Tpointer

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1 Instrument Calibration

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```
[184]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import re
from scipy.linalg import lstsq
```

1.0.1 Pre: clear data and calculate R and P

```
[210]: # change data format
       df=pd.read_table('Tpointer2Cam.txt',header=None)
       num=df.shape[0] # num of sample
       df.columns=['Ri']
       df['Pi']=None
       df['Ri']=df['Ri'].apply(lambda x:x.replace('[',''))
       df['Ri'] = df['Ri'] . apply(lambda x:x.replace(']',''))
       df['Ri']=df['Ri'].apply(lambda x: x.split(','))
       df['Ri'] = df['Ri'].apply(lambda x:list(map(float,x)))
       df['Ri']=df['Ri'].apply(lambda x:np.array(x).reshape(3,4))
       df.head(5)
[210]:
                                                          Ri
                                                                Ρi
       0 [[-0.940318, 0.00452241, 0.339885, 24.7], [-0... None
       1 [[-0.94146, 0.0032108, 0.336806, 24.8], [-0.09... None
       2 [[-0.941584, 0.00107668, 0.336133, 24.86], [-0... None
       3 [[-0.941101, 0.00197468, 0.337541, 24.81], [-0... None
       4 [[-0.940003, 0.0029642, 0.340505, 24.68], [-0... None
[209]: # split Ri and Pi
       df['Ri'] = df['Ri'] .apply(lambda x:np.hsplit(x,np.array([3])))
       df.loc[:,'Pi']=df.loc[:,'Ri'].apply(lambda x:-x[1])
       df.loc[:,'Ri']=df.loc[:,'Ri'].apply(lambda x:x[0])
       df['Ri'] = df['Ri'] . apply(lambda x:np.concatenate((x,np.identity(3)),axis=1))
       df.head(5)
```

```
[209]:
                                                          Ri \
       0 [[-0.940318, 0.00452241, 0.339885, 1.0, 0.0, 0...
       1 [[-0.94146, 0.0032108, 0.336806, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0...
       2 [[-0.941584, 0.00107668, 0.336133, 1.0, 0.0, 0...
       3 [[-0.941101, 0.00197468, 0.337541, 1.0, 0.0, 0...
       4 [[-0.940003, 0.0029642, 0.340505, 1.0, 0.0, 0...
                                                          Ρi
       0 [[-1.0, -0.0, -0.0], [-0.0, -1.0, -0.0], [-0.0...
       1 [[-1.0, -0.0, -0.0], [-0.0, -1.0, -0.0], [-0.0...
       2 [[-1.0, -0.0, -0.0], [-0.0, -1.0, -0.0], [-0.0...
       3 [[-1.0, -0.0, -0.0], [-0.0, -1.0, -0.0], [-0.0...
       4 [[-1.0, -0.0, -0.0], [-0.0, -1.0, -0.0], [-0.0...
[206]: # conatenate matrix
       Ri matrix=df['Ri'][0]
       Pi_matrix=df['Pi'][0]
       for i in np.arange(1,num):
           Ri_matrix=np.concatenate((Ri_matrix,df['Ri'][i]),axis=0)
           Pi_matrix=np.concatenate((Pi_matrix,df['Pi'][i]),axis=0)
       print(Ri matrix.shape)
       print(Pi_matrix.shape)
      (777, 6)
      (777, 1)
```

1.0.2 1. Compute the coordinate of the tool tip in the pointer's local coordinate system

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_1 & -\mathsf{I} \\ R_2 & -\mathsf{I} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ R_n & -\mathsf{I} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p_t \\ p_p \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -p_1 \\ -p_2 \\ \vdots \\ -p_n \end{bmatrix}$$

```
3.16246496]))
```

```
[191]: tmp=np.split(result[0],2)
   pt=tmp[0]
   pp=tmp[1]
   print('pt=',pt.flatten())
   print('pp=',pp.flatten())

pt= [208.41819488  -0.64329634 -33.13140004]
   pp= [ 182.42692914  133.44340751 1513.84362071]
```

1.0.3 2. Further, compute the root mean square errors of the tip calibration

```
[207]: residual=Pi_matrix-np.dot(Ri_matrix,result[0])
error=np.sqrt(np.sum(np.square(residual))/num/3)
error
[207]: 0.2587606303880167
```