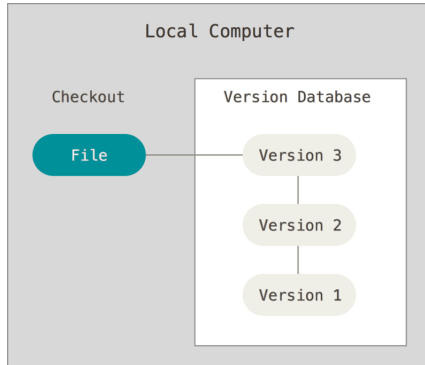
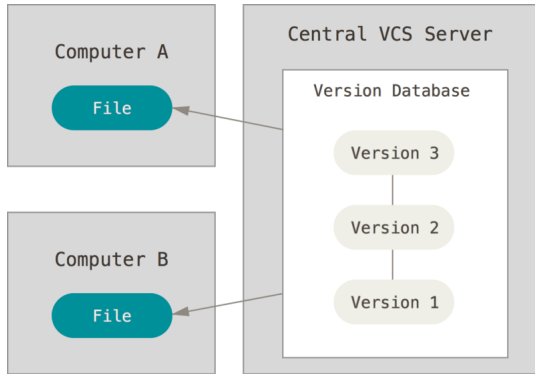


Version Control with Git

What is version control?

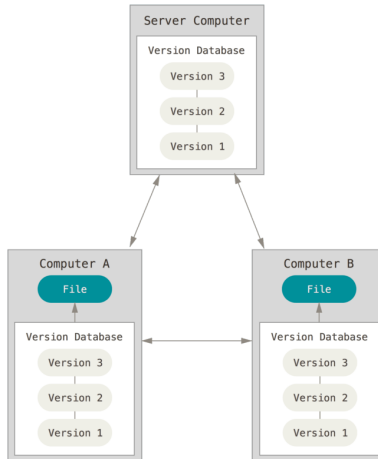


Centralized version control systems



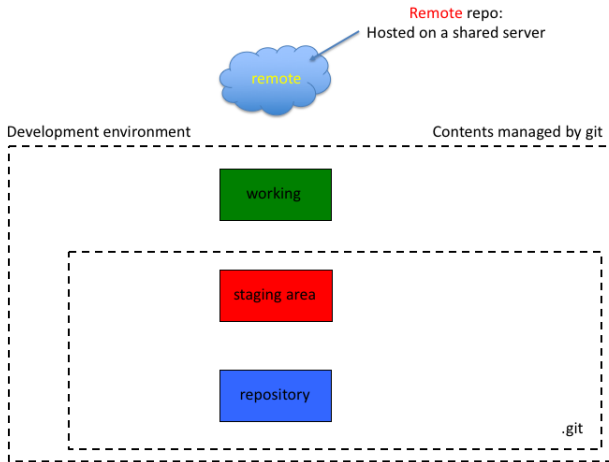
Example: SCCS, RCS, CVS, SVN

Distributed version control systems

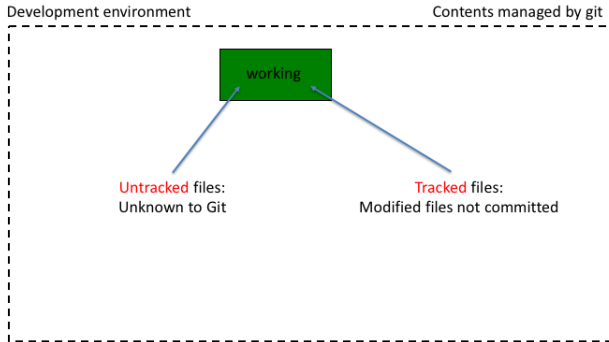


Example: Git, Mercurial

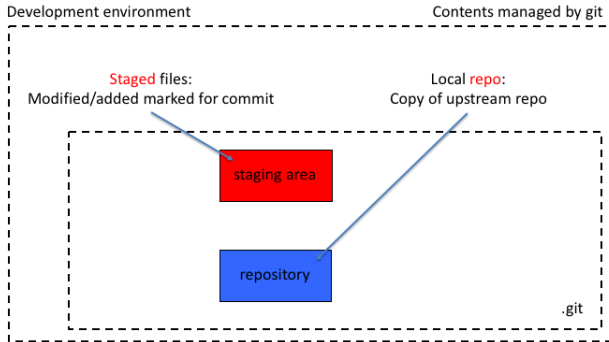
Git Concepts



Git Concepts



Git Concepts



Getting started

- Configuration

```
$ git config --global user.name "Your Name"
```

```
$ git config --global user.email  
you@yourdomain.example.com
```

```
$ git config --global core.editor "vim"
```

- Starting a new project

```
$ git init
```

```
$ git add .
```

```
$ git commit -m "message" file1.py
```

- Editing files

```
$ vim file2.py file1.py
```

```
$ git status
```

```
$ git diff file1.py
```

```
$ git add -A # place file(s) in staging area
```

```
$ git diff --cached
```

```
$ git commit # record changes to repo
```

- Reviewing history

```
$ git log
```

```
$ git log --stat --summary
```

```
$ gitk # History GUI
```

- Undoing changes

```
$ vim file2.py
```

```
$ git reset file2.py # restore file
```

```
$ git checkout # restore file
```

- Removing files

```
$ git rm file2.py
```

```
$ git mv file1.py file3.py
```

```
$ git add file3.py # always stage file before  
commit
```

```
$ git commit
```



Exercise 1

1. create a new directory, open it and perform a "git init" to create a new git repository.
2. run "git config --global [options]" to set up user configurations
3. create a README file and run "git add" and "git commit" command
4. edit the file and run "git diff"
5. run "git commit -a" command
6. create a Python file, calc.py, contains a function that computes the sum of 2 numbers. Commit file to your repo.
7. type "git log --oneline --graph --decorate" What do you see?



Branching and collaborating

- Branching

```
$ git branch  
$ git branch my_exp  
$ git checkout my_exp  
$ vim calc.py  
$ git commit -a  
$ git checkout master  
$ git merge my_exp  
$ git branch -d my_exp  
$ git branch -D my_exp
```

- Collaborating

Bob begins with:

```
$ cd /home/bob  
$ git clone /home/alice/a_project b_project  
(edit and commit files in b_project)
```

Bob notifies Alice he's done.

Meanwhile Alice:

```
$ cd /home/alice/a_project  
$ git pull /home/bob/b_project master
```

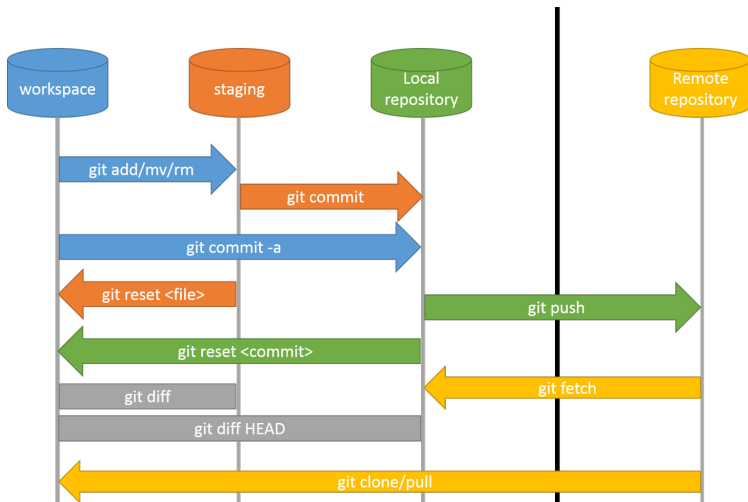


Exercise 2

- create a new branch “testing”.
- switch to that branch.
- check what branch you are in using “git branch”.
- create a python script that prints the first 10 integers, and commit it.
- look at the history of your repository.
- switch to the branch “master”, and look again at the history. What do you see?
- merge “testing” into “master”, and look again at the history. What do you see?



Git workflow



Resources

- Git Community Book
- Pro Git
- A Visual Git Reference
- **Git Cheat Sheet**

