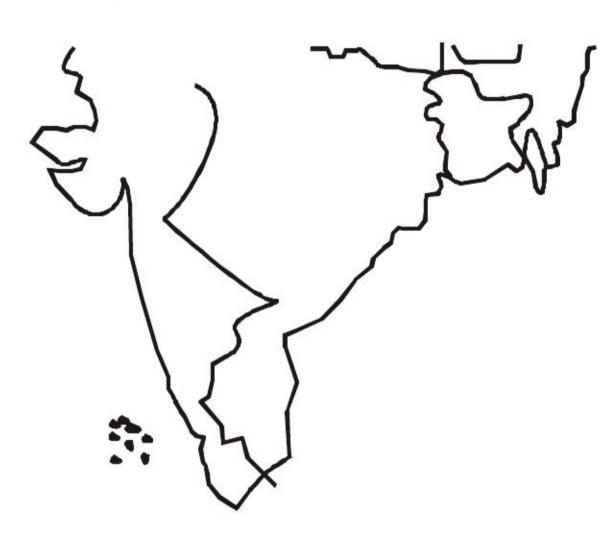


- 1. The Mughal school of painting formed the spinal column of different schools of Indian miniature art. Which one of the following painting styles was not affected by Mughal painting?

 [1995]
 - (a) Pahari
- (b) Rajasthani
- (c) Kangra
- (d) Kalighata
- 2. Who among the following were famous jurists of medieval India? [1995]
 - (a) Vijnanesvara
- (b) Hemadri
- (c) Rajasekhara
- (d) Jimutavahana

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 2, 3 and 4
- (c) 1, 2 and 4
- (d) 1 and 4
- 3. Which one of the following monuments has a dome which is said to be one of the largest in the world? [1995]
 - (a) Tomb of Sher Shah, Sasaram
 - (b) Jama Masjid, Delhi
 - (c) Tomb of Ghiyas-ud-din Tughlaq, Delhi
 - (d) Gol Gumbaz, Bijapur
- 4. Ashtapradhan was a council of ministers: [1995]
 - (a) in the Gupta administration
 - (b) in the Chola administration
 - (c) in the Vijayanagar administration
 - (d) in the Maratha administration
- 5. Consider the map given below: [1995]



The route indicated in the map was followed, during the course of his military exploits, by:

- (a) Chandragupta II
- (b) Harshavardhana
- (c) Rajendra Chola
- (d) Malik Kafur
- The term 'Apabhramsa' was used in medieval Sanskrit texts to denote:

 [1996]
 - (a) outcastes among the Rajputs
 - (b) deviations from Vedic rituals
 - (c) early forms of some of the modern Indian language
 - (d) non-Sanskrit verse metres
- 7. Nastaliq was:

[1996]

- (a) a persian script used in medieval India
- (b) a raga composed by Tansen