QATIP Intermediate AWS Lab 03 Setting Up AWS Secrets Manager and IAM user for Terraform Authentication

Contents

Lab Objectives	1
Teaching Points	1
Before you begin	2
Step 1: Administrators Set Up AWS Secrets Manager and IAM User	2
Stage 1: Defining Variables and Creating an IAM User	2
Step 2: Developers Retrieve IAM Credentials from AWS Secrets Manager	3
Stage 1: Define Parameters and Secure Retrieval Function	3
Stage 2: Verify Authentication & Run Terraform	3
Lab clean-up	3
Alternative: Using IAM Roles Instead of IAM Users	4

Lab Objectives

This lab provides guidance and instructions on setting up an IAM user This setup ensures that multiple developers can authenticate Terraform dynamically without needing to store or share sensitive credentials directly.

Teaching Points

Step 1: Administrator Tasks

The security team sets up AWS Secrets Manager to securely store
 Terraform authentication credentials.

An IAM User is created with restricted access.

Step 2: Developer Tasks

- Developers retrieve authentication credentials using AWS Secrets
 Manager.
- Developers can retrieve credentials but cannot modify them.

Before you begin

- 1. Ensure you have completed Lab0 before attempting this lab.
- 2. In the IDE terminal pane, enter the following command...

cd ~/environment/aws-tf-int/labs/03

- 3. This shifts your current working directory to labs/03. Ensure all commands are executed in this directory
- 4. Close any open files and use the Explorer pane to navigate to and open the labs/03 folder.

Step 1: Administrators Set Up AWS Secrets Manager and IAM User

Stage 1: Defining Variables and Creating an IAM User

Administrators will create an IAM User and store credentials securely in AWS Secrets Manager:

- 1. Examine the script setup-terraform-secrets.sh in aws-tf-int/labs/03
- 2. Run aws configure if AWS CLI is not already set up.
- 3. Execute the script: ./setup-terraform-secrets.sh
- 4. Run aws secretsmanager get-secret-value --secret-id terraform-aws-credentials
- 5. Ensure the IAM user and secrets are created successfully.

Step 2: Developers Retrieve IAM Credentials from AWS Secrets Manager

Developers retrieve stored credentials using AWS CLI and export them as environment variables.

Stage 1: Define Parameters and Secure Retrieval Function

- 1. Examine the script retrieve-aws-credentials.sh in aws-tf-int/labs/03
- 2. Execute the script: ./retrieve-aws-credentials.sh
- 3. Run aws secretsmanager get-secret-value --secret-id terraform-aws-credentials
- 4. Run: echo \$AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID
- 5. Check stored credentials: cat aws_credentials.env
- 6. Reload credentials in a new session: source aws_credentials.env

Stage 2: Verify Authentication & Run Terraform

Developers now use Terraform with the retrieved AWS credentials.

- 1. Ensure AWS credentials are loaded: source aws credentials.env
- 2. Initialize Terraform: terraform init
- 3. Test infrastructure deployment: terraform plan
- 4. Deploy the infrastructure: terraform apply
- 5. Verify the AWS resources in the AWS Console.

Lab clean-up

- 1. Run terraform destroy and confirm with yes
- 2. Switch to the portal and manually delete resource group RG1

Congratulations, you have completed this lab

Alternative: Using IAM Roles Instead of IAM Users

If developers prefer to use IAM Roles instead of IAM Users, follow these steps:

1. Create an IAM Role:

aws iam create-role --role-name TerraformRole --assume-role-policy-document file://trust-policy.json

2. The trust-policy.json file should contain:

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Principal": {
      "AWS": "arn:aws:iam::<ACCOUNT_ID>:user/TerraformUser"
      },
      "Action": "sts:AssumeRole"
    }
]
```

3. Attach Secrets Manager Read Policy:

aws iam attach-role-policy --role-name TerraformRole --policy-arn arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/SecretsManagerReadOnlyAccess

4. Assume the Role Before Running Terraform:

```
CREDENTIALS=$(aws sts assume-role --role-arn arn:aws:iam::<ACCOUNT_ID>:role/TerraformRole --role-session-name TerraformSession)

export AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID=$(echo $CREDENTIALS | jq -r '.Credentials.AccessKeyId')

export AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=$(echo $CREDENTIALS | jq -r '.Credentials.SecretAccessKey')

export AWS_SESSION_TOKEN=$(echo $CREDENTIALS | jq -r '.Credentials.SessionToken')
```

5. Using IAM Roles provides **temporary credentials**, which enhances security but requires assuming the role before each Terraform run.