A Two Level Linear Dependent Type Theory

Qiancheng Fu^1 and Hongwei Xi^1

¹Boston University

November 6, 2022

1 Syntax

2 Static Fragment

Sort Order

$$\overline{\mathbf{U} \sqsubseteq s}$$
 $\overline{\mathbf{L} \sqsubseteq \mathbf{L}}$

Static Context

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \qquad \Gamma \vdash A : s \qquad x \in \mathit{fresh}(\Gamma)}{\Gamma, x : A \vdash}$$

Static Typing

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash s : \mathsf{U}} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash \Gamma}{\Gamma, x : A \vdash x : A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A : s \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash B : r}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi_t(x : A).B : t} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A : s \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash B : r}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi_t\{x : A\}.B : t}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash m : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda_t(x : A).m : \Pi_t(x : A).B} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash m : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda_t\{x : A\}.m : \Pi_t\{x : A\}.B} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash m : \Pi_t(x : A).B \quad \Gamma \vdash n : A}{\Gamma \vdash m \ n : B[n/x]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash m : \Pi_t\{x : A\}.B \quad \Gamma \vdash n : A}{\Gamma \vdash m \ n : B[n/x]} \qquad \frac{s \sqsubseteq t \quad r \sqsubseteq t \quad \Gamma \vdash A : s \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash B : r}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_t(x : A).B : t}$$

$$\frac{s \sqsubseteq t \quad \Gamma \vdash A : s \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash B : r}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_t\{x : A\}.B : t} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_t(x : A).B \quad \Gamma \vdash m : A \quad \Gamma \vdash n : B[m/x]}{\Gamma \vdash (m, n)_t : \Sigma_t(x : A).B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_t\{x : A\}.B \quad \Gamma \vdash m : A \quad \Gamma \vdash n : B[m/x]}{\Gamma \vdash \{m, n\}_t : \Sigma_t\{x : A\}.B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, z : \Sigma_t(x : A).B \vdash C : s \quad \Gamma \vdash m : \Sigma_t(x : A).B \quad \Gamma, x : A, y : B \vdash n : C[\langle x, y \rangle_t/z]}{\Gamma \vdash R^\Sigma}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, z : \Sigma_t(x : A).B \vdash C : s \qquad \Gamma \vdash m : \Sigma_t(x : A).B \qquad \Gamma, x : A, y : B \vdash n : C[\langle x, y \rangle_t/z]}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{R}^{\Sigma}_{[z]C}(m, [x, y]n) : C[m/z]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,z:\Sigma_t\{x:A\}.B\vdash C:s\qquad \Gamma\vdash m:\Sigma_t\{x:A\}.B\qquad \Gamma,x:A,y:B\vdash n:C[\{x,y\}_t/z]}{\Gamma\vdash \mathbf{R}^\Sigma_{[z]C}(m,[x,y]n):C[m/z]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x: A, y: A, p: x \equiv_A y \vdash B: s \qquad \Gamma, z: A \vdash H: B[z/x, z/y, \operatorname{refl} z/p] \qquad \Gamma \vdash P: m \equiv_A n}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{R}^{\equiv}_{[x,y,p]B}([z]H, P): B[m/x, n/y, P/p]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B : s \qquad \Gamma \vdash m : A \qquad A \simeq B}{\Gamma \vdash m : B}$$

3 Dynamic Fragment

Dynamic Context

$$\frac{\Gamma;\Delta \vdash \qquad \Gamma \vdash A:s \qquad x \in \mathit{fresh}(\Gamma)}{\Gamma,x:A;\Delta,x:_s A \vdash} \qquad \qquad \frac{\Gamma;\Delta \vdash \qquad \Gamma \vdash A:s \qquad x \in \mathit{fresh}(\Gamma)}{\Gamma,x:A;\Delta \vdash}$$

Context Merge

$$\frac{\Delta_1 \cup \Delta_2 = \Delta \quad x \in \mathit{fresh}(\Delta)}{(\Delta_1, x :_U A) \cup (\Delta_2, x :_U A) = (\Delta, x :_U A)}$$

$$\frac{\Delta_1 \cup \Delta_2 = \Delta \quad x \in \mathit{fresh}(\Delta)}{(\Delta_1, x :_L A) \cup \Delta_2 = (\Delta, x :_L A)}$$

$$\frac{\Delta_1 \cup \Delta_2 = \Delta \quad x \in \mathit{fresh}(\Delta)}{\Delta_1 \cup (\Delta_2, x :_L A) = (\Delta, x :_L A)}$$

Context Constraint

$$\frac{\Delta \triangleright \mathbf{U}}{\Delta, x :_{\mathbf{U}} A \triangleright \mathbf{U}} \qquad \qquad \frac{\Delta \triangleright \mathbf{L}}{\Delta, x :_{s} A \triangleright \mathbf{L}}$$

Dynamic Typing

4 Erasure

Erasure Relation

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A; \Delta, x :_s A \vdash \Delta \rhd \cup}{\Gamma, x : A; \Delta, x :_s A \vdash x \sim x : A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, x : A; \Delta, x :_s A \vdash m \sim m' : B}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \lambda_t(x : A).m \sim \lambda_t(x : \Box).m' : \Pi_t(x : A).B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A; \Delta, h = m \sim m' : B}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \lambda_t(x : A).m \sim \lambda_t(x : \Box).m' : \Pi_t(x : A).B} \qquad \frac{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : \Pi_t(x : A).B}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \lambda_t(x : A).m \sim m' : n' : B[n/x]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : \Pi_t(x : A).B}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : B[n/x]} \qquad \frac{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : \Pi_t(x : A).B}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : B[n/x]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_t(x : A).B : t}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma; \Delta_t \vdash m \sim m' : B[m/x]}{\Gamma; \Delta_t \vdash m \sim m' : A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma; \Delta_t \vdash m \sim m' : B[m/x]}{\Gamma; \Delta_t \vdash m \sim m' : A}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_t(x : A).B : t}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma; \Delta_t \vdash n : B[m/x]}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \{m, n\}_t \sim \{m', n'\}_t : \Sigma_t(x : A).B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : \Sigma_t(x : A).B}{\Gamma; \Delta_t \vdash m \sim m' : \Sigma_t(x : A).B} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, x : A, y : B; \Delta_t(x : A).B}{\Gamma; \Delta_t \vdash m \sim m' : \Sigma_t(x : A).B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma; \Sigma \vdash \Sigma_t(x : A).B \vdash C : s}{\Gamma; \Delta_t \vdash m \sim m' : \Sigma_t(x : A).B} \qquad \Gamma, x : A, y : B; \Delta_t(x : A).B \vdash C : S$$

$$\frac{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : \Sigma_t(x : A).B}{\Gamma; \Delta_t \vdash m \sim m' : \Sigma_t(x : A).B} \qquad \Gamma, x : A, y : B; \Delta_t(x : x).T$$

$$\frac{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A \&_t B}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A} \qquad \frac{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A \&_t B}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash m \sim m' : B}$$

5 Static Semantics

Static Reduction

Conversion

$$\frac{A \simeq B \qquad B \leadsto C}{A \simeq C} \qquad \qquad \frac{A \simeq B \qquad C \leadsto B}{A \simeq C}$$

Static Meta Theory

Theorem 1. If $m \rightsquigarrow^* m_1$ and $m \rightsquigarrow^* m_2$, then there exists n such that $m_1 \rightsquigarrow^* n$ and $m_2 \rightsquigarrow^* n$.

Theorem 2. Conversion \simeq is an equivalence relation.

Theorem 3. For any static typing $\Gamma \vdash m : A$ and static reduction $m \leadsto n$, the judgment $\Gamma \vdash n : A$ is derivable.

6 Dynamic Semantics

Value

$$\frac{1}{x \text{ value}} \quad \frac{1}{\lambda_t(x:A).m \text{ value}} \quad \frac{u \text{ value}}{\lambda_t(x:A).m \text{ value}} \quad \frac{u \text{ value}}{\langle u,v\rangle_t \text{ value}} \quad \frac{v \text{ value}}{\{v,m\}_t \text{ value}} \quad \frac{v \text{ value}}{(m,n)_t \text{ value}}$$

Dynamic Reduction

$$\frac{m \rightsquigarrow m'}{m \ n \rightsquigarrow m' \ n} \qquad \frac{n \rightsquigarrow n'}{m \ n \rightsquigarrow m \ n'} \qquad \frac{v \ \text{value}}{(\lambda_t(x:A).m) \ v \rightsquigarrow m[v/x]} \qquad \frac{(\lambda_t\{x:A\}.m) \ n \rightsquigarrow m[n/x]}{(\lambda_t\{x:A\}.m) \ n \rightsquigarrow m[n/x]}$$

$$\frac{m \rightsquigarrow m'}{\langle m, n \rangle_t \rightsquigarrow \langle m', n \rangle_t} \qquad \frac{n \rightsquigarrow n'}{\langle m, n \rangle_t \rightsquigarrow \langle m, n' \rangle_t} \qquad \frac{m \rightsquigarrow m'}{\{m, n\}_t \rightsquigarrow \{m', n\}_t} \qquad \frac{n \rightsquigarrow m'}{R_{[z]A}^{\Sigma}(m, [x, y]n) \rightsquigarrow R_{[z]A}^{\Sigma}(m', [x, y]n)}$$

$$\frac{u \ \text{value} \qquad v \ \text{value}}{R_{[z]A}^{\Sigma}(\langle u, v \rangle_t, [x, y]n) \rightsquigarrow n[u/x, v/y]} \qquad \frac{v \ \text{value}}{R_{[z]A}^{\Sigma}(\{v, m\}_t, [x, y]n) \rightsquigarrow n[v/x, m/y]} \qquad \frac{m \rightsquigarrow m'}{\pi_1 \ m \rightsquigarrow \pi_1 \ m'}$$

$$\frac{m \rightsquigarrow m'}{\pi_2 \ m \rightsquigarrow \pi_2 \ m'} \qquad \frac{m \rightsquigarrow m'}{\pi_1 \ (m, n)_t \rightsquigarrow m} \qquad \frac{\pi_2 \ (m, n)_t \rightsquigarrow n}{\pi_2 \ (m, n)_t \rightsquigarrow n}$$

Dynamic Meta Theory

Theorem 4. For any dynamic typing Γ ; $\Delta \vdash m : A$ and dynamic reduction $m \rightsquigarrow n$, the judgment Γ ; $\Delta \vdash n : A$ is derivable.

Theorem 5. For any dynamic typing ϵ ; $\epsilon \vdash m : A$, then m is a value or there exists n such that $m \rightsquigarrow n$.

Erasure-Dynamic Meta Theory

Theorem 6. For any dynamic typing Γ ; $\Delta \vdash m : A$, there exists m' such that Γ ; $\Delta \vdash m \sim m' : A$.

Theorem 7. For any erasure relation Γ ; $\Delta \vdash m \sim m'$: A and dynamic reduction $m' \rightsquigarrow n'$, there exists n such that the following diagram commutes.

Theorem 8. For any erasure relation ϵ ; $\epsilon \vdash m \sim m' : A$, then m' is a value or there exists n' such that $m' \rightsquigarrow m'$.