



Computer Architecture Lab.

Lab Session FAQ 01

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Search command in Vim

- You can search a pattern with "/(pattern)" command in normal mode
- Press 'n' to search next matching pattern
- Press 'shift + n' to search previous matching pattern



Search command in Vim

- Ex) Search "bitAnd"
 - Type "/bitAnd" in normal mode

```
* CS:APP Data Lab
    * <Please put your name and userid here>
    * bits.c - Source file with your solutions to the Lab.
               This is the file you will hand in to your instructor.
    * WARNING: Do not include the <stdio.h> header; it confuses the dlc
    * compiler. You can still use printf for debugging without including
    * <stdio.h>, although you might get a compiler warning. In general,
12 * it's not good practice to ignore compiler warnings, but in this
13 * case it's OK.
14 */
15
16 #if 0
17 /*
18 * Instructions to Students:
* STEP 1: Read the following instructions carefully.
21 */
 22
23 You will provide your solution to the Data Lab by
24 editing the collection of functions in this source file.
 25
     TIESER CODING RULES:
/bitAnd
```



Search command in Vim

- Ex) Search "bitAnd"
 - Press enter, then you can search the pattern

```
155
       explicitly includes a system header. GCC knows the name of this
156
      header in order to preinclude it. */
157 /* glibc's intent is to support the IEC 559 math functionality, real
158
       and complex. If the GCC (4.9 and later) predefined macros
159
      specifying compiler intent are available, use them to determine
160
      whether the overall intent is to support these features; otherwise,
161
      presume an older compiler has intent to support these features and
162
      define these macros by default. */
163 /* wchar_t uses ISO/IEC 10646 (2nd ed., published 2011-03-15) /
      Unicode 6.0. */
165 /* We do not support C11 <threads.h>. */
166 /*
167 * bitAnd - x&y using only ~ and
        Example: bitAnd(6, 5) = 4
169 * Legal ops: ~
170 *
        Max ops: 8
171 *
        Rating: 1
172 */
173 int bitAnd(int x, int y) {
174 return 2;
175 }
176 /*
177 * getByte - Extract byte n from word x
178
        Bytes numbered from 0 (LSB) to 3 (MSB)
179 *
        Examples: getByte(0x12345678,1) = 0x56
180 *
        Legal ops: ! ~ & ^ | + << >>
                                                                           167,4
                                                                                         50%
```

Quit without saving command in Vim

 You can escape vim editor without save with ":q!" command in normal mode

Swap file



- If you open a file with vim editor, the swap file for that file is automatically generated
- The swap file backups every modification of original file
- If your editor is terminated abnormally, you can recover your modification by following step
 - Open the file with vim editor
 - Press 'R' (This means recover)
 - Save the file using ":wq" command
 - Remove swap file

Swap file



• Ex)

- Your machine will print recover menu if the swap file exists
- Press 'R' and 'enter', then you can recover the file
- Save it with ":wq" command

```
E325: ATTENTION
Found a swap file by the name ".bits.c.swp"
          owned by: shjeon dated: Mon Sep 12 22:19:03 2016
         file name: ~shjeon/CS230/datalab-handout/bits.c
          modified: no
         user name: shjeon host name: shjeon-desktop
        process ID: 18444 (still running)
While opening file "bits.c"
             dated: Mon Sep 12 21:59:47 2016
(1) Another program may be editing the same file. If this is the case,
    be careful not to end up with two different instances of the same
    file when making changes. Quit, or continue with caution.
(2) An edit session for this file crashed.
    If this is the case, use ":recover" or "vim -r bits.c"
    to recover the changes (see ":help recovery").
   If you did this already, delete the swap file ".bits.c.swp"
    to avoid this message.
Swap file ".bits.c.swp" already exists!
[0]pen Read-Only, (E)dit anyway, (R)ecover, (Q)uit, (A)bort:
```

Swap file



- Ex)
 - After that, you have to remove swap file to make your machine do not print recover menu again

```
→ datalab-handout ls -al
total 1280
drwxrwxr-x 2 shjeon shjeon
                            4096 9월 12 22:44 .
drwxrwxr-x 5 shjeon shjeon
                             4096 9월 12 21:55 ...
-rw-rw-r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                            10114 9월 12 21:59 bits.c
-rw-r--r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                             4096 9월 12 22:19 .bits.c.swp
-rw-rw-r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                             2492 8월 31 23:04 bits.h
-rw-r--r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                            15752 9월 20 2012 btest.c
                             1006 9월 14 2010 btest.h
-rw-r--r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
-rw-rw-r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                             3867 8월 31 23:04 decl.c
-rwxrwxr-x 1 shjeon shjeon 1209715 8월 31 21:35 dlc
-rw-rw-r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                              259 8월 31 23:04 Driverhdrs.pm
-rw-r--r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                             3630 5월 24 2011 Driverlib.pm
                            11798 4월 25 2012 driver.pl
-rwxr-xr-x 1 shjeon shjeon
-rw-r--r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                             3009 9월 14 2006 fshow.c
-rw-r--r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                             1502 9월 14 2006 ishow.c
-rw-r--r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                            542 11월
                                      2 2010 Makefile
-rw-r--r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
                             4564 6월 1 2011 README
                             3771 8월 31 23:04 tests.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 shjeon shjeon
→ datalab-handout rm .bits.c.swp
→ datalab-handout
```

Makefile



- Makefile is a special file which contains Linux commands
- If you just type "make" in your Linux command line, commands which are stored under the 'all' rule will be executed and all binaries will be compiled