RunTime Server Terror Documentation

Michael DeMeo | Todd Murphy | Het Patel | Panchajanya Vangapandu | Vishalkumar Patel (later addition)

Initial Installation

- Download Ubuntu 18.04.03 LTS Desktop on virtual machine instance from https://www.ubuntu.com/download/desktop
- VM Requirements
 - At least 4GB of memory
 - Linux Ubuntu ISO mentioned above
 - o 30GB of virtual hard disk space
- Open the terminal
- Update and upgrade packages:
 - sudo apt-get update
 - o sudo apt-get upgrade
- Install git:
 - o sudo apt-get install git
- Install vim as text editor:
 - o sudo apt-get install vim
- Install Aptitude for package management
 - o sudo apt-get install aptitude
- Install SSH:
 - sudo apt-get install openssh-server
 - sudo apt-get install openssh-client
- Clone RunTime Terror's GitHub Repository:
 - o git clone https://github.com/tmurphy605/IT490/

RabbitMQ & PHP Installation

- Install the RabbitMQ server
 - sudo apt-get install rabbitmq-server
- Install PHP
 - Sudo apt-get install php
 - o sudo apt-get install php-amqp
- Access the RabbitMQ Management page

- Open browser and type *localhost:15672* into the browser
- Login information to access the management page
 - username: testpassword: test
- Create user "test" under the Admin section and give it a password as test
- Create a new vHost named it490 and give access to user test and guest
 - Also give users access to vHost /
- Create a new exchange named test on vHost it490 and give it a type of Topic
- Create a new queue named test on the vHost it490
- Bind the queue and exchange together
- Do keep in mind that the broker host needs to have the ip of 192.168.0.144

Backend

- Clone RunTime Terror's GitHub Repository:
 - o git clone https://github.com/tmurphy605/IT490/
- Configure IP addresses of the virtual machines according to the hosts file:
 - o https://github.com/tmurphy605/IT490/blob/master/dep/hostsFile

Database

- Install mysql:
 - o sudo apt-get install mysgl
- Create a database user:
 - GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON *.* TO <username>@<localhost> IDENTIFIED BY <password>;
- Create a test-database:
 - O CREATE DATABASE <test db name>;
- Enter the newly created test-database:
 - O USE <test db name>;
- Create the following tables: 'Friends', 'Login', and 'Userld'
 - CREATE TABLE (<column1 name > <column1 type>, <column2 name > <column2 type>);
- Friends fields:
 - Email: varchar(255)
 - Friend: varchar(255)

Login fields:

- o Email: varchar(255)
- Password: varchar(255)
 - This is hashed in the file handler registration with the md5 function
- o firstName: varchar(255)
- o lastName: varchar(255)
- o code: varchar(255)

Userld fields:

- Email: varchar(255)
- o Title: varchar(255)
- Type: varchar(255)

Database replication process:

• Master configuration:

- Cd /etc/mysql.mysql.cnf
- Change bind address to your ip
- Uncomment the this specific line log_bin = /var/log/mysql/mysql-bin.log
- O Uncomment the server id =1
- O Login to mysql, create a user and give replication privileges to that user
- O Run the following commands: show master status
- Record file name and file position which is the critical part of replication

• Slave configuration

- Cd /etc/mysql.mysql.cnf
- Change bind address to your ip
- Uncomment the this specific line log bin = /var/log/mysql/mysql-bin.log
- O Uncomment the server id =2
- O Login to mysql, create a user and give replication privileges to that user
- O Run the following commands: show master status
- Record file name and file position which is the critical part of replication
- Run the following commands: stop slave;
- CHANGE MASTER TO MASTER_HOST='IP of first VM', MASTER_USER='USER', MASTER_PASSWORD='password', MASTER_LOG_FILE='filename', MASTER_LOG_POS= file position;
- Run the following commands: start slave;

• Master configuration:

Run the following commands: stop slave;

- CHANGE MASTER TO MASTER_HOST='IP of second VM', MASTER_USER='USER', MASTER_PASSWORD='password', MASTER_LOG_FILE='filename', MASTER_LOG_POS= file position;
- Start slave;
- Now you can create database in master device and you can see database in other device

SystemD

• What is systemD?

- O SystemD is linux service which contains '.service' file. Once we enable systemd service, we can start specific jobs and services when the VM boots up or restarts.
- For our project we need to start the RabbitMQServer when the system boots up.

• How to setup the systemD?

- Go to /etc/systemd/system
- O Create a file for startup with a '.service' extension
- o File consists of 3 parts Unit, Service, Install
- O Unit part refers to any source that system knows to operate and manage. The resources are defined using configuration files called unit files
- Service part basically acts like a symbolic link. It takes the link of the file and connects it to the systemd
- o Install section declares units for multi-user targets
- Once the file has been created, do a system restart.
- o Check the status of the service by this command: systemctl status 'filename.service'

Firewalls

- Download and install Iptables:
 - o sudo apt-get install iptables-persistent
- Allow local network traffic
 - o iptables -I INPUT -s 127.0.0.1 -j ACCEPT
- Whitelist IP addresses of all machines related to the project
 - o iptables -I INPUT -s <YOUR IP ADDRESS> -j ACCEPT
- Deny all other traffic
 - o iptables -P INPUT DROP

API Call

- API url
 - o "http://www.omdbapi.com/?i=tt3896198&apikey=92e1a0bb&t="
- Information retrieved by the API

- Movie title
- Rating
- o Poster
- o Genres

Apache Server Installation (Help)

- Updating local repository
 - o sudo apt-get update
- Installing the apache server
 - o sudo apt-get install apache2
- Check the status on the apache server
 - o sudo systemctl status apache2
 - o url http//<ip address>.

GitHub Link

https://github.com/tmurphy605/IT490

Trello

See Trello.json at https://github.com/tmurphy605/IT490/blob/master/Trello.json

Slack

See IT490 Team Slack export Sep 23 2019 - Dec 19 2019.zip at https://github.com/tmurphy605/IT490/blob/master/IT490%20Team%20Slack%20export%20Sep%2023 %202019%20-%20Dec%2019%202019.zip