

# DATA DOUGHNUT: EXPLORING PIZZA SALES TRENDS WITH SQL

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# INTRODUCTION

Welcome to the Pizza Sales Project! This initiative delves into the fascinating world of pizza sales analytics, leveraging data to uncover meaningful insights and drive strategic business decisions. By analyzing sales data, we aim to enhance our understanding of customer preferences, optimize operational efficiency, and ultimately boost profitability.



# OBJECTIVES OF THE PROJECT



1. 🍕 Identifying top-performing pizza types and sizes.
2. ⌚ Understanding sales trends over time, including peak hours and seasonal variations.
3. 📊 Analyzing customer purchasing behavior and preferences.
4. 📈 Providing actionable insights for inventory management and marketing strategies.



# Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
          2) AS total_sales  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```

Result Grid	
	total_sales
▶	817860.05

Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid	
	total_orders
▶	21350





## Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	price	
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95	

# Identify the most common pizza size ordered

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows:

	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



# List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	quantity	
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	



## Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows
	category	quantity	
▶	Classic	14888	
	Supreme	11987	
	Veggie	11649	
	Chicken	11050	



# Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day

```
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id)
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	hour	COUNT(order_id)	
▶	11	1231	
	12	2520	
	13	2455	
	14	1472	
	15	1468	
	16	1920	
	17	2336	
	18	2399	
	19	2009	
	20	1642	
	21	1198	
	22	663	
	23	28	



## Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas

```
SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name)  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	category	COUNT(name)	
▶	Chicken	6	
	Classic	8	
	Supreme	9	
	Veggie	9	



# Calculate the average number of pizzas ordered

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows:

	ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)
▶	138



# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	revenue	
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	



# Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
select pizza_types.name,  
(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT  
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
        2) AS total_sales  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
        pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) ) * 100 as revenue  
from pizza_types join pizzas  
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
join order_details  
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
group by pizza_types.name order by revenue desc ;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:
	name	revenue		
▶	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The California Chicken Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The Chicken Alfredo Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The Chicken Pesto Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The Southwest Chicken Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The Big Meat Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The Hawaiian Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The Italian Capocollo Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The Napolitana Pizza	99.99999999999913		
	The Pepperoni, Mushroom, ...	99.99999999999913		
	The Pepperoni Pizza	99.99999999999913		



# Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select order_date,  
sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue  
from  
(select orders.order_date,  
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue  
from order_details join pizzas  
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
join orders  
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	order_date	cum_revenue	
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004	
	2015-01-02	5445.75	
	2015-01-03	8108.15	
	2015-01-04	9863.6	
	2015-01-05	11929.55	
	2015-01-06	14358.5	
	2015-01-07	16560.7	
	2015-01-08	19399.05	
	2015-01-09	21526.4	
	2015-01-10	23990.350000000002	
	2015-01-11	25862.65	
	2015-01-12	27781.7	
	2015-01-13	29831.300000000003	
Result 1			×



## Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select name , revenue from
(select category,name,revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn <=3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Ex
	name	revenue		
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25		
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768		
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5		
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5		
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25		
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75		
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25		
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75		
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5		
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000000065		
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75		
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5		



# PURPOSE OF THE PROJECT

The pizza sales project is designed to create a structured database for managing and analyzing sales data for a pizza business. It provides a comprehensive solution for tracking orders, customer information, menu items, and sales trends.





# ANALYSIS OF THE PROJECT



**The analysis phase of the pizza sales project focuses on evaluating the data to extract meaningful insights that can improve the business's operations, customer experience, and profitability.**





# THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION

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