

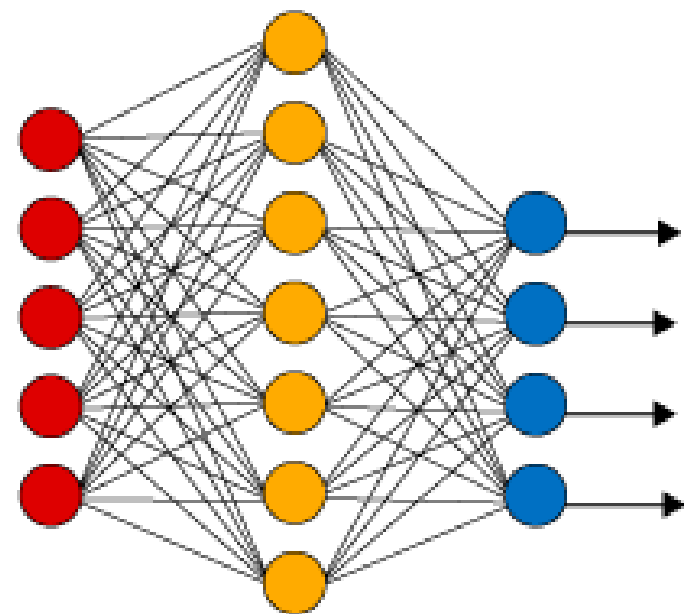
Introduction To Various Neural Network Architectures

Ankur Bohra

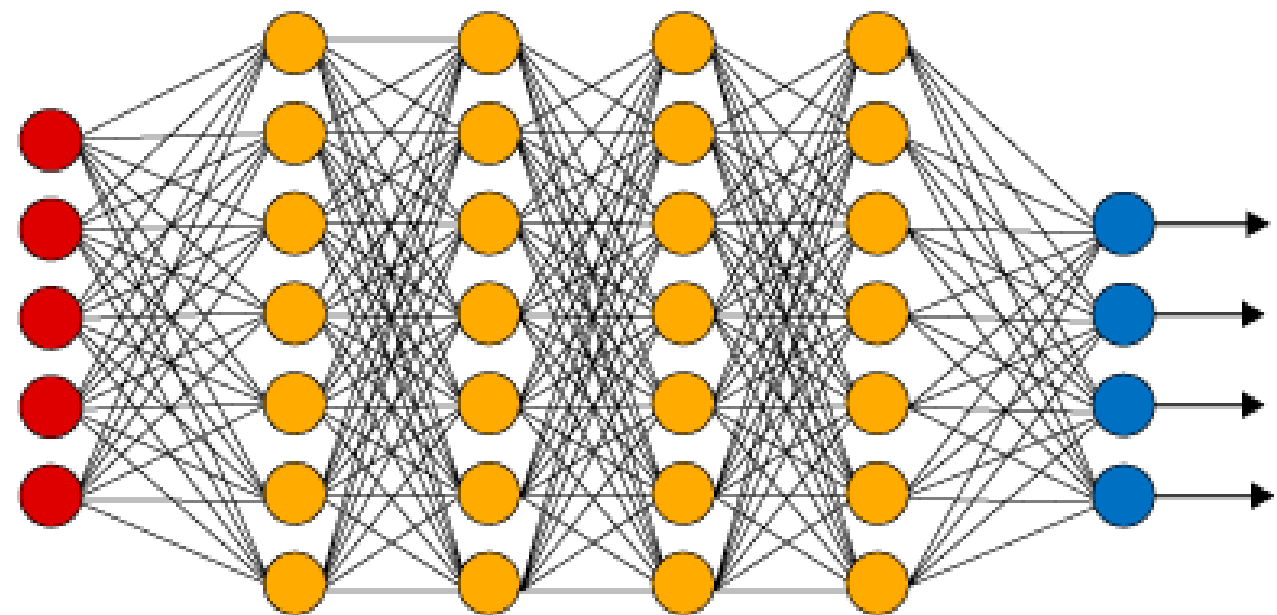
What are Neural Networks?

Universal Approximation Theorem

Simple Neural Network



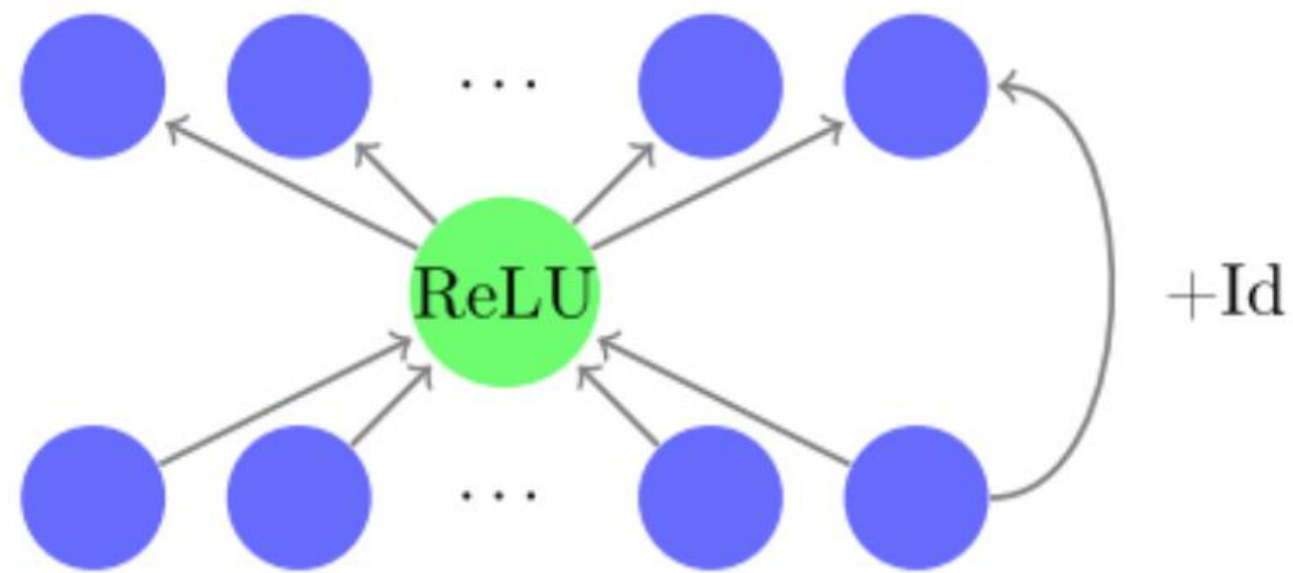
Deep Learning Neural Network



● Input Layer

● Hidden Layer

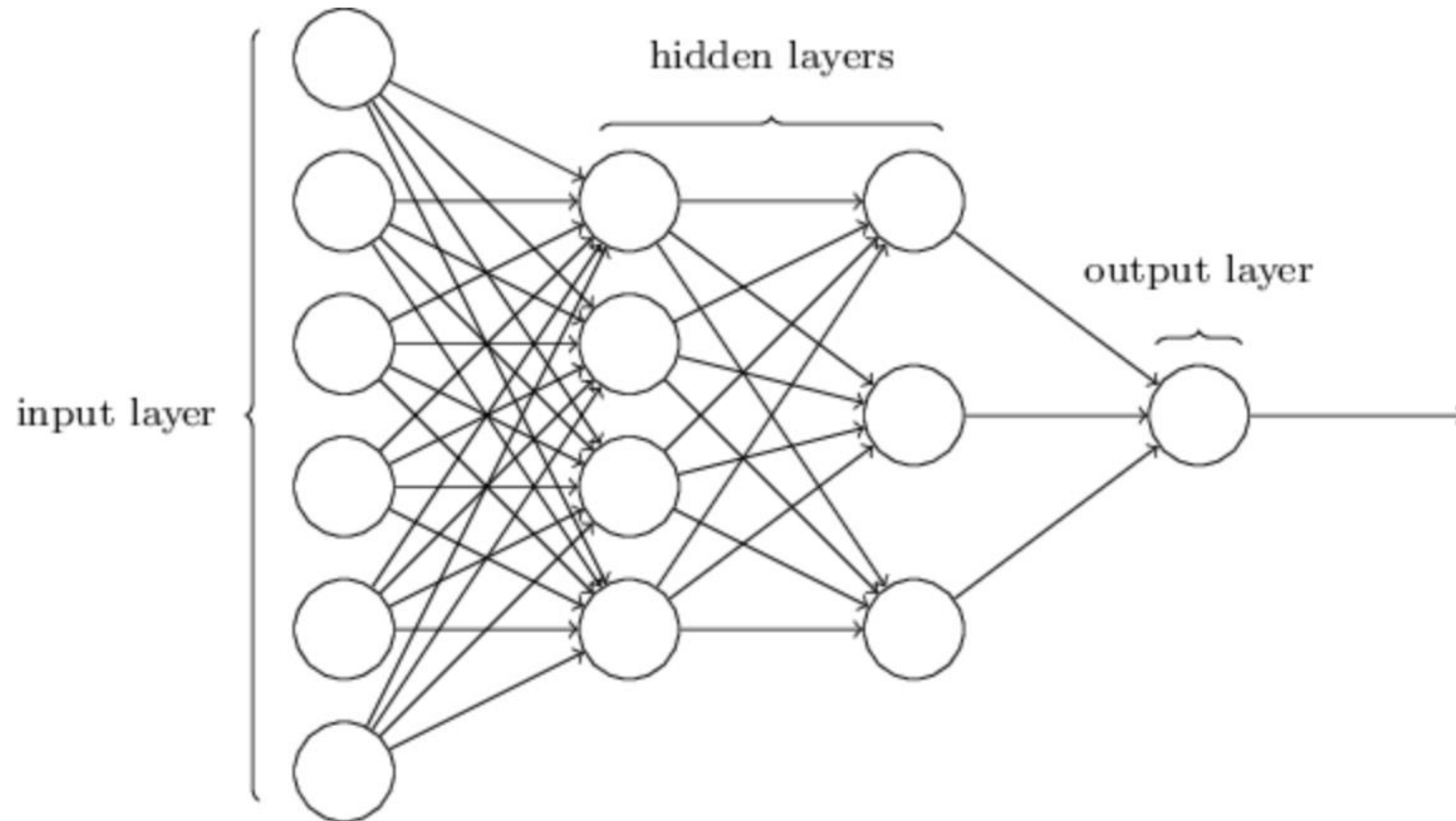
● Output Layer



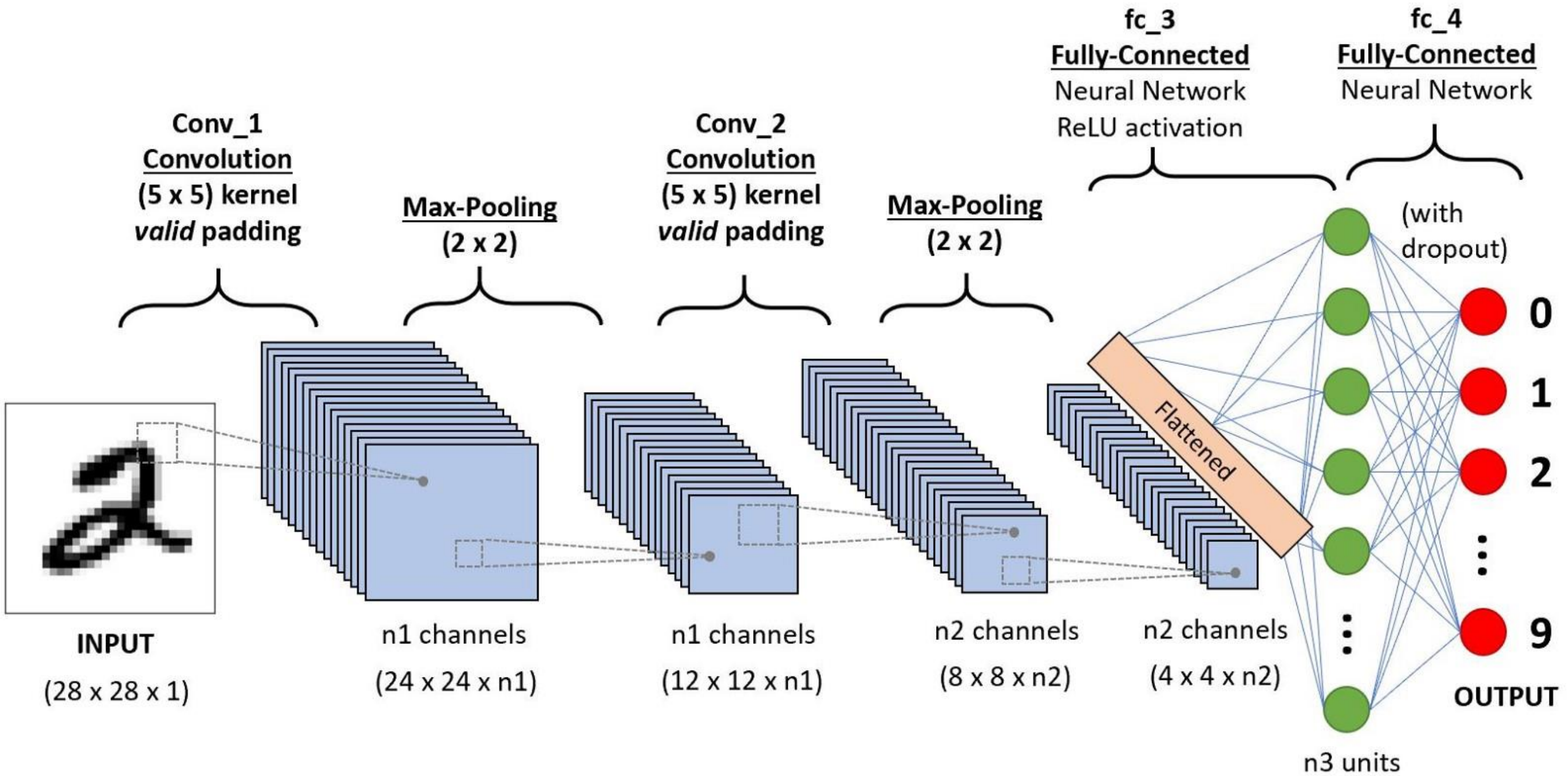
Universal Approximation Theorem for The One-Neuron ResNet

Why do you need
different architectures?

Feed Forward Network

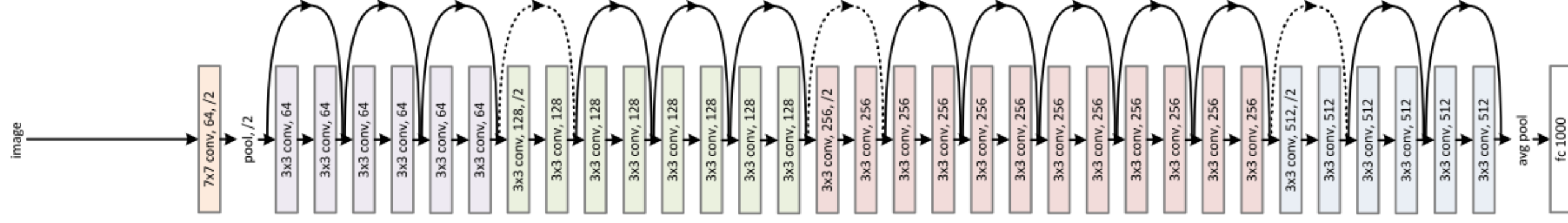


CNN

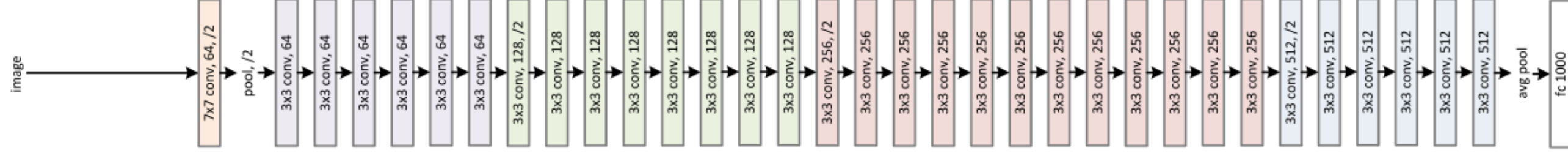


Resnet

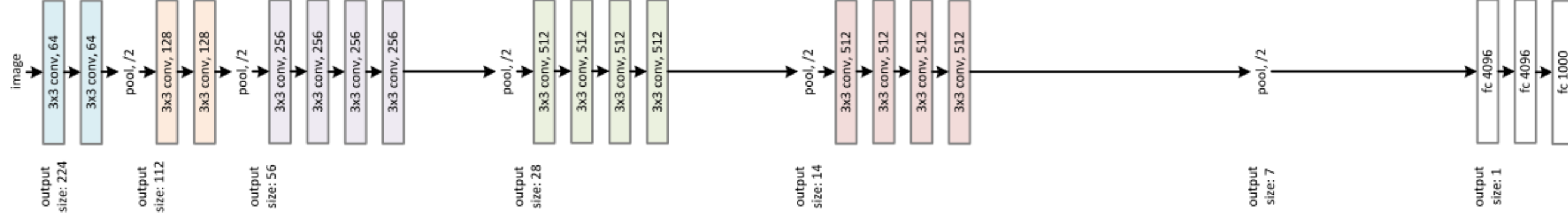
34-layer residual



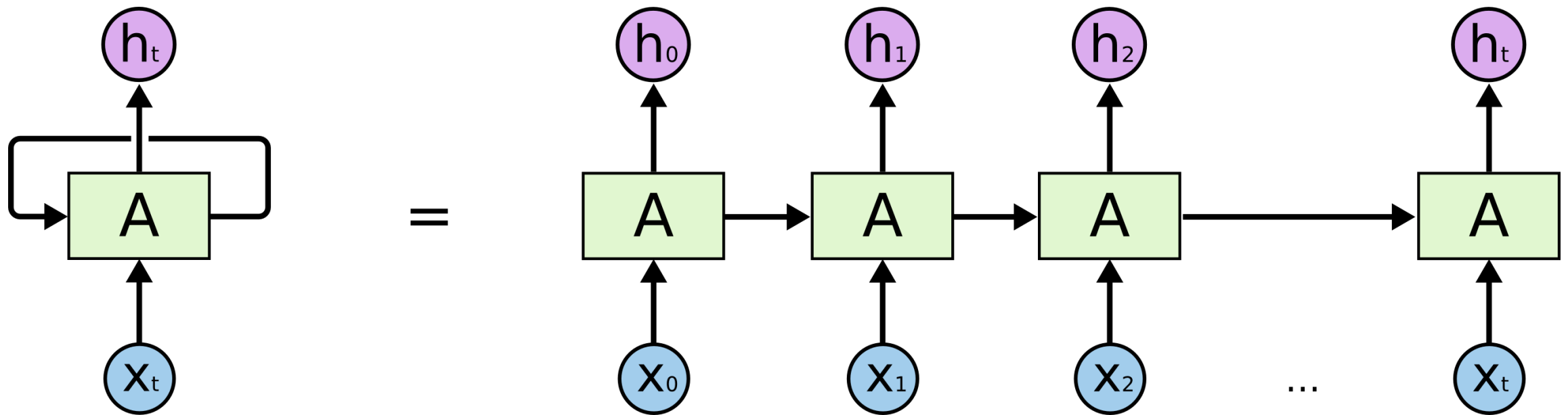
34-layer plain



VGG-19

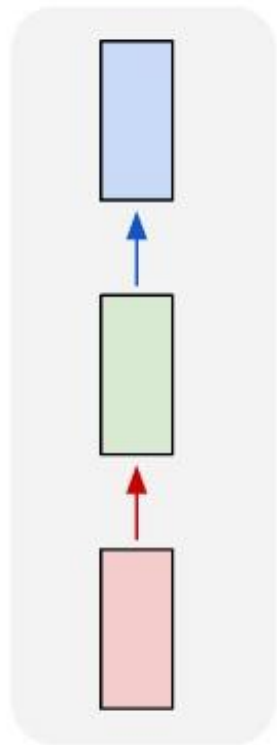


RNN

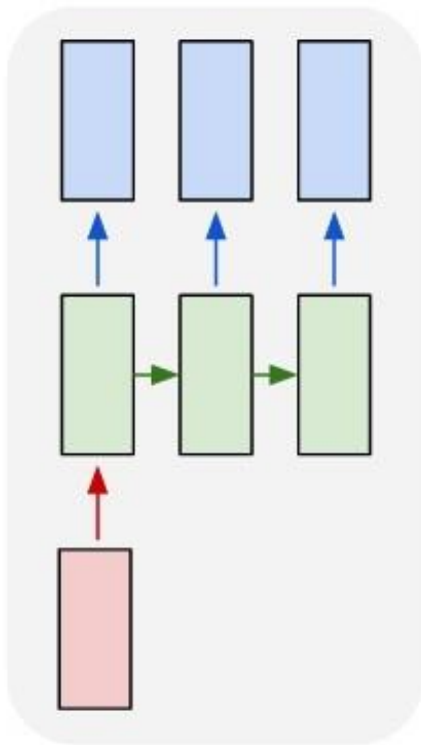


RNN Input/Output Sequence

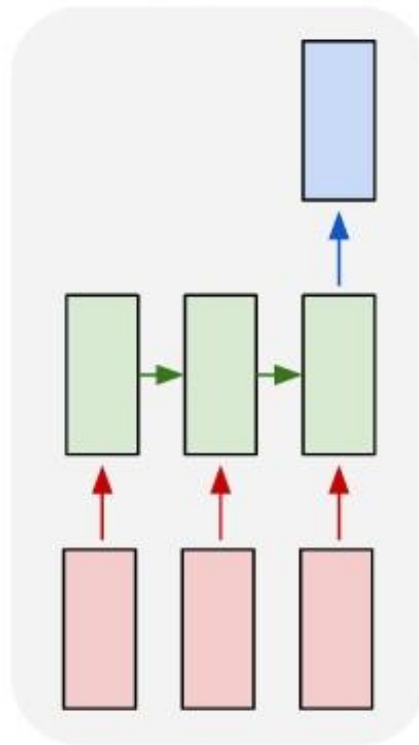
one to one



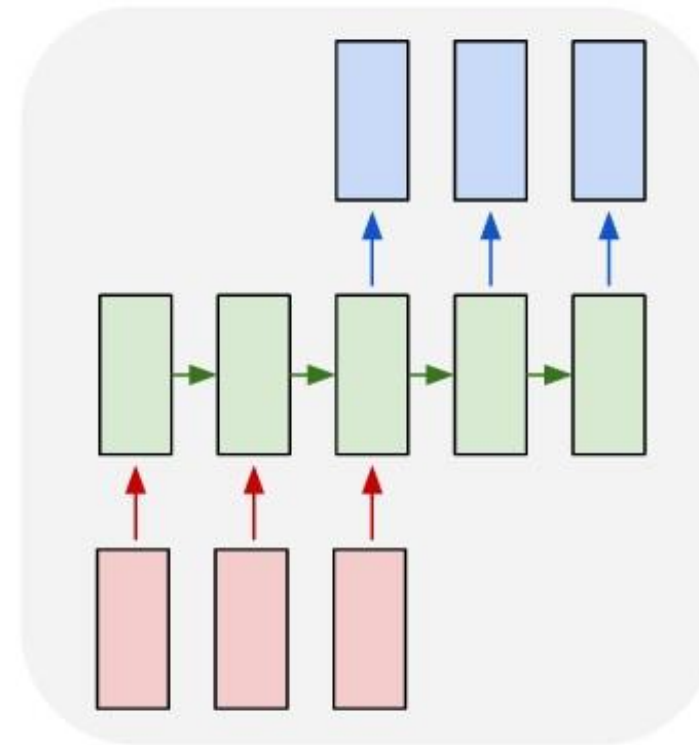
one to many



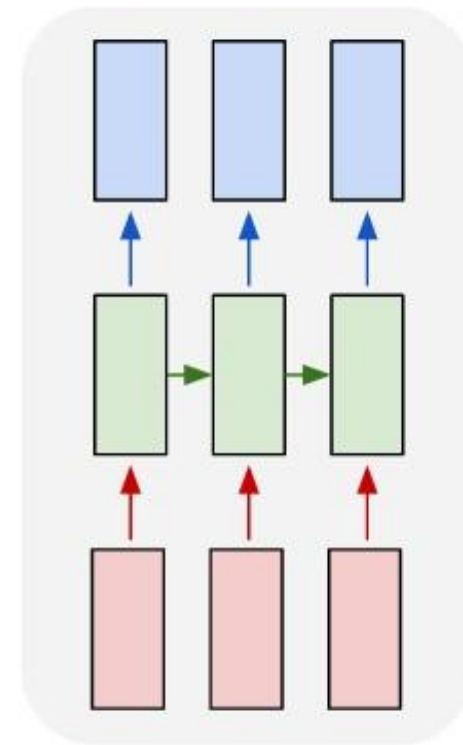
many to one



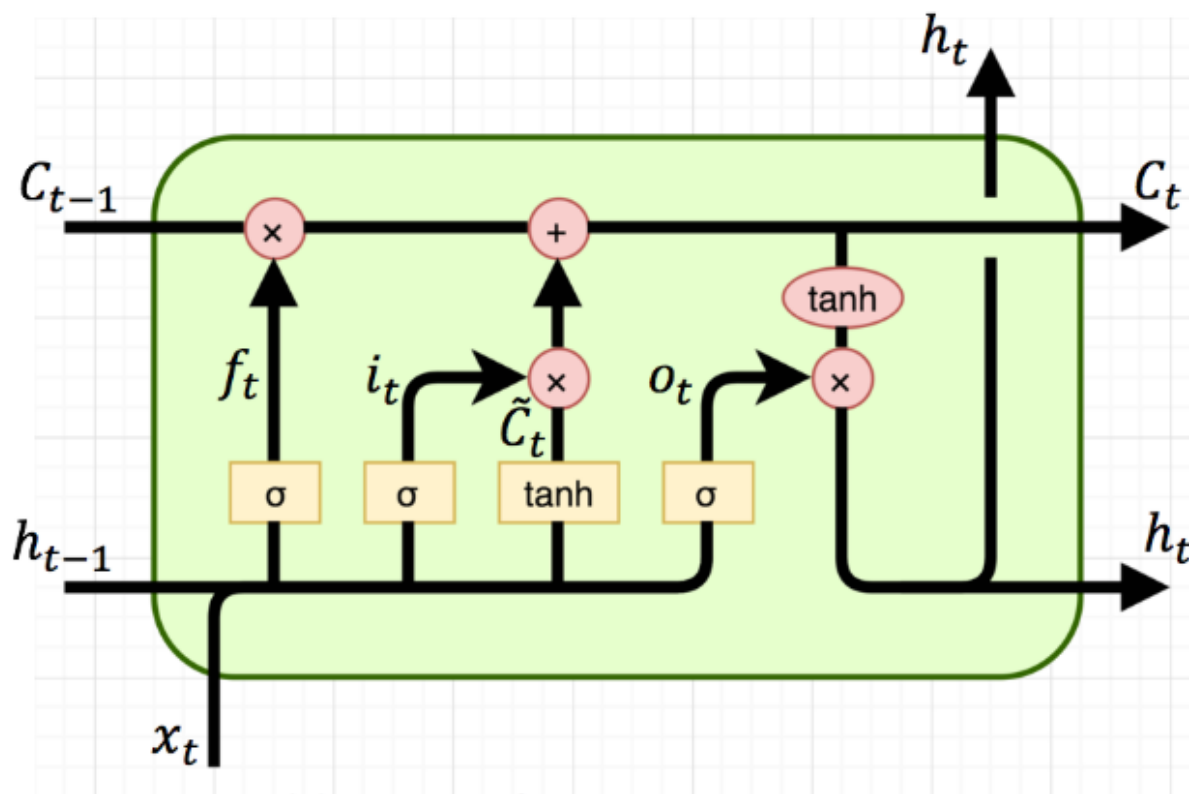
many to many



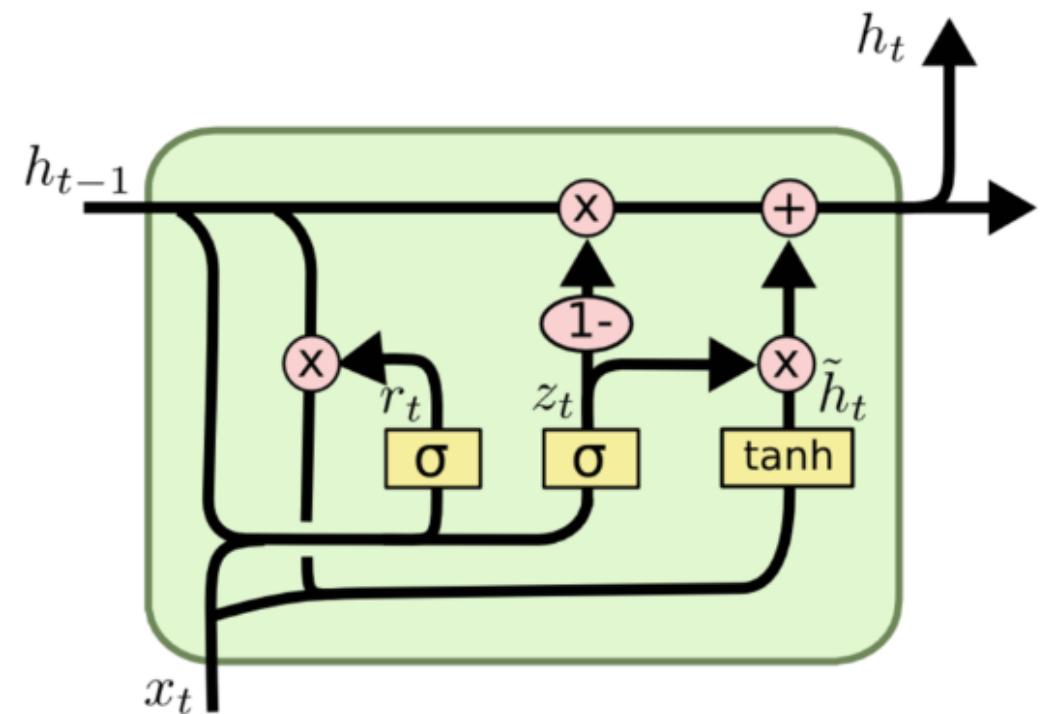
many to many



LSTM and GRU

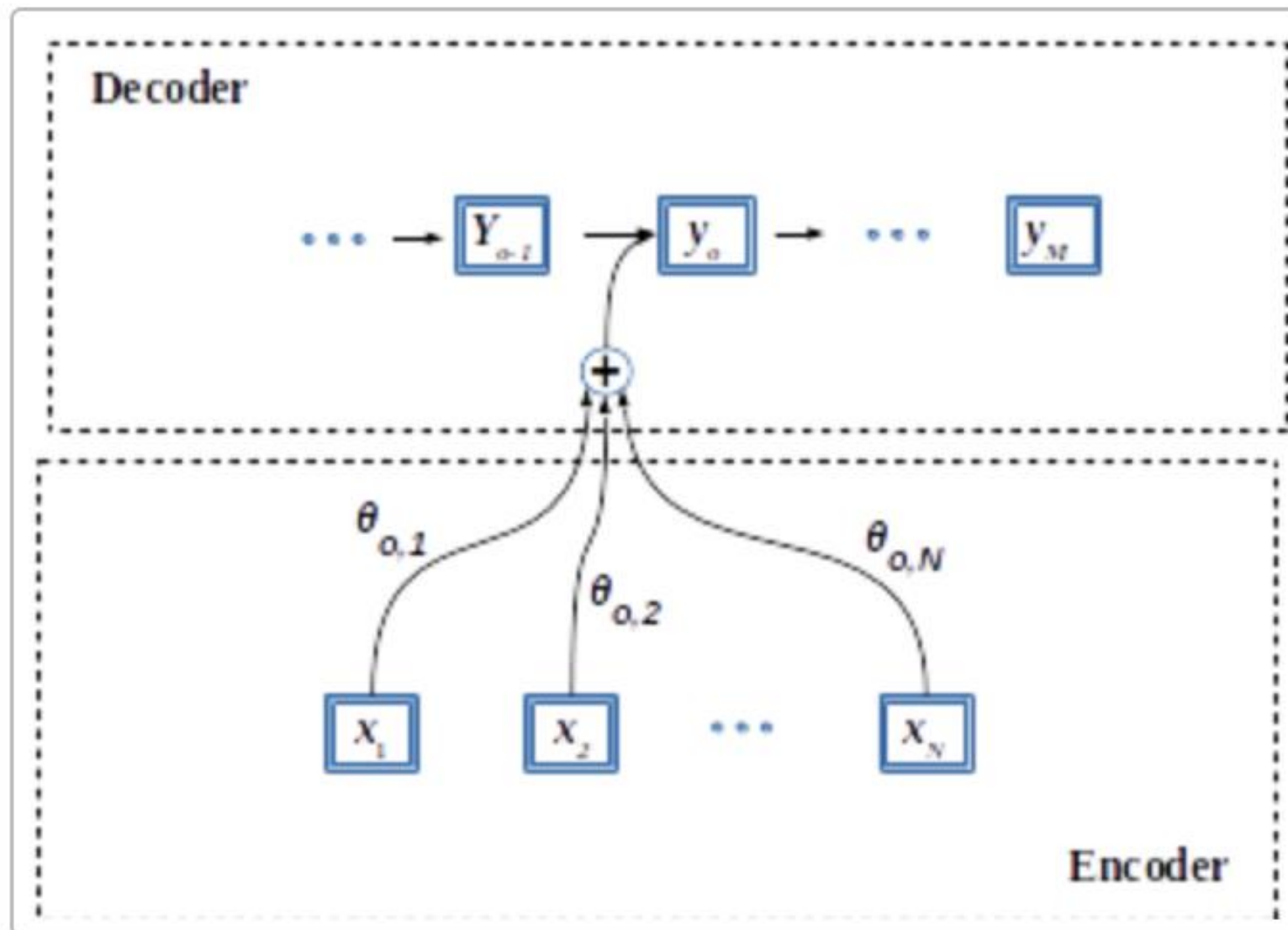


(a) Long Short-Term Memory



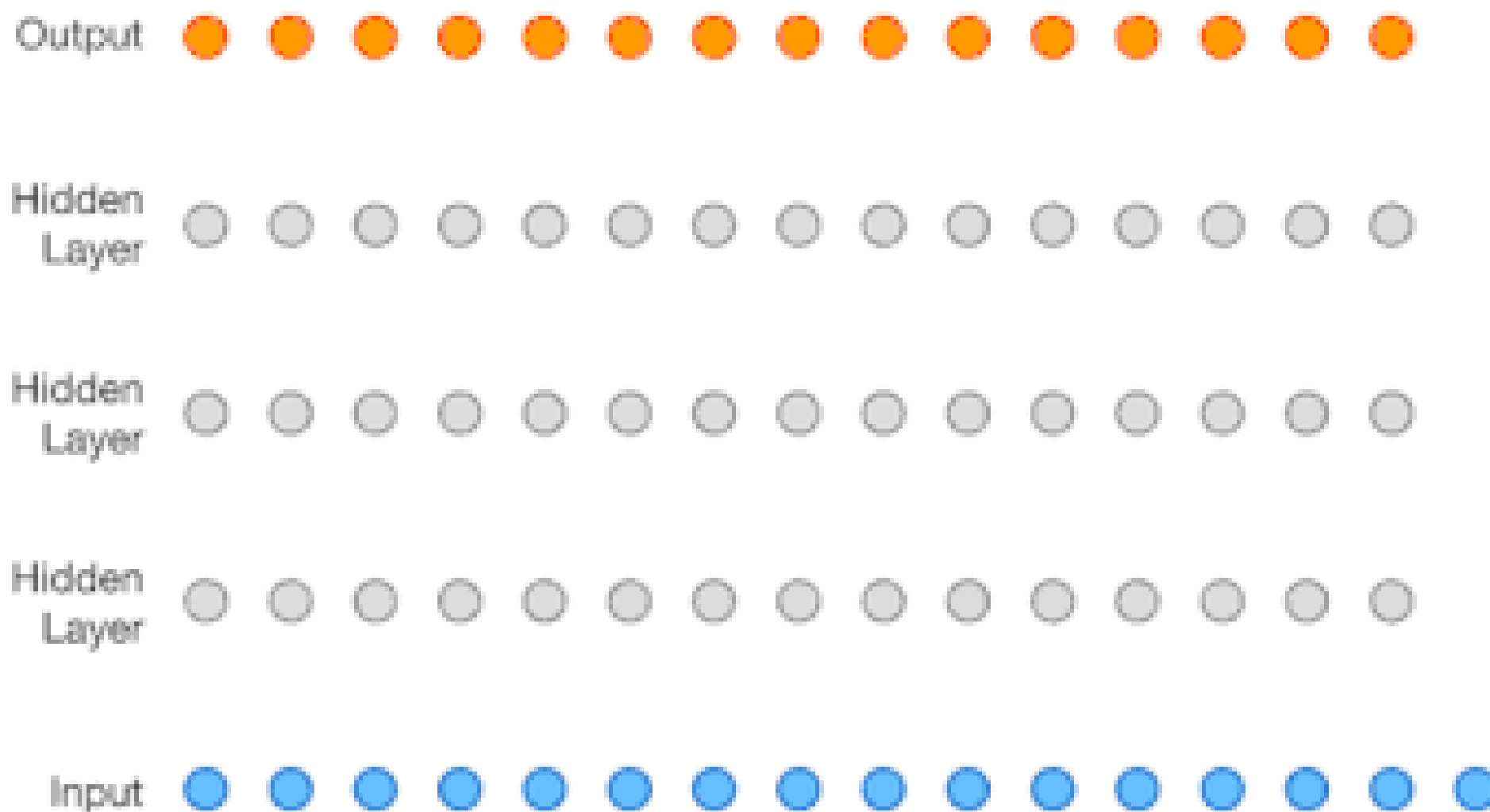
(b) Gated Recurrent Unit

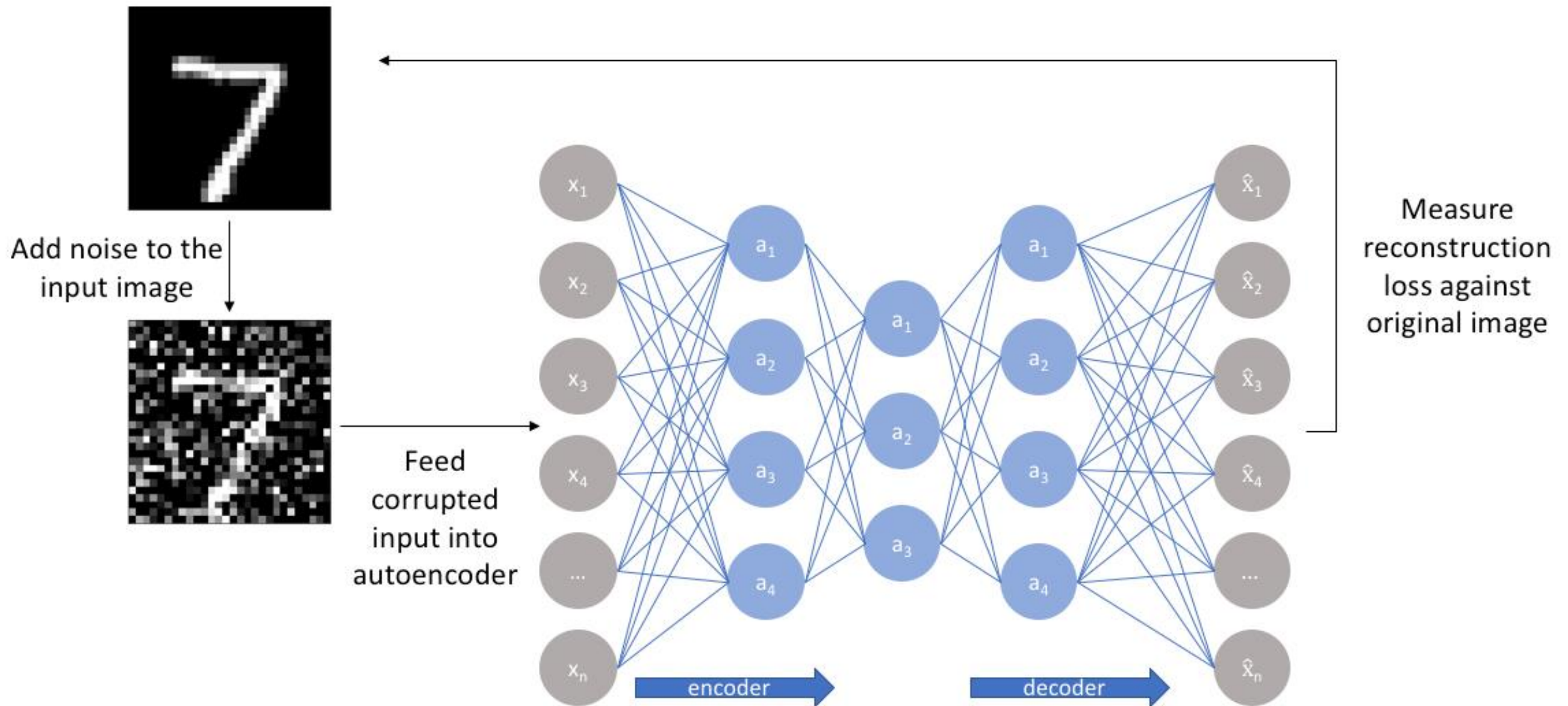
Attention Network



. la maison de Léa <end> .

Wavenet (Autoregressive)





Auto-encoders

Transformer

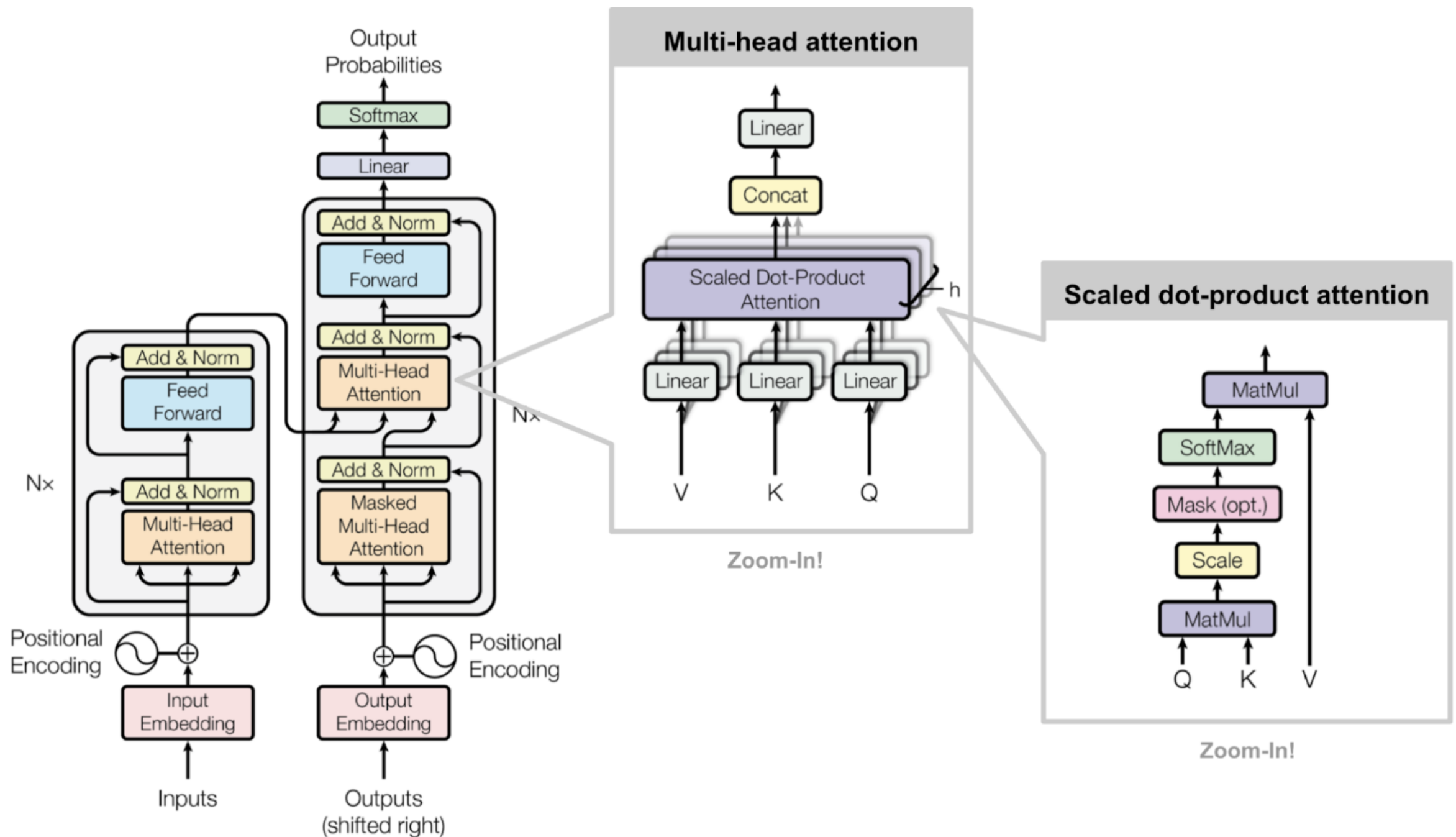
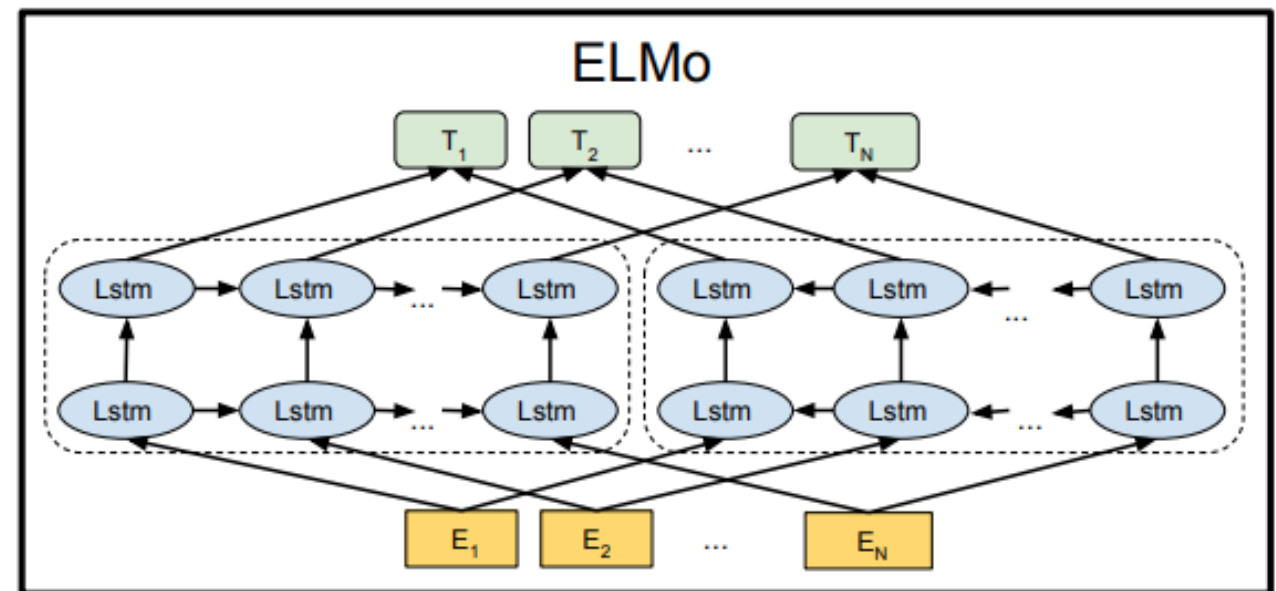
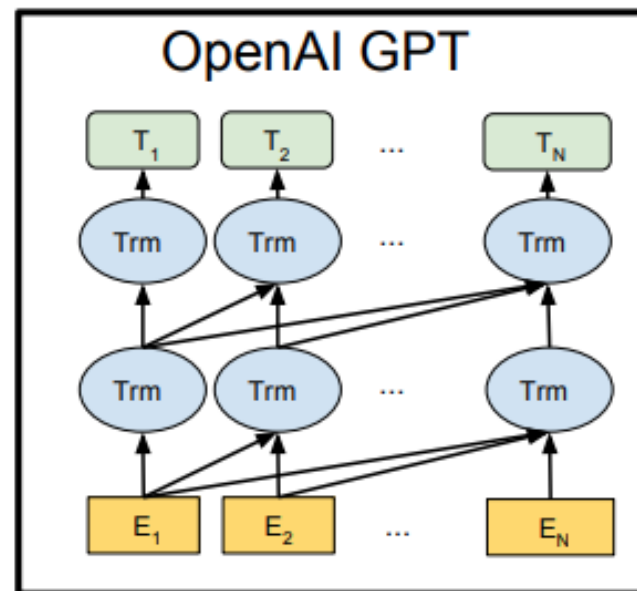
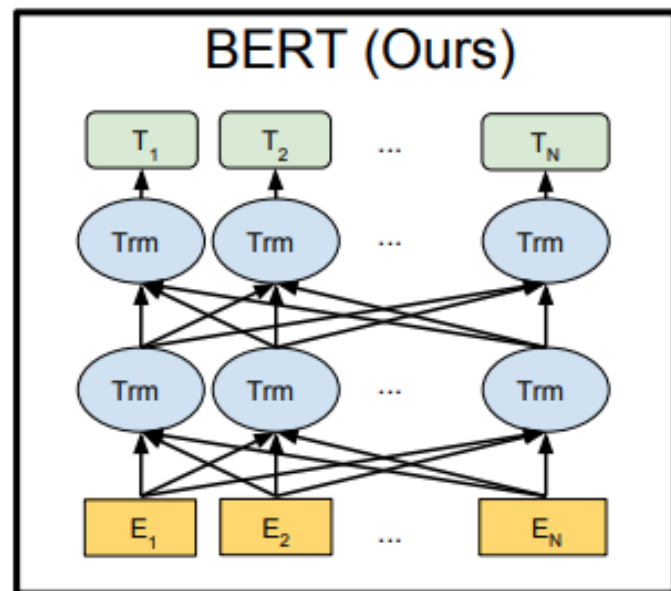
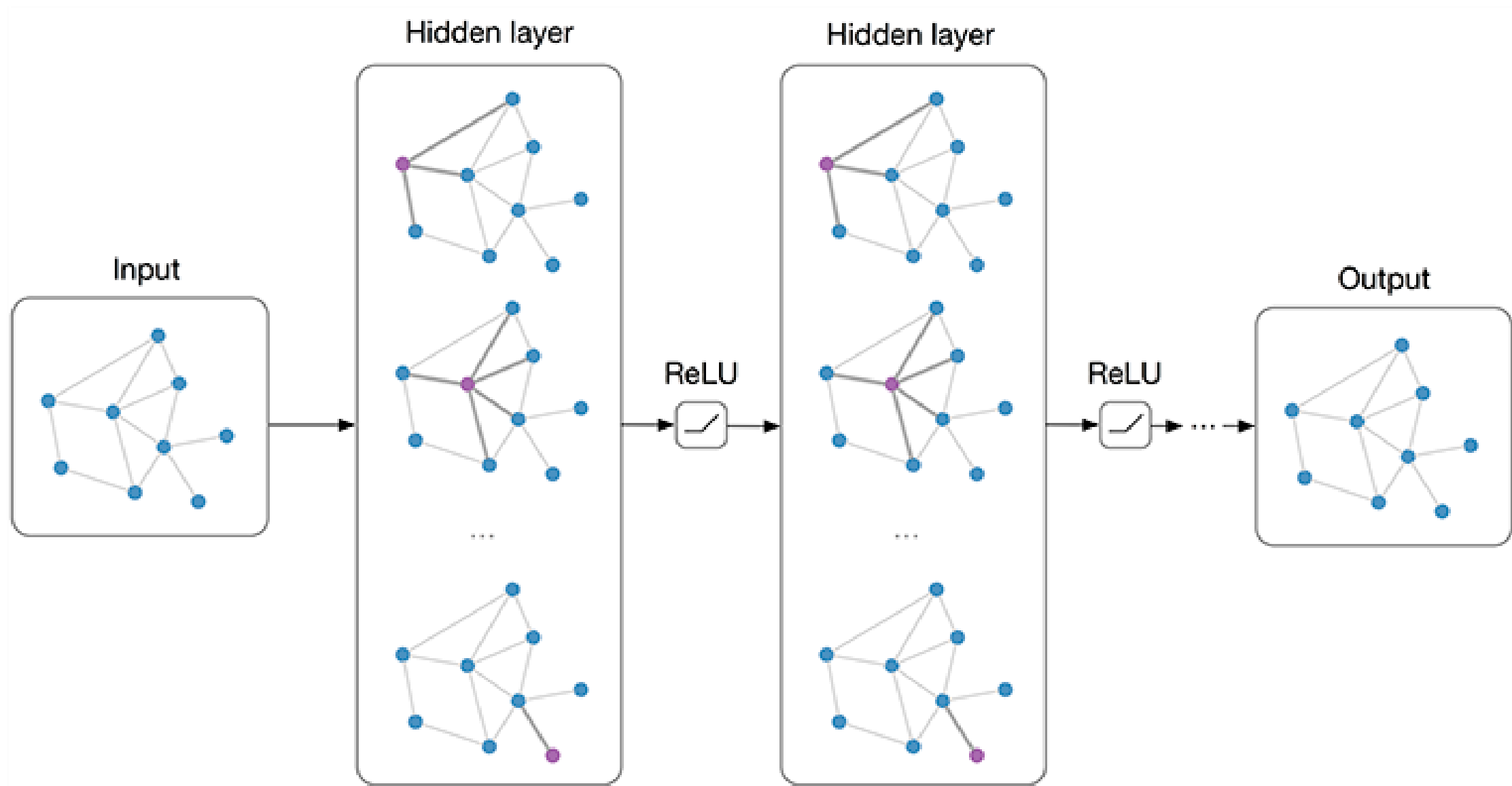


Fig. 17. The full model architecture of the transformer. (Image source: Fig 1 & 2 in [Vaswani, et al., 2017.](#))

BERT, GPT & ELMO



GNN



Questions?

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