# DATABASE SYSTEMS

## PLSQL (EXCEPTION HANDLING)

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## **EXCEPTIONS**

- Sometimes the normal flow of a PL/SQL program is disrupted due to the occurrence of an abnormal condition while execution.
- Such abnormal condition are known as exceptions.
- Exception may occur due to invalid user input, system failure or logical errors.
- Every exception in PL/SQL has an error number and an error message and some exceptions have names as well.
- Exception handling in a PL/SQL code is carried out in the EXCEPTION block.
- There are three categories of PL/SQL exceptions:
  - PRE-DEFINED SYSTEM EXCEPTIONS.
  - USER-DEFINED EXCEPTIONS.
  - 3. UNDEFINED SYSTEM EXCEPTIONS.

## PRE-DEFINED SYSTEM EXCEPTIONS

- Every pre-defined exception has a name an error number, but these exceptions must be handled by their names.
- These exception are thrown automatically by the system.
- There is no need to raise pre-defined exceptions.
- There is no need to even declare the pre-defined exceptions any where in the PL/SQL code.

## **COMMON PRE-DEFINED EXCEPTIONS**

Exception Name	Oracle Error	Description
DUP_VAL_ON_INDEX	ORA-00001	It is raised when duplicate values are attempted to be stored in a column with unique index.
INVALID_CURSOR	ORA-01001	It is raised when attempts are made to make a cursor operation that is not allowed, such as closing an unopened cursor.
LOGIN_DENIED	ORA-01017	It is raised when a program attempts to log on to the database with an invalid username or password.
NO_DATA_FOUND	ORA-01403	It is raised when a SELECT INTO statement returns no rows.
TOO_MANY_ROWS	ORA-01422	It is raised when a SELECT INTO statement returns more than one row.
ZERO_DIVIDE	ORA-01476	It is raised when an attempt is made to divide a number by zero.

```
DECLARE
   e id emp.empno%type := 8 ;
   e name emp.ename%type ;
810(C) II N
   SELECT ename INTO e name
  FROM emp
  WHERE empno = e id;
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Name: '|| e name);
--EXCEPTION
   -- WHEN no data found THEN
     -- dbms output.put line('No such employee!');
  --WHEN others THEN
     -- dbms output.put line('Error!');
ERID :
 Error encountered
                                                       ×
```



An error was encountered performing the requested operation:

ORA-01403: no data found ORA-06512: at line 6 01403. 00000 - "no data found" \*Cause: \*Action: Vendor code 1403Error at Line: 1

OK

```
SYNTAX:
                                                      EXAMPLE:
DECLARE
                                                      DECLARE
        <declarations section>
                                                       e id emp.empno%type := 8;
                                                       e_name emp.ename%type ;
BEGIN
        <executable command(s)>
                                                      BEGIN
EXCEPTION
                                                       SELECT ename INTO e name
        <exception handling goes here >
                                                       FROM emp
        WHEN exception 1 THEN
                                                       WHERE empno= e_id;
               exception1-handling-statements
                                                       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Name: '|| e name);
        WHEN exception 2 THEN
               exception2-handling-statements
                                                      EXCEPTION
        WHEN exception3 THEN
                                                       WHEN no data found THEN
                                                        dbms_output.put_line('No such employee!');
               exception3-handling-statements
                                                       WHEN others THEN
                                                         dbms_output.put_line('Error!');
        WHEN OTHERS THEN
                                                      END;
              exception4-handling-statements
END;
```

```
DECLARE
    e id emp.empno%type := 8 ;
    e_name emp.ename%type ;
 BEGIN
    SELECT ename INTO e name
    FROM emp
    WHERE empno = e id;
    DBMS OUTPUT. PUT LINE ('Name: '|| e name);
 EXCEPTION
    WHEN no data found THEN
      dbms_output.put_line('No such employee!');
    WHEN others THEN
      dbms_output.put_line('Error!');
 END:
Results Script Output SExplain Autotrace DBMS Outp
No such employee!
```

## **USER-DEFINED EXCEPTIONS**

- A user-defined exception must be declared and then raised explicitly, using either a RAISE statement or the procedure.
- These exceptions are declared with EXCEPTION datatype in the declarative section.
- User-defined exceptions can also be raised using the WHEN clause.

### **SYNTAX (USER-DEFINED EXCEPTION DECLARATION):**

**DECLARE** my-exception EXCEPTION;

## RAISING EXCEPTIONS

#### **SYNTAX:**

```
DECLARE exception_name
 EXCEPTION;
BEGIN
 IF condition THEN
  RAISE exception_name;
 END IF;
EXCEPTION
 WHEN exception_name THEN
 statement;
END;
```

```
DECLARE
```

```
c_id customers.id %type := &cc_id;
 c_name customerS.Name %type;
 c_addr customers.address %type;
 -- user defined exception
 ex_invalid_id EXCEPTION;
BEGIN
 IF c_id <= 0 THEN
  RAISE ex_invalid_id;
 ELSE
  SELECT name, address INTO c_name, c_addr
  FROM customers
  WHERE id = c_id;
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE ('Name: '|| c_name);
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE ('Address: ' | | c_addr);
 END IF:
```

```
EXCEPTION
```

```
-- user defined exception
 WHEN ex_invalid_id THEN
   dbms_output_line('ID must be greater
than zero!');
-- pre-defined exception
 WHEN no_data_found THEN
   dbms_output_line('No such customer!');
 WHEN OTHERS THEN
  dbms_output.put_line('Error!');
END;
```

```
DECLARE
Hire date EXCEPTION;
Emp_no NUMBER;
H date DATE;
BEGIN
Emp no := &emp no ;
SELECT hiredate INTO H date FROM emp
WHERE empno = emp no;
IF h date != SYSDATE THEN
      RAISE hire date;
END IF:
EXCEPTION
WHEN hire date THEN
DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('CHECK DATE');
END;
```

```
DECLARE
 Hire_date EXCEPTION ;
 Emp no NUMBER ;
 H date DATE ;
 BEGIN
 Emp_no := &emp_no ;
 SELECT hiredate INTO H_date FROM emp
 WHERE empno = emp_no ;
 IF h_date != SYSDATE THEN
   RAISE hire date ;
 END IF:
 EXCEPTION
 WHEN hire date THEN
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('CHECK DATE') ;
 END:
Nesults Script Output SExplain Autotrace 🗦
    Buffer Size: 20000
CHECK DATE
```

## **UN-DEFINED EXCEPTIONS**

- The exceptions that are raised due to an error in PL/SQL or RDBMS processing and are not defined by PL/SQL are known as Un-defined exceptions.
- In PL/SQL only the most common exceptions have names and rest have only error numbers. These exceptions can be assigned the names using the special procedure PRAGMA EXCEPTION\_INIT.

## TASK A

- 1. Write a PL/SQL code that throws the DUP\_VAL\_ON\_INDEX and then handles it with the help of an appropriate message.
- 2. Write a PL/SQL code that throws the TOO\_MANY\_ROWS and then handles it with the help of an appropriate message.