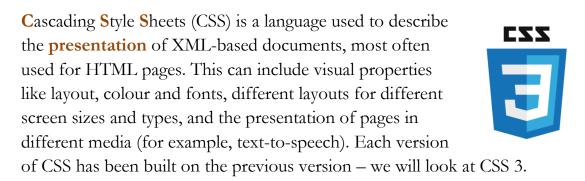
# Building Websites with HTML and CSS

```
</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

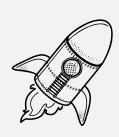
### HTML and CSS: An Overview

HyperText Markup Language (HTML) is an XML-based language that provides the **structure** of a web page by "marking up" the content with **tags**. These tags label elements in the page as headings, paragraphs, images, lists and many other types that add structure to content. The HTML standard has undergone several revisions since the first one was released (and is constantly being updated and extended) – the language we will look at in these workshops is HTML 5, released in 2014.



HTML is used for *content*. CSS is used for *presentation*. In a perfect world, our HTML pages convey *document structure and meaning* while our visual design is defined entirely by CSS. Why?

- Visual accessibility users can load their own stylesheets
- Flexibility responsive design
- Reusability external stylesheets
- Can you think of other reasons? (Hint: look up "separation of presentation and content"!)



Coding in HTML and CSS probably isn't "computer programming" as you traditionally think of it, but it can be a complex and rewarding pursuit that adds an extra layer to your backend development – as well as incredibly frustrating when you're trying to get every element to sit perfectly in place!

Defines an unordered list Defines a variable

<n>>

# **HTML Cheatsheet**

<ins>

# HTML5 TAG CHEAT SHEET Created by WebsiteSetup.org

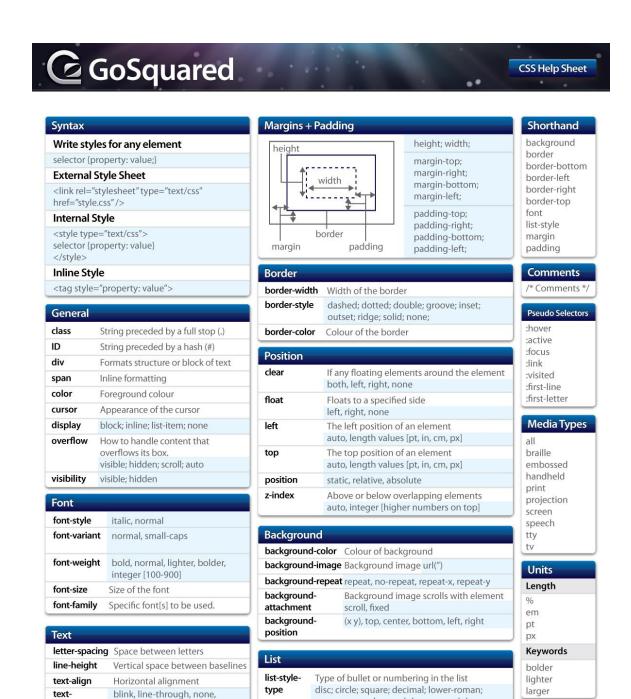
, datetime	<samp></samp>	Defines sample computer code
ey in a form sled, form,	<seript></seript>	Defines a definition list async, type charset defer, src
ype, name yboard text	<section></section>	Defines a section
sub window for, form in a fieldset	<select></select>	Defines a selectable list autofocus, disabled, form, multiple, name, size
s a list item	<small></small>	Defines small text
value	<source/>	Defines media resources media, src, type
sizes, type	<span></span>	Defines a section in a document
image map	<strong></strong>	Defines strong text
name marked text	<style></td><td>Defines a style definition type, media, scoped</td></tr><tr><th>a menu list</th><td><sub>, <sub></td><td>Defines sub/super-scripted text</td></tr><tr><th>label, type</th><td></td><td>Defines a table summary</td></tr><tr><th>priv, name</th><td></td><td>Defines a table body summary</td></tr><tr><th>range num, value</th><td><</td><td>Defines a table cell colspan, headers, rowspan</td></tr><tr><th>sers that do</th><td><textarea></td><td>Defines a text area autofocus, cols, disabled, form, maxlength, name, placeholder,</td></tr><tr><th>ript section</th><td></td><td>readonly, readonly, required, rows, wrap</td></tr><tr><th>added object ame, type, nap, width</th><td><tfoot>, <thead></td><td>Defines a table footer / head</td></tr><tr><th>ordered list</th><td>></td><td>Defines a table header colspan, headers, rowspan, scope</td></tr><tr><th>ption group</th><td><time></td><td>Defines a date/tim datetime</td></tr><tr><th>p-down list</th><td><title></td><td>Defines the document title</td></tr><tr><th>eted, value</th><td></r/></td><td>Defines a table row datetime</td></tr><tr><th>orm, name</th><td><tt><</td><td>Used to define teletype text</td></tr><tr><th>paragraph</th><td><n></td><td>Used to define underlined text</td></tr><tr><th></th><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></style>	

on description	<keygen/>	Defines a generated key in a form autofocus, challenge, disabled, form,
ite, datetime		keytype, name
s of an element	<kbd>&lt;</kbd>	Defines keyboard text
open (conversation)	<label></label>	Defines an inline sub window for, form
definition term	<le><le>degend&gt;</le></le>	Defines a title in a fieldset
a directory list	⟨İİ⟩	Defines a list item
in a document	;	Defines a resource reference
n definition list	<li><li>dink</li></li>	href, hreflang, media, rel, sizes, type
definition term	<map></map>	Defines an image map name
tive content or	<mark></mark>	Defines marked text
plugin s, type, width	<menu></menu>	Defines a menu list label, type
fines a fieldset form, name	<meta/>	Defines meta information charset, content, http-equiv, name
tent, and their caption	<meter></meter>	Defines measurement within a predefined range
t size, and font		high, low, max, min, optimum, value
color of text	<nav></nav>	Defines navigation links
ection or page Defines a form	<nodrames></nodrames>	Used to display text for browsers that do not handle frames
ntocomplete,	<noscript></noscript>	Defines a noscript section
target  target  icular window  hin a frameset	<object></object>	Defines an embedded object data, form, height, name, type, usemap, width
hich organized dows (frames)	<lo></lo>	Defines an ordered list reversed, start
r 1 to header 6 t the document	<obty></obty>	Defines an option group label, disabled
ection or page	<option></option>	Defines an option in a drop-down list disabled, label, selected, value
t a section in a document horizontal rule	<ontput></ontput>	Defines some types of output for, form, name
itml document	< <b>d</b> >	Defines a paragraph
nifest, xmlns fines italic text	<pre><param/></pre>	Defines a parameter for an object name, value
ne sub window	<pre><pre>&lt;</pre></pre>	Defines preformatted text
eamless, src, width	<pre><pre>progress&gt;</pre></pre>	Defines progress of a task of any kind max, value
fines an image emap, width	<bs< td=""><td>Defines a short quotation cite</td></bs<>	Defines a short quotation cite
e, autofocus, formaction,	<rp><rp>&lt;</rp></rp>	Used in ruby annotations to define what to show browsers that to not support the ruby element
ornmethod, arget, height,	<rt><rt></rt></rt>	Defines explanation to ruby annotations
in, multiple, er, readonly,	<ru></ru>	ŝ
type, value,	vos vetnikov	TT14- 1-6

		<datalist></datalist>	Defines a dropdown list
		< <b>pp&gt;</b>	Defines a definition description
I AG NOI	Define a comment	<de ></de >	Defines deleted text
THE COMME	monunon andor		cite, datetime
DOC! YPE	Defines the document type Defines a hyperlink	<details></details>	Defines details of an element open
<a>&gt;</a>	href, hreflang, media, ping, rel,	<dialog></dialog>	Defines a dialog (conversation)
<abbr></abbr>	Defines an abbreviation	<dfn></dfn>	Defines a definition term
<aeronym></aeronym>	Used to define an embedded acronums	<dir></dir>	Used to define a directory list
<address></address>	Defines an address element	<div></div>	Defines a section in a document
<apple></apple>	Used to define an embedded applet	< <b>q</b> >	Defines a definition list
	Defines an area inside an image man	<dt></dt>	Defines a definition term
<area/>	alt, coords, href, hreflang, media,	<em></em>	Defines emphasized text
<article></article>	Defines an article cite, pubdate	<embed/>	Defines external interactive content or plugin height, src, type, width
<aside></aside>	Defines content aside from the page content	<fieldset></fieldset>	Defines a fieldset disabled. form, name
<audio></audio>	Defines sound content autobuffer, autoplay, controls, src	<fi>digure&gt;</fi>	Defines a group of media content, and their caption
<	Defines bold text	<font></font>	Used to define font face, font size, and font
  base>	Defines a base URL for all the links in a page	<footer></footer>	Defines a footer for a section or page
 basefont>	href, target Used to define a default font-color, font- size, or font-family for all the document	<form></form>	Defines a form accept-charset, action, autocomplete, enctype, method, name, novalidate,
<pre><opq></opq></pre>	Defines the direction of text display	<frame/>	Used to define one particular window
  	Used to make text bigger	•	Urante) within a frameset which organized
 blockquote>	Defines a long quotation cite	<trameset></trameset>	multiple windows (frames)  Defines bender 1 to bender 6
<pre><pre>chody&gt;</pre></pre>	Defines the body element	/head>	Defines information about the document
< <b>br</b> >	Inserts a single line break	<he></he>	Defines a header for a section or page
:	Defines a push button autofocus, disabled, form,	<hr/> dnoab/>	Defines information about a section in a document
<pre><pre>cbutton&gt;</pre></pre>	formaction, formenctype, formmethod, formnovalidate,	<hr/> hr>	Defines a horizontal rule
	formtarget, name, type, value Defines graphics	<html></html>	Defines an html document manifest, xmlns
>callyas>	height, width	\cdot\	Defines italic text
<eaption></eaption>	Defines a table caption		Defines an inline sub window
<center></center>	Used to center align text and content	<iframe></iframe>	height, name, sandbox, seamless, src, width
<cite></cite>	Defines a citation	, and a second	Defines an image
<code></code>	Defines computer code text autobuffer, autoplay, controls, src	<mr>&gt;</mr>	alt, src, height, ismap, usemap, width
<col/>	Defines attributes for table columns		Defines an input field accept, alt. autocomplete, autofocus,
<colgroup></colgroup>	Defines groups of table columns span	<input/>	checked, disabled, form, formaction, formenctype, formmethod, formnovalidate, formtarget, height,
<command/>	Defines a command button checked, disabled, icon, label, radiogroup, type		list, max, maxlength, min, multiple, name, pattern, placeholder, readonly, required, size, src, step, type, value, width

Source: https://websitesetup.org/html5-cheat-sheet/

### **CSS Cheatsheet**





decoration

text-indent

transform

vertical-align

overline, underline

Vertical alignment

word-spacing Spacing between words

First line indentation

capitalise, lowercase, uppercase

Download this Help Sheet now at gosquared.com/liquidicity

Original by the awesome Leslie Frank: http://lesliefranke.com/2005/10/css-cheat-sheet/ Put it on your wall

list-style-

position

list-style-

image

© 2010 Go Squared Ltd.

Developing for

IE6 is a lost cause.

upper-roman; lower-alpha; upper-alpha; none

Position of the bullet or number in a list

Image to be used as the bullet in the list

inside; outside

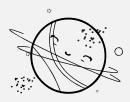
# **Advanced Workshop Activity: Your own website**

In the advanced workshop, you'll have free reign to create and design your own website with help from the tutors. Create your content locally, then use the information on the next page to upload your new site to the web and show it off to your friends!

# Tips to make your life easier...

- Remember to give your HTML files ".html" or ".htm" extensions, and your CSS files ".css" extensions!
- Name your main/home page "index.html" or "index.htm" in your root directory to ensure it's the default page for new visitors to your website.
- Using relative links and references to files within your website structure ensures that they won't break if you later rehost your content at a different web address. Remember to use forward slashes ("/") when referencing files in different folders, not backslashes like in Windows ("\").
- Separating your stylesheets from your HTML files will make it a whole lot easier to change the look and feel of your website later!
- Iust like on your home computer, it's much easier to keep track of all your files and images if you keep a neat directory structure on your webspace. Best practices: don't use spaces in file or folder names, and organise non-HTML files into folders by type (eg. images, css).

Not sure what to put on your site? Here are some ideas:



- Create a site about one of your interests or hobbies
- Set up your own blog, designed from scratch
- Design a gallery site for photos you've taken or images you like
- \* Redesign the CSS Zen Garden (see page 7)
- Create an online resume for yourself

REMEMBER! Content on the web is public and anyone with the link can see it, so think twice and check with your parents before posting any personally identifying information on your website!

### **Uploading to the Internet**

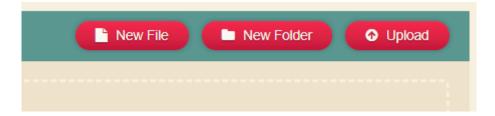
Neocities is a completely free web host where anyone can create a site and make it available to the world. We're going to use Neocities to upload and host our files.

- ➤ Sign up to Neocities at **neocities.org**. Your website address is public, so you might not want to use your full name maybe use your first name and last initial instead, or something describing what your site is about.
- ➤ Once you've signed up, picked the free plan and confirmed your email address, head to the dashboard at <a href="https://neocities.org/dashboard">https://neocities.org/dashboard</a>
- ➤ Feel free to delete the starter files Neocities gives you you have your own content to upload!



Remember to follow common sense about what you upload to your website! It's public, so don't share anything you wouldn't want other people to see.

Uploading files is super easy with Neocities – just drag and drop them from your desktop or Windows Explorer over the top of the Neocities window, or click the red "Upload" button to pick a file from your computer:



Make sure you upload all the files you need – don't forget your CSS files! You can create and edit new files right in your browser with the "New File" button and built-in editor too, so you can work on your website from anywhere.

Access your website at **yourname.neocities.org!** Share this address with family and friends to show them what you've been doing at Summer School!

# **Advanced Workshop Activity: CSS in the Garden**

As part of or in addition to making your own website, take a stroll in the CSS Zen Garden: www.csszengarden.com

Every design featured in the Zen Garden uses exactly the same HTML – only the CSS is different! It's a beautiful and varied display of the design possibilities using CSS as well as a fantastic example of the concept of separation of presentation and content. While the Garden is no longer being updated, it remains online to inspire and challenge web designers.

Once you've finished the Grok course on HTML and CSS, it's time to put what you've learned to the test. Download the example HTML file from CSS Zen Garden (and, if you choose, an example CSS file – but you might want to start from scratch) and try some of your new techniques to style a page without changing the HTML. This is just like the *inTRIPid* activity at the end of your Grok course – but now you have the freedom to design however you want!



Feel free to restyle the **inTRIPid** page instead, or cook up something of your own!

# Where might I start?

- Try floating some divs in different ways and see how they move around or how you can position them
- Change some colours or find some images you like online and use them in the design
- Pick some Zen Garden stylesheets you like, download their source code and copy some properties or look them up in the online CSS reference. Try to figure out *what* they're doing and *how*!

### Where do I go from here?

### Make a backend

At this camp you've learnt some Python skills, so why not combine those with your new frontend HTML/CSS knowledge and build a backend for a website? A framework like **Django** or **web2py** lets you build dynamic websites rapidly without having to learn database query languages. Try the tutorials! (Note that you won't be able to run these on Neocities, but you can set it up to work on your home computer and buy a plan from a fully-featured web host like VentraIP www.ventraip.com.au when you're ready to go live!)

- www.djangoproject.com
- > www.web2py.com





### Seek external validation

It's always good to check your code for unintended errors – this will make it more likely to display the same way in different browsers, and it's just good coding practice! Luckily, the W3C provides official validators for HTML and CSS (and some other content types too!) that will help you track down errors.

- > validator.w3.org
- > jigsaw.w3.org/css-validator/

# Add interactivity with JavaScript

JavaScript code will run right in your browser and, while it's not limited to use in websites, you can attach it to your HTML elements to have your page interact with the user. There are plenty of guides online - try the tutorial at htmldog.com/guides/javascript/. We'll check out JavaScript at winter camp.

### Extra references

- dev.w3.org/html5/html-author/ official HTML 5 reference
- > www.w3schools.com/TAgs/ W3Schools HTML tag reference
- > www.w3schools.com/cssref/ W3Schools CSS reference
- www.edx.org/school/w3cx Free online HTML and CSS courses from the W3C, the web's international standards organisation



You can make as many Neocities sites as you like. What can you come up with? You might also like to ask your IT teacher if your school provides space for student websites!