

Q#01:

Problems

trip-1

Fast to Lahore adda

me	hen	fox	corn
----	-----	-----	------

me + hen

trip-2

Lahore adda to Fast

me	corn	fox
----	------	-----

me	hen
----	-----

← me

trip-3

Fast to Lahore add.

me	corn	fox
----	------	-----

me	hen	fox
----	-----	-----

me + fox

trip-4

Lahore adda to Fast

corn	hen	me
------	-----	----

me	hen	fox
----	-----	-----

← me + hen

trip-5

Fast to Lahore adda

corn	hen	me
------	-----	----

me	corn	fox
----	------	-----

me + ~~me~~ corn

trip-6

Lahore add to fast

hen	me
-----	----

me	corn	fox
----	------	-----

← me

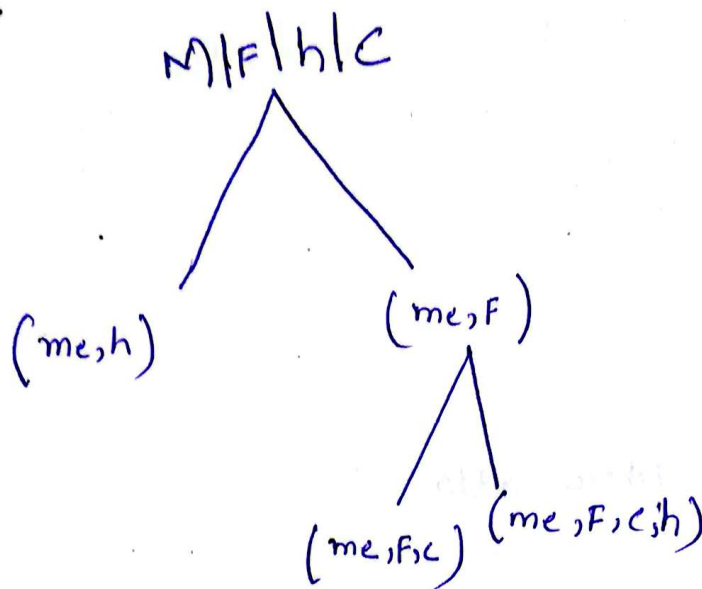
trip-7

hen	me
-----	----

hen	corn	fox	me
-----	------	-----	----

me + hen

Solution:



moves:

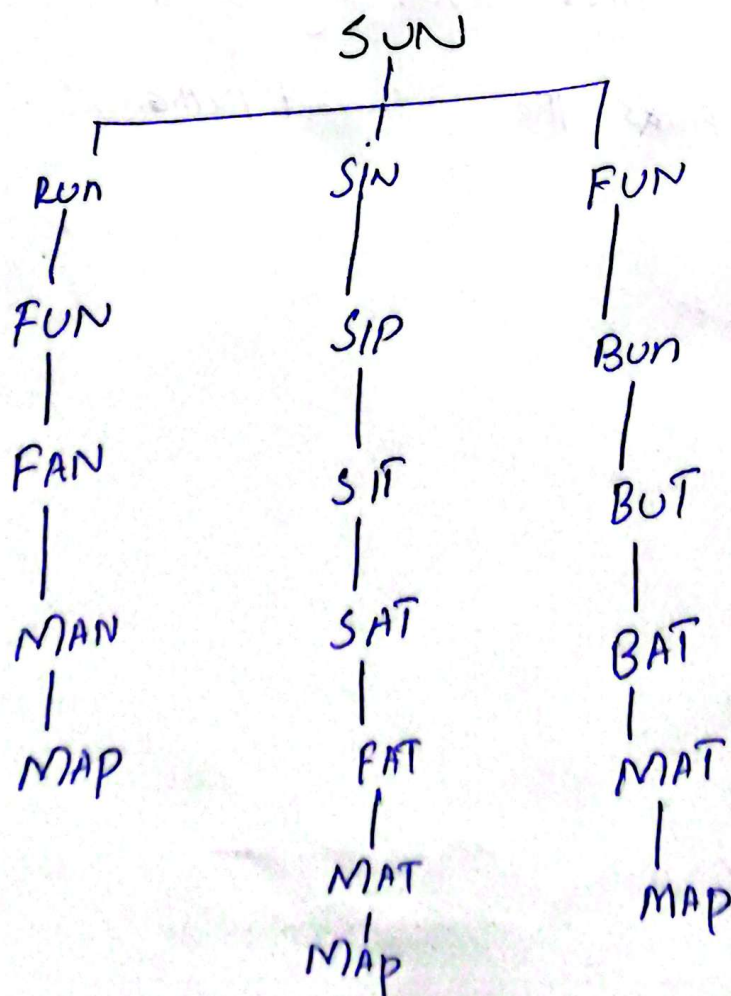
- M-1 Take hen
- M-2 return alone
- M-3 ~~take fox~~
~~return~~
- M-4 ~~take corn~~
Return with hen
- M-5 Take corn
- M-6 return alone
- M-7 Take hen

We had a total of 7 trips.

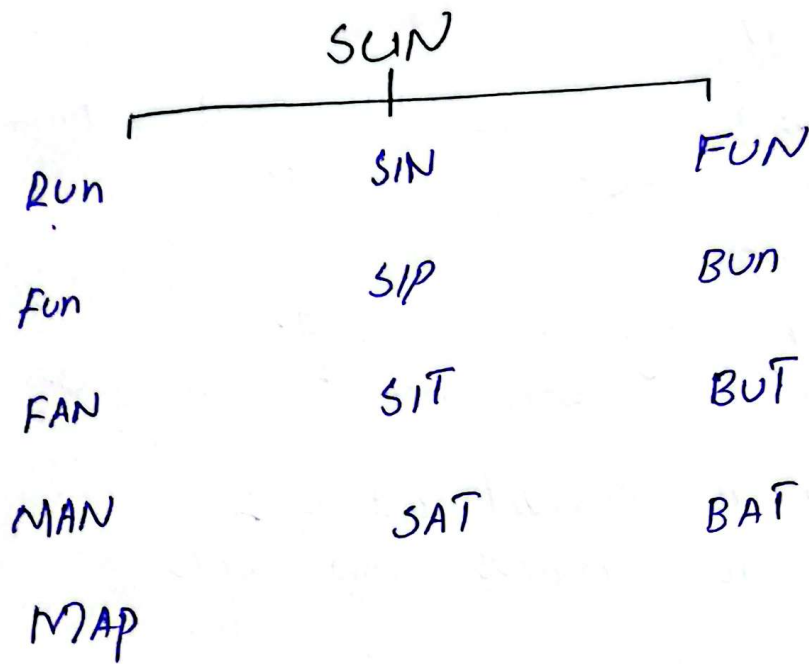
BFS guarantees the shortest solution when not checking for repeated states.

Part #01

- 1- State Representation
- 2: Initial state = sun
- 3: Successor function: Changing one letter at a time in such a way the new word is valid.
- 4: path cost function:
 - Each letter change has a cost.
 - if a letter is ~~consonant~~ consonant cost is 3.
 - if a letter is vowel cost is 1.
 - Returning to previous word adds 2

Part #02

1- Breadth First Search :



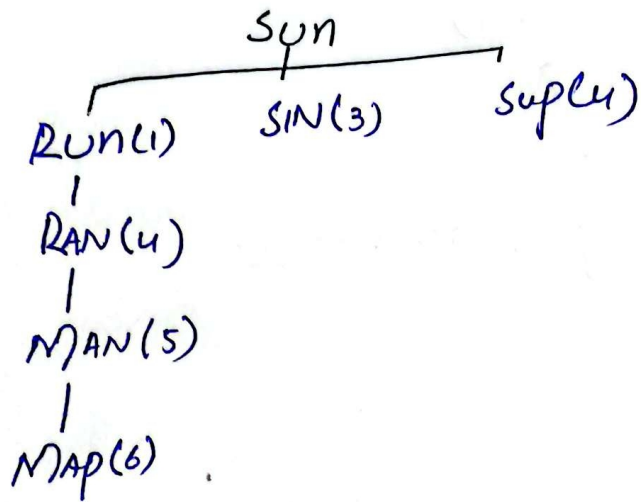
- BFS explores the trees level by level
- Yes BFS mostly finds the shortest path.

2- Depth First Search :-



- (5)
- DFS explores one branch deeply.
 - DFS can stuck in loops.

3. Uniform cost search

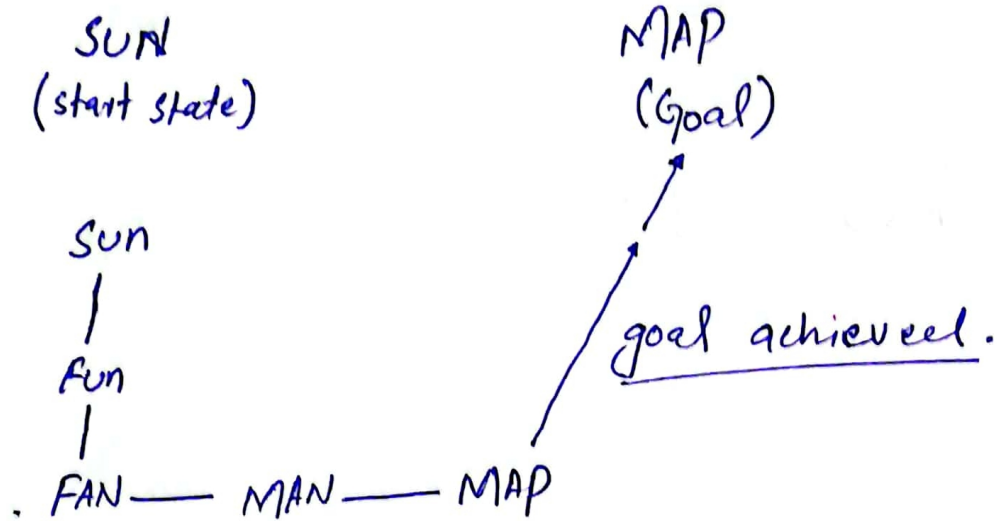


- Yes UCS guarantees the optimal path.



Q# 02

Problem #02



Changing one letter at a time and the transformed words must be valid.

The END