

2

1. The Mughal school of painting formed the spinal column of different schools of Indian miniature art. Which one of the following painting styles was not affected by Mughal painting? [1995]
(a) Pahari (b) Rajasthani
(c) Kangra (d) Kalighata
2. Who among the following were famous jurists of medieval India? [1995]
(a) Vijnanesvara (b) Hemadri
(c) Rajasekhara (d) Jimutavahana
Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
(a) 1, 2 and 3 (b) 2, 3 and 4
(c) 1, 2 and 4 (d) 1 and 4
3. Which one of the following monuments has a dome which is said to be one of the largest in the world? [1995]
(a) Tomb of Sher Shah, Sasaram
(b) Jama Masjid, Delhi
(c) Tomb of Ghiyas-ud-din Tughlaq, Delhi
(d) Gol Gumbaz, Bijapur
4. Ashtapradhan was a council of ministers: [1995]
(a) in the Gupta administration
(b) in the Chola administration
(c) in the Vijayanagar administration
(d) in the Maratha administration
5. Consider the map given below: [1995]



- The route indicated in the map was followed, during the course of his military exploits, by:
- (a) Chandragupta II (b) Harshavardhana
(c) Rajendra Chola (d) Malik Kafur
 6. The term 'Apabhramsa' was used in medieval Sanskrit texts to denote: [1996]
(a) outcastes among the Rajputs
(b) deviations from Vedic rituals
(c) early forms of some of the modern Indian language
(d) non-Sanskrit verse metres
 7. Nastaliq was: [1996]
(a) a persian script used in medieval India
(b) a raga composed by Tansen