



**qbio**  
quantitative  
biology

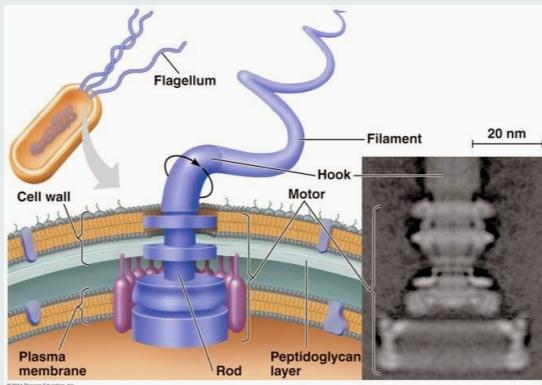
# INTRODUCTION TO QUANTITATIVE BIOLOGY

Overview on the field

18<sup>TH</sup> SEPTEMBER 2025

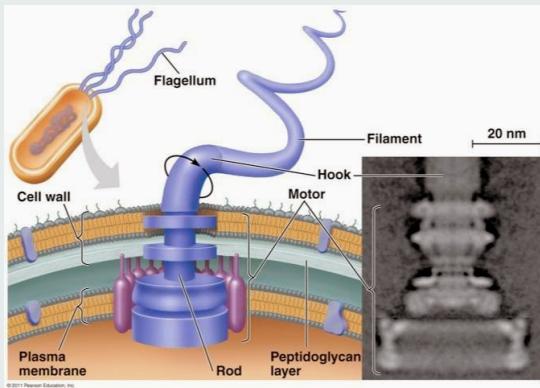
Luca Ciandrini ([luca.ciandrini@umontpellier.fr](mailto:luca.ciandrini@umontpellier.fr))

## Biological System



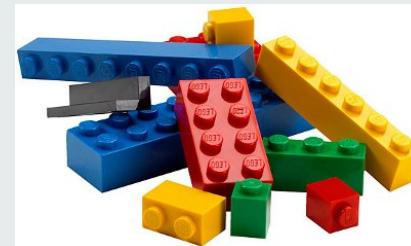
[biologicalexceptions.blogspot.fr](http://biologicalexceptions.blogspot.fr)

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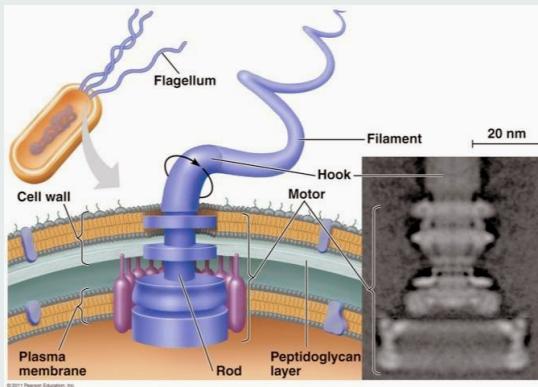
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## Components



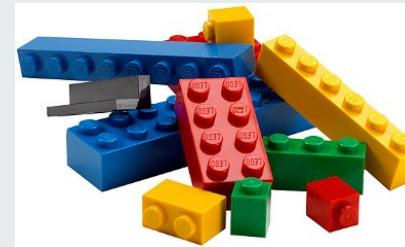
Characterisation of  
biological parts  
(Toolkits)

## Biological System



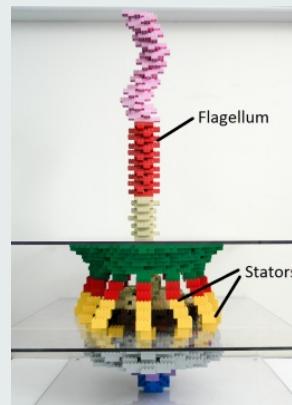
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## Components



Characterisation of biological parts  
(Toolkits)

## Systems Biology



Imperial College of London

“Systems biology is the study of biological systems whose behaviour cannot be reduced to the linear sum of their parts’ functions. Systems biology does not necessarily involve large numbers of components or vast datasets, as in genomics or connectomics, but often requires quantitative modelling methods borrowed from physics.”

from nature.com

# WHAT IS QUANTITATIVE BIOLOGY?



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numbers and tools to obtain predictions and biological understanding

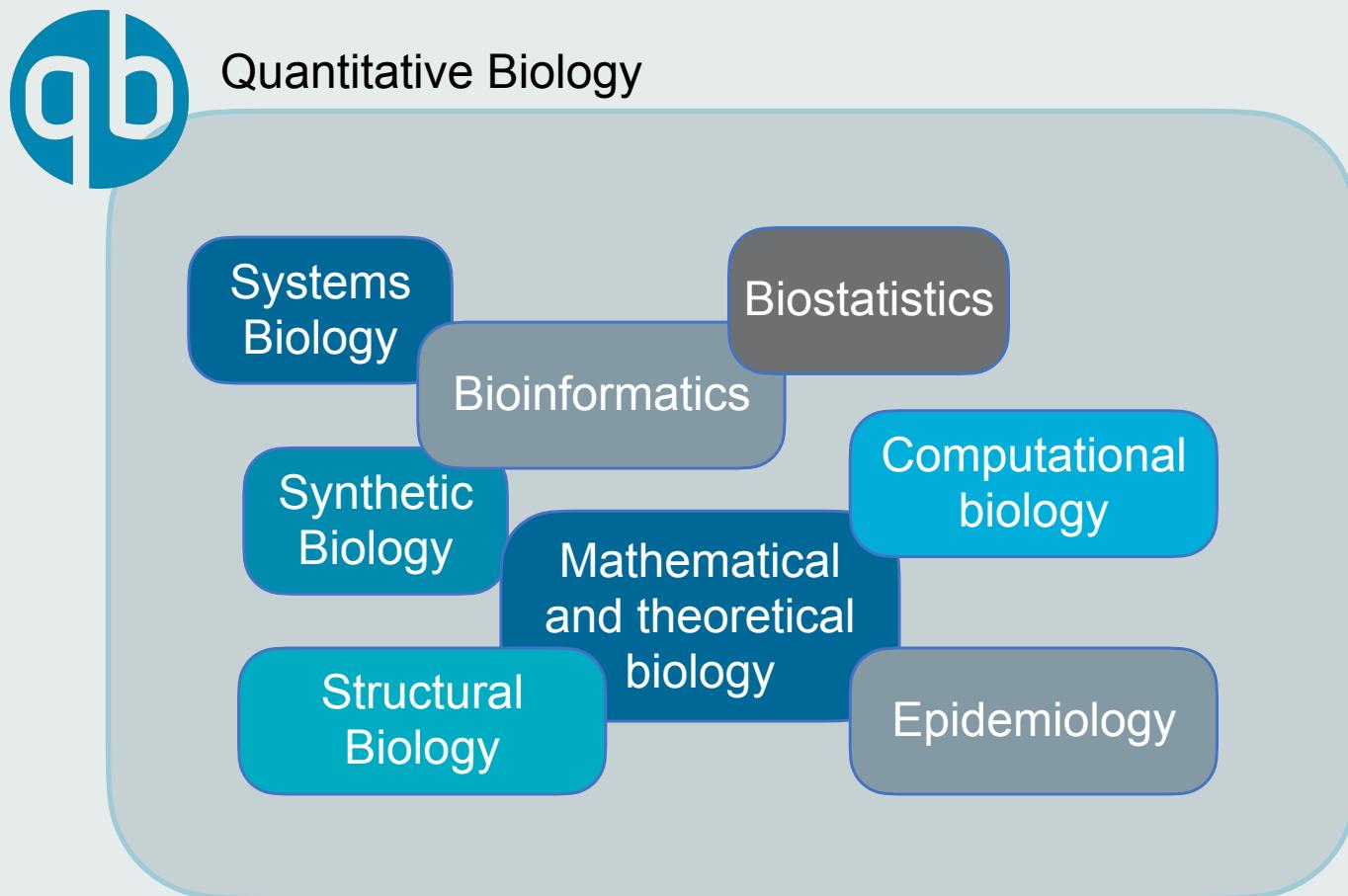
# WHAT IS QUANTITATIVE BIOLOGY?



qbio  $\neq$  biology + number

qbio  $\neq$  biology + quantitative tools

numbers and tools to obtain predictions and biological understanding



# COURSE ORGANISATION



Introduction  
and modelling  
approaches

Random walks  
and noise

Basics of  
microscopy

Complex  
networks

Gene  
expression  
regulation

Genome  
Biophysics

Membrane  
Biophysics

**Timetable.** Look at our GDoc.

We will give you some material (videos, pdf,...) to revise **before each lecture**.

Please check the GitHub of the course\*:

<https://github.com/qbiomaster/qBioMaster-introduction>

**IMPORTANT: learn how to manage your time!**

*\*inform us of any incoherence with the GDoc*

## Assignments

We mainly *work on projects*, with short reports that you will have to return and that we will grade.

5 assignments x 20%. More in details

- 2 organised by Luca (Modelling, Gene expression,...)
- 2 organised by Marcelo (Genome biophysics, microscopy,...)
- 1 organised by Pierre-Emmanuel (membrane biophysics)

We have different formats (ask the person!)

## Week 1

We start from Wilkinson's review



### Stochastic modelling for quantitative description of heterogeneous biological systems

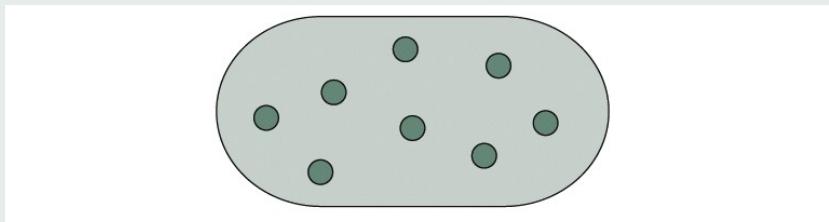
*Darren J. Wilkinson*

**Abstract** | Two related developments are currently changing traditional approaches to computational systems biology modelling. First, stochastic models are being used increasingly in preference to deterministic models to describe biochemical network dynamics at the single-cell level. Second, sophisticated statistical methods and algorithms are being used to fit both deterministic and stochastic models to time course and other experimental data. Both frameworks are needed to adequately describe observed noise, variability and heterogeneity of biological systems over a range of scales of biological organization.

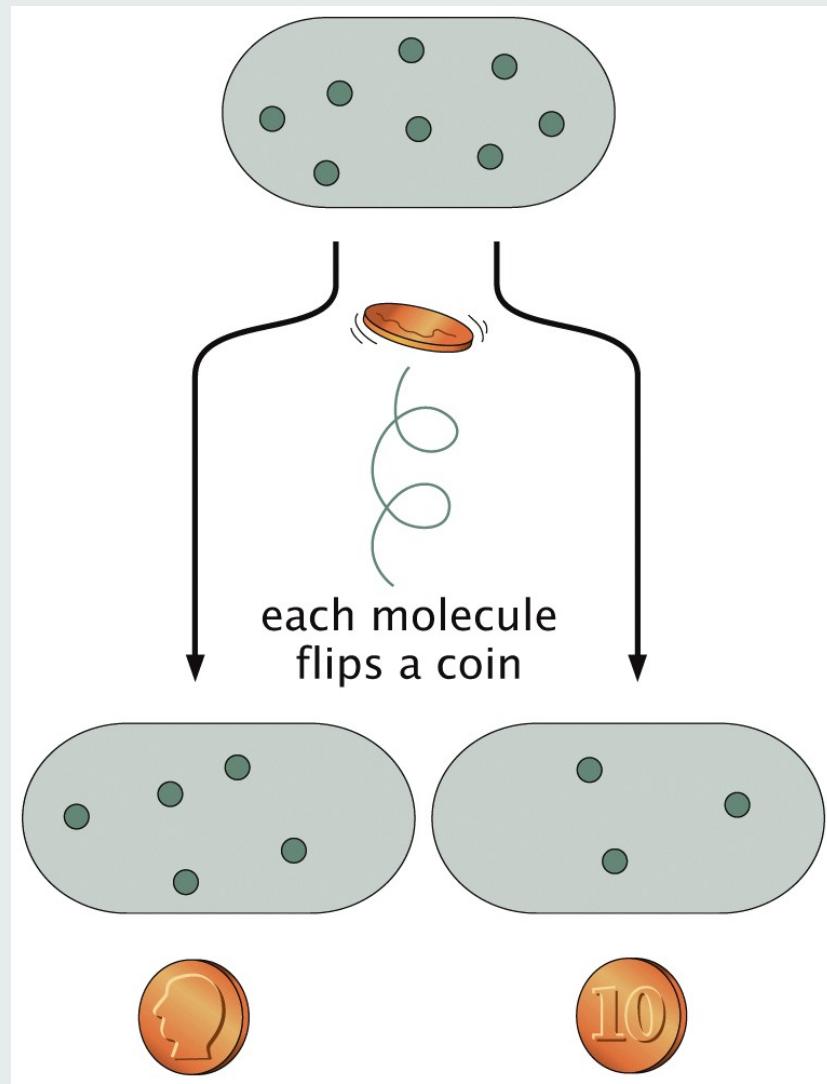
NOT EVERYTHING CAN BE MODELLED WITH ODE...



**Ex: Cell-to-cell variability**



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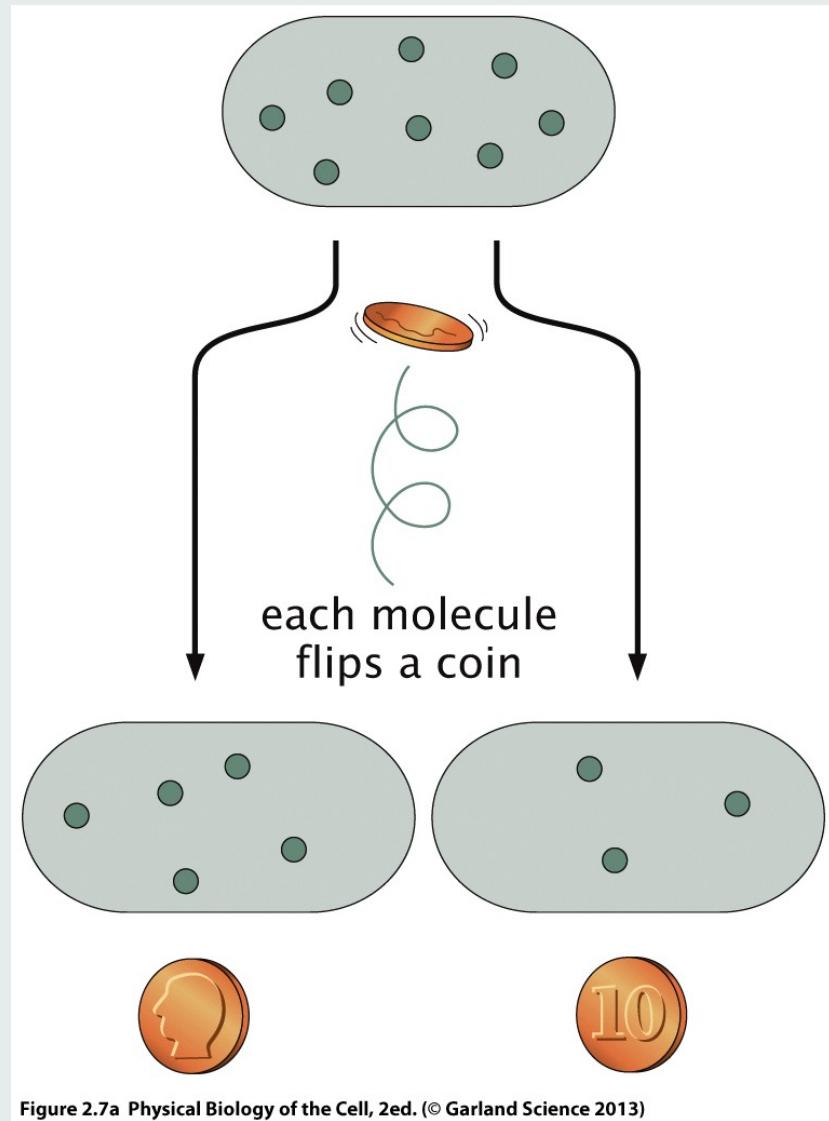
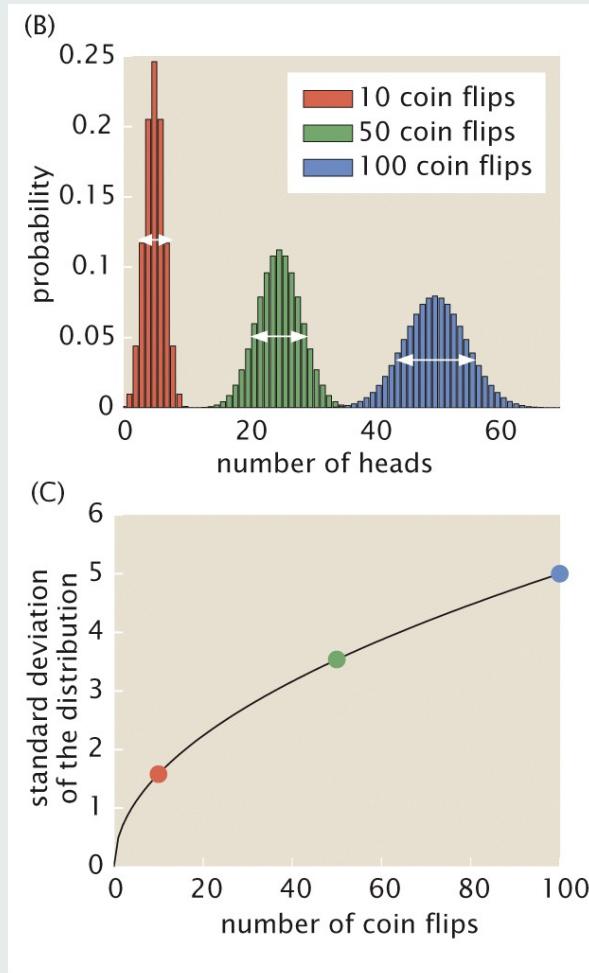


Figure 2.7a Physical Biology of the Cell, 2ed. (© Garland Science 2013)

# NOT EVERYTHING CAN BE MODELLED WITH ODE...



## Ex: Cell-to-cell variability

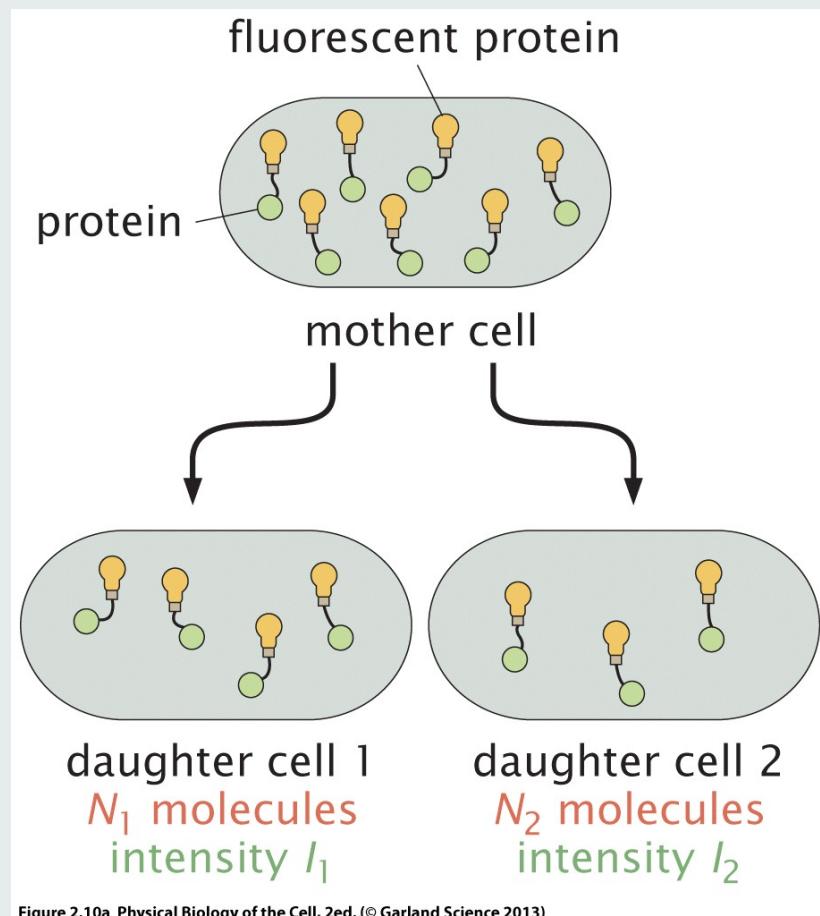


Figure 2.10a Physical Biology of the Cell, 2ed. (© Garland Science 2013)

We can derive that:

$$\langle (I_1 - I_2)^2 \rangle = \alpha I_{tot}$$

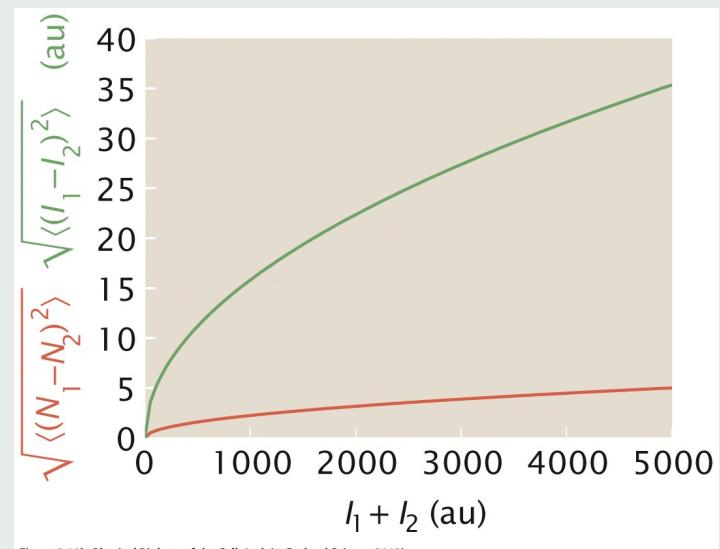


Figure 2.10b Physical Biology of the Cell, 2ed. (© Garland Science 2013)

Data from Rosenfield et al., *Science* 307:1962 (2005)

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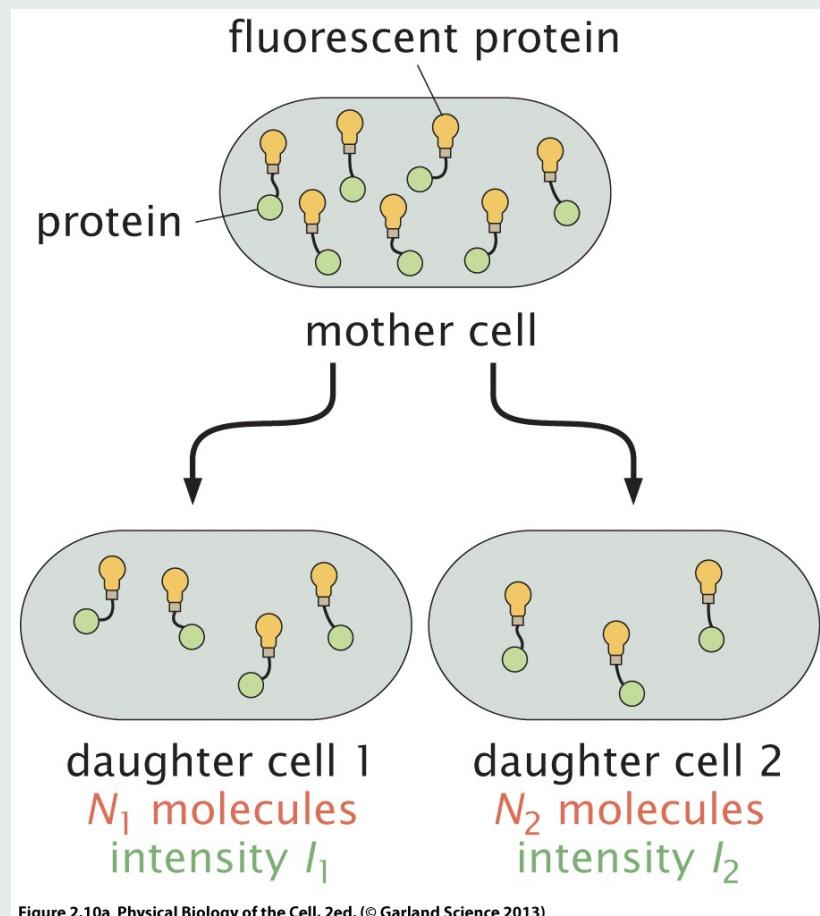


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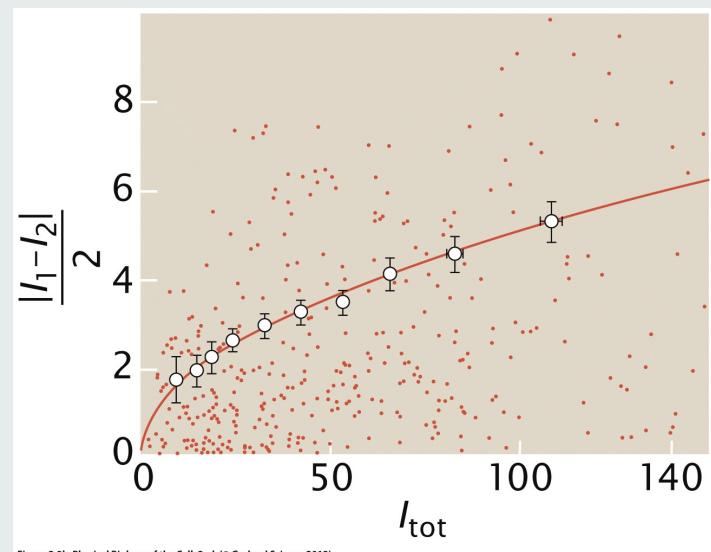


Figure 2.9b Physical Biology of the Cell, 2ed. (© Garland Science 2013)

Data from Rosenfield et al., *Science* 307:1962 (2005)

# DO IT YOURSELF (IN SILICO)



1. Choose  $N$  (and  $\alpha$ ) and compute  $I_{tot}$
2. Generate  $N$  random numbers to mimic cellular repartition  
(similar to what we did in the bootcamp...)
3. Compute the intensities of daughter cells  $I_1$  and  $I_2$
4. Repeat the “experiment”  $M$  times
5. Do the same for a different  $N$

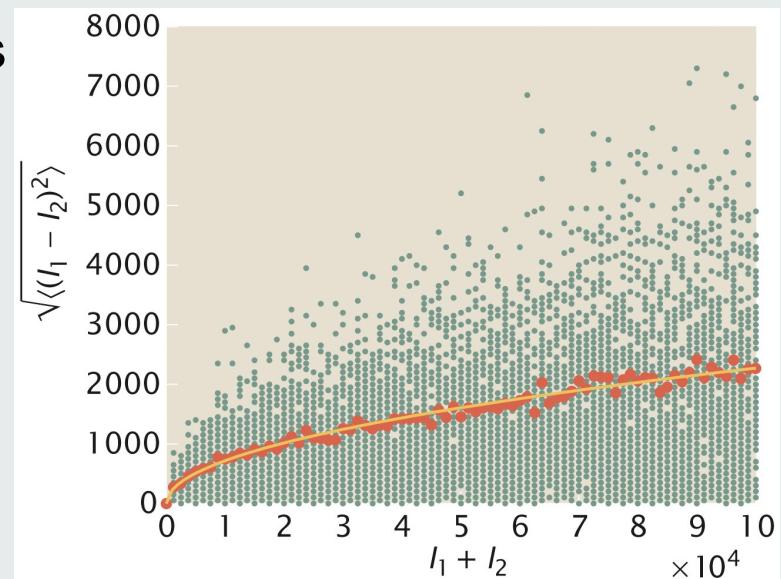


Figure 2.11 Physical Biology of the Cell, 2ed. © Garland Science 2013