

CptS 223 - Advanced Data Structures in C++

Written Homework Assignment 2: Big-O and Algorithms

I. Problem Set:

1. (20 pts) Given the following two functions which perform the same task:

| | |
|---|---|
| <pre>int g (int n) { if(n <= 0) { return 0; } return 1 + g(n - 1); }</pre> | <pre>int f (int n) { int sum = 0; for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) { sum += 1; } return sum; }</pre> |
|---|---|

- a. (10 pts) State the runtime complexity of both $f()$ and $g()$.

$$f() \rightarrow O(n)$$

$$g() \rightarrow O(n)$$

- b. (10 pts) Write another function called "int h(int n)" that does the same thing, but is significantly faster.

```
int h(int n) {
    return n;
}
```

2. (15 pts) State $g(n)$'s runtime complexity:

```
int f(int n){
    if(n <= 1){
        return 1;
    }
    return 1 + f(n/2);
}

int g(int n){
    for(int i = 1; i < n; i *= 2){
        f(n);
    }
}
```

$$O(\log^2(N))$$

3. (20 pts) Write an algorithm to solve the following problem (10 pts)

Given a nonnegative integer n , what is the smallest value, k , such that

$$1n, 2n, 3n, \dots, kn$$

contains all 10 decimal numbers (0 through 9) at least once? For example, given an input of "1", our sequence would be:

$$1 * 1, 2 * 1, 3 * 1, 4 * 1, 5 * 1, 6 * 1, 7 * 1, 8 * 1, 9 * 1, 10 * 1$$

and thus k would be 10. Other examples:

| Integer Value | K value |
|---------------|---------|
| 10 | 9 |
| 123456789 | 3 |
| 3141592 | 5 |

(10 pts). Can you directly formalize the worst case time complexity of this algorithm? If not, why?

get value of n

int $k = 0$

boolean array of size 10, all false

loop until all values in array are true \rightarrow runs k times

$k++$

$R = n * k$

update array using digits in $R \rightarrow$ runs n times

Return k

Time Complexity $\rightarrow O(nk)$

4. (20 pts) Provide the algorithmic efficiency for the following tasks. Justify your answer, often with a small piece of pseudocode to help with your analysis.

- a. (3 pts) Determining whether a provided number is odd or even.

$O(1)$ → if $\%2 = 0$
even
else
odd

- b. (3 pts) Determining whether or not a number exists in a list.

unsorted → $O(N)$ → go thru list until number is found or reach end of list
sorted → $O(\log(N))$
(binary search)

- c. (3 pts) Finding the smallest number in a list.

unsorted → $O(N)$
sorted → $O(1)$

- d. (4 pts) Determining whether or not two unsorted lists of the same length contain all of the same values (assume no duplicate values).

$O(N^2)$ → while true loop thru list 1 check if val in list 2 exists in list 2 if (not in list 2) false

$O(N)$ → if the two lists are identical

- e. (4 pts) Determining whether or not two sorted lists contain all of the same values (assume no duplicate values).

$O(N)$ → element-by-element comparison

- f. (3 pts) Determining whether a number is in a balanced BST.

$O(\log(N))$

5. (25 pts) Write a pseudocode or C++ algorithm to determine if a string s_1 is an anagram of another string s_2 . If possible, the time complexity of the algorithm should be in the worst case $O(n)$. For example, 'abc' - 'cba', 'cat' - 'act'. s_1 and s_2 could be arbitrarily long. It only contains lowercase letters a-z. Hint: the use of histogram/frequency tables would be helpful!

check if lengths are same

not same = not anagram

else

declare & initialize FreqTable s_1
↳ every element set to 0

declare & initialize FreqTable s_2
↳ every element set to 0

only
size 26
needed
b/c
lower
a-z

go thru strings & use ASCII to get position in Frequency Table

add 1 to respective table to element @ given position

↳ do math so it
corresponds correctly
to the size of 26.

compare the two Frequency tables

if same
anagram

else
not anagram

Time Complexity $\rightarrow O(N)$

II. Submitting Written Homework Assignments:

1. On your local file system, create a new directory called HW2. Move your HW2.pdf file into the directory. In your local Git repo, create a new branch called HW2. Add your HW2 directory to the branch, commit, and push to your private GitHub repo created in PA1.
2. Do not push new commits to the branch after you submit your link to Canvas otherwise it might be considered as late submission.
3. Submission: You must submit a URL link of the branch of your private GitHub repository to Canvas.