## Figure 1

Primary Occupation of Public Transportation Passengers in US Cities

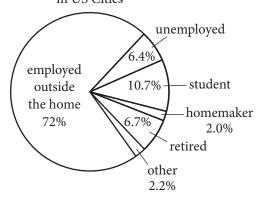


Figure 2

Purpose of Public Transportation Trips in US Cities

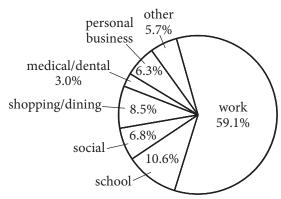


Figure 1 and figure 2 are adapted from the American Public Transportation Association, "A Profile of Public Transportation Passenger Demographics and Travel Characteristics Reported in On-Board Surveys." ©2007 by American Public Transportation Association.

11

What function does the third paragraph (lines 20-34) serve in the passage as a whole?

- A) It acknowledges that a practice favored by the author of the passage has some limitations.
- B) It illustrates with detail the arguments made in the first two paragraphs of the passage.
- C) It gives an overview of a problem that has not been sufficiently addressed by the experts mentioned in the passage.
- D) It advocates for abandoning a practice for which the passage as a whole provides mostly favorable data.

12

Which choice does the author explicitly cite as an advantage of automobile travel in North America?

- A) Environmental impact
- B) Convenience
- C) Speed
- D) Cost

13

Which choice provides the best evidence for the answer to the previous question?

- A) Lines 5-9 ("In . . . automobile")
- B) Lines 20-24 ("And . . . car")
- C) Lines 24-26 ("In . . . experience")
- D) Lines 32-34 ("Hopping . . . quickly")

1

#### 14

The central idea of the fourth paragraph (lines 35-57) is that

- A) European countries excel at public transportation.
- B) some public transportation systems are superior to travel by private automobile.
- C) Americans should mimic foreign public transportation systems when possible.
- D) much international public transportation is engineered for passengers to work while on board.

## 15

Which choice provides the best evidence for the answer to the previous question?

- A) Line 35 ("It . . . this")
- B) Lines 35-37 ("Done . . . automobile")
- C) Lines 37-40 ("In . . . sound")
- D) Lines 44-48 ("From . . . cities")

# 16

As used in line 58, "credit" most nearly means

- A) endow.
- B) attribute.
- C) believe.
- D) honor.

### 17

As used in line 61, "favor" most nearly means

- A) indulge.
- B) prefer.
- C) resemble.
- D) serve.

### 18

Which choice best supports the conclusion that public transportation is compatible with the use of personal electronic devices?

- A) Lines 59-63 ("The . . . subways")
- B) Lines 63-67 ("Part . . . annoyances")
- C) Lines 68-70 ("Even . . . ago")
- D) Lines 77-81 ("Already . . . homes")

### 19

Which choice is supported by the data in the first figure?

- A) The number of students using public transportation is greater than the number of retirees using public transportation.
- B) The number of employed people using public transportation and the number of unemployed people using public transportation is roughly the same.
- C) People employed outside the home are less likely to use public transportation than are homemakers.
- D) Unemployed people use public transportation less often than do people employed outside the home.

## 20

Taken together, the two figures suggest that most people who use public transportation

- A) are employed outside the home and take public transportation to work.
- B) are employed outside the home but take public transportation primarily in order to run errands.
- C) use public transportation during the week but use their private cars on weekends.
- D) use public transportation only until they are able to afford to buy a car.