

# **CPSC471 - DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

University of Calgary  
Assignment 5

Instructor: Jalal Kawash  
TA: Kashfia Sailunaz  
Student: Omar Qureshi  
ID: 10086638

### Question 1

**{Classid}**<sup>+</sup> = {Classid, Course#, Instr\_name, Credit\_hrs, Text, Publisher, Classroom, Capacity}  
= CLASS

**{Course#, Instr\_name}**<sup>+</sup> = {Course#, Credit\_hrs, Text, Publisher, Classroom, Capacity}

### Question 2

The set F of functional dependencies in question 1 is not minimal. This is because it violates one of the first rules of minimality, which is every FD must have a single attribute for its right hand side. The following is  $F_{min}$ :

```
Fmin = {  
  Classid -> {Course#},  
  Course# -> {Credit_hrs},  
  Course# -> {Text},  
  Course# -> {Publisher},  
  Course# -> {Classroom},  
  Course# -> {Capacity},  
  Classid -> {Instr_name},  
}
```

To show equivalence, we prove that F is covered by  $F_{min}$  and vice versa. First we prove F is covered by  $F_{min}$ :

**{Classid}**<sup>+</sup> = {Classid, Course#, Instr\_name, Credit\_hrs, Text, Publisher, Classroom, Capacity} with respect to  $F_{min}$  covers

Classid -> {Course#, Instr\_name} in F and

**{Course#, Instr\_name}**<sup>+</sup> = {Credit\_hrs, Text, Publisher, Classroom, Capacity} with respect to  $F_{min}$  covers

{Course#} -> {Credit\_hrs, Text, Publisher, Classroom, Capacity} in F.

Second we prove  $F_{min}$  is covered by F:

**{Classid}**<sup>+</sup> = {Classid, Course#, Instr\_name, Credit\_hrs, Text, Publisher, Classroom, Capacity} with respect to F covers

Classid -> {Course#}, Classid -> {Instr\_name} in  $F_{min}$  and

**{Course#, Instr\_name}**<sup>+</sup> = {Course#, Credit\_hrs, Text, Publisher, Classroom, Capacity} with respect to F covers

Course# -> {Credit\_hrs}, Course# -> {Text}, Course# -> {Publisher}, Course# -> {Classroom}, Course# -> {Capacity} in  $F_{min}$ . This since we have shown both sides, they are equivalent.

### Question 3

Since  $\{B, D\} \rightarrow \{E, F\}$  then  $\{A, B, D\} \rightarrow \{A, B, D, E, F\}$

Since  $\{A, D\} \rightarrow \{G, H\}$  then  $\{A, B, D\} \rightarrow \{A, B, D, G, H\}$

Since  $\{A, D\} \rightarrow \{G, H\}$  then  $\{A, D\} \rightarrow \{H\}$ . Since also  $\{H\} \rightarrow \{J\}$  then  $\{A, D\} \rightarrow \{J\}$  and so  $\{A, B, D\} \rightarrow \{A, B, D, J\}$

Since  $\{A, I\}$  then  $\{A, B, D\} \rightarrow \{A, B, D, I\}$

Finally  $\{A, B, D\} \rightarrow \{A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J\}$  by union. Thus  $\{A, B, D\}$  is a key of R.

2NF

R1:  $\{A, \underline{B}, C\}$

R2:  $\{\underline{B}, \underline{D}, E, F\}$

R3:  $\{A, \underline{D}, G, H, J\}$

R4:  $\{A, I\}$

R5:  $\{A, \underline{B}, \underline{D}\}$

3NF

R1:  $\{A, \underline{B}, C\}$

R2:  $\{\underline{B}, \underline{D}, E, F\}$

R3.1:  $\{A, \underline{D}, G, H\}$ , R3.2:  $\{\underline{H}, J\}$

R4:  $\{A, I\}$

R5:  $\{A, \underline{B}, \underline{D}\}$

#### Question 4

A) Dependency preservation property:

$R1 = \{AB \rightarrow C\}$

$R2 = \{\}$ , no  $D \rightarrow G$  and  $D \rightarrow H$

We can stop at this point and conclude that is NOT dependency preservation

B) Dependency preservation property:

$R1 = \{\{AB \rightarrow C\}, \{B \rightarrow E\}, \{D \rightarrow E\}\}$

$R2 = \{\}$  No  $\{A \rightarrow G\}$  and  $\{D \rightarrow H\}$

We can stop at this point and conclude that is NOT dependency preservation

C) Dependency preservation property:

No  $A \rightarrow H$  and no  $D \rightarrow H$ , we can stop at this point and conclude that is NOT dependency preservation

A) Lossless join property - check for occurrences

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
R1	X	X	X							
R2	X			X	X					
R3		X								
R4						X	X	X		
R5				X					X	X

Since no single attribute was in over  $\frac{3}{5}$  of the spots, it is NOT lossless.

A) Lossless join property - Check for occurrences

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
R1	X	X	X	X	X					
R2		X				X	X	X		
R3				X					X	X

Since B appears in over 2 of the rows, it is lossless.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
R1	X	X	X	X						
R2				X	X					
R3		X				X				
R4						X	X	X		
R5				X					X	X

NOT Lossless

A) Normal form check

D<sub>1</sub> is not in 2NF, and thus it is not in any other form either.

B) Normal form check

D<sub>2</sub> is not in 2NF, and thus it is not in any other form either.

C) Normal form check

D<sub>3</sub> is not in 2NF, and thus it is not in any other form either.