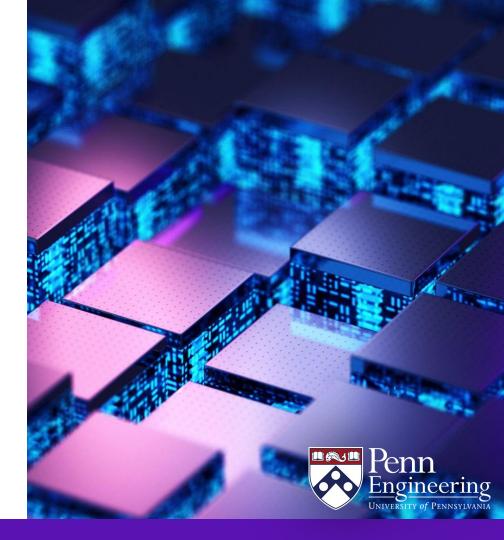
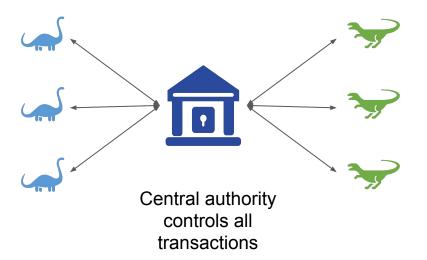
EAS 5830: BLOCKCHAINS

Incentivizing Validators

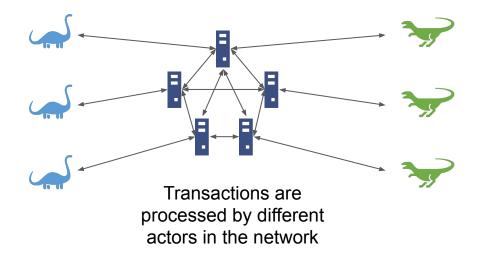
Professor Brett Hemenway Falk



Centralized System



Decentralized System



The blockchain economic cycle

- Why do validators put in the effort to maintain the blockchain?
 - They get paid in tokens
- Where do these tokens come from?
 - Inflation (block rewards)
 - Users (transaction fees)
- Where do users get tokens to pay transaction fees?

- The Bitcoin blockchain was created to track BTC
- In the beginning there were no BTC
 - All BTC created in the form of "block rewards"
 - Initially, 50 BTC was given to each block producer

Block reward of 50 BTC paid to miner. Supply is now 50

Block reward of 50 BTC paid to miner. Supply is now 100

Block 2

Block reward of 50 BTC paid to miner. Supply is now 8500

Block 170

When the genesis block was created, there were no BTC

Genesis Block

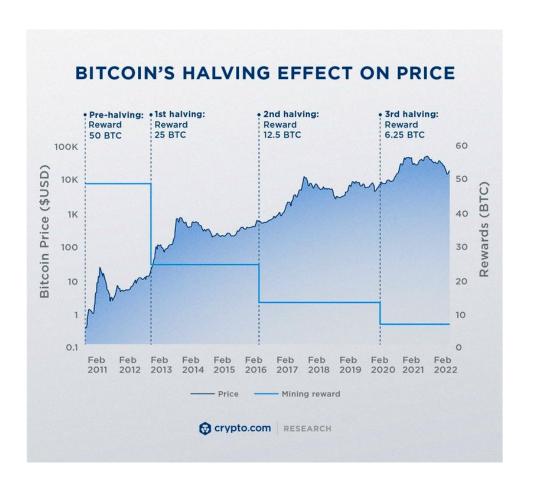
No BTC holders, so miner has no TXs to put in block

Block 1

Only 1 BTC holder, and no TXs to put in block

First "real" transaction

- All BTC created through block rewards (inflation)
- Block rewards start at 50 BTC
 - Halve every 210,000 blocks (approximately every 4 years)
 - Currently block rewards are 6.25 BTC
- Users pay transaction fees in BTC
- Fees are completely voluntary
- If there are too many TXs to fit in a block, miner should prioritize transactions with highest fee

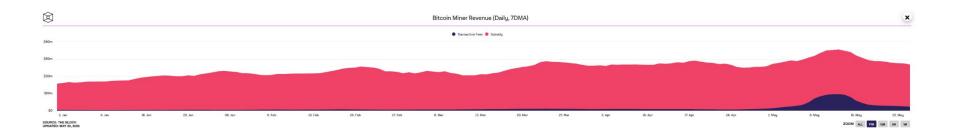


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 - Think of this is as an auction for block space

How many BTC?

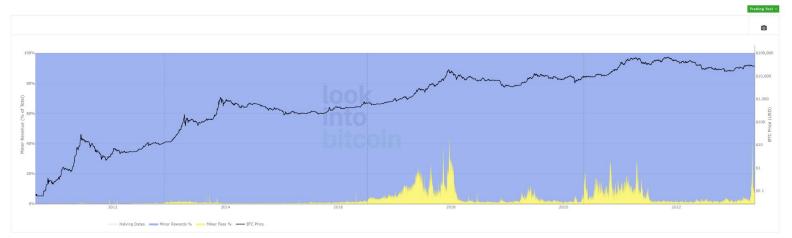
$$210000 \cdot \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} 50 \cdot 2^{-i} = 210000 \cdot 100 = 21000000$$

Bitcoin miner revenue is mostly block reward



Miner Revenue (Fees vs Rewards)





Bitcoin Transaction Fees Surpass Block Rewards for the First Time Since 2017

Higher transaction fees are a small step towards Bitcoin miners being able to sustain themselves without block subsidies.



3 min read

Premines

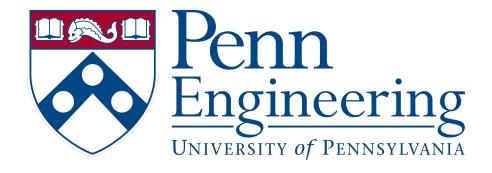
- Most other tokens were "premined"
 - Genesis block encodes an initial distribution
- Ethereum was premined:
 - o 72 million Ether tokens allocated in genesis block
 - 60 million sold in a crowdsale
 - 12 million held by the Ethereum Foundation
 - Only about 120 million ETH in circulation today
 - This is a big <u>source</u> of <u>controversy</u>
- Ethereum still has block rewards to generate new tokens (and dilute the premine)

So how do you get tokens now?

- Mining blocks?
 - In PoW chains like Bitcoin, mining hardware is very expensive.
 - Could use a <u>cloud miner</u> (pay with credit card, earn rewards in BTC)
 - In PoS chains like Ethereum, you need tokens to be a validator
- Purchasing existing coins
 - Exchanges like Coinbase run marketplaces that allow you to purchase tokens using USD
- Test networks have "<u>faucets</u>"
 - Tokens are premined and given away to anyone who asks

Getting tokens

- Wanted to buy XLM (Stellar's token)
- In 2017 it wasn't listed on Coinbase
- Here's the process
 - Signed up for a Coinbase account
 - Bought ETH (which I didn't want)
 - 7-day holding period (to prevent chargeback fraud)
 - Lost 20% while waiting for USD funds to clear
 - Signed up for a Binance account (when it was still legal)
 - Sent ETH to Binance
 - Had to copy-paste Binance address one typo and tokens are gone
 - Traded ETH for XLM on Binance
 - Sent funds from Binance to my wallet
 - Had to copy-paste Wallet address one typo and tokens are gone



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