Time Series Econometrics: Home work assignment 2

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Abstract

Please write your report in LATEX. The report should be clearly written such that it is easy to understand what is done and why. Please attach any computer code in an appendix.

1 Forecast Evaluation

Go to http://scb.se/en/. Download data for the change in volume of seasonally adjusted GDP.

- 1. Plot the time series with proper labeling of axes and dates. Also plot the autocorrelation function (ACF) and the partial autocorrelation function (PACF) of the series. Based on these plots, make a guess of an ARMA(p,q) model that you believe could be appropriate.
- 2. Perform a forecast evaluation of one- and two-step predictions, where the models to be evaluated are:
 - (a) ARMA(1,1), ARMA(2,1), ARMA(1,2) and ARMA(2,2)
 - (b) Your choice of ARMA(p,q) in the previous part
 - (c) The "best" ARMA according to auto.arima() in the forecast package¹, with max.p and max.q set to 4

¹If you are not using R, you may instead compute the AIC for all ARMA(p,q) with $p,q \leq 4$ and choose the best model according to this.

To perform the evaluation, let 2012Q1-2015Q2 be the evaluation part of the sample. Estimate the models on data up to and including 2011Q4 and make predictions for 2012Q1 and 2012Q2. Add the data point 2012Q1, re-estimate the models and make predictions for 2012Q2 and 2012Q3. Continue until you reach the end of the sample.

For each model j, you will have two sequences of forecasts: $\{\hat{y}_{t+1|t}^{(j)}\}_{t=2011Q4}^{2015Q1}$ and $\{\hat{y}_{t+2|t}^{(j)}\}_{t=2011Q4}^{2014Q4}$. To compare the forecasts, use root mean squared error (RMSE), mean absolute deviation (MAD) and bias:

$$RMSE_{h}^{(j)} = \sqrt{\sum_{t=2011Q4}^{2015Q2-h} \frac{\left(y_{t+h} - \hat{y}_{t+h|t}^{(j)}\right)^{2}}{\# \text{ forecasts}}}, \quad MAE_{h}^{(j)} = \sum_{t=2011Q4}^{2015Q2-h} \frac{\left|y_{t+h} - \hat{y}_{t+h|t}^{(j)}\right|}{\# \text{ forecasts}}$$

$$Bias_{h}^{(j)} = \sum_{t=2011Q4}^{2015Q2-h} \frac{y_{t+h} - \hat{y}_{t+h|t}^{(j)}}{\# \text{ forecasts}}.$$

Compare the models and try to answer which model is the better forecaster. Is there a unanimous winner? Do the three measures agree on which is better? Is there a difference between considering one- and two-step forecasts?