**上宝小五班卷（六）**

1. **Phonetic symbols：**

**Consonant**

1. ［w］wall，what 2. ［j］yes，you

3. ［tʃ］child, teach, catch 4. ［dʒ］joke, bridge

**(2) Choose the word which doesn’t belong to the same group**

（ ）1.A. cake B.name C. grade D. hat

（ ）2.A. he B. bed C. leg D. get

（ ）3.A. home B. nose C. go D. not

（ ）4.A. duck B. bus C. blue D. but

（ ）5. A. nice B. big C. six D. Miss

（ ）6. A. tea B. meat C. weather D. beach

（ ）7. A. back B. fast C. have D. map

（ ）8.A. warm B. garden C. market D. party

（ ）9.A. school B. tooth C. choose D. good

（ ）10.A. book B. mood C. look D. cook

1. **Grammar and Vocabulary:**
2. **Choose the best answer：**

1.— Do you know \_\_\_\_\_\_ inventor? — Yes. He’s \_\_\_\_\_\_ friend of mine.

A. the; a B. an; a C. an; the D. the; the

2. My teacher often helps me\_\_\_\_\_ my English. \_\_\_\_\_her help I have caught up\_\_\_\_the class.

A. with, Under, to B. of, With, with C. in, Under, with D. with, With, with

3. Several people came and there were two boys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ them.

A. between B . among C. for D. except

4.I think the news \_\_\_\_\_important.

A. is B . was C. are D.were

5. Don't let the children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the reading room.

A. shout B. to shout C. shouting D. shouted

6.This kind of jacket \_\_\_\_\_seen everywhere.

Don't let the children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the reading room.

A. has B. are C. is D. can

7. Tom said to the guests, "Help \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to some meat."

A. youself B. youselves C. yourself D. yourselves

8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ will be the population of the world in the year 2000?

A. What B. How much C. How many D. How soon

9. Mary isn't in. She \_\_\_\_\_\_ to school.

A. went B. has gone C. has been D. go

10. Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

A. where does she live B. where she lives

C. she lives where D. where is she living

11. My brother joined the League \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ March 24, 1990. He \_\_\_\_\_a League member for six years.

A. on,has become B. on, has been C. in, has been D. in, has become

12. We suddenly heard somebody \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for help in the forest.

A. calls B. called C. calling D. to call

13. You must always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your library book on time.

A. give back B. take away C. bring D. borrow

14. I often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my friends.

A. hear from B. hear of C. receive from D. write a letter from

15. —Please give my best wishes to your grandparents.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Thanks, I will B. Yes. I think so C.OK.I think D. Oh, please not

**(B)Word transformation：**

16.The big storm have hair problems because of their\_\_\_\_\_ diet and lifestyle. (healthy)

17.The big storm prevented the plane\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the Beijing. (land)

18.\_\_\_\_\_\_ books online can save you much time.(buy)

19.the progress is not\_\_\_\_\_(suit) for children.

20.doctors suggest \_\_\_\_\_\_eight to ten glasses daily.(drink).

21.Don’t trust him. He often tells lies.(lie)

22.My teacher \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(direct)pointed out my mistakes.

23.I will appreciate your\_\_\_\_(come).

**(C)Sentence transformation：**

24.She teaches English very well.(改为感叹句)

——— ——— she teaches English!

25.The beautiful girl comes from Mexico.(对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from?

26.These books are lighter than those books.(保持句意不变)

These books are \_\_\_\_\_as \_\_\_\_\_\_as those books.

27.We shouldn’t fly kites in crowded places.(对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_we do in crowded places?

28.The Airport Railway runs on the ground for fifteen kilometres.(对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_\_does the Airport Railway\_\_\_\_\_\_for fifteen kilometres?

29.I am healthier than any other family member in my home.(保持句意不变)

I’m \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_one in my home.

30.People tell me how I can get to the station.(保持句意不变)

People tell me how \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_the station.

31.The bench was so long that all of us were able to sit on it.(保持句意不变)

The bench was long enough \_\_\_\_\_\_us to \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_.

32.Mary spent three thousand yuan on the color TV set.(保持句意不变)

The color TV set \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_three thousand yuan.

**(D)Put the following words in the correct order：**

33.football, or, I, playing, like, basketball, don’t

—————————————————————————————

34.where, shall, we, and, have, the, when, meeting.

—————————————————————————————

35.mother, knows, My, how, to, bake, a, cake, cholate.

—————————————————————————————

36.is, fine, we, it, will, go, If, for a, picnic.

—————————————————————————————

37.know, who, can, finish, with, me, I, don’t, the, work.

**III. Reading：**

1. **True or false：**

Two men are in the same room of a hospital. Both of them are very ill. One man has to lie on his back all day.

Every day, the man sitting up by the window tells the other about things outside. “Some children are throwing bread to the ducks on the lake.” “The girls are so beautiful in their summer dresses .” The other man is happy to hear about all the activities and colors of the world outside.

Days and weeks pass. One morning, the man by the window dies . The other man asks the nurse to move his bed next to the window.

Finally he can sit up to see the outside, but he is very disappointed. All he can see is a white wall “But my roommate told me so many wonderful things about outside!” he says.

“He was blind. He couldn’t even see the wall . He just wanted you to live with hope,” says the nurse.

38.There are some children playing outside the window.

39.Every day, the man lying on his back tells the other about things outside.

40.The nurse tells the man the truth.

41.The other man is sad when he hears about the activities and colors of the world outside.

42.The blind man tells a white lie to let the other live with hope.

**(B)Choose the best answer：**

‘Cool ’is a word with many meanings. Its old meaning is used to express a temperature that is a little bit cold. As the world has changed, the word has had many different meanings.

Cool can be used to express feelings of interest in almost anything.

When you see a famous car in the street, maybe you will say, ‘It’s cool.’ You may think, ‘he is so cool,’ when you see your favourite football.

We all maximize the meaning of ‘cool’. You can use it instead of many words such as ‘new’ or ‘surprising’. Here’s an interesting story we can use to show the way the word is used. A teacher asked her students to write about the waterfall they had visited. On one student’s paper was just the one sentence. ‘It’s so cool. Maybe he thought it was the best way to show that he saw and felt.

But the story also shows a scarcity of words. Without ‘cool’, some people have no words to show the same meaning. So it is quite important to keep some credibility. Can you think of many other words that make your life as colourful as the word. ‘I can’. And I think they are also very cool.

43. We know that the word ‘cool’ has had \_\_\_\_\_  
A. only one meaning B. no meanings C. different meanings D.the same meaning.

44. In the passage, the word express means‘\_\_\_\_\_’

A. see B. show C. know D. feel

45.If you are \_\_\_\_\_\_something, you may say, ‘It’s cool’.

A. interested in B. angry about C. afraid of D. unhappy with

46.The writer takes an example to show he is\_\_\_\_\_\_the way the word is used.

A. pleased with B. strange to C. worried about D. careful with

47.In the passage,the writer suggests that the word ‘cool’\_\_\_\_\_

A. can be used instead of many words

B. usually means something interesting

C. can make your life colourful

D. may not be as cool as it seems

**(C)Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words：**

When you go to England you may find the traffic there is different from ours. As a f\_\_\_\_\_ ,you must be c\_\_\_\_\_\_in the streets,because the traffic d\_\_\_\_\_\_on the left. You must look to the right and then the left before you cross a street.

In the morning and in the evening when people go to or come back from work, the streets are very b\_\_\_\_. Traffic is most d\_\_\_\_\_then.

When you go by bus in England ,you have to take care,too. Always r\_\_\_\_\_the traffic m\_\_\_\_on the left. You have to t\_\_\_\_\_a look first or you will go to the w\_\_\_\_\_way.

In many English cities there are big buses with two f\_\_\_\_\_.You can sit on the second one.From there you can see the city very well.