Comprehensive Exam Paper: Big Data Analytics Yashfeen Institute

Instructions

- This exam paper is worth 100 marks in total.
- Answer all questions.
- For MCQs, circle the correct answer.
- Provide concise, clear answers for short answer questions.
- For coding questions, ensure your code is legible and correctly solves the given problem.

Part A: Multiple Choice Questions (20 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from the provided options. Each question is worth 2 marks.

- 1. What does SQL stand for?
 - a. Standard Query Language
 - b. Structured Query Language
 - c. Simplified Query Language
 - d. None of the above
- 2. Which command is used to delete a table in SQL?
 - a. DELETE TABLE
 - b. DROP TABLE
 - c. REMOVE TABLE
 - d. CLEAR TABLE
- 3. In Python, which keyword is used to define a function?
 - a. func
 - b. define
 - c. def
 - d. function
- 4. Which of the following is a mutable data type in Python?

- a. String
- b. Tuple
- c. List
- d. None of the above
- 5. Which of the following statements about Big Data is **true**?
 - a. Big Data analytics is primarily used for generating small datasets from larger ones.
 - b. The 3Vs of Big Data are Velocity, Variety, and Volume.
 - c. Big Data can only be processed using traditional database systems.
 - d. All Big Data problems can be solved with more computing power.
- 6. Considering database transactions, which of the following phenomena must be prevented to ensure isolation in a database system?
 - a. Phantom Read
 - b. Dirty Read
 - c. Non-repeatable Read
 - d. All of the above
- 7. Which Python code snippet correctly implements a decorator that times the execution of a function?
 - a. def timer(func): import time; start = time.time(); func(); print(time.time() start)
 - b. def timer(func): import time; def wrapper(): start = time.time(); func(); print(time.time() start); return wrapper
 - c. def timer(func): import time; def wrapper(): start = time.time(); result = func(); print(time.time() start); return result; return wrapper
 - d. def timer(func): import time; start = time.time(); result = func(); print(time.time() start); return result
- 8. What does the "MapReduce" programming model primarily aim to accomplish in Big Data processing?
 - a. Reduce the complexity of data to 2D maps for easier analysis.
 - b. Perform in-memory computations on large datasets for speed.
 - c. Simplify the processing of large datasets across distributed systems.
 - d. Directly map data inputs to outputs without reducing steps.
- 9. Which of the following is a common measure of central tendency in statistics?

- a. Standard deviation
- b. Median
- c. Variance
- d. Mode
- 10. In the context of data analytics, what does the term 'outlier' refer to?
 - a. A value that lies an abnormal distance from other values in a random sample from a population.
 - b. A predictive modeling technique used in machine learning.
 - c. A graphical representation of data points in a coordinate system.
 - d. The process of cleaning data from redundant information.

Part B: SQL Query Writing (40 Marks)

Attempt all questions. Each question is worth 10 marks.

- 1. Write an SQL query to find the name and salary of the highest-paid employee in the 'Employees' table.
- 2. Given a table 'Orders' with columns 'OrderID', 'CustomerID', and 'OrderDate', write an SQL query to list all orders made in the last 30 days.
- 3. Write an SQL query to list all products with a price higher than the average price of all products in the 'Products' table.
- 4. Given a table 'Employees' with columns 'EmployeeID', 'Name', 'Department', and 'Salary', write an SQL query to display each department's total salary expenditure.

Part C: Python Programming (40 Marks)

Attempt all questions. Each question is worth 10 marks.

- 1. Write a Python function to check if a given number is prime.
- 2. Create a Python script that asks the user for a list of numbers (separated by commas) and prints the sum of those numbers.
- 3. Write a Python function that accepts a string as input and returns 'True' if the string is a palindrome, 'False' otherwise.
- 4. Given a list of integers, write a Python script to find the second-highest number in the list.