

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SINGAPORE in collaboration with UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE LOCAL EXAMINATIONS SYNDICATE General Certificate of Education Advanced Level Higher 2



COMPUTING

9597/01

Paper 1

October/November 2019

3 hours 15 minutes

Additional Materials:

Pre-printed A4 paper

Removable storage device

Electronic version of TIDES.TXT data file Electronic version of TASK3_2.TXT data file Electronic version of TASK3_3.TXT data file Electronic version of EVIDENCE.DOCX document



READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Type in the EVIDENCE. DOCX document the following:

- Candidate details
- · Programming language used

Answer all questions.

All tasks must be done in the computer laboratory. You are not allowed to bring in or take out any pieces of work or materials on paper or electronic media or in any other form.

All tasks and required evidence are numbered.

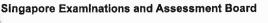
The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each task.

Copy and paste required evidence of program listing and screenshots into the EVIDENCE. DOCX document.

At the end of the examination, print out your EVIDENCE. DOCX document and fasten your printed copy securely together.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.







[Turn over

A text file, TIDES.TXT, contains the low and high tide information for a coastal location for each day of a month. Each line contains tab-delimited data that shows the date, the time, whether the tide is high or low and the tide height in metres.

Each line is in the format:

YYYY-MM-DD\tHH:mm\tTIDE\tHEIGHT\n

- The date is in the form YYYY-MM-DD, for example, 2019-08-03 is 3rd August, 2019
- The time is in the form HH:mm, for example, 13:47
- TIDE is either HIGH or LOW
- HEIGHT is a positive number shown to one decimal place
- \t represents the tab character
- \n represents the newline character

The text file is stored in ascending order of date and time.

Task 1.1

Write program code to:

- · read the tide data from a text file
- · find the highest high tide and print this value
- find the lowest low tide and print this value.

Use TIDES.TXT to test your program code.

Evidence 1

Your program code.

Screenshot of your output.

[9]

Task 1.2

The tidal range is the difference between the heights of successive tides; from a high tide to the following low tide or from a low tide to the following high tide.

Amend your program code to:

- output the largest tidal range and the date on which the second tide occurs
- output the smallest tidal range and the date on which the second tide occurs.

Use TIDES.TXT to test your program code.

Evidence 2

Your program code.

Screenshot of your output.

[9]



- 2 Characters are numerically encoded using ASCII codes.
 - 'A' has the denary value 65; 'B' has the denary value 66 and so on.
 - 'a' has the denary value 97; 'b' has the denary value 98 and so on.

The ROT-13 encoding function replaces a letter with the letter that is 13 positions after it in the alphabet. Characters that are not letters remain unchanged.

The function wraps around from the end of the alphabet back to the beginning. The case of the coded letter should match the case of the original letter.

For example:

- 'A' is replaced with 'N'; 'a' is replaced with 'n'
- 'B' is replaced with 'O'; 'b' is replaced with 'o'
- 'Z' is replaced with 'M'; 'z' is replaced with 'm'

Task 2.1

Write program code that:

- · reads a string of characters as input
- encodes the string in ROT-13 form
- outputs the encoded string.

Run the program three times with the inputs:

This is a word.
ALL &&&& CAPITALS
UpperCamelCase12()

Evidence 3

Your program code.

Screenshots of your program outputs.

[9]

Task 2 2

A string is encoded using ROT-13. The resulting string is then encoded using ROT-13. The output of the second encoding should be identical to the original string.

Amend your program code to apply ROT-13 twice, in the method described. Show that the resulting string is identical to the original string.

Evidence 4

Your program code.

Screenshot of the output from one of the given inputs.

[3]



3 A program is to be written to implement a to-do list using object-oriented programming (OOP).

The list shows tasks that need to be done.

Each task is given a category and a description.

The base class will be called ToDo and is designed as follows:

```
ToDo

category: STRING
description: STRING

constructor(c: STRING, d: STRING)
set_category(s: STRING)
set_description(s: STRING)
get_category(): STRING
get_description(): STRING
summary(): STRING
```

The summary () method returns the category and description as a single string.

Task 3.1

Write program code to define the class ToDo.

Evidence 5

Your program code.

[5]

Tasks should be sorted alphabetically by category. Within each category, tasks should be sorted alphabetically by description.

A task to be added to the list is compared to the tasks already in the list to determine its correct position in the list. If the list is empty, it is added to the beginning of the list.

This comparison will use an additional member method,

```
compare with (td : ToDo) : INTEGER
```

This function compares the instance (the item in the list) and the ToDo object passed to it, returning one of three values:

- -1 if the instance is before the given ToDo
- 0 if the two are equal
- +1 if the instance is after the given ToDo



Task 3.2

There are four objects defined in the text file TASK3 2.TXT.

Write program code to:

- implement the compare with () method
- create an empty list of ToDo objects
- add each of the four objects in the text file TASK3_2.TXT to its appropriate place in the list
- print out the list contents using the summary () method.

Evidence 6

Your program code.

Screenshot of the test run.

[13]

The to-do list can have items with extra information. One such item has a date by which the task should be completed.

The DatedToDo class inherits from the ToDo class, extending it to have a due date, designed as follows:

```
DatedToDo : ToDo
due date : DATE
constructor(dt : DATE, c : STRING, d : STRING)
set due date(d : DATE)
get due date() : DATE
```

The DatedToDo class should extend the compare with () method to ensure that tasks are ordered by ascending due date, and then by the ordering used by the base compare_with() method. The summary() method should also be extended to return the due date and the return values of the base summary () method.

Task 3.3

There are seven objects defined in the text file TASK3_3.TXT.

Amend your program code to:

- implement the DatedToDo class, with constructor, get due date and set due date
- implement the extended compare with () method
- implement the extended summary () method
- ensure all seven objects in the text file TASK3 3. TXT are added to the list
- print out the list contents using the summary () method.

Evidence 7

Your program code.

Screenshot of the test run.

[12]



When a task in the to-do list has been completed, it should be removed.

Task 3.4

There are four completed tasks defined in the text file TASK3_4.TXT. If any of the four tasks exists in the list, it should be removed.

Amend your program to:

- recreate the list of seven tasks from Task 3.3
- check if each of the four completed tasks in the text file TASK3 4.TXT exists in the list and
 - o remove it from the list if it does or
 - print a warning message if the completed task does not exist
- print out the list after all four objects have been processed.

Evidence 8

Your amended code.

Screenshot of the test run.

[10]

4 A stack is used to store characters.

Task 4.1

Write program code to implement the stack and the operations specified.

Your code should allow operations to:

- · push an item on to the stack
- pop an item off the stack
- determine the size of the stack. A size of zero indicates that the stack is empty.

Evidence 9

Your program code for the stack.

[5]

The stack is to be used to identify if an arithmetic expression is balanced.

An expression is balanced if each opening bracket has a corresponding closing bracket. Different pairs of brackets can be used. These are: [], () or {}.

This is an example of an expression that is balanced.

$$([8-1]/(5*7))$$

This is an example of an expression that is not balanced.

$$[(8-1]/(5*7))$$

Note the change in the order of the first two open bracket symbols. The first closing bracket should be a closing bracket ')' to match the previous opening bracket '('.

Note that an expression is not balanced if the order of the brackets is incorrect, even if there are the same number of opening and closing brackets of each bracket type.

An expression is checked by iterating over it:

- If a non-bracket symbol is found, continue to the next character.
- If an opening symbol is found, push it on to the stack and continue to the next character.
- If a closing bracket is encountered:
 - If the stack is empty, return an error (because there is no corresponding opening bracket)
 - else pop the symbol from the top of the stack and compare it to the current closing symbol to see if they make a matching pair
 - If they do match continue to the next character
 - else return an error (pairs of brackets must match).
- When the last symbol is encountered:
 - o return an error if the stack is not empty (too many opening symbols)
 - else return a success message.



Task 4.2
Add five other suitable test cases and a reason for choosing each test case.

Test case	Reason for choice	Expected value
([8-1]/(5*7))	Provided	Succeeds
[(8-1]/(5*7))	Provided	Fails
		Succeeds
		Succeeds
		Fails
		Fails
		Fails

Evidence 10

The completed table with all seven test cases and a reason for choosing each test case.

[6]

Task 4.3

Write program code that checks expressions using the given algorithm. Use all **seven** test cases to verify it.

Evidence 11

Your program code.

Screenshots for each test data run.

[19]

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