

**" USE THE MATPLOTLIB, LUKE "**

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A long time ago, in a galaxy far, far away ...



John Hunter

“

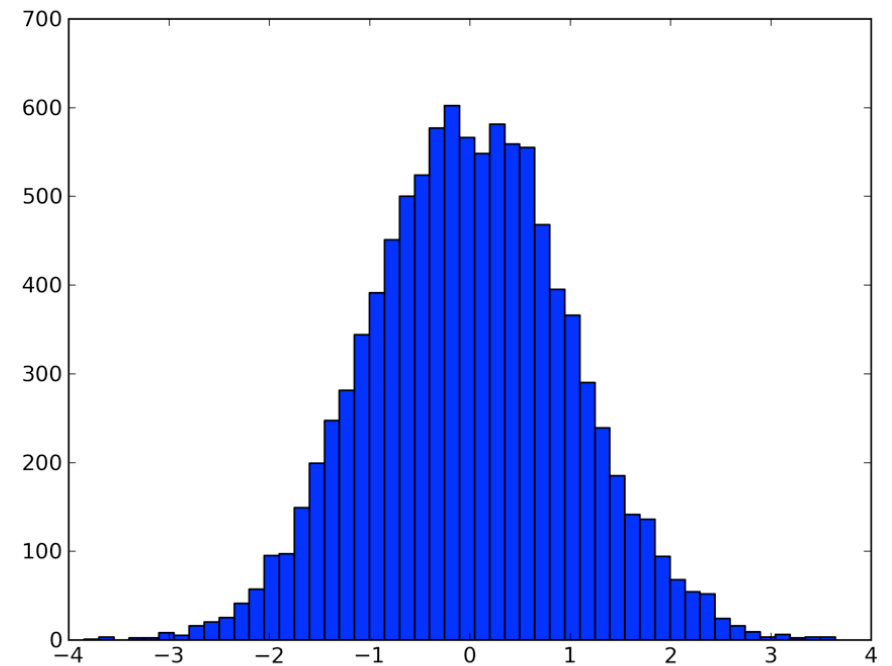
**Matplotlib** is a Python 2D plotting package which produces publication quality figures in a variety of hardcopy formats and interactive environments across platforms.

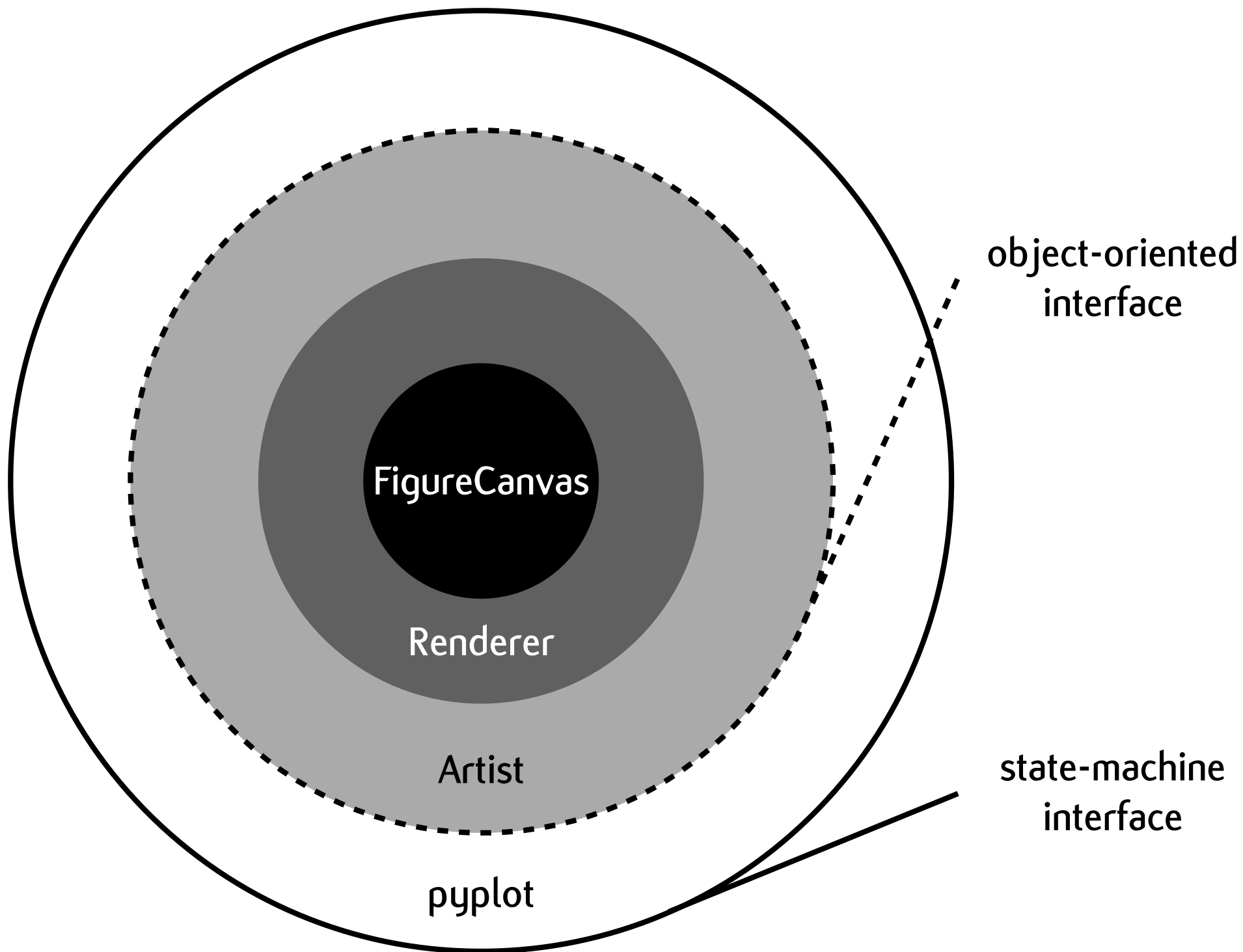
# Philosophy

create simple plots with just a few commands, or just one!

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = np.random.randn(10000)
plt.hist(x, bins=50)
plt.show()
```





**pyplot** provides a MATLAB-style state-machine interface to the underlying object-oriented interface in matplotlib

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = np.arange(0, 10, 0.1)
y = np.sin(x)
plt.plot(x, y)
plt.show()
```

**pylab** lumps pyplot together with numpy in a single namespace, making that environment even more MATLAB-like

```
from pylab import *

x = arange(0, 10, 0.1)
y = sin(x)
plot(x, y)
show()
```

Explicit is better than implicit.



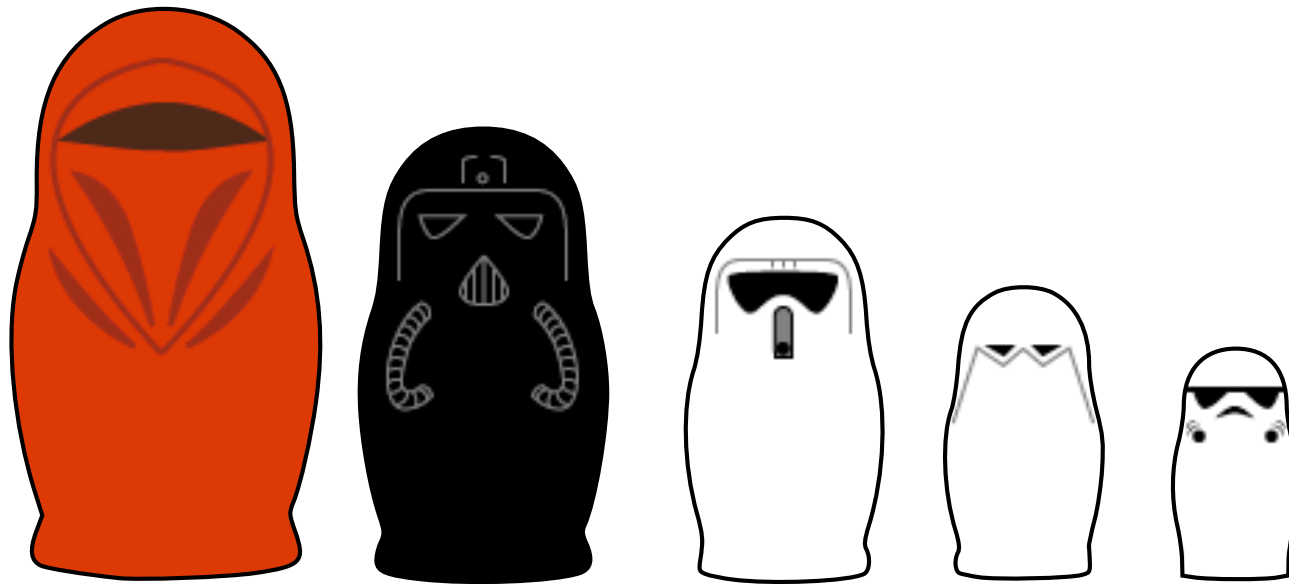
**preferred style** using pyplot convenience functions,  
but object-orientation for the rest

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

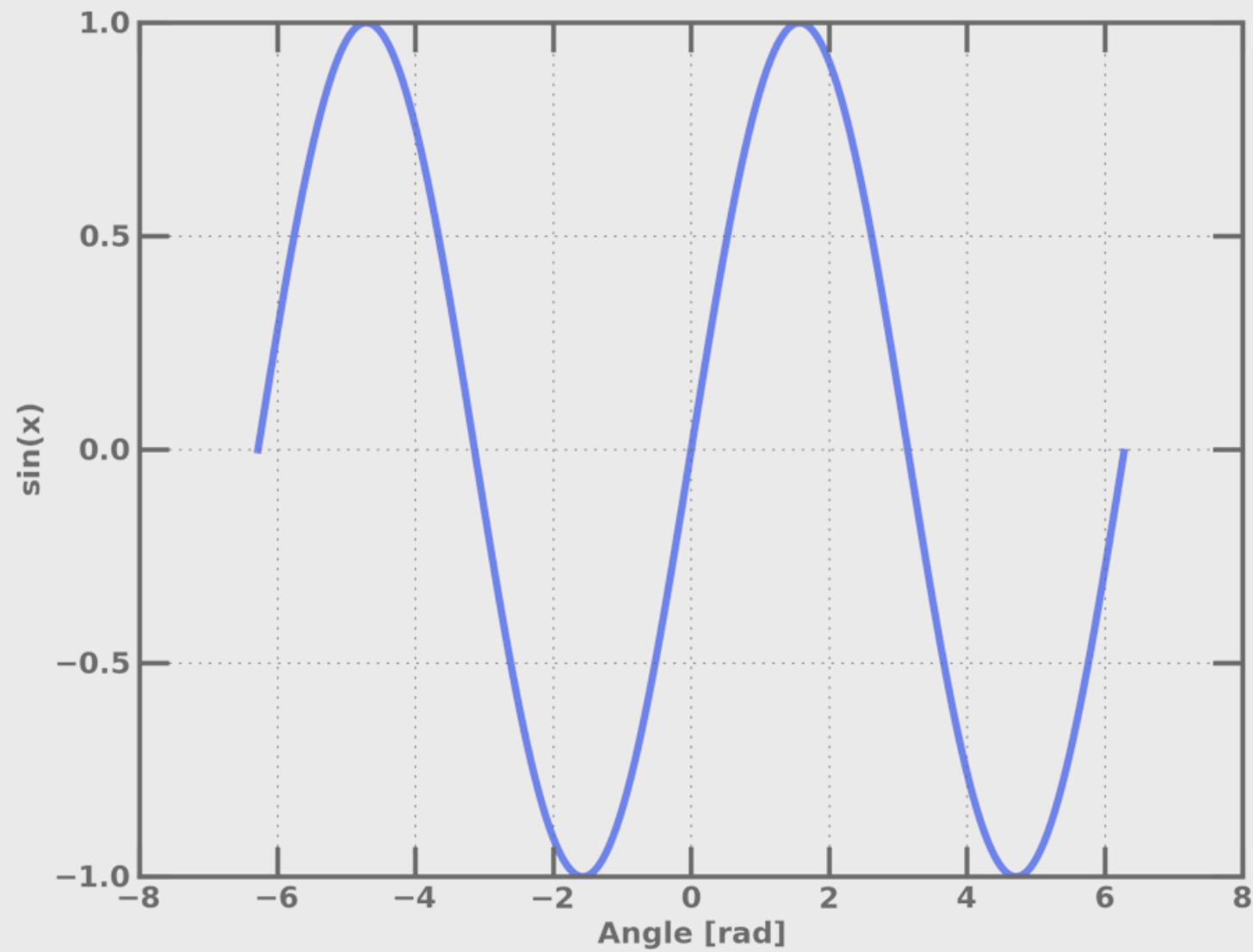
x = np.arange(0, 10, 0.1)
y = np.sin(x)
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
ax.plot(x, y)
plt.show()
```

## 2 types of Artists

- Primitives: Line2D, Rectangle, Text, etc.
- Containers: Figure, Axes, Axis, Tick

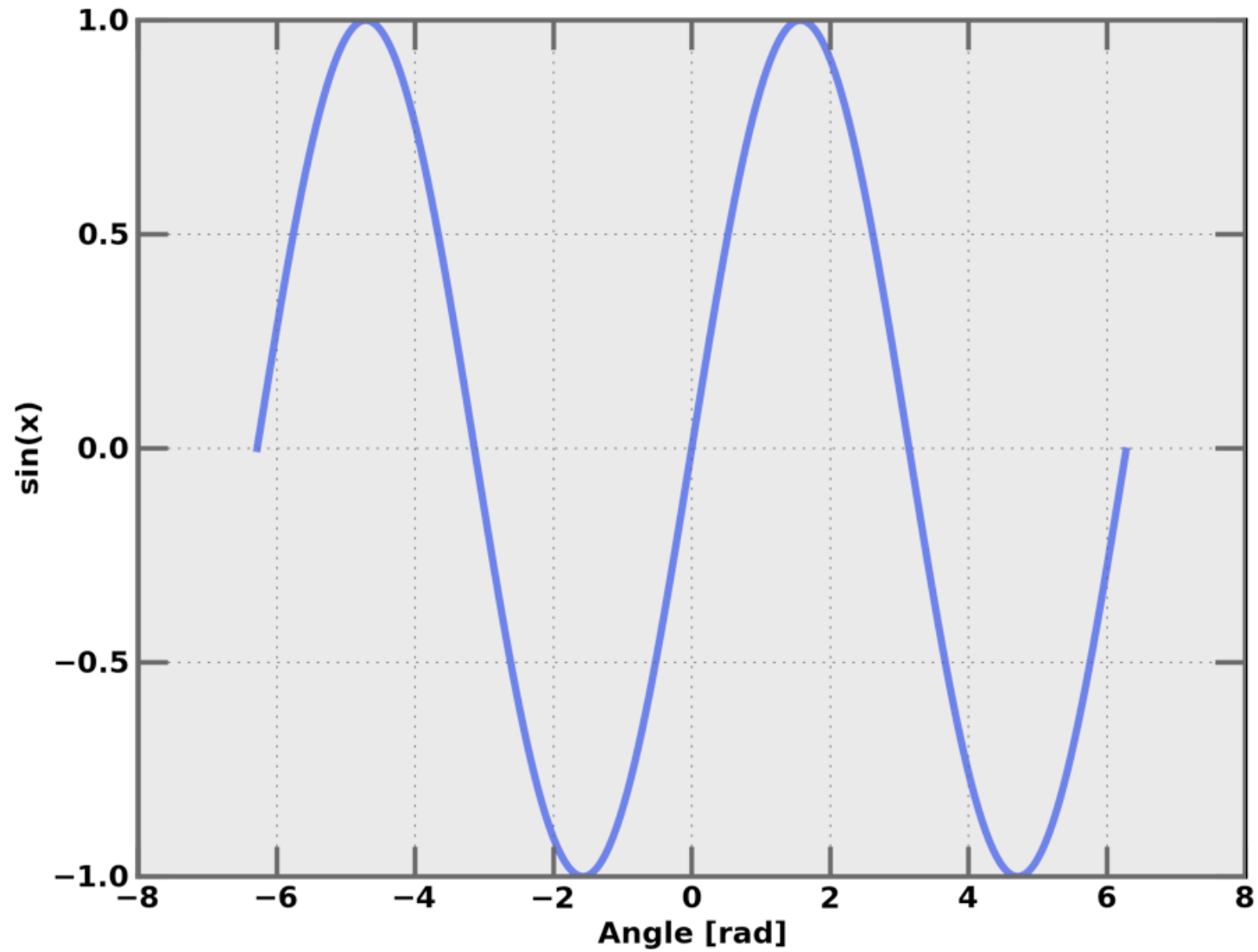


**Figure Container**  
(matplotlib.figure.Figure)



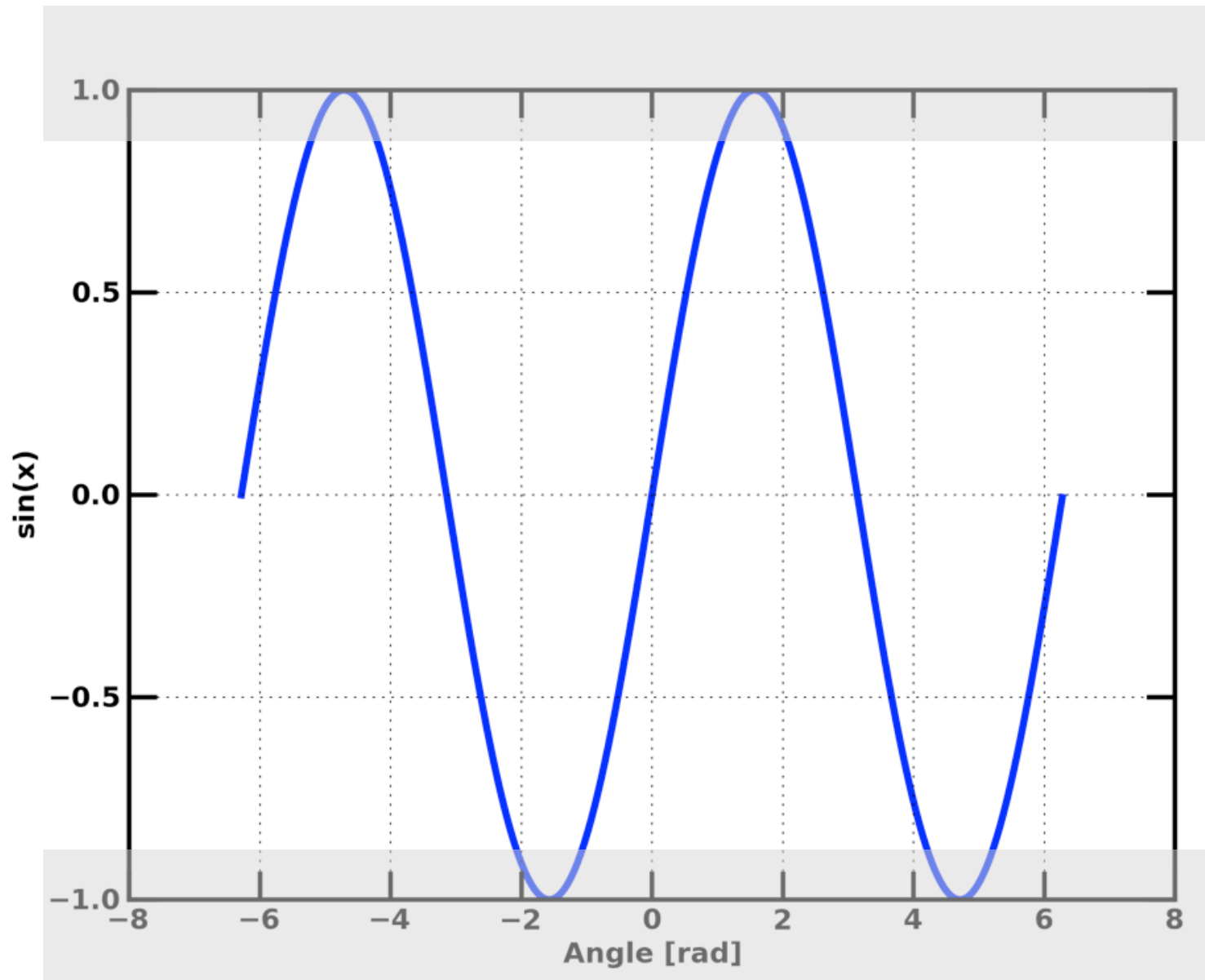
# Axes Container

(matplotlib.axes.Axes)



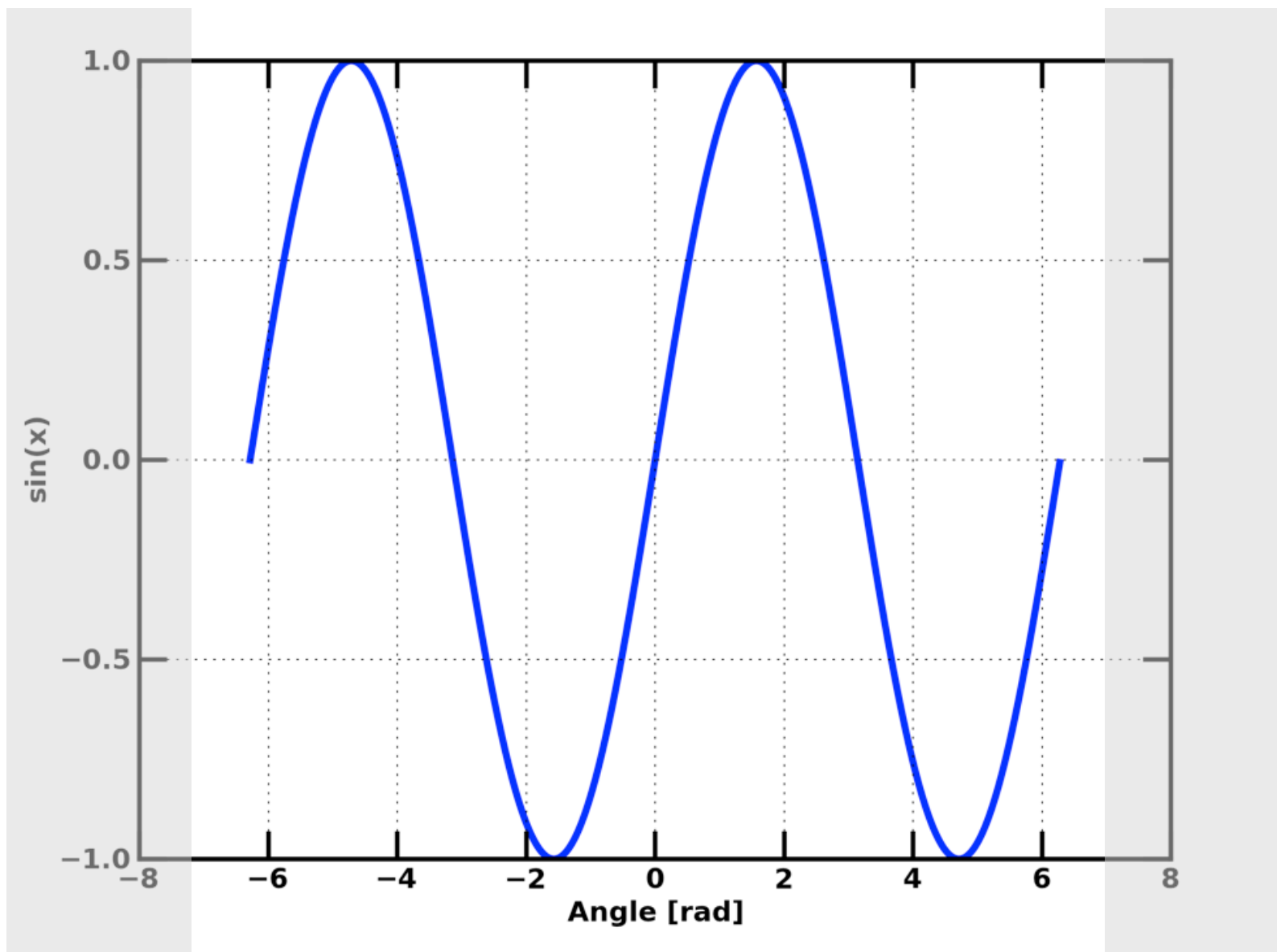
# XAxis Container

(matplotlib.axis.Axis)



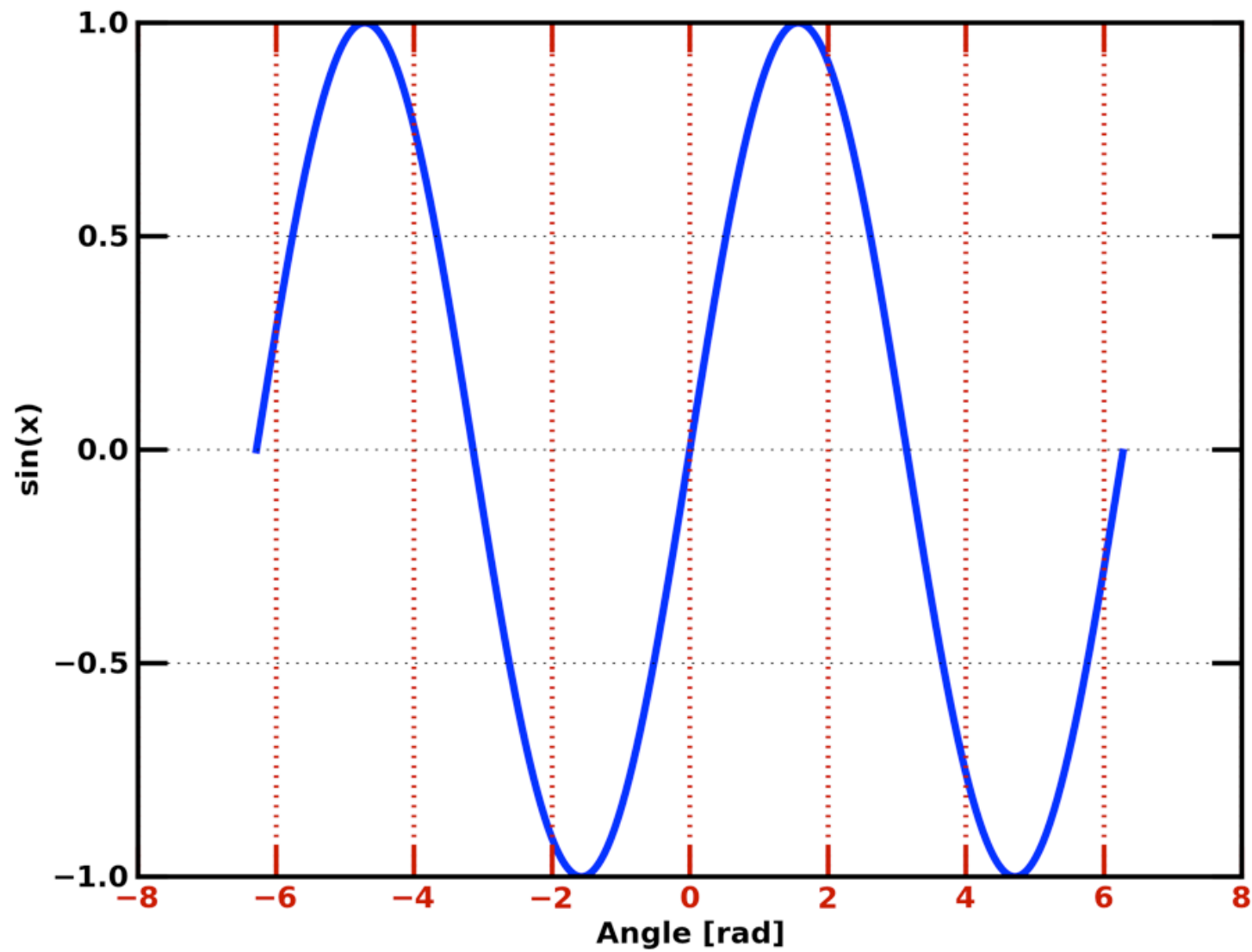
# YAxis Container

(matplotlib.axis.Axis)



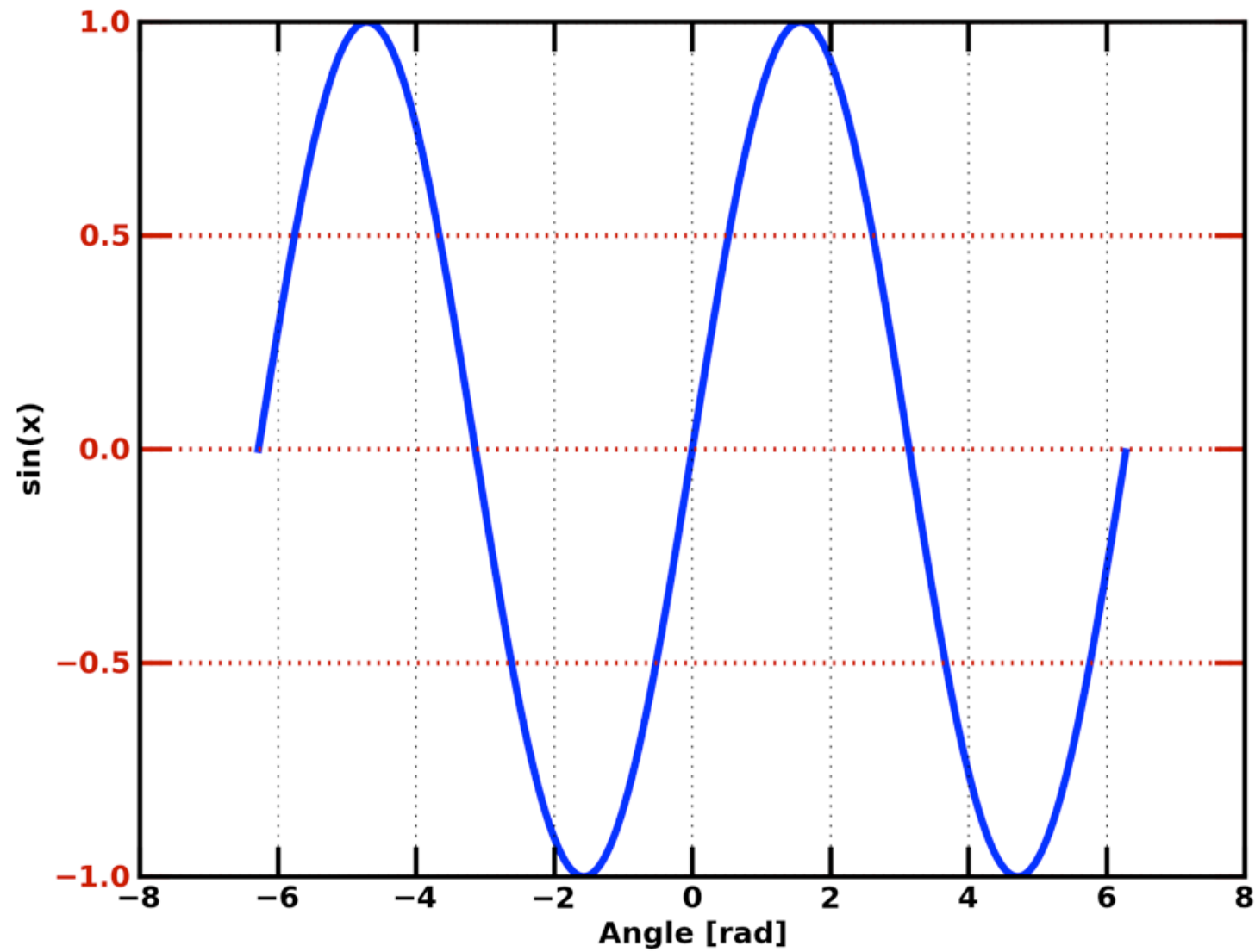
# XTick Container

(matplotlib.axis.Tick)



# YTick Container

(matplotlib.axis.Tick)





# Customizing your objects

each of the properties is accessed with an old-fashioned setter or getter

```
a = o.get_alpha()  
o.set_alpha(0.5*a)
```

set a number of properties at once

```
o.set(alpha=0.5, zorder=2)
```

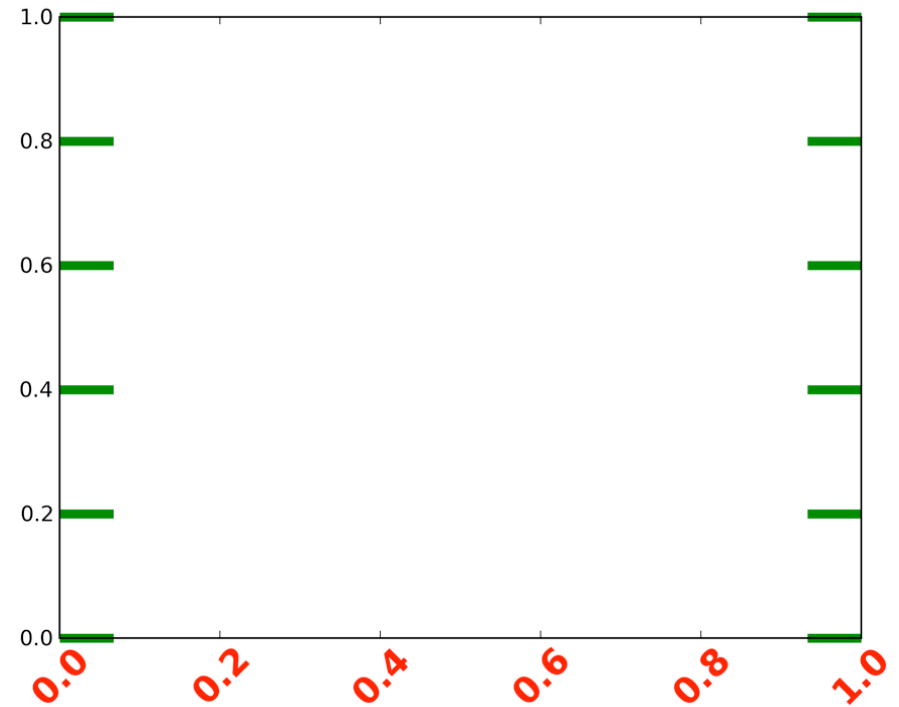
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)

for label in ax.xaxis.get_ticklabels():
    # label is a Text instance
    label.set_color('red')
    label.set_rotation(45)
    label.set_fontsize(20)
    label.set_fontweight('bold')

for line in ax.yaxis.get_ticklines():
    # line is a Line2D instance
    line.set_color('green')
    line.set_markersize(30)
    line.set_markeredgewidth(5)

plt.show()
```



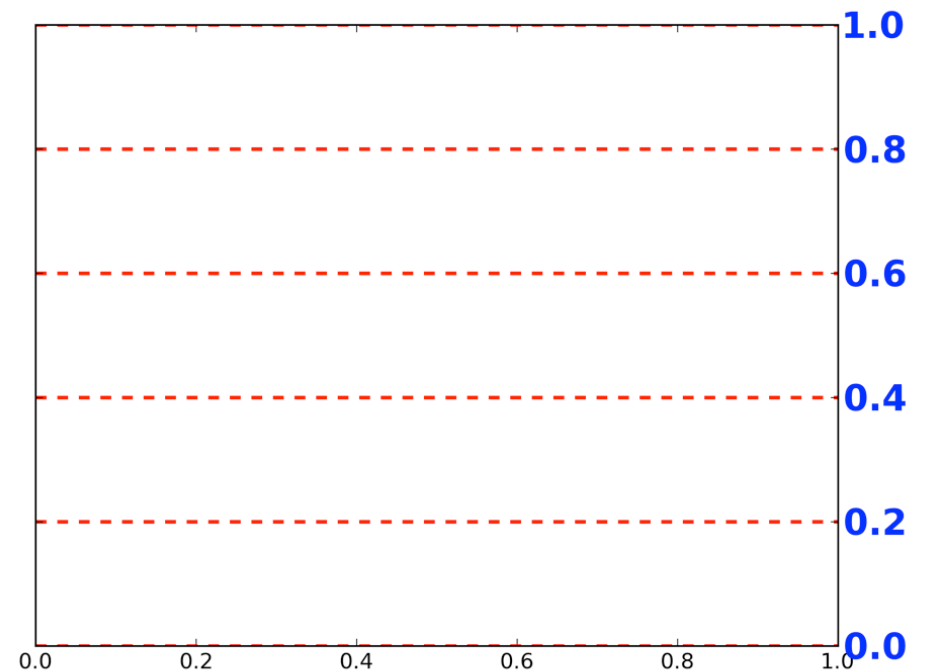
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)

for tick in ax.yaxis.get_major_ticks():
    tick.label10n = False
    tick.label20n = True
    tick.label2.set_color('blue')
    tick.label2.set_fontsize(20)
    tick.label2.set_fontweight('bold')

    tick.grid0n = True
    tick.gridline.set_color('red')
    tick.gridline.set_linewidth(2)
    tick.gridline.set_linestyle('--')

plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

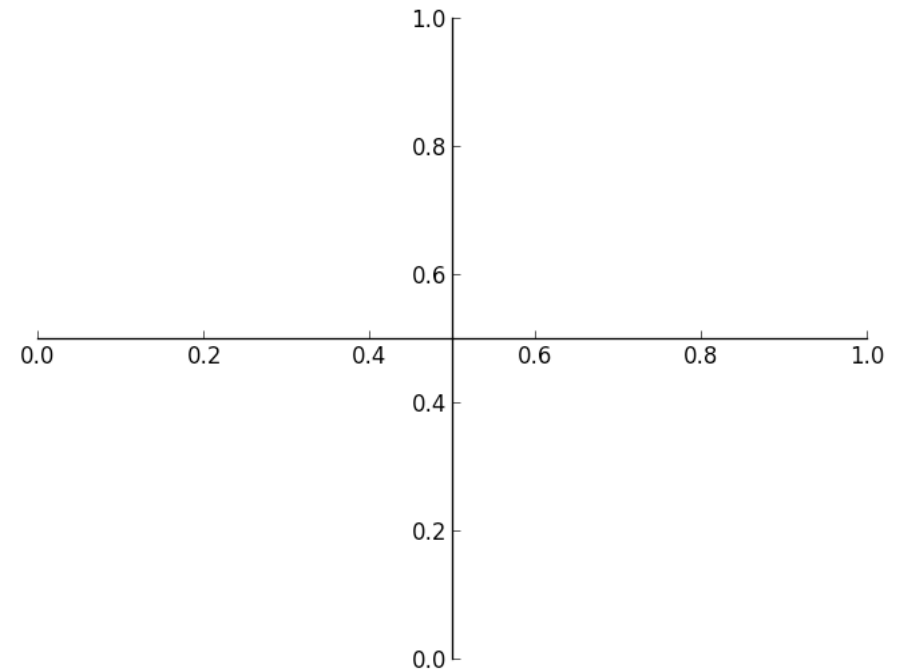
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)

ax.spines['top'].set_visible(False)
ax.spines['right'].set_visible(False)
ax.spines['bottom'].set_position('center')
ax.spines['left'].set_position('center')

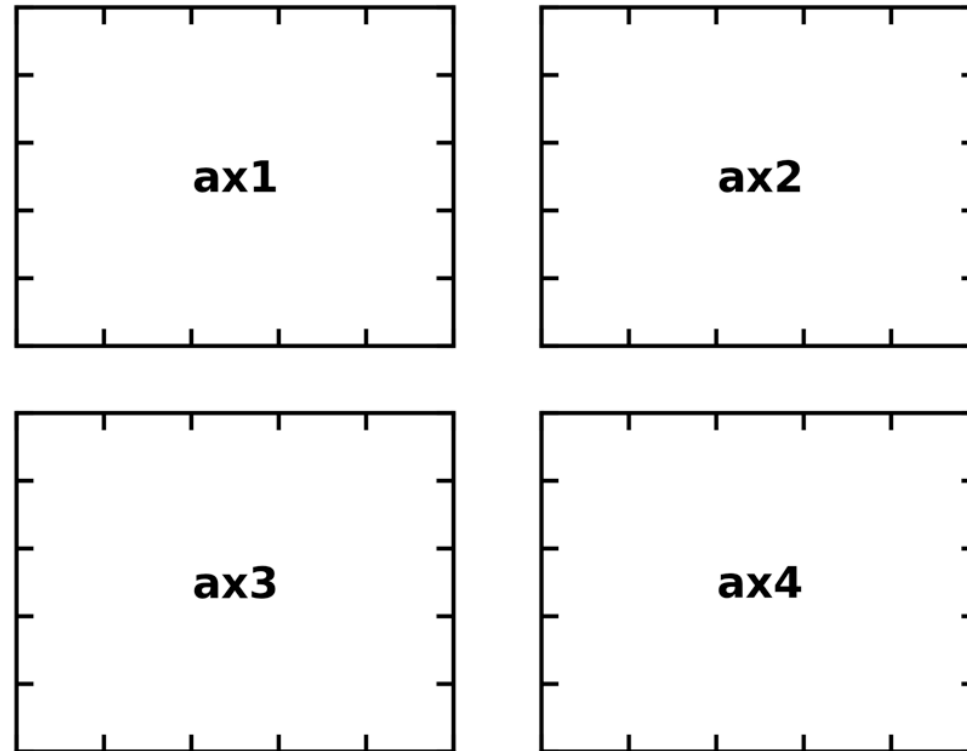
for tick in ax.xaxis.get_major_ticks():
    tick.tick2on = False

for tick in ax.yaxis.get_major_ticks():
    tick.tick2on = False

plt.show()
```

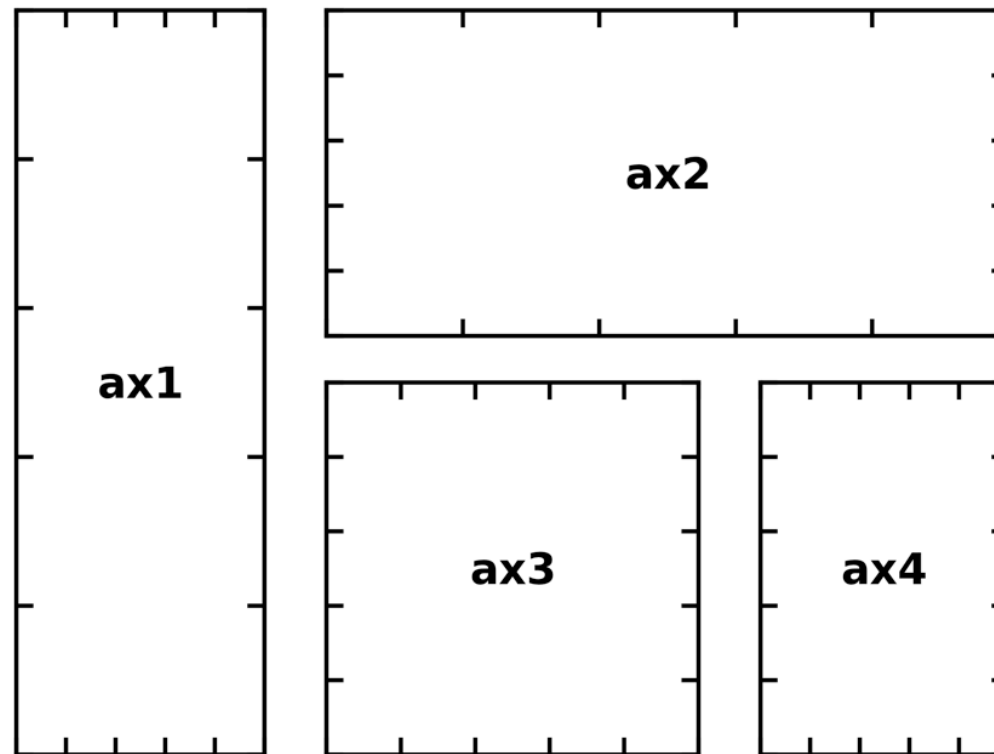


# Customizing location of Axes



```
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(221)  
ax2 = fig.add_subplot(222)  
ax3 = fig.add_subplot(223)  
ax4 = fig.add_subplot(224)
```

# Customizing location of Axes



```
# add_axes((left, bottom, width, height))  
  
ax1 = fig.add_axes((0.1, 0.1, 0.2, 0.8))  
ax2 = fig.add_axes((0.35, 0.55, 0.55, 0.35))  
ax3 = fig.add_axes((0.35, 0.1, 0.3, 0.4))  
ax4 = fig.add_axes((0.7, 0.1, 0.2, 0.4))
```



**FREE!**

A comic book illustration of a man's face in profile, shouting. He has a determined, intense expression with his mouth wide open, showing teeth. His eyes are yellow, and his skin is grey. Several sweat drops are flying around his head, and more are on his forehead and cheek. The word "FREE!" is written in a bold, black, stylized font across the center of the image. The background is white, and there are some grey shapes in the bottom left corner.

The memory required for a figure is not completely released until the figure is explicitly closed with `close()`.

```
import os
import glob
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

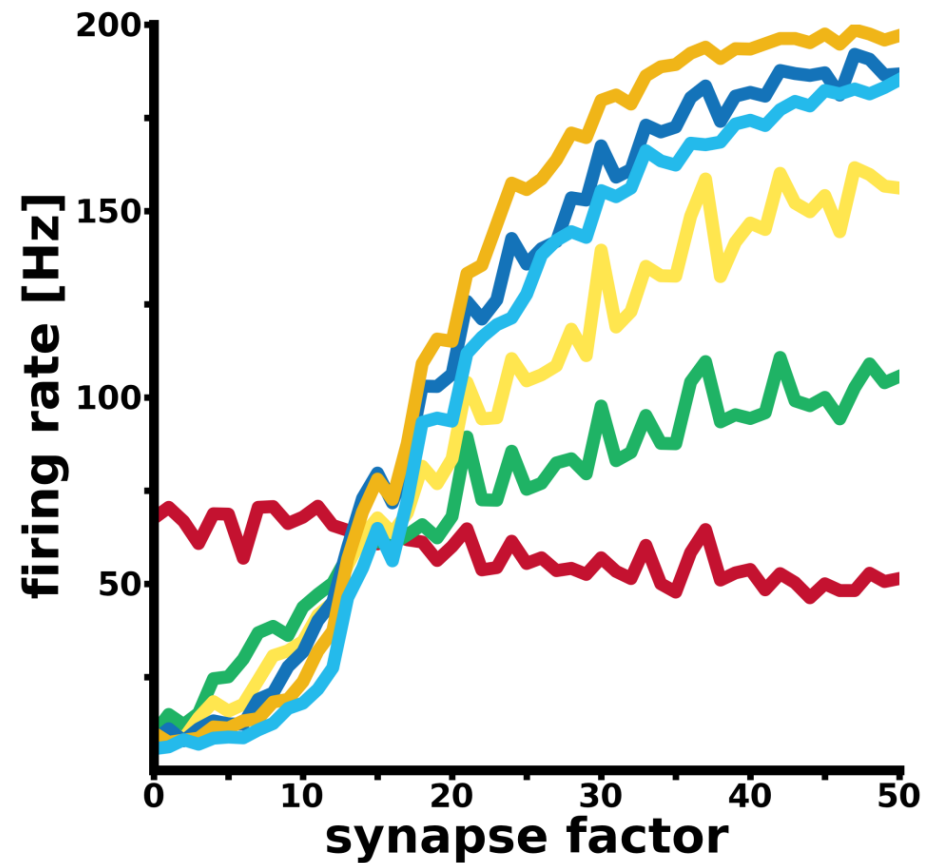
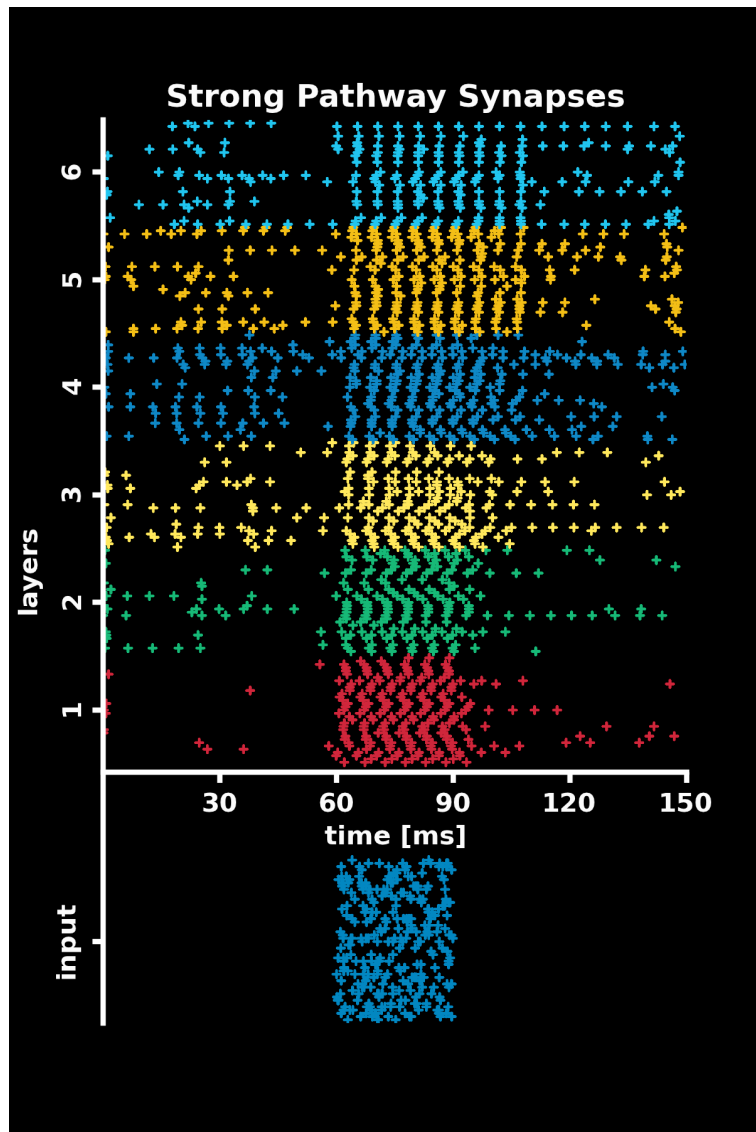
filelist = glob.glob('*.txt')
for fname in filelist:

    ...
    ...
    ...

    fig = plt.figure()
    ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
    ax.plot(x, y)
    plt.savefig(os.path.splitext(fname)[0])
    plt.close(fig)
```

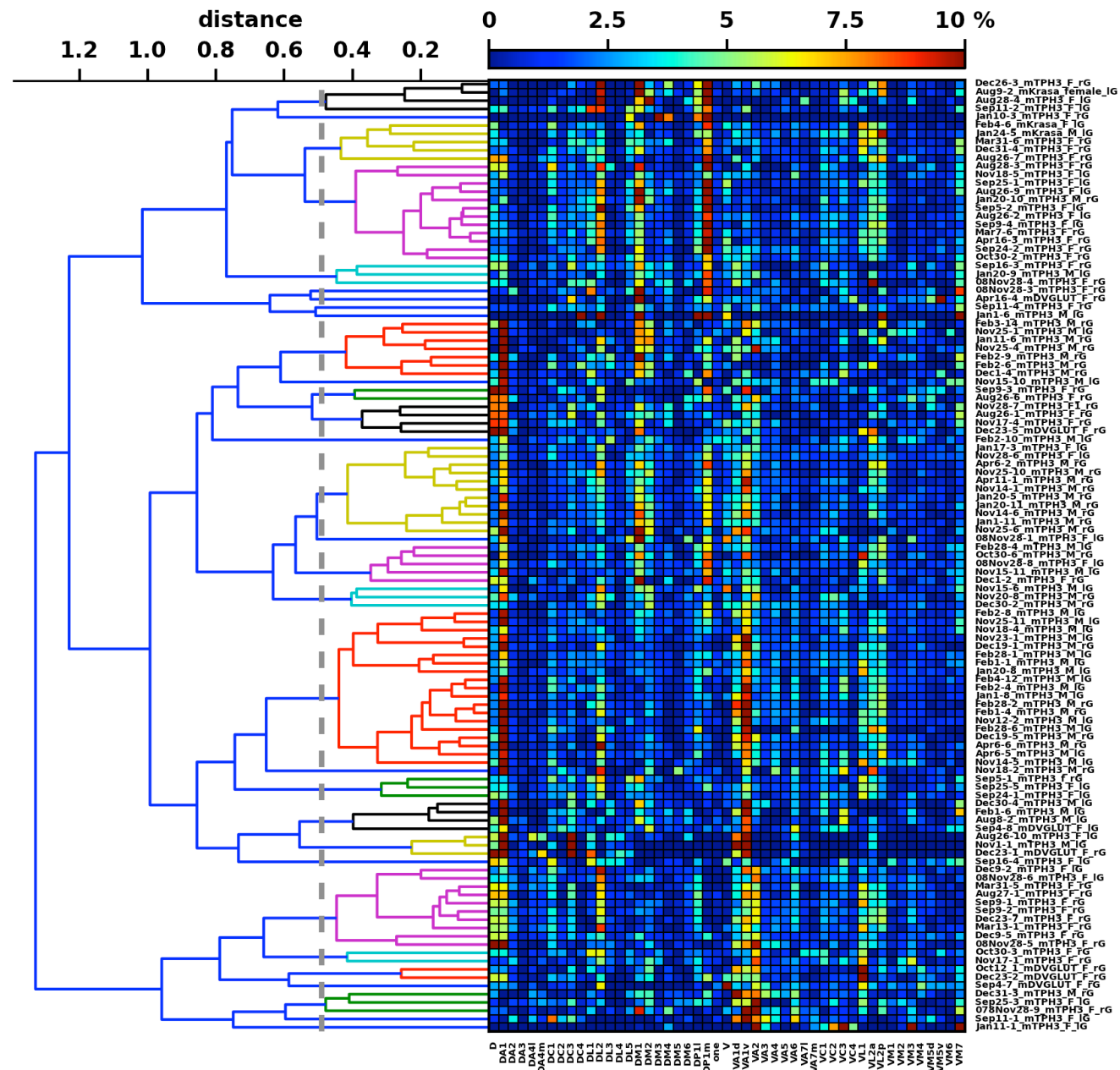


# Signal propagation

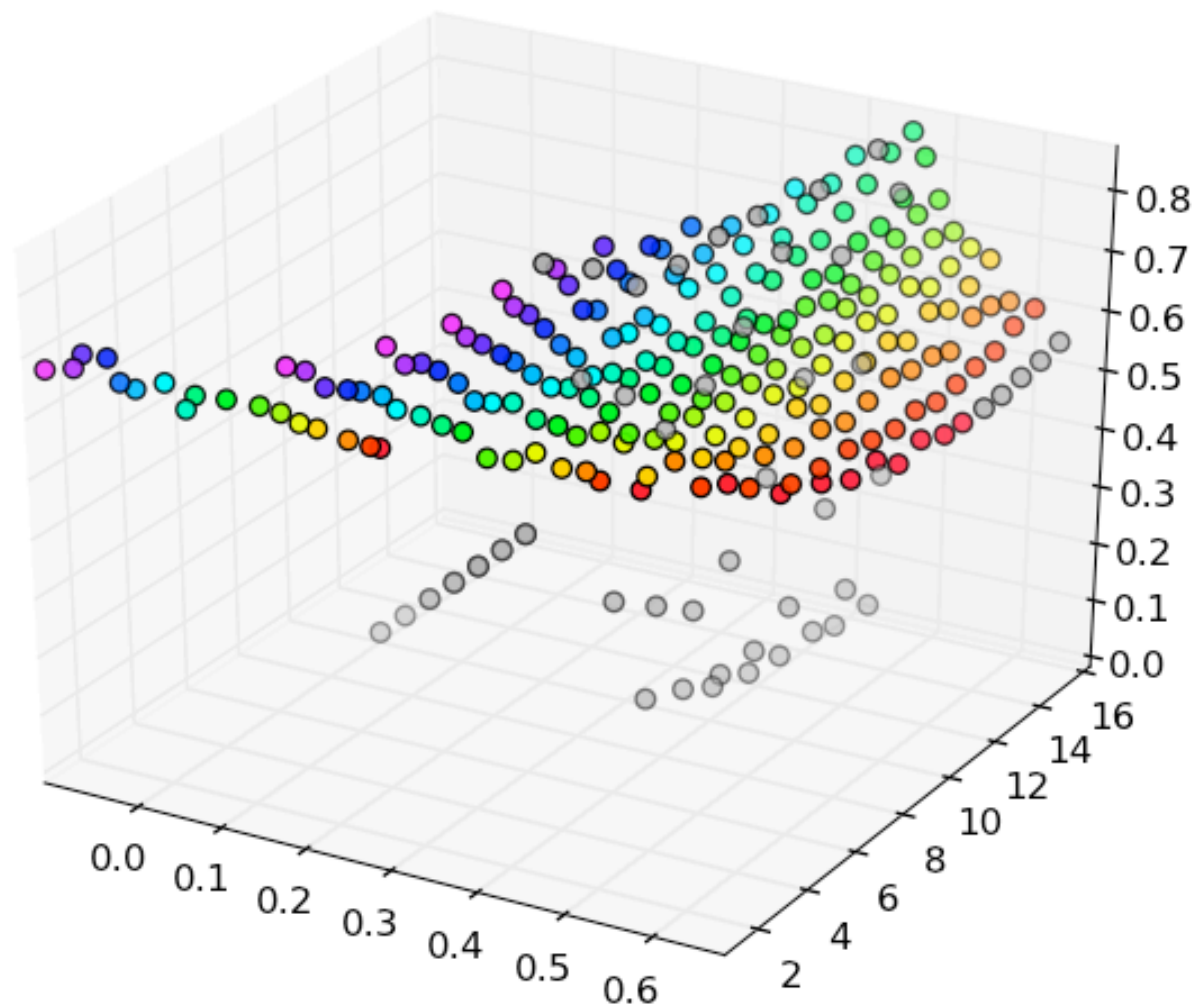


- Vogels TP, Abbott LF (2005) Signal propagation and logic gating in networks of integrate-and-fire neurons. J Neurosci 25: 10786-10795.
- Brian: a simulator for spiking neural networks in Python (<http://briansimulator.org>)

# Hierarchical clustering



`mpl_toolkits.mplot3d`  
provides some basic 3D plotting tools



May the Matplotlib be with You :)