

Course: Differential Equations

Section: C

Max. Marks: 60

Time Allowed:09AM-09PM

Note:

Attempt all questions.

Show all steps of simplification.

Q1.

- i. This is the solution of a differential equation then what will be its Differential Equation.

$$u(t) = fe^t + ge^{2t} + he^{3t}$$

- ii. Solve by appropriate method

$$\sqrt{1 + x^2 + y(x)^2 + x^2 y(x)^2} + xy(x)y'(x) = 0$$

Q2. Find the type of differential equations and solve.

$$y - x \frac{dy}{dx} = a \left( y^2 + \frac{dy}{dx} \right)$$

$$(1 + y^2)dx = (\tan^{-1} y - x)dy$$

Q3.

- i. Solve the first order differential equation.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x + 2y - 3}{2x + y - 3}$$

- ii. Solve the given initial value problem by appropriate method.

$$xy \log \left( \frac{x}{y} \right) dx + \left( y^2 - x^2 \log \left( \frac{x}{y} \right) \right) dy = 0 \quad y(1) = 0$$

Q4. Find the general solution of following Differential Equations

$$\cos x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y \sin x = 4\sqrt{y} \sec x$$

$$\left[ y \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x} \right) + \cos y \right] dx + (x + \log x - x \sin y) dy = 0$$

Q5. Find the type of following equations then solve them.

$$(xysin xy + \cos xy)y dx + (xysin xy - \cos xy)xdy = 0$$
$$\sin x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = \tan^3 \frac{x}{2}$$

Q6. Solve for y.

$$(D^4 - 4D^3 + 8D^2 - 8D + 4)y = 0$$

Q7. Find the Solution of following equations.

i.  $(D^2 + a^2)y = \frac{a^2 R}{P}(l - x)$

Where  $a, R, P, l$  are constant and subject to the conditions  $y = 0, Dy = 0$  at  $x = 0$

ii.  $\frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + \frac{g}{l}x = \frac{g}{l}L$

Where  $g, l, L$  are constant and subject to the conditions  $x = a, \frac{dx}{dt} = 0$  at  $t = 0$

Q8. Solve.

$$(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = 8x^2 e^{2x} \sin 2x$$
$$(1+x)^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + (1+x) \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2 \sin(\ln(1+x))$$

Q9. Reduce the order of differential equation then solve it.

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + a^2 y = \sec ax$$

Q10. Solve by method of variation of parameter.

$$\frac{d^3 x}{dt^3} - 2 \frac{dx}{dt} + 4x = e^t \cos t$$

Q11.

i. Find the partial differential equation of

$$z = ae^{bx} \cosh y$$

ii. Solve.

$$(xy^3 - 2x^4)p + (2y^4 - x^3y)q = 9z(x^3 - y^3)$$

Q12. Solve any two of the following.

$$(x^2 - yz)p + (y^2 - zx)q = z^2 - xy$$

$$x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} + t \frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = xyt$$

$$px(z - 2y^2) = (z - qy)(z - y^2 - 2x^3)$$

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After completing the solution of this paper please upload pdf file attached with your admit card in google classroom and send at **asadfuuast1@gmail.com**