Prof. Helmut Alt

Introduction to Algorithms

Due: May 8, 2017, 10 a.m.

Exercise 1 UNION-FIND

10 points

- (a) Give the state of the UNION-FIND data structure after the following sequence of operations, starting from singleton sets {1}, ..., {8}. Use path compression. In case of ties, always make the lower numbered root point to the higher numbered one.
 - union(1,2); union(3,4); union(5,6); union(7,8); union(2,4); union(6,8); union(4,8); find(1).
- (b) Suppose that starting from the singleton partition $\{x_1\}, ..., \{x_n\}$ of some set $S = \{x_1, ..., x_n\}$ first some UNION- and then some FIND-Operations are carried out, altogether m operations. Suppose that union-by-height and path-compression is used. Show that the amortized runtime per operation is $\Theta(1)$, i.e., the total runtime of these operations is $\Theta(m)$.

Hint: Let k be the number of times the parent pointer of some vertex is accessed if it is pointing to the root of some tree. Find an upper bound on k? How often is a parent pointer accessed otherwise before it is pointing to the root again.

Exercise 2 greedy 10 points

- (a) Suppose that a long straight stretch of a highway has to be equipped with mobile phone base stations. The company has investigated that possible positions for stations are at kilometers $x_1, ..., x_n$ from the beginning of the highway stretch. No point of the highway should be more than 5 km away from the nearest station. Give an algorithm to find the minimum number of stations to achieve that goal, if possible.
- (b) A server has n customers waiting to be served. The service time required by each customer is known in advance: it is t_i minutes for customer i. So if, for example, the customers are served in order of increasing i, then the ith customer has to wait $\sum_{j=1}^{i} t_j$ minutes. We wish to minimize the total waiting time $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (\text{time spent waiting by customer } i)$.

Give an efficient algorithm for computing the optimal order in which to process the customers.