

Dashboard_Python

August 20, 2025

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import plotly.express as px
import numpy as np
```

```
[2]: df = pd.read_excel('SuperStore_Dashboard_pyt.xlsx')
df
```

```
[2]:
```

	Row ID	Order ID	Year	Month-Year	Order Date	Ship Date	\
0	42433	AG-2011-2040	2011	Jan 2011	2011-01-01	2011-01-06	
1	22253	IN-2011-47883	2011	Jan 2011	2011-01-01	2011-01-08	
2	48883	HU-2011-1220	2011	Jan 2011	2011-01-01	2011-01-05	
3	11731	IT-2011-3647632	2011	Jan 2011	2011-01-01	2011-01-05	
4	22255	IN-2011-47883	2011	Jan 2011	2011-01-01	2011-01-08	
...	
51285	32593	CA-2014-115427	2014	Dec 2014	2014-12-31	2015-01-04	
51286	47594	MO-2014-2560	2014	Dec 2014	2014-12-31	2015-01-05	
51287	8857	MX-2014-110527	2014	Dec 2014	2014-12-31	2015-01-02	
51288	6852	MX-2014-114783	2014	Dec 2014	2014-12-31	2015-01-06	
51289	36388	CA-2014-156720	2014	Dec 2014	2014-12-31	2015-01-04	

	Shipping Days	Ship Mode	Customer ID	Customer Name	...	\
0	5	Standard Class	TB-11280	Toby Braunhardt	...	
1	7	Standard Class	JH-15985	Joseph Holt	...	
2	4	Second Class	AT-735	Annie Thurman	...	
3	4	Second Class	EM-14140	Eugene Moren	...	
4	7	Standard Class	JH-15985	Joseph Holt	...	
...	
51285	4	Standard Class	EB-13975	Erica Bern	...	
51286	5	Standard Class	LP-7095	Liz Preis	...	
51287	2	Second Class	CM-12190	Charlotte Melton	...	
51288	6	Standard Class	TD-20995	Tamara Dahlen	...	
51289	4	Standard Class	JM-15580	Jill Matthias	...	

	Product ID	Category	Sub-Category	\
0	OFF-TEN-10000025	Office Supplies	Storage	
1	OFF-SU-10000618	Office Supplies	Supplies	

2	OFF-TEN-10001585	Office Supplies	Storage
3	OFF-PA-10001492	Office Supplies	Paper
4	FUR-FU-10003447	Furniture	Furnishings
...
51285	OFF-BI-10002103	Office Supplies	Binders
51286	OFF-WIL-10001069	Office Supplies	Binders
51287	OFF-LA-10004182	Office Supplies	Labels
51288	OFF-LA-10000413	Office Supplies	Labels
51289	OFF-FA-10003472	Office Supplies	Fasteners

		Product Name	Sales	Quantity \
0		Tenex Lockers, Blue	408.300	2
1		Acme Trimmer, High Speed	120.366	3
2		Tenex Box, Single Width	66.120	4
3		Enermax Note Cards, Premium	44.865	3
4		Eldon Light Bulb, Duo Pack	113.670	5
...	
51285	Cardinal Slant-D Ring Binder, Heavy Gauge Vinyl		13.904	2
51286	Wilson Jones Hole Reinforcements, Clear		3.990	1
51287	Hon Color Coded Labels, 5000 Label Set		26.400	3
51288	Hon Legal Exhibit Labels, Alphabetical		7.120	1
51289	Bagged Rubber Bands		3.024	3

	Discount	Profit	Shipping Cost	Order Priority
0	0.0	106.1400	35.46	Medium
1	0.1	36.0360	9.72	Medium
2	0.0	29.6400	8.17	High
3	0.5	-26.0550	4.82	High
4	0.1	37.7700	4.70	Medium
...
51285	0.2	4.5188	0.89	Medium
51286	0.0	0.4200	0.49	Medium
51287	0.0	12.3600	0.35	Medium
51288	0.0	0.5600	0.20	Medium
51289	0.2	-0.6048	0.17	Medium

[51290 rows x 27 columns]

```
[4]: df.columns
```

```
[4]: Index(['Row ID', 'Order ID', 'Year', 'Month-Year', 'Order Date', 'Ship Date',
          'Shipping Days', 'Ship Mode', 'Customer ID', 'Customer Name', 'Segment',
          'City', 'State', 'Country', 'Postal Code', 'Market', 'Region',
          'Product ID', 'Category', 'Sub-Category', 'Product Name', 'Sales',
          'Quantity', 'Discount', 'Profit', 'Shipping Cost', 'Order Priority'],
          dtype='object')
```

```
[20]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[20]: Row ID          0
      Order ID       0
      Year           0
      Month-Year     0
      Order Date     0
      Ship Date      0
      Shipping Days  0
      Ship Mode       0
      Customer ID    0
      Customer Name  0
      Segment        0
      City           0
      State          0
      Country        0
      Postal Code    41296
      Market         0
      Region         0
      Product ID     0
      Category       0
      Sub-Category   0
      Product Name   0
      Sales          0
      Quantity       0
      Discount       0
      Profit         0
      Shipping Cost  0
      Order Priority  0
      dtype: int64
```

```
[22]: print(df.shape)
```

```
(51290, 27)
```

```
[24]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 51290 entries, 0 to 51289
Data columns (total 27 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Row ID          51290 non-null  int64
1   Order ID        51290 non-null  object
2   Year            51290 non-null  int64
3   Month-Year      51290 non-null  object
4   Order Date      51290 non-null  datetime64[ns]
5   Ship Date       51290 non-null  datetime64[ns]
```

```

6   Shipping Days    51290 non-null int64
7   Ship Mode        51290 non-null object
8   Customer ID      51290 non-null object
9   Customer Name     51290 non-null object
10  Segment          51290 non-null object
11  City             51290 non-null object
12  State            51290 non-null object
13  Country          51290 non-null object
14  Postal Code       9994 non-null float64
15  Market           51290 non-null object
16  Region           51290 non-null object
17  Product ID       51290 non-null object
18  Category         51290 non-null object
19  Sub-Category     51290 non-null object
20  Product Name     51290 non-null object
21  Sales            51290 non-null float64
22  Quantity         51290 non-null int64
23  Discount         51290 non-null float64
24  Profit           51290 non-null float64
25  Shipping Cost    51290 non-null float64
26  Order Priority    51290 non-null object
dtypes: datetime64[ns](2), float64(5), int64(4), object(16)
memory usage: 10.6+ MB

```

```
[29]: df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
[29]: 0
```

```
[30]: df.describe()
```

```
[30]:
```

	Row ID	Year	Order Date \
count	51290.00000	51290.000000	51290
mean	25645.50000	2012.777208	2013-05-11 21:26:49.155780864
min	1.00000	2011.000000	2011-01-01 00:00:00
25%	12823.25000	2012.000000	2012-06-19 00:00:00
50%	25645.50000	2013.000000	2013-07-08 00:00:00
75%	38467.75000	2014.000000	2014-05-22 00:00:00
max	51290.00000	2014.000000	2014-12-31 00:00:00
std	14806.29199	1.098931	NaN

	Ship Date	Shipping Days	Postal Code \
count	51290	51290.000000	9994.000000
mean	2013-05-15 20:42:42.745174528	3.969370	55190.379428
min	2011-01-03 00:00:00	0.000000	1040.000000
25%	2012-06-23 00:00:00	3.000000	23223.000000
50%	2013-07-12 00:00:00	4.000000	56430.500000
75%	2014-05-26 00:00:00	5.000000	90008.000000

max	2015-01-07 00:00:00	7.000000	99301.000000
std	NaN	1.729437	32063.693350

	Sales	Quantity	Discount	Profit	Shipping Cost
count	51290.000000	51290.000000	51290.000000	51290.000000	51290.000000
mean	246.490581	3.476545	0.142908	28.610982	26.375915
min	0.444000	1.000000	0.000000	-6599.978000	0.000000
25%	30.758625	2.000000	0.000000	0.000000	2.610000
50%	85.053000	3.000000	0.000000	9.240000	7.790000
75%	251.053200	5.000000	0.200000	36.810000	24.450000
max	22638.480000	14.000000	0.850000	8399.976000	933.570000
std	487.565361	2.278766	0.212280	174.340972	57.296804

```
[ ]:
```

```
[3]: # KPIs
total_sales = df["Sales"].sum()
total_profit = df["Profit"].sum()
unique_customers = df["Customer Name"].nunique()
avg_shipping_days = df["Shipping Days"].mean()
profit_margin = (df["Profit"].sum() / df["Sales"].sum()) * 100
avg_order_value = df.groupby("Order ID")["Sales"].sum().mean()
total_orders = df["Order ID"].nunique()

# --- Sales Statistics ---
mean_sales = df["Sales"].mean()
median_sales = df["Sales"].median()
mode_sales = df["Sales"].mode()[0]
range_sales = df["Sales"].max() - df["Sales"].min()
variance_sales = df["Sales"].var()
std_dev_sales = df["Sales"].std()
q1_sales, q2_sales, q3_sales = df["Sales"].quantile([0.25, 0.5, 0.75])
```

```
[12]: # Statistics KPIs
print("\033[1mTotal Sales:\033[0m", f"${total_sales:,.0f}")
print("\033[1mTotal Profit:\033[0m", f"${total_profit:,.0f}")
print("\033[1mTotal Customers:\033[0m", unique_customers)
print("\033[1mTotal Orders:\033[0m", total_orders)
print("\033[1mAvg. Shipping Days:\033[0m", avg_shipping_days)
print("\033[1mProfit Margin:\033[0m", profit_margin)
print("\033[1mAvg. Order Values:\033[0m", avg_order_value)
print("\n")
# Sales Statistics
print("\033[1mSales Mean:\033[0m", mean_sales)
print("\033[1mSales Median:\033[0m", f"{median_sales:,.2f}")
print("\033[1mSales Mode:\033[0m", mode_sales)
print("\033[1mSales Range:\033[0m", range_sales)
```

```

print("\033[1mSales Variance:\033[0m", f"{variance_sales:,.2f}")
print("\033[1mSales Std Dev.:\033[0m", f"{std_dev_sales:,.2f}")
print("\033[1mQuartiles (Q1, Q2, Q3):\033[0m", f"{q1_sales:,.2f}, {q2_sales:,.2f}, {q3_sales:,.2f}")

```

Total Sales: \$12,642,502
 Total Profit: \$1,467,457
 Total Customers: 795
 Total Orders: 25035
 Avg. Shipping Days: 3.96937024761162
 Profit Margin: 11.607332960995603
 Avg. Order Values: 504.99308607469555

Sales Mean: 246.49058120257362
 Sales Median: 85.05
 Sales Mode: 12.96
 Sales Range: 22638.036
 Sales Variance: 237,719.98
 Sales Std Dev.: 487.57
 Quartiles (Q1, Q2, Q3): 30.76, 85.05, 251.05

```

[17]: # --- Regression Line: Profit ~ Sales ---
import statsmodels.api as sm
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

X = sm.add_constant(df["Sales"]) # adds a column of 1s (for intercept)
y = df["Profit"]                 # dependent variable
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()       # fit Ordinary Least Squares regression

intercept, slope = model.params # extract intercept & slope
regression_eq = f"Profit = {intercept:.2f} + {slope:.2f} * Sales"

print(f"Regression Line: {regression_eq}")

# Regression line
x_vals = np.linspace(df["Sales"].min(), df["Sales"].max(), 100)
y_vals = intercept + slope * x_vals
plt.plot(x_vals, y_vals, color="red", linewidth=2, label=regression_eq)

# Labels and title
plt.xlabel("Sales")
plt.ylabel("Profit")
plt.title("Profit vs Sales with Regression Line")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```

Regression Line: Profit = -14.13 + 0.17 * Sales



```
[6]: kpi_data = {
    "Total Sales": f"${total_sales:,.0f}",
    "Total Profit": f"${total_profit:,.0f}",
    "Avg Profit Margin": f"{profit_margin:.2%}",
    "Total Customers": unique_customers,
    "Total Orders": total_orders,
    "Shipping Days": f"{avg_shipping_days:.2}"
}

kpi_data
```

```
[6]: {'Total Sales': '$12,642,502',
      'Total Profit': '$1,467,457',
      'Avg Profit Margin': '1160.73%',
      'Total Customers': 795,
      'Total Orders': 25035,
      'Shipping Days': '4.0'}
```

[]:

[7]: `from IPython.display import display, HTML`

```
kpi_html = f"""
<div style='display: flex; gap: 20px;'>
  <div style='background: #4CAF50; color: white; padding: 20px; border-radius:
  ↪ 8px;'>
    <h3>Total Sales</h3>
    <p style='font-size: 24px;'>{kpi_data['Total Sales']}</p>
  </div>
  <div style='background: #2196F3; color: white; padding: 20px; border-radius:
  ↪ 8px;'>
    <h3>Total Profit</h3>
    <p style='font-size: 24px;'>{kpi_data['Total Profit']}</p>
  </div>
  <div style='background: #2196F3; color: white; padding: 20px; border-radius:
  ↪ 8px;'>
    <h3>Total Orders</h3>
    <p style='font-size: 24px;'>{kpi_data['Total Orders']}</p>
  </div>
  <div style='background: #9C27B0; color: white; padding: 20px;
  ↪border-radius: 8px;'>
    <h3>Total Customers</h3>
    <p style='font-size: 24px;'>{kpi_data['Total Customers']}</p>
  </div>
  <div style='background: #9C27B0; color: white; padding: 20px;
  ↪border-radius: 8px;'>
    <h3>Avg. Shipping Days</h3>
    <p style='font-size: 24px;'>{kpi_data['Shipping Days']}</p>
  </div>
  <div style='background: #FF9800; color: white; padding: 20px; border-radius:
  ↪ 8px;'>
    <h3>Avg Profit Margin</h3>
    <p style='font-size: 24px;'>{kpi_data['Avg Profit Margin']}</p>
  </div>
</div>
"""

display(HTML(kpi_html))
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

[]:

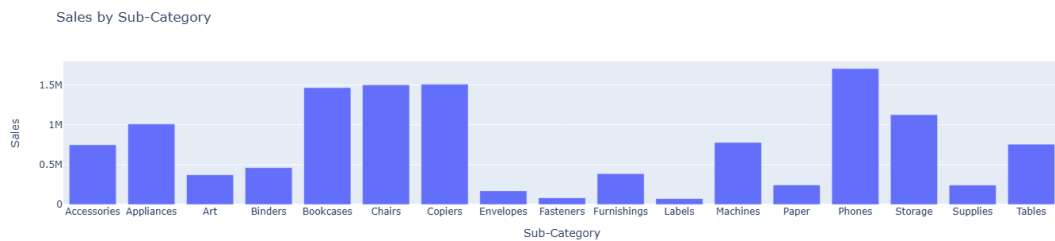

```
[17]: import plotly.express as px

sales_by_category = px.bar(
    df.groupby('Sub-Category', as_index=False)['Sales'].sum(),
    x='Sub-Category', y='Sales', title="Sales by Sub-Category"
)

sales_by_segment = px.pie(
    df, names='Segment', values='Sales', title="Sales % by Segment"
)

shipping_days_hist = px.histogram(
    df, x='Shipping Days', title="Distribution of Shipping Days"
)

sales_by_category.show()
sales_by_segment.show()
shipping_days_hist.show()
```



Sales % by Segment





```
[15]: Q1 = df['Sales'].quantile(0.25)
      Q3 = df['Sales'].quantile(0.75)
      IQR = Q3 - Q1

      lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
      upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR

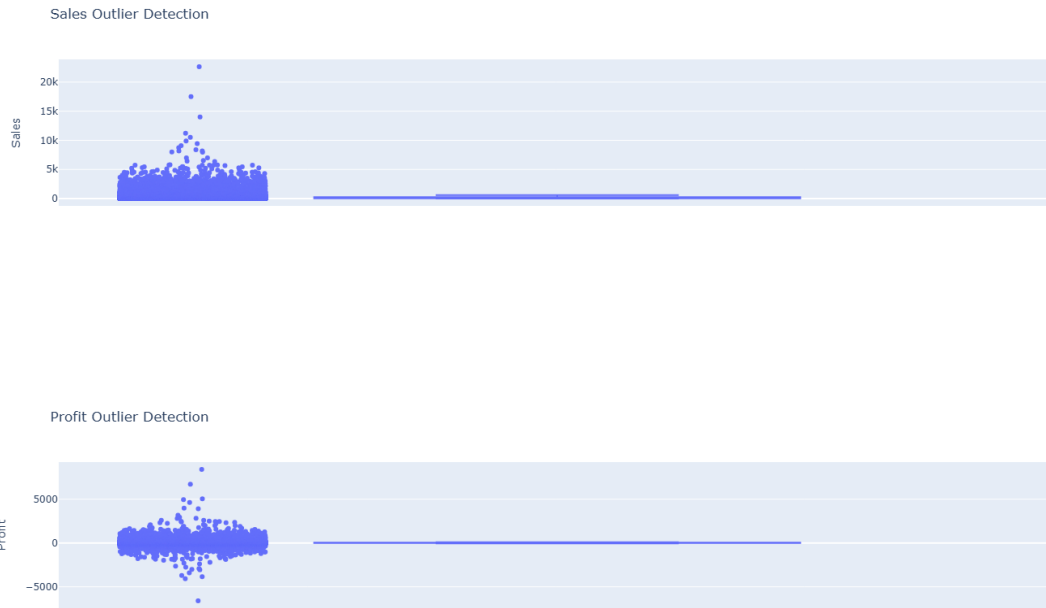
      # Boolean mask for outliers
      outliers = (df['Sales'] < lower_bound) | (df['Sales'] > upper_bound)
      print(f"No. of outliers in Sales: {outliers.sum()}")
```

No. of outliers in Sales: 5655

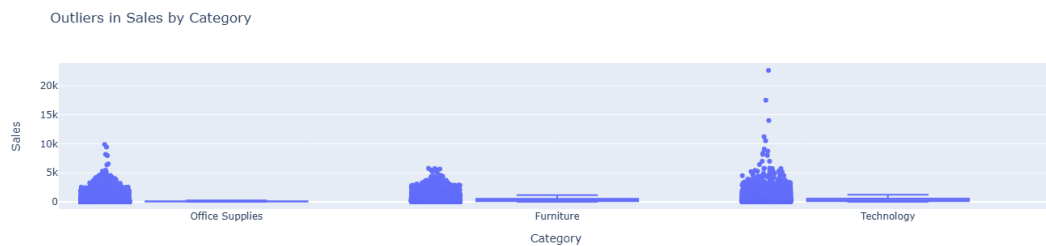
```
[18]: #Visualize Outliers with a Boxplot
      boxplot_sales = px.box(
          df,
          y="Sales",
          points="all", # show all points including outliers
          title="Sales Outlier Detection"
      )

      boxplot_profit = px.box(
          df,
          y="Profit",
          points="all",
          title="Profit Outlier Detection"
      )

      boxplot_sales.show()
      boxplot_profit.show()
```



```
[20]: # Side-by-Side Boxplot by Category (to see outliers per group)
boxplot_by_category = px.box(
    df,
    x="Category",
    y="Sales",
    points="all",
    title="Outliers in Sales by Category"
)
boxplot_by_category.show()
```

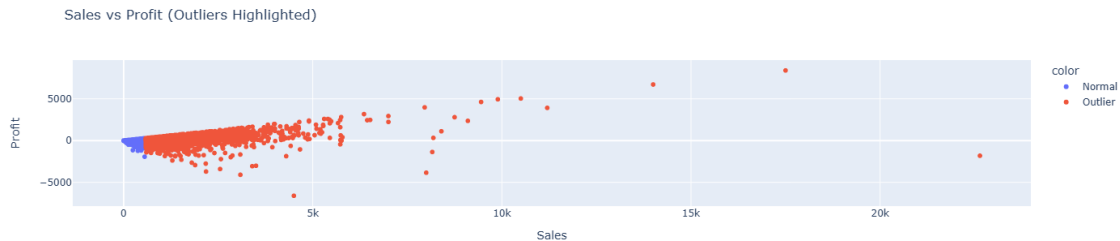


```
[21]: # Highlight Outliers in a Scatter Plot
scatter_outliers = px.scatter(
    df,
    x="Sales",
```

```

y="Profit",
color=outliers.map({True: "Outlier", False: "Normal"}),
title="Sales vs Profit (Outliers Highlighted)"
)
scatter_outliers.show()

```



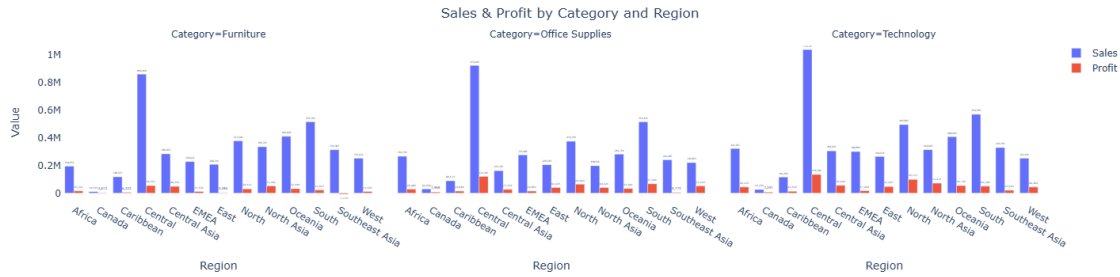
```

[26]: # Sales & Profit by Category and Region
sales_profit_category_region = px.bar(
    df.groupby(['Category', 'Region'], as_index=False)[['Sales', 'Profit']].
    ↪sum().melt(
        id_vars=['Category', 'Region'], value_vars=['Sales', 'Profit']
    ),
    x="Region", y="value", color="variable",
    barmode="group", facet_col="Category", # facet by Category instead
    title="Sales & Profit by Category and Region",
    text="value" # add labels
)

# Update layout for cleaner look
sales_profit_category_region.update_traces(texttemplate='%{text:,.0f}',
    ↪textposition="outside")
sales_profit_category_region.update_layout(
    legend_title_text="", # remove extra title
    yaxis_title="Value",
    xaxis_title="Region",
    bargap=0.25, # space between bars
    plot_bgcolor="white",
    title_x=0.5, # center title
    font=dict(size=12),
    margin=dict(l=50, r=20, t=60, b=80)
)

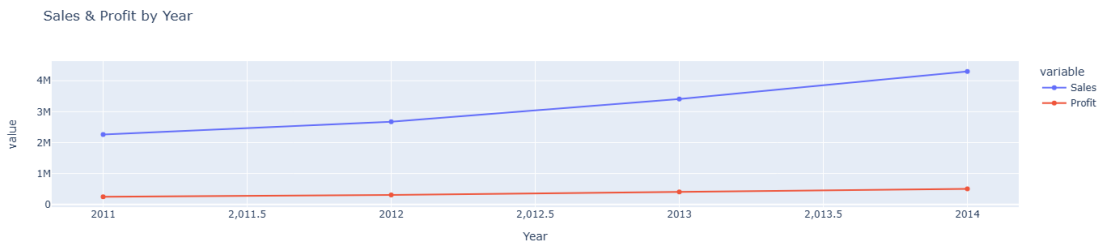
sales_profit_category_region.show()

```

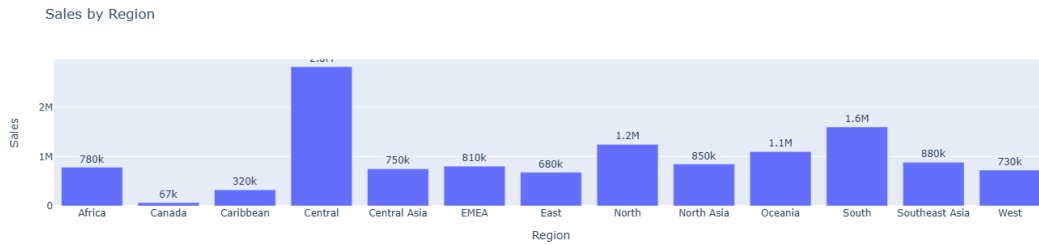


```
[22]: # Sales & Profit by Year
df['Order Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Order Date'])
df['Year'] = df['Order Date'].dt.year

sales_profit_year = px.line(
    df.groupby('Year', as_index=False)[['Sales', 'Profit']].sum().melt(
        id_vars='Year', value_vars=['Sales', 'Profit']
    ),
    x="Year", y="value", color="variable",
    markers=True,
    title="Sales & Profit by Year"
)
sales_profit_year.show()
```

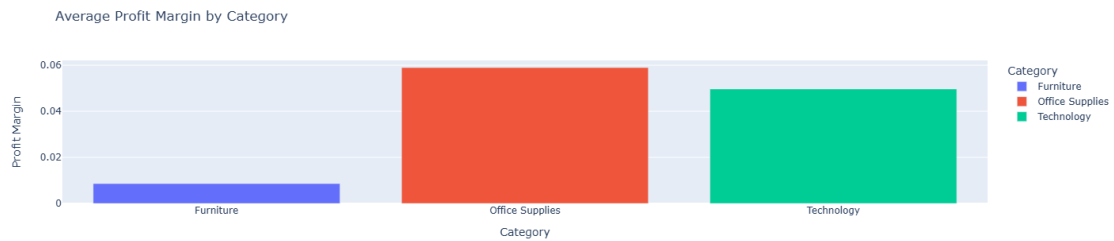


```
[24]: # Sales by Region
sales_region = px.bar(
    df.groupby('Region', as_index=False)['Sales'].sum(),
    x="Region", y="Sales", text="Sales",
    title="Sales by Region"
)
sales_region.update_traces(texttemplate='%{text:.2s}', textposition="outside")
sales_region.show()
```



```
[25]: # Average Profit Margin by Category
df['Profit Margin'] = df['Profit'] / df['Sales']

profit_margin_category = px.bar(
    df.groupby('Category', as_index=False)['Profit Margin'].mean(),
    x="Category", y="Profit Margin", color="Category",
    title="Average Profit Margin by Category"
)
profit_margin_category.show()
```



```
[18]: df.to_excel("superstore_cleaned.xlsx", index=False)
```

```
[ ]:
```