## Chapter 6. Fedora 38 Server Installation Guide

## About this document:

Welcome to the software installation guide for Apress book, "Introduction to Python Network Automation: The First Journey, 2nd Edition". This guide has been created by the author as supplementary material to the book and is part of the actual book. Its purpose is to provide a clear and concise set of instructions to help you install the necessary software to follow along with the book's examples and exercises.

By following the steps outlined in this guide, you will be able to set up the required software for Python network automation and start exploring the practical concepts covered in the book. Please note that this guide is not intended to be a comprehensive resource on network automation or Python, but rather a focused guide to help you get started quickly and easily.

If you have any questions or issues during the installation process, please don't hesitate to reach out to the author or consult the resources listed in the guide. I hope this guide proves helpful in your journey toward mastering Python network automation.

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Created:	15/Aug/2023
Last updated:	N/A

## What's required?

Host OS:	Windows 11
Desktop Hypervisor:	VMware Workstation 17 Pro
File name:	Fedora 38 Server, Fedora-Server-dvd-x86_64-38-
	1.6 .iso
Internet connection:	Yes

To begin with Python Network Automation, it's important to get familiar with the basic Python concepts. Python was originally developed and integrated into Red Hat Linux, so there's no better place to start than with Linux itself. For this tutorial, we'll be using Fedora instead of Red Hat Enterprise Linux 9 or CentOS 9 Stream. The reason for this is that Fedora offers the latest features that may not have been introduced to RHEL, and CentOS 9 Stream is very similar to Fedora.

RHEL 9, or Red Hat Enterprise Linux 9, is a popular enterprise-grade operating system that's widely used in server environments. It's a stable and secure operating system that's designed for high-performance computing and enterprise-level applications.

CentOS Stream 9 is a free and open-source operating system that's based on the source code of Red Hat Enterprise Linux. It's similar to RHEL, but it's more of a rolling release distribution, which means that updates are released more frequently.

Fedora 38 is a community-driven Linux distribution that's sponsored by Red Hat. It's a cutting-edge operating system that's designed for developers and enthusiasts who want to stay up-to-date with the latest features and technologies.

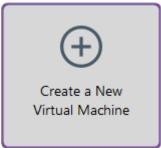
For this book, we'll be using one Fedora server and one Ubuntu server for Python Network Automation testing. Here are the step-by-step procedures to install the latest Fedora 38 server in VMware Workstation 17:

## **Installation Steps:**

1. First, download the Fedora 38 or latest Server ISO file from the official Fedora website.

URL: https://getfedora.org/en/server/download/

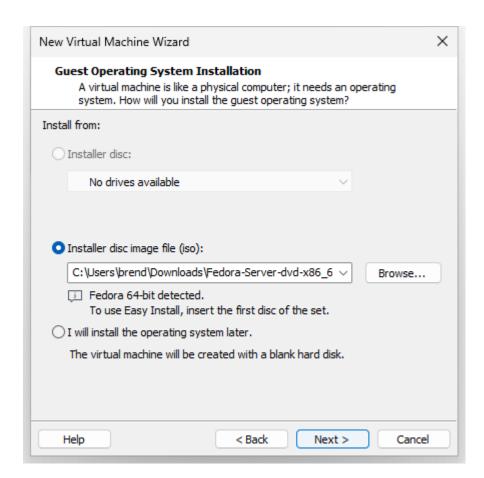
2. Launch VMware Workstation 17 and click on "Create a New Virtual Machine".



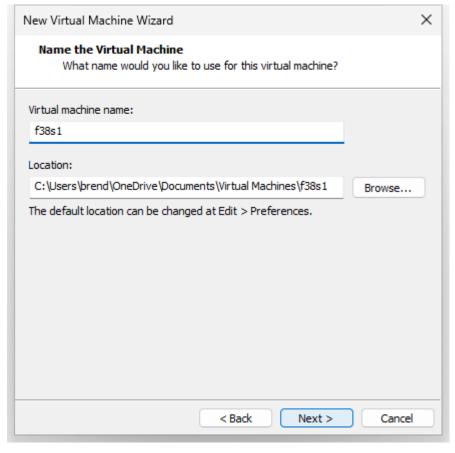
3. Select "Typical (recommended)" and click "Next".



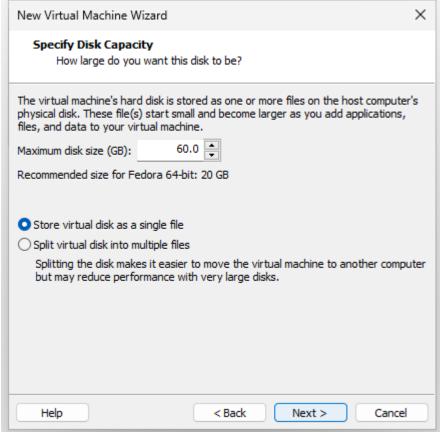
4. Choose the option "Installer disc image file (iso)" and click "Browse". Browse and select the Fedora 38 Server ISO file you downloaded earlier, and click "Next".



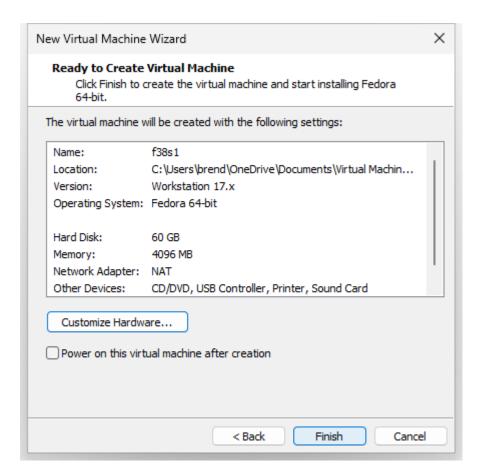
5. Enter a name for the virtual machine and choose a location to save it.



6. Choose the amount of disk space you want to allocate to the virtual machine and click "Next". I have assigned 60GB and store virtual disk as a single file.



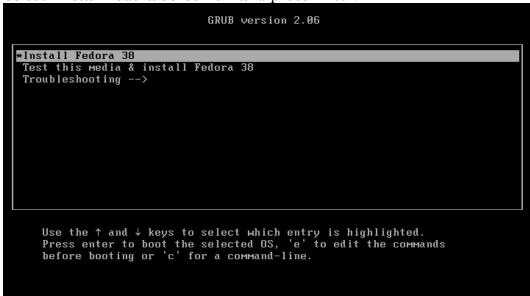
- 7. Click "Customize Hardware" to customize the virtual machine's settings.
  - Increase the RAM to at least 4 GB (4096 MB).
  - Create a new network adapter if you need to connect to the internet during the installation.
  - Save the changes and click "Finish" to create the virtual machine.



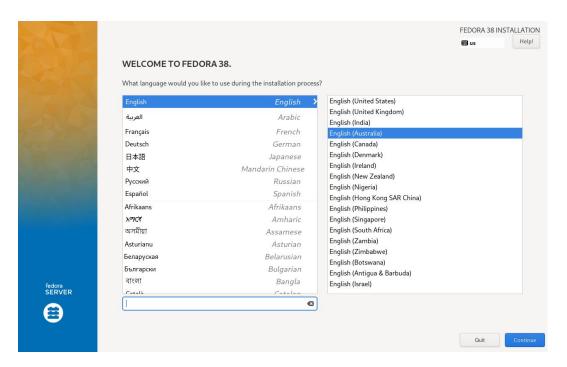
8. Power on the virtual machine and wait for the Fedora installation screen to appear.

Power on this virtual machine

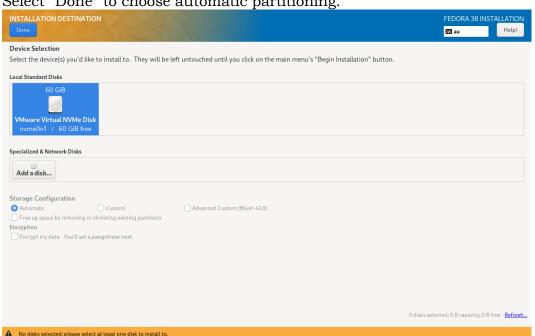
9. Select "Install Fedora 38 Server" and press Enter.



10. Choose the language and keyboard layout, and click "Continue".



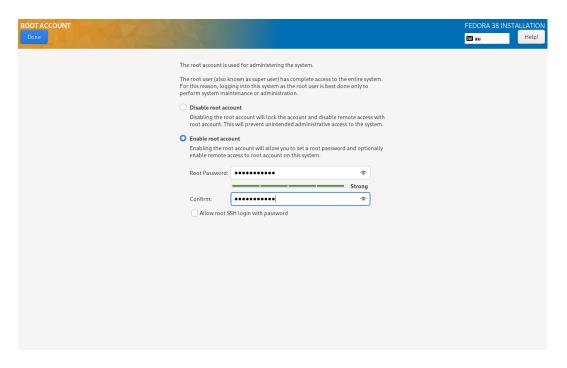
11. Under SYSTEM, select the installation destination, and click "Continue". Select "Done" to choose automatic partitioning.



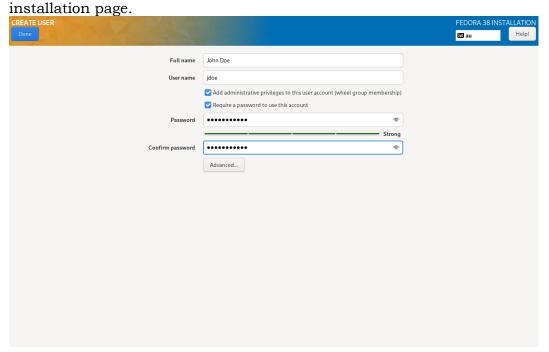
If the first time selection does not work, go back into the Installation Destination and reselect it and click on the 'Done' button.

12.Go to "Root Account" and enable root account, then enter a strong password. Since this is our Development machine on our personal laptop, let's select "Allow SSH login with password". **WARNING**: If you are deploying a server in the productions, the root user account and root user SSH access should be disabled for security reasons.

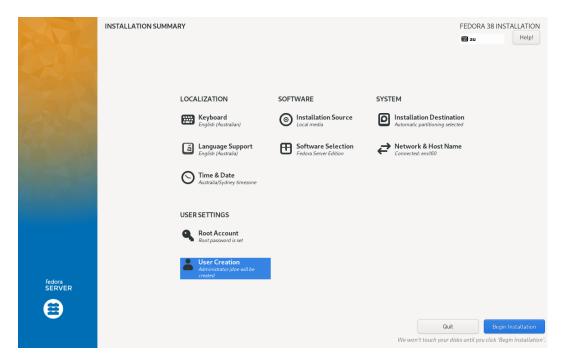
Click on "Done" to navigate back to main page.



13. Create a user account while we are here. Select both boxes to add the user as a member of Wheel group, which gives a sudo privilege and password required to use this account. Also, use a strong password for better protection. Click on "Done" button now to navigate back to the main



14. Now click "Begin Installation" to initialize the installation.



- 15. Wait for the installation to complete.
- 16.Once Installation Process completes, click "Reboot System" to complete the installation.



17. Login with the newly created user account.

```
GRUB version 2.06

■Fedora Linux (6.2.9-300.fc38.x86_64) 38 (Server Edition)

Fedora Linux (0-rescue-cd2656d3f38240e59171e3ceff1aba99) 38 (Server Editio→

Use the ↑ and ↓ keys to select which entry is highlighted.

Press enter to boot the selected OS, 'e' to edit the commands before booting or 'c' for a command-line.

The highlighted entry will be executed automatically in 4s.
```

Use 'uname -r' to check the kernel version and use 'cat etc/\*release' to check the OS version and other system details.

```
Fedora Linux 38 (Server Edition)

Mernel 6.2.9-300.fc38.x66_6f on an x66_6f (tty1)

Meb console: https://localhost:9990 or https://192.168.127.130:9990/

localhost login: idee

Passuord:

Last login: Med flug 16 00:00:16 on tty1

[.jkoef localhost 7]$ unmen = 7

2.2-9-300.fc38.x66_6f

7.2-9-300.fc38.x66_6f

7.2-9-300.fc38.x66_6f

7.2-9-300.fc38.x66_fc4

7.2-9-300.
```

Congratulations! You've successfully installed the latest Fedora 38 server on VMware Workstation 17. This virtual machine will serve as our Python IP Services Servers throughout the book. Make sure to stay tuned for the next steps in setting up your virtual machine for Linux, Python and Network Automation learning advantures!