



# Chapter-3

## Django Templates And Static Files

### Django Templates:

It is not recommended to write html code inside python script (views.py file) because:

- 1) It reduces readability because Python code mixed with html code
- 2) No separation of roles. Python developer has to concentrate on both python code and HTML Code.
- 3) It does not promote reusability of code



We can overcome these problems by separating html code into a separate html file. This html file is nothing but a template.

From the Python file (views.py file) we can use these templates based on our requirement.

We have to write templates at project level only once and we can use these in multiple applications.

## Python Stuff required to develop Template Based Application:

- 1) To know the current Python file name

```
print(__file__) #test.py
```

- 2) To know absolute path of current Python File Name

```
import os  
print(os.path.abspath(__file__))
```

**Output:** D:\durgaclasses\test.py

- 3) To know Base Directory name of the current file

```
print(os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__)))
```

**Output:** D:\durgaclasses

- 4) Inside D:\durgaclasses there is one folder named with templates. To know its absolute path

```
import os  
BASE_DIR=os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__))  
TEMPLATE_DIR=os.path.join(BASE_DIR,'templates')  
print(TEMPLATE_DIR)
```

**Output:** D:\durgaclasses\templates

**Note:** The main advantage of this approach is we are not required to hard code system specific paths (locations) in our python script.

## Steps to develop Template Based Application:

- 1) Creation of Project  
django-admin startproject templateProject
- 2) Creation of Application  
py manage.py startapp testApp



- 3) Add this application to the project in settings.py file, so that Django is aware of the application
- 4) Create a 'templates' folder inside the main project folder. In that templates folder, create a separate folder named with testApp to hold that particular application-specific templates.
- 5) Add templates folder to settings.py file so that Django can be aware of our templates.

```
TEMPLATES = [  
    {  
        ...,  
        'DIRS': ['D:\djangoprojects\templateProject\templates'],  
    },  
]
```

It is not recommended to hard code system-specific locations in settings.py file. To overcome this problem, we can generate the templates directory path programmatically as follows.

```
import os  
BASE_DIR = os.path.dirname(os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__)))  
TEMPLATE_DIR = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, 'templates')
```

Specify this TEMPLATE\_DIR inside settings.py as follows

```
TEMPLATES = [  
    {  
        ...,  
        'DIRS': [TEMPLATE_DIR],  
    },  
]
```

- 6) Create html file inside templateProject/templates/testApp folder. This html file is nothing but a template.

### wish.html:

```
1) <!DOCTYPE html>  
2) <html lang="en" dir="ltr">  
3) <head>  
4) <meta charset="utf-8">  
5) <title>First Template Page</title>  
6) </head>  
7) <body>
```



```
8) <h1>Hello welcome to Second Hero of MVT: Templates</h1>
9) </body>
10) </html>
```

7) Define Function based view inside views.py file

```
1) from django.shortcuts import render
2) def wish(request):
3)     return render(request, 'testApp/wish.html')
```

8) Define URL Pattern either at application level or at project level.

9) Run Server and send Request.

## Template Tags:

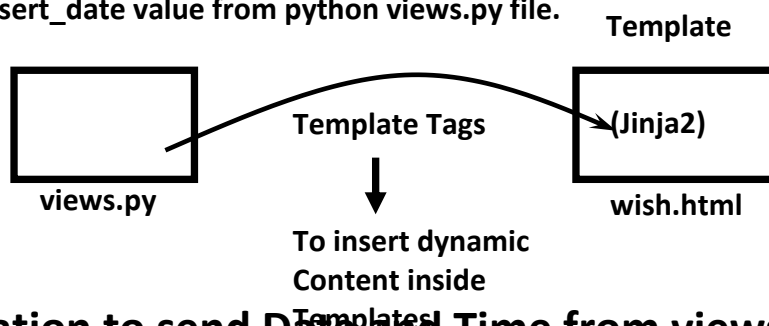
From Python views.py we can inject dynamic content to the template file by using template tags.

Template Tags also known as Template Variables.

Take special care about Template tag syntax it is not python syntax and not html syntax. Just it is special syntax.

### Template Tag Syntax for inserting Text Data: { {insert\_date} }

This template tag we have to place inside template file (ie html file) and we have to provide insert\_date value from python views.py file.



## Application to send Date and Time from views.py to Template File:

### wish.html

```
1) <!DOCTYPE html>
2) <html lang="en" dir="ltr">
3) <head>
```



```
4) <meta charset="utf-8">
5) <title>First Template Page</title>
6) <style >
7)   h1{
8)     color:white;
9)     background: red;
10)  }
11) </style>
12) </head>
13) <body>
14) <h1>Hello Server Current Date and Time : <br>
15)   {{insert_date}}
16) </h1>
17) </body>
18) </html>
```

## views.py

```
1) from django.shortcuts import render
2) import datetime
3) def wish(request):
4)     date=datetime.datetime.now()
5)     my_dict={'insert_date':date}
6)     return render(request,'testApp/wish.html',context=my_dict)
```

**Note:** The values to the template variables should be passed from the view in the form of dictionary as argument to context.

## Application To display date, time and student information:

### views.py

```
1) from django.shortcuts import render
2) import datetime
3)
4) # Create your views here.
5) def template_view(request):
```



```
6) dt=datetime.datetime.now()
7) name='Durga'
8) rollno=101
9) marks=100
10) my_dict={'date':dt,'name':name,'rollno':rollno,'marks':marks}
11) return render(request,'testapp/results.html',my_dict)
```

## results.html

```
1) <!DOCTYPE html>
2) <html lang="en" dir="ltr">
3) <head>
4) <title></title>
5) <style>
6)   body{
7)     background: green;
8)     color:white;
9)   }
10)  h1{
11)    border:10px solid yellow;
12)  }
13) </style>
14) </head>
15) <body>
16) <h1>Hello this response from Template File.I will take care everything about presentation</h1><hr>
17) <h2>The Server Date and Time is:{{date}}</h2>
18) <ol>
19)   <li>Name:{{name}}</li>
20)   <li>Rollno:{{rollno}}</li>
21)   <li>Marks:{{marks}}</li>
22) </ol>
23)
24) </body>
25) </html>
```

## Application to wish End User based on Time

### wish.html

```
1) <!DOCTYPE html>
2) <html lang="en" dir="ltr">
3) <head>
4)   <meta charset="utf-8">
```



```
5) <title>First Template Page</title>
6) <style >
7) #h1{
8)   color:red;
9) }
10) #h2{
11)   color:green;
12) }
13) </style>
14) </head>
15) <body>
16) <h1 id=h1>{{insert_msg}}</h1>
17) <h1 id=h2>Current Date and Time : {{insert_date}}</h1>
18) </body>
19) </html>
```

## views.py

```
1) from django.shortcuts import render
2) import datetime
3)
4) # Create your views here.
5) def wish(request):
6)     date=datetime.datetime.now()
7)     msg='Hello Guest !!!! Very Very Good '
8)     h=int(date.strftime('%H'))
9)     if h<12:
10)        msg += 'Morning!!!'
11)     elif h<16:
12)        msg += 'AfterNoon!!!'
13)     elif h<21:
14)        msg += 'Evening!!!'
15)     else:
16)        msg='Hello Guest !!!! Very Very Good Night!!!'
17)     my_dict={'insert_date':date,'insert_msg':msg}
18)     return render(request,'testApp/wish.html',context=my_dict)
```

## Templates Based Applications:

1. Application to Display Hello World
2. Application To display date and time  
(observe 3 ways of providing context dictionary)
3. Application To display date ,time and student information
4. Application to display wish message based on time like Good Morning,Good Evening etc



**Note:** Try to get Basic Idea about MVC and MVT wrt table and diagrams

## Working with Static Files:

- ☕ Up to this just we injected normal text data into template by using template tags.
- ☕ But sometimes our requirement is to insert static files like images,css files etc inside template file.

## Process to include Static Files inside Template:

- 1) Create a folder named with 'static' inside main project folder. It is exactly same as creating 'templates' folder.
- 2) In that 'static' folder create 'images' folder to place image files.
- 3) Add static directory path to settings.py file, so that Django can aware of our images.

### settings.py

```
1) STATIC_DIR=os.path.join(BASE_DIR,'static')
2)
3) ..
4) STATIC_URL = '/static/'
5)
6) STATICFILES_DIRS=[
7) STATIC_DIR,
8) ]
```

- 4) Make sure all paths are correct or not  
`http://127.0.0.1:8000/static/images/divine3.jpg`
- 5) Use Template Tags to insert image  
At the beginning of HTML just after `<!DOCTYPE html>` we have to include the following template tag `{% load staticfiles %}`

Just we are conveying to the Django to load all static files.

We have to include image file as follows ``

### wish.html

```
1) <!DOCTYPE html>
2) {% load staticfiles %}
3) <html lang="en" dir="ltr">
4) <head>
5) <meta charset="utf-8">
6) <title>First Template Page</title>
```





```
7) <style >
8) #h1{
9)     color:red;
10) }
11) #h2{
12)     color:green;
13) }
14) </style>
15) </head>
16) <body>
17) <h1 id=h11>{{insert_msg}}</h1>
18) <h1 id=h12>Current Date and Time : {{insert_date}}</h1>
19) <h1>This climate preferable image is:</h1>
20) 
21) </body>
22) </html>
```

## views.py

```
1) from django.shortcuts import render
2) import datetime
3)
4) # Create your views here.
5) def wish(request):
6)     date=datetime.datetime.now()
7)     msg=None
8)     h=int(date.strftime('%H'))
9)     if h<12:
10)         msg='Hello Guest !!!! Very Very Good Morning!!!'
11)     elif h<16:
12)         msg='Hello Guest !!!! Very Very Good AfterNoon!!!'
13)     elif h<21:
14)         msg='Hello Guest !!!! Very Very Good Evening!!!'
15)     else:
16)         msg='Hello Guest !!!! Very Very Good Night!!!'
17)     my_dict={'insert_date':date,'insert_msg':msg}
18)     return render(request,'testApp/wish.html',context=my_dict)
```

## How to include CSS File:

- 1) Create a folder 'css' inside static and place our demo.css file in that css folder.

### demo.css



```
1) img{
2)   height: 500px;
3)   width: 500px;
4)   border: 10px red groove;
5)   margin:0% 20%;
6) }
7) h1{
8)   color:blue;
9)   text-align: center;
10) }
```

- 2) In the template html file we have to include this css file. We have to do this by using link tag inside head tag.

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="{% static 'css/demo.css' %}" >
```

## DURGASOFT NEWS PORTAL:

### index.html

```
1) <!DOCTYPE html>
2) {% load staticfiles%}
3) <html lang="en" dir="ltr">
4)   <head>
5)     <meta charset="utf-8">
6)     <title></title>
7)     <link rel="stylesheet" href="{% static 'css/demo.css' %}">
8)   </head>
9)   <body>
10)    <h1>Welcome to DURGASOFT NEWS PORTAL</h1>
11)    <ul>
12)      <li><a href="/movies">Movies Information</a> </li>
13)      <li><a href="/sports">Sports Information</a> </li>
14)      <li><a href="/politics">Politics Information</a> </li>
15)    </ul>
16)  </body>
17) </html>
```

### news.html

```
1) <!DOCTYPE html>
2) {% load staticfiles %}
3) <html lang="en" dir="ltr">
4)   <head>
```



```
5) <meta charset="utf-8">
6) <title></title>
7) <link rel="stylesheet" href="{% static 'css/demo.css'%}">
8) </head>
9) <body>
10) <h1>{{head_msg}}</h1>
11) <ul>
12) <li> <h2>{{sub_msg1}}</h2> </li>
13) <li> <h2>{{sub_msg2}}</h2> </li>
14) <li> <h2>{{sub_msg3}}</h2> </li>
15) </ul>
16) 
17) 
18) 
19) </body>
20) </html>
```

## views.py

```
1) from django.shortcuts import render
2)
3) # Create your views here.
4) def moviesInfo(request):
5)     my_dict={'head_msg':'Movies Information',
6)             'sub_msg1':'Sonali slowly getting cured',
7)             'sub_msg2':'Bahubali-3 is just planning',
8)             'sub_msg3':'Salman Khan ready to marriage',
9)             'photo':'images/sunny.jpg'}
10)    return render(request,'news.html',context=my_dict)
11) def sportsInfo(request):
12)    my_dict={'head_msg':'Sports Information',
13)            'sub_msg1':'Anushka Sharma Firing Like anything',
14)            'sub_msg2':'Kohli updating in game anything can happend',
15)            'sub_msg3':'Worst Performance by India-Sehwag',
16)            }
17)    return render(request,'news.html',context=my_dict)
18) def politicsInfo(request):
19)    my_dict={'head_msg':'Politics Information',
20)            'sub_msg1':'Achhce Din Aaa gaya',
21)            'sub_msg2':'Rupee Value now 1$:70Rs',
22)            'sub_msg3':'In India Single Paisa Black money No more',
23)            }
24)    return render(request,'news.html',context=my_dict)
25) def index(request):
26)    return render(request,'index.html')
```



## settings.py

```
1) import os
2)
3) BASE_DIR = os.path.dirname(os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__)))
4) TEMPLATES_DIR=os.path.join(BASE_DIR,'templates')
5) STATIC_DIR=os.path.join(BASE_DIR,'static')
6)
7) INSTALLED_APPS = [
8)     'django.contrib.admin',
9)     'django.contrib.auth',
10)    'django.contrib.contenttypes',
11)    'django.contrib.sessions',
12)    'django.contrib.messages',
13)    'django.contrib.staticfiles',
14)    'newsApp'
15) ]
16)
17) TEMPLATES = [
18)     {
19)         'DIRS': [TEMPLATES_DIR,],
20)         },
21)     ],
22)     },
23)     },
24)     },
25) ]
26)
27) STATIC_URL = '/static/'
28) STATICFILES_DIRS=[
29)     STATIC_DIR,
30) ]
```

## urls.py

```
1) from django.conf.urls import url
2) from django.contrib import admin
3) from newsApp import views
4) urlpatterns = [
5)     url(r'^admin/', admin.site.urls),
```



---

```
6) url(r'^movies/', views.moviesInfo),  
7) url(r'^sports/', views.sportsInfo),  
8) url(r'^politics/', views.politicsInfo),  
9) url(r'^$', views.index),  
10) ]
```