

Introduction to Algorithms

This homework need not be submitted, is not counted, but working on it is recommended.

Exercise 1 NP

0 points

Show that the following problems are in NP. Of which can you show that they are in P?

- (a) Given a graph, does it contain a simple cycle of length 4 ?
- (b) Set cover (SC):
Given sets (of integers) S_1, \dots, S_n and $k \in \mathbb{N}$. Are there k of the given sets whose union equals the union of all sets?
- (c) Is a given natural number a the product of 2 prime numbers?

Exercise 2 reductions

0 points

Show the following polynomial time reductions:

- (a) subset sum \leq_p PARTITION
Hint: $(a_1, \dots, a_n, b) \mapsto (a_1, \dots, a_n, |\sum_{i=1}^n a_i - 2b|)$
- (b) Let SGI be the following problem: Given two graphs G_1, G_2 . Is G_2 isomorphic to a subgraph of G_1 . Show that $A \leq_p$ SGI where A is one of the NP-problems given in class.
- (c) SAT \leq_p 3SAT
Hint: replace any SAT-clause $(y_1 \vee \dots \vee y_k), k > 3$ by 3SAT-clauses $(y_1 \vee y_2 \vee z_1) \wedge (\bar{z}_1 \vee y_3 \vee z_2) \wedge \dots \wedge (\bar{z}_{k-3} \vee y_{k-1} \vee y_k)$ where z_1, \dots, z_{k-3} are new additional variables.

Exercise 3 SAT-solver

0 points

A Boolean formula $\phi(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ in CNF is obviously satisfiable if $\phi|_{x_1=1}$ or if $\phi|_{x_1=0}$ are satisfiable by some truth assignment to x_2, \dots, x_n . Here, $\phi|_{x_1=1}$ means the formula ϕ simplified by omitting clauses containing the literal x_1 and taking out the literal \bar{x}_1 from all clauses where it occurs. $\phi|_{x_1=0}$ is defined analogously.

Once some clause contains no more literals the formula is not satisfiable, if the formula is empty (no more clauses) it is satisfiable.

Use these properties to implement a recursive *SAT-solver*, i.e., a program, that decides whether the input formula is satisfiable and, if so, produces a satisfying assignment.