, in the conf.py file for the Ansys Sphinx Theme, this line is added after the html_theme_options dictionary:

```
html_short_title = html_title = "Ansys Sphinx Theme"
```

If you want the title for your documentation's main index.rst file to show the version, include |version| in the title:

```
html_short_title = html_title = "Ansys Sphinx Theme |version|"
```

2.3.2 Add and hide icons in the navigation bar

The navigation bar shows two icons on the right by default. The first is for switching between light and dark modes. The second is for going to the library's GitHub repository.

- For comprehensive information on adding custom link behavior, see Add custom attributes to icon links in the PyData Theme documentation.
- For comprehensive information on how to use Font Awesome to add icons, see How To Add Icons in the Font Awesome documentation.

The following sections explain how to add icons and hide icons.

Add icons

In the conf.py file, the html_theme_options dictionary has a child icon_links dictionary. To add icons to the navigation bar, add them to the icon_links dictionary. For each icon to add, specify its name, the associated url, the icon, and the type.

This example adds an icon for sending an email:

```
html_theme_options = {
  "icon_links": [
      dict(name="Mail", url="mailto:me", icon="fas fa-envelope")
],
...
}
```

Hide icons

To hide icons so that they do not show in the navigation bar, add their names to the hidden_icons dictionary:

```
html_theme_options = {
    "hidden_icons": ["GitHub"],
    ...
}
```

If you want to hide all icons, use the show_icons Boolean variable:

```
html_theme_options = {
    "show_icons": False,
    ...
}
```

2.3.3 Use MeiliSearch

MeiliSearch is an open source search engine that allows developers to easily integrate search functionality into their applications.

To use MeiliSearch in your documentation, in the conf.py file, a child dictionary named use_meilisearch``is added to the ``html_theme_options dictionary.

This dictionary contains these keys, in the order given:

- 1. host: Host name of your MeiliSearch instance. If no value is provided, the default public host for PyAnsys is used: https://backend.search.pyansys.com on port 7700. If added security is needed, you can use the os.getenv() function to set the instance using an environment variable.
- 2. api_key: API key for your MeiliSearch instance. If no value is provided, the default public API key for PyAnsys is used. If added security is needed, you can use the os.getenv() function to set the key using an environment variable.
- 3. index_uids: Dictionary that provides the mapping between the unique identifier (UID) of an index and its corresponding user-friendly name. Each key-value pair in the dictionary represents an index, with the key being the index UID and the value being the index name. The index UID points to an index on the server.

Here is an example of how to configure MeiliSearch for use in the conf.py file:

```
import os

use_meilisearch = {
    "host": os.getenv("MEILISEARCH_HOST_NAME", ""),
    "api_key": os.getenv("MEILISEARCH_API_KEY", ""),
    "index_uids": {
        "index-uid of current project": "index name to display",
        "another-index-uid": "index name to display",
    },
}
```

If your project features multiple documentation versions, it's crucial to adapt the index_uids mapping to accommodate different versions. To ensure seamless search integration across versions, use the following format to dynamically generate version-specific index UIDs:

Here is an example configuration of how to configure MeiliSearch in the conf.py file for the Ansys Sphinx Theme:

With these options set, MeiliSearch is available for performing searches of your documentation.

Note

If you do not set the use_meilisearch dictionary, the Ansys Sphinx Theme uses the default search functionality inherited from the PyData Sphinx Theme.

2.3.4 Cheat sheets

If a cheat sheet has been created for your PyAnsys library, with quarto, you can add it to the left navigation pane of your documentation.

In the html_theme_options dictionary, you add a child dictionary named cheatsheet that contain these keys, in the order given:

- 1. file: File name including the extension of the cheat sheet. If the file is inside a directory, include the directory name relative to the root of the documentation. For example, if the cheat sheet is in the getting_started directory, the file name is getting_started/cheat_sheet.qmd.
- 2. title: Title of the cheat sheet to be displayed in the left navigation pane.
- 3. pages: List of names for the pages to include the cheat sheet on. If no value is provided, the cheat sheet is displayed only on the main index.html file.

Here is an example of how to add the cheatsheet dictionary to the *html_theme_options*` dictionary:

Here is an example of how to show a thumbnail of a PyMAPDL cheat sheet in the left navigation pane of its main index.rst file and the learning.rst file in its "Getting started" section:

Note

To use this feature, you must have the *quarto <https://quarto.org/>* package installed. To create thumbnails of generated PDF files, the theme is using *pdf2image*. So you should have the poppler package installed in your system. For more information, see the pdf2image documentation.

2.4 The linkcode extension

The linkcode extension automatically adds *source* links to the documentation for Python, C, C++, and JavaScript objects. It allows you to link to the source code hosted on GitHub.

To use the linkcode extension, you must add it to the extensions variable in your project's Sphinx conf.py file:

```
extensions = ["ansys_sphinx_theme.extension.linkcode"]
```

2.4.1 Configuration options

The Linkcode extension provides a way to configure its behavior by using certain options within your conf.py file. Depending on your preferred approach, you can utilize the direct configuration options or the html_context dictionary to streamline your settings.

If both sets of configuration options are given, the direct configuration options (that is, link_code_library, link_code_source, link_code_branch) has precedence over the corresponding settings in the html_context dictionary.

Direct configuration options

- link_code_library: The user/repository name where the source code is hosted. For example, ansys/ansys-sphinx-theme.
- link_code_source (str, optional, default: ''): The relative path of the source code file within the repository. For example, src.
- link_code_branch (str, optional, default: 'main'): The GitHub branch. It can be a specific version like main or dev

If the link_code_source and link_code_branch options are not provided in the configuration, the following default values are used:

- link_code_source: An empty string (''). This links to the root of the repository.
- link_code_branch: main. This is the default branch name used if no branch is specified.

```
# Example of setting direct configuration in example
link_code_library = "username/repo-name"
link_code_source = "src"
link_code_branch = "dev"
```

Using html_context dictionary

You also have the option to centralize your GitHub-related configuration by incorporating it directly into the html_context dictionary within your conf.py file. This approach allows you to minimize redundancy and manage the GitHub-related information more effectively for the extension:

```
# Example of setting GitHub-related configuration in conf.py
html_context = {
    "github_user": "<your-github-org>",
    "github_repo": "<your-github-repo>",
    "github_version": "<your-branch>",
```

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```
"source_path": "<path-from-root-to-your-source_file>",
}
```

With this setup, you can fine-tune your configuration according to your preferences and requirements, enhancing the integration of the linkcode extension into your documentation.

2.5 Sphinx AutoAPI

To use Sphinx AutoAPI with the Ansys Sphinx Theme, you must add ansys_sphinx_theme.extension.autoapi to the extensions list in your conf.py file and set the ansys_sphinx_theme_autoapi theme options in the html_theme_options dictionary.

- project: The name of the project.
- output: The path to the directory where the generated files are placed. By default, this is set to the api directory.
- templates: The path to the directory containing the custom templates for sphinx-autoapi. By default, this is set to the autoapi_templates directory in the theme package.
- directory: The path to the directory containing the source code with respect to the conf.py file. By default, this is set to the src/ansys directory.
- use_implicit_namespaces: If set to True, the autoapi extension use *implicit namespaces*. By default, this is set to True.
- keep_files: If set to True, the autoapi extension keeps the generated files. By default, this is set to True.
- own_page_level: The level of the page where the autoapi extension places the content of the class. By default, this is set to class.
- type: The type of the autoapi extension. By default, this is set to python.
- options: The options to pass to the autoapi extension. By default, this is set to ["members", "undoc-members", "show-inheritance", "show-module-summary", "special-members"].
- class_content: The content of the class. By default this is set to class.
- ignore: The list of directories to ignore. By default, this is empty.
- add_toctree_entry: If set to True, the autoapi extension adds the generated files to the TOC tree. By default, this is set to False.
- package_depth: The depth of the package. By default, this is set to 3. This is the namespace depth of the package. For example, if the package is ansys, the depth is 1. If the package is ansys. foo, the depth is 2.
- member_order: The order to document members. By default, this is set to bysource. Other options include alphabetical, which orders members by their name (case sensitive), or groupwise, which orders members by their type and alphabetically.

All these options can be set in the conf. py file of your Sphinx project.

```
html_theme_options = {
    "ansys_sphinx_theme_autoapi": {
        "project": "My Project",
        "output": "api",
        "directory": "src/ansys",
        "use_implicit_namespaces": True,
        "keep_files": True,
```

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```
"own_page_level": "class",
        "type": "python",
        "options": [
            "members",
            "undoc-members",
            "show-inheritance",
            "show-module-summary",
            "special-members",
        ],
        "class_content": "class",
        "ignore": [],
        "add_toctree_entry": False,
        "package_depth": 3,
        "member_order": "bysource",
    }
}
```

You need to add ansys_sphinx_theme.extension.autoapi to the extensions list in your conf.py file:

```
extensions = [
   "ansys_sphinx_theme.extension.autoapi",
]
```

The complete configuration for sphinx-autoapi in your conf.py file should look like this:

```
html_theme_options = {
    "ansys_sphinx_theme_autoapi": {
        "project": "My Project",
        "output": "api",
        "use_implicit_namespaces": True,
        "directory": "src/ansys",
        "keep_files": True,
        "own_page_level": "class",
        "type": "python",
        "options": [
            "members",
            "undoc-members",
            "show-inheritance",
            "show-module-summary",
            "special-members",
        "class_content": "class",
    }
}
extensions = [
    "ansys_sphinx_theme.extension.autoapi",
]
```

CHAPTER

THREE

EXAMPLES

This section provides examples that show how the Ansys Sphinx Theme renders different Sphinx extensions and documentation components.

3.1 Sphinx extensions

These examples show how the Ansys Sphinx Theme renders different Sphinx extensions.

Sphinx design Examples of how the Sphinx design is rendered.

Sphinx design Jupyter notebook - nbsphinx Examples of how notebooks are rendered.

Jupyter notebook - nbsphinx Sphinx gallery Examples of how the Sphinx gallery is rendered.

Sphinx-Gallery Sphinx autoapi Examples of how Sphinx AutoAPI documentation is rendered.

Sphinx AutoAPI

3.2 Documentation components

These examples show how the Ansys Sphinx Theme renders different documentation components.

Tables Examples of tables with JavaScript and RST rendered using the ansys-sphinx-theme.

Table Admonitions Examples of how admonitions are rendered.

Admonitions

3.2.1 Sphinx design

This example shows how the Ansys Sphinx Theme renders documentation components using the sphinx-design extension. For comprehensive information, see its documentation.

Credits and acknowledgments

The examples presented below are sourced from the Sphinx Design project Copyright (c) by Chris Sewell (2023), available at sphinx design examples. This project is licensed under the MIT License.

Badge-basic

```
:bdg:`plain badge`

:bdg-primary:`primary`, :bdg-primary-line:`primary-line`

:bdg-secondary:`secondary`, :bdg-secondary-line:`secondary-line`

:bdg-success:`success`, :bdg-success-line:`success-line`

:bdg-info:`info`, :bdg-info-line:`info-line`

:bdg-warning:`warning`, :bdg-warning-line:`warning-line`

:bdg-danger:`danger`, :bdg-danger-line:`danger-line`

:bdg-light:`light`, :bdg-light-line:`light-line`

:bdg-muted:`muted`, :bdg-muted-line:`muted-line`

:bdg-dark:`dark`, :bdg-dark-line:`dark-line`

:bdg-black:`black`, :bdg-white-line:`white-line`

:bdg-black:`black`, :bdg-black-line:`black-line`
```

This directive renders as follows:

```
plain badge
primary, primary-line
secondary, secondary-line
success, success-line
info, info-line
warning, warning-line
danger, danger-line
light, light-line
muted, muted-line
dark, dark-line
white, white-line
```

black, black-line

Badge-link

```
:bdg-link-primary:`https://example.com`

:bdg-link-primary-line:`explicit title <https://example.com>`
```

This directive renders as follows:

https://example.com

explicit title

Button-link

This directive renders as follows:

https://example.com

Button text

https://example.com

https://example.com

https://example.com

Card-basic

```
.. card:: Card Title

Card content
```

This directive renders as follows:

Card Title Card content

Card-carousel

This directive renders as follows:

```
card 1 content
card 2 Longer
content
card 3 card 4 card 5 card 6
```

Card-head-foot

```
.. card:: Card Title

    Header
    ^^^
    Card content
    +++
    Footer
```

This directive renders as follows:

Header

Card Title Card content

Footer

Card-images

```
.. grid:: 2 3 3 4
    .. grid-item::
        .. card:: Title
            :img-background: images/particle_background.jpg
            :class-card: sd-text-black
            :img-alt: my text
            Text
    .. grid-item-card:: Title
        :img-top: images/particle_background.jpg
        :img-alt:
       Header
        ^ ^ ^
       Content
       +++
       Footer
    .. grid-item-card:: Title
        :img-bottom: images/particle_background.jpg
       Header
       Content
       Footer
```

This directive renders as follows:



Title Text



Header

Title Content

Footer

Header

Title Content

Footer



Card-link

```
.. _cards-clickable:
Clickable cards
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Using the ``link`` and ``link-type`` options, you can turn an entire card into a...
→clickable link. Try hovering over then clicking on the cards below:
.. card:: Clickable Card (external)
    :link: https://example.com
    The entire card can be clicked to navigate to https://example.com.
.. card:: Clickable Card (external)
    :link: https://example.com
    :link-alt: example.com
    The entire card can be clicked to navigate to https://example.com.
.. card:: Clickable Card (internal)
    :link: cards-clickable
    :link-type: ref
    The entire card can be clicked to navigate to the ``cards-clickable`` reference card-
⇒link.txt.
.. card:: Clickable Card (internal)
                                                                              (continues on next page)
```

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```
:link: cards-clickable
:link-type: ref
:link-alt: clickable cards

The entire card can be clicked to navigate to the ``cards-clickable`` reference card-
-link.txt.
```

This directive renders as follows:

Clickable cards

Using the link and link-type options, you can turn an entire card into a clickable link. Try hovering over then clicking on the cards below:

Clickable Card (external) The entire card can be clicked to navigate to https://example.com.

https://example.com Clickable Card (external) The entire card can be clicked to navigate to https://example.com.

example.com Clickable Card (internal) The entire card can be clicked to navigate to the cards-clickable reference card-link.txt.

Clickable cards Clickable Card (internal) The entire card can be clicked to navigate to the cards-clickable reference card-link.txt.

clickable cards

Card-title-link

This directive renders as follows:

Div-basic

```
.. div:: sd-text-center sd-font-italic sd-text-primary
Some CSS styled text
```

This directive renders as follows:

Some CSS styled text

Dropdown-basic

```
.. dropdown::
    Dropdown content
.. dropdown:: Dropdown title
    Dropdown content
.. dropdown:: Open dropdown
    :open:
    Dropdown content
```

This directive renders as follows:

Dropdown content

Dropdown title

Dropdown content

Open dropdown

Dropdown content

Dropdown-options

```
.. dropdown:: Title
    :name: dropdown-options.txt
    :color: info
    :icon: alert
    :margin: 1
    :class-container: class-container
    :class-title: class-title
    :class-body: class-body

Dropdown content
:ref:`dropdown-options.txt`, :ref:`text <dropdown-options.txt>`
```

This directive renders as follows:

Title

Dropdown content

Title, text

Grid-basic

This directive renders as follows:

A

В

 \mathbf{C}

D

Grid-card-columns

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

С

This directive renders as follows:

A

В

C

Grid-card

```
.. grid:: 2
.. grid-item-card:: Title 1

A
.. grid-item-card:: Title 2

B
```

This directive renders as follows:

Title 1 A

Title 2 B

Grid-gutter

This directive renders as follows:

A

В

Α

В

Grid-nested

```
.. grid:: 1 1 2 2
   :gutter: 1
   .. grid-item::
       .. grid:: 1 1 1 1
            :gutter: 1
            .. grid-item-card:: Item 1.1
                Multi-line
                content
            .. grid-item-card:: Item 1.2
                Content
   .. grid-item::
       .. grid:: 1 1 1 1
            :gutter: 1
            .. grid-item-card:: Item 2.1
                Content
            .. grid-item-card:: Item 2.2
                Content
            .. grid-item-card:: Item 2.3
                Content
```

This directive renders as follows:

Item 1.1 Multi-line

content

Item 1.2 Content

Item 2.1 Content

Item 2.2 Content

Item 2.3 Content

Icon-fontawesome

```
An icon :fas:`spinner;sd-bg-primary sd-bg-text-primary`, some more text.
```

This directive renders as follows:

An icon, some more text.

Icon-material-design

```
- A regular icon: :material-regular: `data_exploration; 2em`, some more text
- A coloured regular icon: :material-regular: `settings; 3em; sd-text-success`, some more__
-text.
- A coloured outline icon: :material-outlined: `settings; 3em; sd-text-success`, some more__
-text.
- A coloured sharp icon: :material-sharp: `settings; 3em; sd-text-success`, some more text.
- A coloured round icon: :material-round: `settings; 3em; sd-text-success`, some more text.
- A coloured two-tone icon: :material-twotone: `settings; 3em; sd-text-success`, some more__
-text.
- A fixed size icon: :material-regular: `data_exploration; 24px`, some more text.
```

This directive renders as follows:

- A regular icon: , some more text
- A coloured regular icon: , some more text.
- A coloured outline icon: , some more text.
- A coloured sharp icon: , some more text.
- A coloured round icon: , some more text.
- A coloured two-tone icon: , some more text.
- A fixed size icon: , some more text.

Icon-octicon

```
A coloured icon: :octicon: report; lem; sd-text-info , some more text.
```

This directive renders as follows:

A coloured icon: , some more text.

Tab-basic

```
.. tab-set::
    .. tab-item:: Label1
        Content 1
    .. tab-item:: Label2
        Content 2
```

This directive renders as follows:

Label1

Content 1

Label2

Content 2

Tab-code-set

```
.. tab-set-code::
    .. literalinclude:: ./snippet.py
        :language: python
    .. code-block:: javascript
        a = 1;
```

This directive renders as follows:

PYTHON

```
# Copyright (C) 2021 - 2024 ANSYS, Inc. and/or its affiliates.
# SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
#
#
# Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
# of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
# in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
# to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
# copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
# furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
#
# The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
```

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```
# copies or substantial portions of the Software.
# THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
# IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
# FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
# AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
# LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
# OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
# SOFTWARE.
"""Sample functions for ansys-sphinx-theme."""
def func(arg1, arg2):
    """Summary line <should be one one line>.
   Extended description of function. Can span multiple lines and
   provides a general overview of the function.
    .. warning::
       Use the ``.. warning::` directive within the doc-string for any
       warnings you would like to explicitly state. For example, if
       this method will be deprecated in the next release.
   Parameters
    arg1: int
       Description of arg1.
    arg2 : str
       Description of arg2.
   Returns
    hoo1
       Description of return value.
   Examples
   >>> func(1, 'foo')
   True
    .....
   return True
```

JAVASCRIPT

```
a = 1;
```

Tab-options

This directive renders as follows:

Label

Content

Label, text

Tab-sync

```
.. tab-set::
    :sync-group: category

.. tab-item:: Label1
    :sync: key1

    Content 1

.. tab-item:: Label2
    :sync: key2

    Content 2

.. tab-set::
    :sync-group: category

.. tab-item:: Label1
    :sync: key1

    Content 1
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
.. tab-item:: Label2
    :sync: key2

Content 2
```

This directive renders as follows:

Label1

Content 1

Label2

Content 2

Label1

Content 1

Label2

Content 2

3.2.2 Jupyter notebook - nbsphinx

This example shows how the Ansys Sphinx Theme renders a Jupyter notebook using the nbspinx extension. Download this example as a Jupyter notebook.

Nbsphinx example

This example renders a Jupyter notebook using the nbsphinx extension.

Plot a simple sphere using PyVista.

Render equations using the IPython math module.

```
[3]: from IPython.display import Math eq = Math(r'\int\limits_{-\infty}^\infty f(x) \delta(x - x_0) dx = f(x_0)') eq \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)\delta(x-x_0)dx = f(x_0)
[4]: from IPython.display import Latex Latex(r'This is a \LaTeX{} equation: a^2 + b^2 = c^2
[4]: This is a LaTeX equation: a^2 + b^2 = c^2
```

Render a table in markdown.

This is an example to render the table inside the notebook

Α	В	A and B
False	False	False
True	False	False
False	True	False
True	True	True

Render a data frame

```
[5]: import pandas as pd

# Create a dictionary of data
data = {
    'A': [True, False, True, False],
    'B': [False, True, False, True],
    'C': [True, True, False, False],
}

# Create DataFrame from the dictionary
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Display the DataFrame
df.head()
```

```
[5]: A B C
0 True False True
1 False True True
2 True False False
3 False True False
```

3.2.3 Sphinx-Gallery

This example shows how the Ansys Sphinx Theme renders examples using Sphinx-Gallery.

Sphinx-Gallery

This example shows how to add a new example when using Sphinx-Gallery.

To use Sphinx-Gallery, first install the package with this command:

```
pip install sphinx-gallery
```

Then, add the package to the extensions variable in your Sphinx conf.py file:

```
extensions = [
   "sphinx_gallery.gen_gallery",
]
```

Plot a simple sphere using PyVista

This code plots a simple sphere using PyVista.

```
import pyvista as pv

pv.set_jupyter_backend("html")

sphere = pv.Sphere()
sphere.plot()
```

Plot a simple sphere using PyVista with a plotter

```
plotter = pv.Plotter(notebook=True)
plotter.add_mesh(sphere, color="white", show_edges=True)
plotter.title = "3D Sphere Visualization"
plotter.show()
```

Render equations using IPython math

This example shows how to render equations using the IPython math module.

```
from IPython.display import Math, display

# LaTeX formatted equation
equation = r"\int\limits_{-\infty}^\infty f(x) \delta(x - x_0) \, dx = f(x_0)"

# Display the equation
display(Math(equation))
```

```
from IPython.display import Latex

Latex(r"This is a \LaTeX{} equation: $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$")
```

Render a table in markdown

This is an example to render a table inside the markdown with Sphinx-Gallery.

Α	В	A and B
False	False	False
True	False	False
False	True	False
True	True	True

Render a table using pandas

```
import pandas as pd

# Create a dictionary of data
data = {
    "A": [True, False, True, False],
    "B": [False, True, False, True],
    "C": [True, True, False, False],
}

# Create DataFrame from the dictionary
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Display the DataFrame
df.head()
```

3.2.4 Sphinx AutoAPI

This example shows how the Ansys Sphinx Theme renders API documentation using the Sphinx AutoAPI extension.

API reference

This section describes ansys_sphinx_theme endpoints, their capabilities, and how to interact with them programmatically.

The examples package

Summary

Submodules

sample_func	Sample functions for ansys-sphinx-theme.
samples	Sample classes and functions for ansys-sphinx-theme.
type_hint_example	Module containing an example function using type hinting.

The sample_func.py module

Summary

Functions

func Summary line <should be one one line>.

examples.sample_func.func

```
examples.sample_func.func(arg1, arg2)
```

Summary line <should be one one line>.

Extended description of function. Can span multiple lines and provides a general overview of the function.

Warning

Use the .. warning:: directive within the doc-string for any warnings you would like to explicitly state. For example, if this method will be deprecated in the next release.

Parameters

```
arg1
[int] Description of arg1.arg2
[str] Description of arg2.
```

Returns

bool

Description of return value.

Examples

```
>>> func(1, 'foo')
True
```

Description

Sample functions for ansys-sphinx-theme.

The samples.py module

Summary

Classes

ExampleClass	The summary line for a class docstring should fit on one line.
Complex	Custom implementation of a complex number.

ExampleClass

```
class examples.samples.ExampleClass(param1, param2, param3=0)
```

The summary line for a class docstring should fit on one line.

Attributes should be documented inline with the attribute's declaration.

Properties created with the @property decorator should be documented in the property's getter method.

Parameters

```
param1
    [str] Description of param1.

param2
    [list of str] Description of param2. Multiple lines are supported.

param3
    [int, optional] Description of param3.
```

Examples

An example of how to initialize this class should be given.

```
>>> from ansys_sphinx_theme import samples
>>> example = samples.ExampleClass('mystr', ['apple', 'orange'], 3)
```

Overview

Methods

example_method Class methods are similar to regular functions.

Properties

readonly_property	Properties should be documented in their getter method.
readwrite_property	Set or return the readwrite property.

Attributes

attr1 attr2 attr3 attr4 attr5

Special methods

```
__special__ By default special members with docstrings are not included. __special_without_docstring__
```

Import detail

```
from examples.samples import ExampleClass
```

Property detail

```
property ExampleClass.readonly_property: str
```

Properties should be documented in their getter method.

Examples

```
>>> example.readonly_property
"readonly_property"
```

property ExampleClass.readwrite_property

Set or return the readwrite property.

Properties with both a getter and setter should only be documented in their getter method.

If the setter method contains notable behavior, it should be mentioned here.

Examples

```
>>> example.readwrite_property
"readwrite_property"

>>> example.readwrite_property = 'hello world'
>>> example.readwrite_property
'hello world'
```

Attribute detail

```
ExampleClass.attr1
ExampleClass.attr2
ExampleClass.attr3
ExampleClass.attr4 = ['attr4']
ExampleClass.attr5 = None
```

Method detail

```
ExampleClass.example_method(param1, param2)
```

Class methods are similar to regular functions.

```
Parameters
```

```
param1
    [str] The first parameter.

param2
    [str] The second parameter.
```

Returns

bool

True if successful, False otherwise.

Notes

Do not include the self parameter in the Parameters section.

Examples

```
>>> example.example_method('foo', 'bar')
True
```

```
ExampleClass.__special__()
```

By default special members with docstrings are not included.

Special members are any methods or attributes that start with and end with a double underscore. Any special member with a docstring will be included in the output, if napoleon_include_special_with_doc is set to True.

This behavior can be enabled by changing the following setting in Sphinx's conf.py:

```
napoleon_include_special_with_doc = True
```

```
ExampleClass.__special_without_docstring__()
```

Complex

```
class examples.samples.Complex(real, imag=0.0)
```

Bases: object

Custom implementation of a complex number.

Parameters

real

[float] Real component of the complex number.

imag

[float, optional] Imaginary component of the complex number.

Examples

```
>>> my_num = Complex(real=1, imag=-1.0)
>>> my_num
(1.0 + 1.0j)
```

Overview

Properties

real	Real component of this complex number.
imag	Real component of this complex number.
abs	Return the absolute value of this number.

Special methods

add	Add two complex numbers.
sub	Subtract two complex numbers.
mu1	Multiply two complex numbers.
truediv	Divide two complex numbers.
repr	Return repr(self).

Import detail

```
from examples.samples import Complex
```

Property detail

property Complex.real

Real component of this complex number.

Examples

```
>>> my_num = Complex(real=1, imag=-1.0)
>>> my_num.real
1.0
```

property Complex.imag

Real component of this complex number.

Examples

```
>>> my_num = Complex(real=1, imag=-1.0)
>>> my_num.imag
-1.0
```

Set the imaginary component

```
>>> my_num.imag = 2.0
>>> my_num.imag
2.0
```

property Complex.abs

Return the absolute value of this number.

Examples

```
>>> my_num = Complex(real=1, imag=1.0)
>>> my_num.abs
```

Method detail

```
Complex.__add__(other)
Add two complex numbers.

Complex.__sub__(other)
Subtract two complex numbers.

Complex.__mul__(other)
Multiply two complex numbers.

Complex.__truediv__(other)
Divide two complex numbers.

Complex.__repr__()
Return repr(self).
```

Description

Sample classes and functions for ansys-sphinx-theme.

The type_hint_example.py module

Summary

Functions

type_hint_func Summary containing the function description.

examples.type_hint_example.type_hint_func

```
examples.type_hint_example.type_hint_func(param1: int = 1, param2: str = 'test', param3: int | float = 1) \rightarrow bool
```

Summary containing the function description.

Extended description of the function. Can span multiple lines and provides a general overview of the function.

Parameters

param1

Description of an integer parameter.

param2

Description of a string parameter.

param3

Parameter that can be either int or float using Union (typing).

Returns

bool

Description of the returned value.

Examples

```
>>> func(1, 'foo', 1)
True
```

Description

Module containing an example function using type hinting.

Description

A sub-package containing various examples for checking their rendering.

3.2.5 **Table**

The table directive with ansys sphinx theme allows for rendering of tables. There are different types of tables, such as the data table, longtable-centered, and table-centered, each serving different purposes.

Normal table

Table 1: Truth table for "not"

A	В	С
False		
	True False	False True
False		
	True False	False True
False	True	
		False
	True False	True

Data table

This is an example of a data table that can be rendered using the table directive. It consists of three columns representing the variables A, B, and A and B respectively. Each row represents a different combination of True and False for variables A and B. The *datatable* class can be used to style the data table.

Α	В	A and B
False	False	False
True	False	False
False	True	False
True	True	True

Longtable-centered

The longtable-centered class can be used to create a table that spans multiple pages and is centered horizontally. This is useful for tables that have a large number of rows or columns. Here is an example of a longtable-centered:

	MAPDL Command
GUI commands	• *ASK
GUI commands	• *ASK
GUI commands	• *ASK

Table-centered

The table-centered class can be used to create a table that is horizontally centered. This is useful for tables that have only a few columns. Here is an example of a table-centered:

	MAPDL Command
GUI commands	• *ASK
GUI commands	• *ASK
GUI commands	• *ASK

3.2.6 Admonitions

Admonitions are specially formatted blocks that highlight important information in the documentation. This page shows how the Ansys Sphinx Theme renders admonitions.

The examples shown below are derived from the PyData Sphinx Theme project, copyrighted by pandas, 2018. Original examples can be found in Examples in the PyData Sphinx Theme documentation. These examples are licensed under the BSD 3-Clause License.

The examples included below in this page were originally copyrighted and licensed as follows:

Copyright (c) 2021, Pradyun Gedam. Licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License (SPDX-License-Identifier: CC-BY-SA-4.0), as specified by the PyData Sphinx Theme in their examples.

Admonitions

Sphinx provides several different types of admonitions.

topic

This is a topic.

This is what admonitions are a special case of, according to the docutils documentation.

admonition

The one with the custom titles

It's got a certain charm to it.

at		

Attention Climate change is real. caution

Caution

Cliff ahead: Don't drive off it.

danger

Danger

Mad scientist at work!

error

Error

Does not compute.

hint

Hint

Insulators insulate, until they are subject to _____ voltage.

important

Important

Tech is not neutral, nor is it apolitical.

note

Note

This is a note.

seealso

See also

Other relevant information.

tip

Tip

25% if the service is good.

todo

Todo

This needs the sphinx.ext.todo extension.

warning

Warning

Reader discretion is strongly advised.

versionadded

Added in version v0.1.1: Here's a version added message.

versionchanged

Changed in version v0.1.1: Here's a version changed message.

deprecated

Deprecated since version v0.1.1: Here's a deprecation message.

CHAPTER

FOUR

RELEASE NOTES

This document contains the release notes for the project.

4.1 1.0.11 - 2024-09-19

4.1.1 Fixed

• fix: location of nbsphinx #506

4.2 1.0.10 - 2024-09-18

4.2.1 Fixed

• fix: do not display captions for nbgallery #503

4.3 1.0.9 - 2024-09-16

4.3.1 Added

• feat: add member_order to autoapi #495

4.3.2 Fixed

• fix: autoapi relative directory path wrt tox env #494

4.4 1.0.8 - 2024-09-03

4.4.1 Fixed

- fix: Align jupyter cell output #489
- fix: the download in sphinx gallery #490

4.5 1.0.7 - 2024-08-23

4.5.1 Fixed

- fix: autoapi extension #472
- fix: admonitions styles for topic admonition #477

4.6 1.0.6 - 2024-08-23

4.6.1 Fixed

- fix: download icon with sphinx-gallery and nbsphinx #471
- feat: add different width for different media for main content #473
- fix: the scrollbar on sidebar #474

4.6.2 Documentation

• chore: update CHANGELOG for v1.0.5 #470

4.7 1.0.5 - 2024-08-16

4.7.1 Fixed

• feat: add default logo links for Ansys and PyAnsys logos #469

4.7.2 Dependencies

• build(deps): bump nbsphinx from 0.9.4 to 0.9.5 #465

4.8 1.0.4 - 2024-08-13

4.8.1 Fixed

• fix: tables and cell output #460

4.8.2 Dependencies

- ci: bump ansys/actions from 6 to 7 #457
- build(deps): bump numpydoc from 1.7.0 to 1.8.0 #459

4.9 1.0.3 - 2024-08-09

4.9.1 Fixed

- fix: minor style changes #452
- fix: downgrade the autoapi and keep autoapi toctree to True by default #453
- fix: pygment_styles with dark and light theme and dark theme table #454

4.10 1.0.2 - 2024-08-08

4.10.1 Changed

• maint: update ansys actions #449

4.10.2 Fixed

• fix: sphinx design image background #450

4.11 1.0.1 - 2024-08-08

4.11.1 Fixed

• fix: stable docs indexing package name #446

4.8. 1.0.4 - 2024-08-13

4.12 1.0.0 - 2024-08-08

4.12.1 Added

- fix: update the github icon #401
- feat: add default logo and update logo option with theme #425
- feat: add quarto cheat sheet extension with cheat sheet option #428

4.12.2 Changed

- chore: update CHANGELOG for v0.16.2 #381
- chore: update CHANGELOG for v0.16.3 #389
- chore: update CHANGELOG for v0.16.4 #390
- chore: update CHANGELOG for v0.16.5 #394
- chore: update CHANGELOG for v0.16.6 #402

4.12.3 Fixed

- fix: Align cheat sheet center #382
- fix: reformat the style files #406
- fix: reformat the table styles #408
- fix: reformat navigation bar and background #409
- fix: primary, 'secondary' sidebars and links #411
- fix: sphinx design reformat #412
- fix: update the breadcrumbs #419
- fix: admonitions style #424
- fix: sidebar borders and overflow #427
- fix: search bar styles #429
- fix: updated the logo options #431
- fix: add dropdown styles for the header navigation bar #437
- fix: dark theme variables #438
- fix: sphinx card box shadow on focus #439
- fix: focus links with keyboard #440
- fix: search bar style for dark theme, icons links #442

4.12.4 Dependencies

- build(deps-dev): update pydata-sphinx-theme requirement from <0.15,>=0.14 to >=0.15 #336
- chore: version 0.17.dev0 #386
- chore(deps): bump requests from 2.32.2 to 2.32.3 #391
- docs: reformat the documentation #396
- chore(deps): bump sphinx-autoapi from 3.1.1 to 3.1.2 #405
- build(deps): bump pyvista[jupyter] from 0.43.10 to 0.44.0 #413
- build(deps): bump jupytext from 1.16.2 to 1.16.3 #415
- build(deps): bump sphinx from 7.3.7 to 7.4.4 #416
- build(deps): bump sphinx from 7.4.4 to 7.4.5 #417
- build(deps): bump sphinx from 7.4.5 to 7.4.6 #418
- build(deps): bump sphinx-autoapi from 3.1.2 to 3.2.0 #420
- build(deps): bump sphinx-gallery from 0.16.0 to 0.17.0 #421
- build(deps): bump pyvista[jupyter] from 0.44.0 to 0.44.1 #422
- build(deps): bump sphinx from 7.4.6 to 7.4.7 #423
- build(deps): bump sphinx-autoapi from 3.2.0 to 3.2.1 #426
- build(deps): bump sphinx-notfound-page from 1.0.2 to 1.0.3 #432
- build(deps): bump jupytext from 1.16.3 to 1.16.4 #433
- build(deps): bump sphinx-notfound-page from 1.0.3 to 1.0.4 #434
- build(deps): bump sphinx-design from 0.6.0 to 0.6.1 #435
- build(deps): bump sphinx from 7.4.7 to 8.0.2 #436
- build(deps): bump sphinx-gallery from 0.17.0 to 0.17.1 #441

4.12.5 Miscellaneous

- refactor: remove function duplicate #407
- docs: Update mail id in README.rst #414

4.13 0.16.6 - 2024-06-18

4.13.1 Fixed

• fix: wrong env var name for PACKAGE_NAME #395

4.14 0.16.5 - 2024-05-31

4.14.1 Fixed

• fix: sphinx design card font size #393

4.15 0.16.4 - 2024-05-29

4.15.1 Added

• feat: adapt package to general PyAnsys repository layout #387

4.15.2 Dependencies

- chore(deps): bump sphinx-design from 0.5.0 to 0.6.0 #383
- chore(deps): bump sphinx-notfound-page from 1.0.1 to 1.0.2 #384
- chore(deps): bump sphinx-autoapi from 3.1.0 to 3.1.1 #385

4.16 0.16.3 - 2024-05-29

4.16.1 Fixed

• fix: update the sphinx design style to disable display of name #388

4.17 0.16.2 - 2024-05-22

4.17.1 Changed

• chore: update CHANGELOG for v0.16.1 #379

4.17.2 Miscellaneous

• docs: update changelog_template.jinja #380

4.18 0.16.1 - 2024-05-22

4.18.1 Added

- feat: add nerd fonts for autoapi templates icon #362
- feat: add the changelog action #370
- feat: add autoapi extension #372

4.18.2 Fixed

• fix: add changelog action in ci-cd #378

4.18.3 Dependencies

- chore(deps): bump requests from 2.31.0 to 2.32.1 #374
- maint: update the sphinx-autoapi version #375
- chore(deps): bump sphinx-notfound-page from 1.0.0 to 1.0.1 #376
- chore(deps): bump requests from 2.32.1 to 2.32.2 #377

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