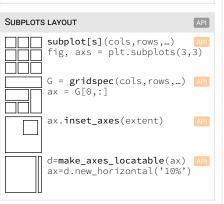


QUICK START API import numpy as np import matplotlib as mpl import matplotlib.pyplot as plt X = np.linspace(0, 2*np.pi, 100)Y = np.cos(X)fig, ax = plt.subplots() ax.plot(X,Y,color='C1') plt.savefig("figure.pdf")

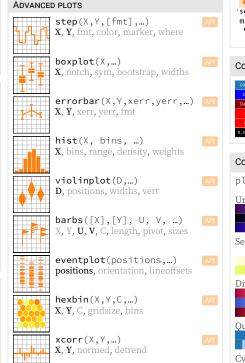
plt.show()

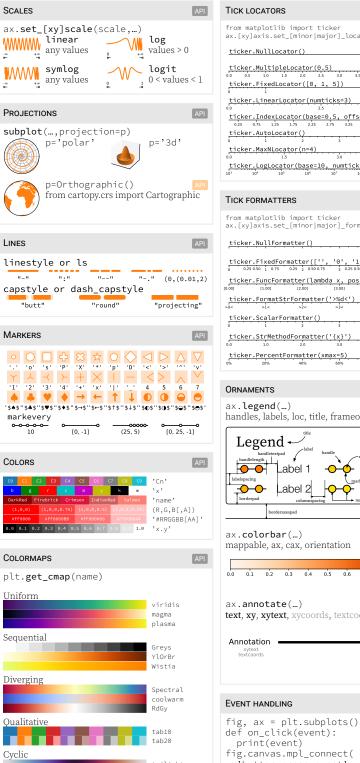
ANATOMY OF A FIGURE Anaconiy of a figure Major tic Minor ti 3---1ajor tick la Re sign





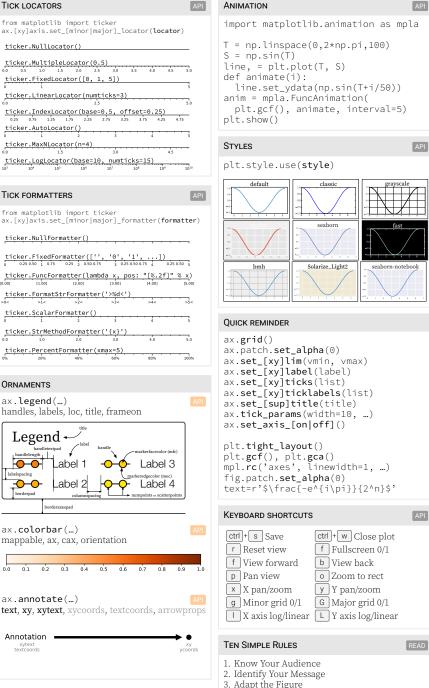






print(event)

'button_press_event', on_click)



4. Captions Are Not Optional

5. Do Not Trust the Defaults

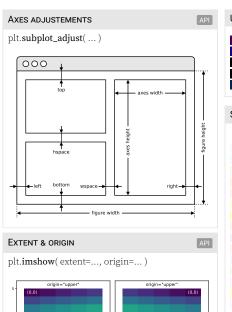
7. Do Not Mislead the Reader

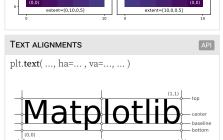
9. Message Trumps Beauty

6. Use Color Effectively

8. Avoid "Chartiunk"

10. Get the Right Tool





extent=[10,0,0,5]

xx-small (0.58)

black (900)

extent=[0,10,0,5]

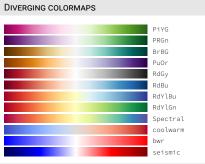




The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog







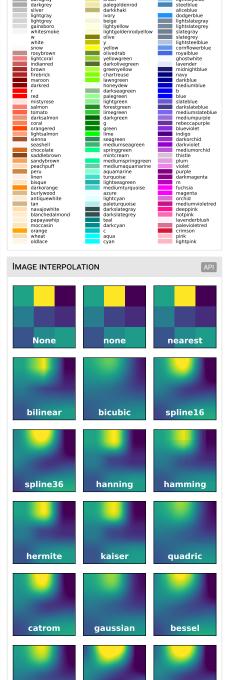
cubehelix

mitchell

sinc

lanczos

rainbow



floralwhite darkgoldenrod goldenrod cornsilk gold

lemonchiffon khaki

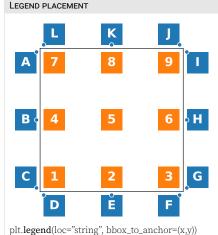
darkturquoise cadetblue powderblue lightblue deepskyblue skyblue

lightskyblue

COLOR NAMES

grey darkgray

black
k
dimgray
dimgrey
gray
grey



1: lower left 2: lower center 3: lower right

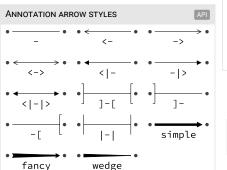
4: left 5: center 6: right 8: upper center 9: upper right 7: upper left

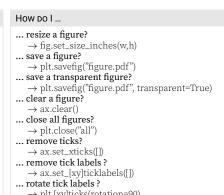
A: upper right / (-.1,.9) B: right / (-.1,.5) C: lower right / (-.1,.1) E: upper center /(.5,-.1) F: upper right /(.9,-.1)G: lower left / (1.1,.1) I: upper left /(1.1,.9)

D: upper left / (-.1,-.1) H: left / (1.1,.5) J: lower right / (.9,1.1)

K: lower center / (.5,1.1) L: lower left / (.1,1.1)

ANNOTATION CONNECTION STYLES ar, raction=0.3 oar, angle=180, fraction=-0.2





 \rightarrow plt.[xy]ticks(rotation=90) ... hide top spine? → ax.spines['top'].set_visible(False) ... hide legend border? → plt.legend(frameon=False) ... show error as shaded region? → ax.fill_between(X, Y+error, Y-error) ... draw a rectangle? \rightarrow ax.add_patch(plt.Rectangle((0, 0),1,1) ... draw a vertical line? \rightarrow ax.axvline(x=0.5) ... draw outside frame? \rightarrow ax.plot(..., clip_on=False) ... use transparency? \rightarrow ax.plot(..., alpha=0.25)

... convert an RGB image into a gray image? \rightarrow gray = 0.2989*R+0.5870*G+0.1140*B ... set figure background color? → fig.patch.set_facecolor("grey") ... get a reversed colormap?

→ plt.get_cmap("viridis_r") ... get a discrete colormap?

→ plt.get_cmap("viridis", 10) ... show a figure for one second?

 \rightarrow plt.show(block=False), time.sleep(1)

PERFORMANCE TIPS

scatter(X, Y)slow plot(X, Y, marker="o", ls="") fast for i in range(n): plot(X[i]) slow plot(sum([x+[None] for x in X],[])) fast cla(), imshow(...), canvas.draw() slow im.set_data(...), canvas.draw() fast

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BEYOND MATPLOTLIB

Seaborn: Statistical Data Visualization Cartopy: Geospatial Data Processing vt: Volumetric data Visualization mpld3: Bringing Matplotlib to the browser Datashader: Large data processing pipeline plotnine: A Grammar of Graphics for Python