

Artificial Intelligence Lab Work (3)
レポート解答用紙 (Report Answer Sheet)

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問題 1.

(プログラム)

第 9 回の講義資料に基づいて MNIST の学習・推論プログラムを実装し.

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```
[4] l1 = torch.nn.Linear(784,300)
    l2 = torch.nn.Linear(300,10)
    params = list(l1.parameters())+list(l2.parameters())
    optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(params)
    def mynet(x):
        h = F.relu(l1(x))
        y = l2(h)
        return y
```

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```
[5] def train():
    for e in range(10):
        loss = 0
        for images,labels in train_loader:
            images = images.view(-1,28*28)
            optimizer.zero_grad()
            y = mynet(images)
            batchloss = F.cross_entropy(y,labels)
            batchloss.backward()
            optimizer.step()
            loss = loss+batchloss.item()
        print("epoch: ", e, "loss: ", loss)
```

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```
[6] def test():
    correct = 0
    total = len(test_loader.dataset)
    for images,labels in test_loader:
        images = images.view(-1,28*28)
        y = mynet(images)
        pred_labels = y.max(dim=1)[1]
        correct = correct + (pred_labels==labels).sum()
    print("correct: ", correct.item())
    print("total: ", total)
    print("accuracy: ", correct.item()/total)
```

(実行結果)

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[7] train()

```
epoch: 0 loss: 200.49181773513556
epoch: 1 loss: 86.06697392091155
epoch: 2 loss: 58.0821394007653
epoch: 3 loss: 41.85293973330408
epoch: 4 loss: 31.851211559027433
epoch: 5 loss: 24.590920763090253
epoch: 6 loss: 19.141066522570327
epoch: 7 loss: 14.496313010226004
epoch: 8 loss: 11.78053323191125
epoch: 9 loss: 8.684359703562222
```

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[8] test()

```
correct: 9806
total: 10000
accuracy: 0.9806
```

問題 2

(プログラム)

第9回の講義資料でのMNISTの学習・推論プログラムは中間層が300次元であった。中間層を800次元に変更し、そのプログラム(.py)とコンソールに表示される実行結果をwordファイルに貼り付けて提出せよ。(300次元の場合に比べて誤差が大きく減る。精度は若干良くなるがだいたい同じ。)

```
✓ 0 [9] l1 = torch.nn.Linear(784,800)
giây l2 = torch.nn.Linear(800,10)
      params=list(l1.parameters())+list(l2.parameters())
      optimizer=torch.optim.Adam(params)
      def mynet(x):
          h = F.relu(l1(x))
          y = l2(h)
          return y
```

```
✓ 0 ▶ def train():
giây   for e in range(10):
       loss = 0
       for images,labels in train_loader:
           images = images.view(-1,28*28)
           optimizer.zero_grad()
           y = mynet(images)
           batchloss = F.cross_entropy(y,labels)
           batchloss.backward()
           optimizer.step()
           loss = loss+batchloss.item()
       print("epoch: ", e, "loss: ", loss)
```

```
✓ 0 [11] def test():
giây     correct = 0
         total = len(test_loader.dataset)
         for images,labels in test_loader:
             images = images.view(-1,28*28)
             y = mynet(images)
             pred_labels = y.max(dim=1)[1]
             correct = correct + (pred_labels==labels).sum()
         print("correct: ", correct.item())
         print("total: ", total)
         print("accuracy: ", correct.item()/total)
```

(実行結果)

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2
phút [12] train()

```
epoch: 0 loss: 159.6698253452778
epoch: 1 loss: 61.27259082440287
epoch: 2 loss: 39.798967933282256
epoch: 3 loss: 28.15735651087016
epoch: 4 loss: 19.799269849667326
epoch: 5 loss: 14.806023281184025
epoch: 6 loss: 10.66341298201587
epoch: 7 loss: 8.49330515760812
epoch: 8 loss: 6.637703670159681
epoch: 9 loss: 5.313696169556351
```

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giây [13] test()

```
correct: 9779
total: 10000
accuracy: 0.9779
```