DataScienceWeek3Assignment

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Import Data

```
url <- "https://data.cityofnewyork.us/api/views/833y-fsy8/rows.csv?accessType=DOWNLOAD"
nypdData <- read.csv(url, header=TRUE, sep=",")</pre>
```

Initial Analysis

The imported data comes from the NYPD database of shooting incidences from 2006 until present. In the data, it includes the data and time, location (Precinct, jurisdiction, longitude/latitude, borough), the demographics (Race, Age Group, Sex) of the perpetrator and victim, and whether or not the victim was murdered. This seems to be a good source for violent crimes involving a firearm.

Using this data, I'm going to determine if the location (borough) has any correlation to the age group of the perpetrator. This information could allow for a better understanding of the age groups that are committing the shootings. There are many things that could be done with this information (additional job training, anger management help, gun control, etc). Special consideration must be taking to prevent predictive policing causing additional racial injustices.

summary(nypdData)

```
OCCUR_DATE
##
     INCIDENT_KEY
                                              OCCUR_TIME
                                                                     BORO
##
           : 9953245
                         Length: 25596
                                             Length: 25596
                                                                 Length: 25596
    1st Qu.: 61593633
                         Class : character
                                             Class : character
                                                                 Class : character
##
    Median: 86437258
                         Mode :character
                                             Mode :character
                                                                 Mode :character
##
   Mean
           :112382648
    3rd Qu.:166660833
           :238490103
##
    Max.
##
##
       PRECINCT
                      JURISDICTION_CODE LOCATION_DESC
                                                             STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG
##
    Min.
           : 1.00
                      Min.
                             :0.0000
                                         Length: 25596
                                                             Length: 25596
    1st Qu.: 44.00
                      1st Qu.:0.0000
                                         Class :character
                                                             Class : character
##
##
    Median : 69.00
                      Median :0.0000
                                         Mode :character
                                                             Mode : character
##
    Mean
           : 65.87
                             :0.3316
    3rd Qu.: 81.00
                      3rd Qu.:0.0000
##
##
    Max.
           :123.00
                      Max.
                             :2.0000
##
                             :2
##
   PERP AGE GROUP
                          PERP SEX
                                             PERP RACE
                                                                VIC AGE GROUP
    Length: 25596
                                                                Length: 25596
##
                        Length: 25596
                                            Length: 25596
    Class : character
                        Class : character
                                            Class : character
                                                                Class : character
##
   Mode :character
                        Mode :character
                                            Mode :character
##
                                                                Mode :character
##
##
```

```
##
##
##
      VIC_SEX
                          VIC RACE
                                               X COORD CD
                                                                   Y COORD CD
                        Length: 25596
                                                     : 914928
                                                                        :125757
##
    Length: 25596
                                             Min.
                                                                Min.
##
    Class : character
                        Class : character
                                             1st Qu.:1000011
                                                                1st Qu.:182782
    Mode :character
                                             Median :1007715
                                                                Median :194038
##
                        Mode :character
##
                                             Mean
                                                    :1009455
                                                                Mean
                                                                        :207894
##
                                             3rd Qu.:1016838
                                                                3rd Qu.:239429
##
                                             Max.
                                                    :1066815
                                                                Max.
                                                                        :271128
##
##
       Latitude
                       Longitude
                                         Lon_Lat
                             :-74.25
            :40.51
                                       Length: 25596
##
    Min.
                     1st Qu.:-73.94
##
    1st Qu.:40.67
                                       Class : character
    Median :40.70
                     Median :-73.92
##
                                       Mode : character
##
            :40.74
                             :-73.91
    Mean
                     Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:40.82
                     3rd Qu.:-73.88
           :40.91
##
    Max.
                             :-73.70
                     Max.
##
```

Cleaning Data for Analysis

```
columns = c("BORO","PERP_AGE_GROUP","PERP_SEX")
df = select(nypdData,all_of(columns))

#Data tabulated
table(df$BORO,df$PERP_AGE_GROUP)
```

```
##
##
                            <18 1020 18-24
                                              224 25-44 45-64
                                                                  65+
                                                                       940 UNKNOWN
##
     BRONX
                     2512
                            473
                                    1
                                       1847
                                                1
                                                    1529
                                                            182
                                                                    8
                                                                          0
                                                                                849
##
                                                    1852
                                                                               1359
     BROOKLYN
                     4291
                            556
                                    0
                                       2107
                                                0
                                                            176
                                                                   23
                                                                          1
##
     MANHATTAN
                     1030
                            224
                                    0
                                        776
                                                0
                                                     769
                                                             63
                                                                    7
                                                                          0
                                                                                396
                                                                          0
                                                                                499
##
     QUEENS
                     1366
                                        864
                                                0
                                                     838
                                                             89
                            159
                                    0
                                                                   13
##
     STATEN ISLAND
                     145
                             51
                                         250
                                                 0
                                                     214
                                                             25
                                                                    6
                                                                          0
                                                                                  45
```

Table Analysis

The above table is grouped by the BORO column and displaying the summary of the PERP_AGE_GROUP. There is a significant portion of missing data. I plan of keeping that information and displaying it as unknown in the charts. This will help to determine if there are causes for the unknown data or if it is randomly unknown.

Also, there are two data points where the age value is "1020", "940", and "224". Since these are errors in the data, I will remove those values before I begin my analysis.

Also, I will combine the values that were labeled as blank or "unknown" as NA

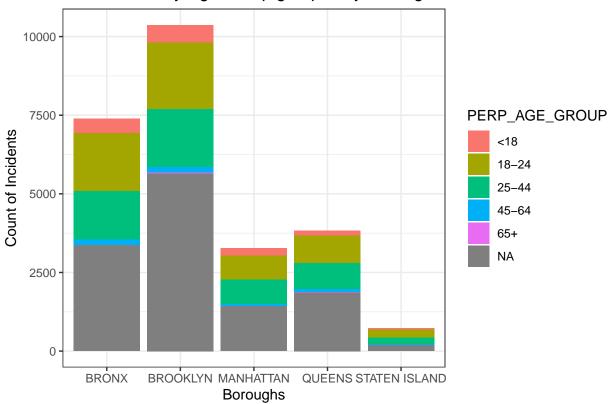
```
df = df[!(df$PERP_AGE_GROUP==224 | df$PERP_AGE_GROUP==940 | df$PERP_AGE_GROUP==1020),] #Remove the inco df$PERP_AGE_GROUP[(df$PERP_AGE_GROUP=="" | df$PERP_AGE_GROUP=="UNKNOWN")] <-NA #Make blank and unknown
```

Visualizations

Visualization 1

```
ggplot(data = df, aes(x = BORO, fill = PERP_AGE_GROUP)) +
  geom_bar() +
  ggtitle("Crime Count by Age Group grouped by Boroughs") +
  xlab("Boroughs") +
  ylab("Count of Incidents") +
  theme_bw()
```





Visualization 1 Analysis

Looking at the above data, it appears that the distribution in crimes per age group is similar amongst the boroughs. However, the unknown data is skewing the results. I'm going to create stacked percentage chart without the NA data. For future analysis, it would be interesting to see if the only reason for the large amounts of unknown ages is that the crime hasn't been solved. I would need to find another data source because this data sources doesn't appear to have the flag on the outcome of the investigations.

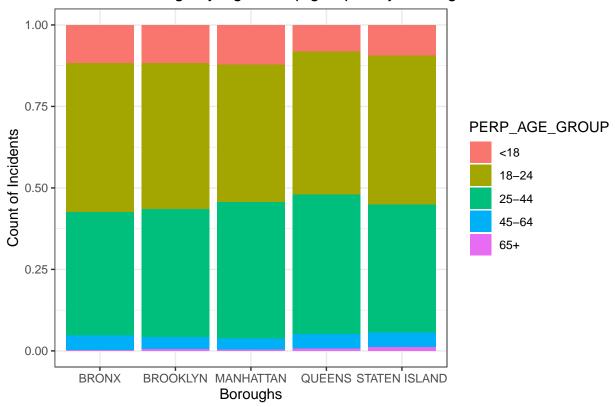
Visualization 2

```
dfKnown = df[!(is.na(df$PERP_AGE_GROUP)),]
table(df$BORO,df$PERP_AGE_GROUP)
```

```
##
##
                     <18 18-24 25-44 45-64
                                              65+
##
     BRONX
                     473
                         1847
                                1529
                                        182
                                               8
##
     BROOKLYN
                     556
                          2107
                                 1852
                                        176
                                               23
                                  769
                                               7
##
                     224
                           776
                                         63
     MANHATTAN
##
     QUEENS
                     159
                           864
                                  838
                                         89
                                               13
                      51
     STATEN ISLAND
                           250
                                  214
                                         25
                                                6
##
```

```
ggplot(data = dfKnown, aes(x = BORO, fill = PERP_AGE_GROUP)) +
geom_bar(position = "fill") +
ggtitle("Crime Percentage by Age Group grouped by Borough") +
xlab("Boroughs") +
ylab("Count of Incidents")+
theme_bw()
```





Visualization 2 Analysis

As we can see in the Percentile chart, it appears that the borough where the crime was committed is independent of the age group. A chi squared test for independence will tell us our p-value.

Additional analysis can be done on based on the rate of crime per 100,000 people in the borough. Also, the crime rate within the age group could be determined. This information could help make predictions as age demographics shift with time.

Model/Analysis

Since this data is categorized data and something like a linear model isn't valid, I'm going to do a statistical analysis to determine if my initial assumption based on the visualization was correct. I will do a chi-squared test for independence to determine if the age of the perpetrator is independent of the borough.

```
chisqTest = chisq.test(table(df$BORO,df$PERP_AGE_GROUP))
## Warning in chisq.test(table(df$BORO, df$PERP_AGE_GROUP)): Chi-squared
## approximation may be incorrect
print(chisqTest)
##
##
   Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data: table(df$BORO, df$PERP AGE GROUP)
## X-squared = 56.582, df = 16, p-value = 1.95e-06
print(chisq.residuals(table(df$BORO,df$PERP_AGE_GROUP),std=FALSE, raw=FALSE))
## Warning in stats::chisq.test(tab): Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect
##
##
                     <18 18-24 25-44 45-64
                                             65+
##
     BRONX
                    1.03 1.07 -1.87 1.33 -2.28
##
     BROOKLYN
                    1.29 0.09 -0.46 -1.19 0.55
##
     MANHATTAN
                    1.30 -1.55
                               1.44 -1.40 -0.35
##
     QUEENS
                   -4.07 -0.39 2.10 0.99
                                           1.53
     STATEN ISLAND -1.28 0.41 -0.19 0.57 2.35
##
```

Model Analysis

In the above test, it shows a p value of 0.00000195. Looking at the residuals of the test, we can see that the "Queens, <18" jumps out as a large residual.

Note: I duplicated the calculation outside of R due to the warning: "Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect". The p value was the same.

Conclusion/Bias

The information provided in this report can be used to help determine what age group programs should target to help prevent them from committing crimes. It appears that over 50% of the people who commit shooting crimes are under the age of 25. To help augment this analysis, I would do a heat map of the crimes to identify clusters. That would also help narrow down where helpful resources need to be deployed.

A potential cause of bias in the data could be caused by the patrol patterns of the police. If they suspect a certain age group to be committing crimes, then it is possible they would patrol the area more frequently; thus, catch them committing the crimes with an increased frequency compared to the areas they were not patrolling.

Also, there could be a source of bias in who reports the crimes. If there is a non random cause for people to not report crimes, then that cause would show up in the data.

There was also a significant amount of unknown data in the "Age Group" category. If the cause of that missing data isn't random, then that would create a bias in the data source.